



UNIVERSITY OF GHANA

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DEPARTMENT OF TEACHER EDUCATION

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND LEADERSHIP

COLLEGES OF EDUCATION

END OF SEMESTER TWO EXAMINATIONS FOR LEVEL 300, 2023/2024

B.ED. PROGRAMME

COURSE CODE: TEUP 314

COURSE TITLE: CULTURAL LANDSCAPE AND FOOD PRODUCTION IN GHANA

Instruction: Answer all questions in Section A and any three questions in Section B.

Time: 2 hours

SECTION A

[25 Marks]

Answer all the questions in this section.

1. The Mole national park and Fort Williams are examples of cultural landscapes in Ghana. In which of the following regions can they be found?
 - a. Central and upper West regions respectively
 - b. Central regions and Savanna respectively
 - c. Savanna and Central regions respectively
 - d. Upper west and Savanna regions respectively

2. Which of the following best describes the phenomenon when an immigrant in a new country finds comfort in discovering a restaurant that makes dishes from his home nation? The concept that food _____
 - a. has a universal meaning to all everywhere.
 - b. is an important link to memories of his home nation.
 - c. is generally the taste same to all everywhere.
 - d. is the best way for immigrants to assimilate.
3. Which of these factors do not drive the establishment of a modern settlement in Ghana?
 - a. Availability of land
 - b. Communication facility
 - c. Religious persecution
 - d. Water supply
4. Which one of the following best describes the stage of agriculture where few crops are usually sown homes and few tamed animals are kept for family consumption?
 - a. Cash crop farming
 - b. Commercial farming
 - c. Hunting and gathering
 - d. Subsistence farming
5. What does sustainable agriculture aim to achieve in terms of natural resources?
 - a. Depletion of soil nutrient and increasing pollution.
 - b. Efficient use of resources and minimizing pollution.
 - c. Overgrazing, habitat destruction and afforestation.
 - d. Pollution of water bodies, and air pollution.
6. Modern agriculture transitions are from what?
 - a. Hunting & gathering, industrial agriculture and commercial agriculture.
 - b. Hunting & gathering, intensive agriculture and commercial agriculture.
 - c. Hunting & gathering, mixed farming and commercial agriculture.
 - d. Hunting & gathering, subsistence agriculture and commercial agriculture.
7. Which animals were the first to be domesticated by humans?
 - a. dogs
 - b. goats
 - c. horses
 - d. sheep
8. Which of the following is not a module under planting for food and jobs?
 - a. Food crops and animal rearing
 - b. Greenhouse Technology Villages
 - c. Rearing for Food and Jobs
 - d. Tomato and Banana Farming

9. Which one of these is not a traditional/cultural area in Eastern Region of Ghana?
 - a. Akwamu Traditional Area
 - b. Kwahu Traditional Area
 - c. Nsawkaw Traditional Area
 - d. Yilo Krobo Traditional Area
10. What type of farming involves cultivating a small plot of land using simple tools and more labour?
 - a. Intensive subsistence farming
 - b. Nomadic herding
 - c. Sedentary farming
 - d. Shifting cultivation
11. What period in human prehistory is characterized by the use of stone tools and is often referred to as the "Stone Age"?
 - a. Agricultural revolution
 - b. Industrial Revolution
 - c. Neolithic period
 - d. Palaeolithic era
12. Coastal Savannah zone can be found in which of the following Regions under the Agro-Ecological zones of Ghana?
 - a. The Ashanti, Central, Eastern and Western Region
 - b. The Central, Eastern, Western, and Volta Region
 - c. The Central, Greater Accra, Volta and Western Region
 - d. The Northern, Savannah, Upper East, and Western Regions
13. Soils found in evergreen rainforest are mostly acidic, why?
 - a. high organic matter content
 - b. leaching is high
 - c. leaching is low
 - d. presence of tall trees
14. What are the key components of food safety?
 - a. Crop production and pest management
 - b. Food handling and preparation
 - c. Food storage and cooking processes
 - d. Water management and food consumption
15. In which month and year was the State Farm Corporation (SFC) officially established?
 - a. May 1962
 - b. January 1963
 - c. June 1965
 - d. February 1966

16. What is the primary focus of cultural landscapes?
- Adapting to changing environmental conditions with technology.
 - Resilience and adaptability of communities in need.
 - Static representations of culture and history among peoples.
 - The impact of human activities on the natural environment.
17. Sometimes a dish we think is authentic to a particular country was introduced by a different country, sometimes through a system of domination. What is the term for this phenomenon?
- colonialism
 - cultural appropriation
 - globalization
 - ritualism
18. Tuo Zaafi which is commonly referred to as TZ is a common food among which people group in Ghana?
- Central
 - Northern
 - Volta
 - Western
19. Which one of these is not a food traditionally eaten by Ewes?
- abolo and pepper
 - akple and okro
 - atsipipi and soup
 - etew and ntsitii
20. Which of the following best describes the key components of human health?
- Mental health, social health, and occupational health
 - Physical health, mental health, and economic health
 - Physical health, mental health, and environmental health
 - Spiritual health, emotional health, and holistic health
21. Which of the following is a positive effect of agriculture on the health of human?
- Agriculture causes heat cramps.
 - Agriculture produces material for shelter.
 - Agriculture causes heat strokes.
 - Agriculture workers are exposed to toxins
22. A tropical grassland that generally has warm temperatures all year round with seasonal rainfall is referred to as what?
- Coastal savannah
 - Deciduous forest

- c. Guinea savannah
d. Sudan savannah
23. The study of the relationship between food and culture, the art of preparing and serving rich or delicate and appetizing food, the cooking styles of particular regions, and the science of good eating is termed as what?
a. Food science
b. Gastronomy
c. Gourmet
d. Nutrition
24. Which of the following is not part of the three pathways described for domestication?
a. Commensal
b. Direct
c. Indirect
d. Prey
25. What is the primary focus of subsistence agriculture?
a. Exporting crops to other countries.
b. Maximizing profits through surplus production.
c. Meeting local consumption and survival needs.
d. Using advanced machinery for farming.

SECTION B

[75 Marks]

Answer any three questions in this section.

- Q1** a. As a teacher trainee posted to a community school, explain five (5) ways by which you will promote intercultural exchanges in schools and society. 10 marks
- b. Explain commercial farming 3 marks
- c. Explain four (4) characteristics of commercial farming 12 marks
- Q2** a. State three challenges faced by hunter-gatherers during hunting and gathering era. 2 marks
- b. Explain any three (3) problems encountered by Agricultural Development Corporation before it was liquidated. 6 marks
- c. Mention two (2) foods produced by each of the following ethnic groups in Ghana: Kusaasi, Grusi, Guan, Kokomba, Mole-Dagbon, Ewe, Ga-Dangme, Gruma, and Akan. 9 marks
- d. Mention two (2) foods produced by each of the following ethnic groups in Ghana: Kusaasi, Grusi, Guan, Kokomba, Mole-Dagbon, Ewe, Ga-Dangme, Gruma, and Akan. 8 marks
- Q3** a. What is food? 2 marks
- b. After teaching about Agro-ecological zones in Ghana, mention two (2) ways by which you will evaluate the lesson taught and state all the five (5) major agro-ecological zones found in Ghana which you expect your pupils to know. 7 marks
- c. State four (4) indigenous foods and explain the importance of each to the culture/tradition of the people of Ghana (). 16 marks
- Q4** a. What is a sustainable agriculture? 2 marks
- b. Discuss with examples any three (3) sustainable methods of crop production that were commonly used in the past. 9 marks
- c. Describe with appropriate examples at least five (5) negative impacts of commercial agriculture on the environment and society 10 marks
- d. Explain the term intercultural exchange. 4 marks
- Q5** a. Describe in detail the characteristics of tropical evergreen forest in Ghana. 10 marks

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- b. State five (5) benefits of hunting and gathering to the society and the environment. 5 marks
- c. State five (5) positive effects of Agriculture on the health of humans. 5 marks
- d. Show five (5) distinctions between Ghanaian and Non-Ghanaian types of foods. 5 marks