



UNIVERSITY OF GHANA

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DEPARTMENT OF TEACHER EDUCATION
SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND LEADERSHIP
COLLEGES OF EDUCATION
END OF SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATIONS FOR LEVEL 200, 2022/2023
B.FED. PROGRAMME

COURSE CODE: TEJS 215
COURSE TITLE: ADVANCED GRAMMAR

SECTION A

[25marks]

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

1. Which of these sentences indicates a restrictive clause?
 - A. Abigail is a young lady and she won the best student's award yet she is jovial.
 - B. Abigail, the young lady who won the best student's award, is very jovial.
 - C. The young lady who won the best student's award is very jovial.
 - D. The young lady won the best students award yet she is jovial

Identify the grammatical name and function of the underlined group of words in the following sentences.

2. The woman in the green cap is my wife.
 - A. Adjective phrase as a post modifier
 - B. prepositional phrase as adjunct
 - C. Noun phrase as subject
 - D. Verb phrase as predicator
3. Agbekum's daughter has become a journalist.
 - A. Noun phrase as object
 - B. Noun phrase as subject
 - C. Noun clause as direct object
 - D. Noun phrase as a complement
4. My argument is that we should not vote.
 - A. Noun phrase as a direct object
 - B. Noun clause as a complement
 - C. Noun clause as direct object
 - D. Noun phrase as a complement

5. The house that is being painted was my grandmother's.
- A. Adjectival phrase
 - B. That nominal clause modifying the noun 'house'
 - C. Relative clause modifying the noun 'house'
 - D. Relative clause functioning as subject
6. The students bought their lecturer a present.
- A. Noun phrase as a direct object
 - B. Noun clause as an indirect object
 - C. Noun phrase as an indirect object
 - D. Noun clause as a direct object.
7. To live is to dream. 'To live' is a _____.
- A. To-infinitive as subject
 - B. Bare infinitive as subject
 - C. Participle as subject
 - D. Gerund as subject
8. 'To dream' in sentence 7 above functions as
- A. Direct object
 - B. Indirect object
 - C. Predicate nominative
 - D. Complement
- Identify the grammatical names of the underlined group of words in the following structures*
9. These students have been talking since morning.
- A. Adjective phrase
 - B. Adverb phrase
 - C. Noun phrase
 - D. Verb phrase
10. The two notorious armed robbers escaped.
- A. Adjective phrase
 - B. Noun phrase
 - C. Verb phrase
 - D. Adverbial Phrase
11. The people have elected their chief for the town.
- A. Noun phrase
 - B. Prepositional phrase
 - C. Verbal phrase
 - D. Adjectival phrase

- A. Adjective phrase
 - B. Noun phrase
 - C. Verb phrase
 - D. Adverbial phrase
13. The community has named Peter their leader. The 'community' is a
 - A. noun phrase
 - B. adjective phrase
 - C. subject phrase
 - D. pronoun phrase
14. The phrase 'their leader' in 13 above is a
 - A. Noun phrase as subject
 - B. Adjective phrase as complement
 - C. Noun phrase as subject complement
 - D. Noun phrase as object complement
15. The sorrowful shall be comforted.
 - A. Adjectival phrase
 - B. Noun phrase
 - C. Adverb phrase
 - D. Adverbial phrase
16. This is the woman whose car was stolen at a gun point.
 - A. Adverbial clause
 - B. Adjectival clause as Modifier
 - C. Adjectival clause as Object
 - D. Subject

Identify the underlined group of words in the passage below and use them to answer questions 17-20.

1. The fear of ascending and descending the Akwapim Ridge compelled the driver 2. to go through the Kissiduase-Suhum road. Papito 3. could not reach his destination 4. because the Benz bus developed a mechanical fault. The breakdown 5. occurred between the Suhum-Nsawam stretch of the road, away from any human settlement. The passengers were thrown into agitated state. 6. The driver who maintained a cool temper, opened the bonnet and checked the oil, fuel and water level.

17. What is the grammatical name for the underlined group of words in 1 above?
 - A. Noun clause
 - B. Noun phrase
 - C. Adjectival clause
 - D. Adverbial clause
18. What is its function?
 - A. Object of the verb 'compelled'
 - B. Subject of the verb 'compelled'
 - C. Adverbial clause of reason
 - D. Complement of the verb 'compelled'
19. What is the name of the underlined words in 2?

- A. To-infinitive finite clause
- B. To-infinitive non-finite clause
- C. Bare infinitive clause
- D. Finite clause

20. 'who maintained a cool temper' in 6 above is a....

- A. Adverbial phrase
- B. Adjectival clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Adverbial clause

What type of clause is underlined in questions 21-25?

21. I know what you want.

- A. Adjectival clause
- B. Adverbial clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Prepositional clause

22. As soon as the lecture ended, Kwanne walked out of the classroom.

- A. Adjectival clause
- B. Adverbial clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Prepositional clause

23. I will come to visit you when I close from work today.

- A. Adjectival clause
- B. Adverbial clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Prepositional clause

24. The red dress which you bought at the new shop was relatively cheap.

- A. Adjectival clause
- B. Adverbial clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Prepositional clause

25. Come home when you like

- A. Adjectival clause
- B. Adverbial clause
- C. Noun clause
- D. Prepositional clause

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION [75 Marks]

- 1(a). What is a clause? [5 marks]
(b). Using suitable examples illustrate any three functions of the To-infinitive non-finite nominal clause. [20 marks]

2(a). Discuss the following functional types of sentences using two appropriate examples for each. [9 marks]

- i. Declarative
- ii. Imperative
- iii. Interrogative

2(b). i. What is a finite clause?

ii. Using appropriate examples, discuss three characteristics of finite verbs [11 marks]

3(a). Analyse the following structures into their respective clausal elements. [15 marks]
Eg. Kofi (S) is (V) a boy (C)

- i. Truly, Albert neglects his children.
- ii. That man gave the boys an umbrella
- iii. We have named Peter our leader.
- iv. They laughed at the woman yesterday.
- vi. The driver of the bus collapsed suddenly.

3(b) With appropriate examples, differentiate between restricted and non-restricted adjective [10 marks]

4(a) Using appropriate examples, explain what a phrase is in your own words. [8 marks]

(b) Using two appropriate examples for each discuss the following functions of the Noun Phrase [17 marks]

- a. Indirect object
- b. Appositive
- c. Object Complement

5. Using three examples each, explain each of the following types of sentences [25 marks]

- a. Simple Sentence
- b. Complex Sentence
- c. Compound Sentence
- d. Compound Complex Sentence