

STUDENT'S ID NO: \_\_\_\_\_ SIGNATURE: \_\_\_\_\_



UNIVERSITY OF GHANA

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DEPARTMENT OF TEACHER EDUCATION

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND LEADERSHIP

COLLEGES OF EDUCATION

END OF SEMESTER TWO EXAMINATIONS FOR LEVEL 200, 2023/2024

B.ED. PROGRAMME

COURSE CODE: TEJS 268

COURSE TITLE: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN GHANA

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*Instruction:* Answer all questions in Section A and any three questions in Section B.

Time: 2 hours

**SECTION A**

[25 Marks]

**Answer all the questions in this section.**

1. The best method to control floods in our communities is through...
  - A. construction of boreholes
  - B. harvesting rain water
  - C. planned layout
  - D. tarring of roads

2. The use of scientific method starts with .....  
A. conclusion  
B. experimentation  
C. formulation of hypothesis  
D. identification of a problem
3. Which of the following is one of the challenges facing Ghana's socio-economic development?  
A. Low literacy rates  
B. High population growth  
C. Rapid industrialization  
D. Strong healthcare system
4. The Free Senior High School policy introduced in Ghana is aimed at improving .....  
A. Environmental sustainability  
B. Universal access to secondary education  
C. Agricultural productivity  
D. Tertiary education affordability
5. Scientific facts are obtained and tested through scientific .....  
A. Knowledge  
B. Ideas  
C. Issues  
D. methods
6. Strategies to promote tourism include the following Except .....  
A. include tourism in the education of students  
B. reduction of fees at tourist destinations  
C. repair and rehabilitate tourist attraction in Ghana  
D. tourists' sites should be free for Ghanaians
7. Which of the following is Not a contribution of tourism to Ghana's economy?  
A. Creation of employment  
B. Earns foreign exchange  
C. None of the options  
D. Protection of historical monuments
8. Which of the following is the third goal of the sustainable development goals?  
A. Clean water and sanitation  
B. Gender equality  
C. Good health and wellbeing  
D. Quality education
9. Which organization is responsible for monitoring the implementation of Ghana's development policies?  
A. Ghana Education Service  
B. Ghana Statistical Service  
C. National Development Planning Commission  
D. Ministry of Finance
10. People's attitude towards technology usage depends on two main factors, .....  
A. perceived ease of use and perceived efficiency  
B. perceived efficiency and perceived inefficiency  
C. perceived inefficiency and perceived usefulness  
D. perceived usefulness and perceived ease of use

11. The process of making changes which could be large and small, radical and incremental, to products, processes, and services that result in the introduction of something of value refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. efficiency  
B. innovation  
C. science  
D. technology
12. The ultimate product of science is ....  
A. Improvement in learning  
B. Increase in Gross National Product (GNP)  
C. Increase productivity  
D. Technology and innovation
13. The process of living within the limits of available physical, natural and social resources in ways that allow the living systems in which humans are embedded to thrive in perpetuity is an appropriate explanation of the concept of ....  
A. Development  
B. New education  
C. Social protection  
D. Sustainability
14. The following are all challenges to the use of technology in teaching and learning except \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Inadequate training.  
B. Incomes are low  
C. Insufficient equipment or connectivity.  
D. Resistance to change.
15. Which is the odd one in the options below \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Aburi gardens  
B. Boti falls  
C. Elmina castle  
D. Sunyani
16. Development that emphasizes the enhancement of universal human rights and basic necessities for all people reflects \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. economic dimension of sustainable development  
B. environmental dimension of sustainable development  
C. natural dimension of sustainable development  
D. social dimension of sustainable development
17. What is the impact of rapid urbanization on Ghana's socio-economic development?  
A. Increased rural-to-urban migration  
B. Reduced pressure on urban infrastructure  
C. Decreased demand for social services  
D. Improved agricultural output
18. The main elements of technology adoption are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. acceptance, integration, and use of new technology in society  
B. buying, registering and selling new technology  
C. marketing, branding and renewing technology in society.  
D. promoting, selling and encouraging use of new technology

19. The following are all advantages of technology use Except \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. technology helps us to do complicated work.  
B. technology helps us to perform hazardous and dangerous work  
C. technology speeds up work  
D. technology work more intelligently than human
20. What is a significant impact of climate change on Ghana's agricultural sector?  
A. Increased crop yield  
B. Longer rainy seasons  
C. Soil degradation and reduced productivity  
D. Decreased deforestation
21. The following are man-made tourist sites in Ghana Except \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Lake Volta.  
B. Larabanga mosque.  
C. None of the options.  
D. Nzulezu.
22. She was recently appointed by the Ministry to lead a campaign to attract people to visit north through the marketing of the festivals of the people of the north. Her new position is  
A. Brand campaigner  
B. Tourism ambassador  
C. Peace ambassador  
D. Ambassador of festivals
23. The relative speed with which an innovation is adopted by members of a society refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Innovation  
B. Technology implementation  
C. Rate of adoption  
D. None of the options
24. Which of these is not a method of teaching social studies?  
A. Flip Teaching  
B. Group Activity  
C. Learning Plan  
D. Thought Shower
25. Scientific knowledge is based on .....  
A. Praying and reflecting on one's instinct  
B. Relying on traditional beliefs  
C. Gathering and testing facts  
D. Religious beliefs

## SECTION B

[75 Marks]

Answer any three (3) questions in this section.

1. Discuss any **five (5)** key contributions of the tourism industry to Ghana's socio-economic development. (25 Marks)
2. Identify and discuss **five (5)** major effects of illegal mining (Galamsey) on Ghana's economy and environment. (25 marks)
3. Identify and explain **five (5)** key factors driving rapid urbanization in Ghana. (25 marks)
4. Examine **five (5)** causes of unemployment in Ghana. (25 marks)
5. Discuss **five (5)** critical roles education plays in the socio-economic development of Ghana. (25 marks)