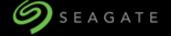
DATA IS POTENTIAL

# Demo: R2 SW Upgrade (single node, disruptive, mocked)

Provisioner 20/18/21



# Goals

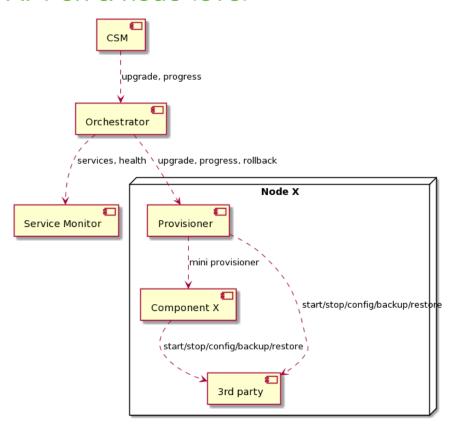
### Goals

- show we can validate and setup upgrade bundle
  - Can validate it (some initial level)
  - Validation can be done as a separate command
  - Can mount it and make yum repositories inside available
- show we can upgrade CORTXSW
  - Can upgrade packages
  - Call provisioner mini APIs for each component
- show we can rollback CORTX SW if upgrade fails
  - Can downgrade packages
  - Call provisioner mini APIs for each component



# High level view

### Provisioner API on a node level





## Initial state

### Prepared environment state

- 1. Provisioner is installed
- 2. Deploy of CORTX component packages is mocked
  - 1. Mocked packages are installed
  - 2. Provisioner mini API for all components is available (part of packages installation)
- 3. Cluster is stopped (under maintenance) as it is assumed for that (node) level of Upgrade logic
  - 1. So provisioner shouldn't deal with cluster management and health checks

#### Steps:

- 1. Provisioner setup (e.g. using "provisioner setup\_provisioner ..." command)
- 2. salt "srvnode-1" state.apply components.misc\_pkgs.mocks.cortx
- 3. salt "srvnode-1" state.apply components.misc\_pkgs.mocks.cortx.build\_upgrade pillar='{"inline": {"upgrade\_repo\_dir": "/tmp/cortx-upgrade"}}'
- 4. cp -r /tmp/cortx-upgrade /tmp/cortx-upgrade.invalid
- 5. rm -f /tmp/cortx-upgrade.invalid/RELEASE.INFO
- 6. mkisofs -graft-points -r -l -iso-level 2 -J -o /tmp/cortx-upgrade.invalid.iso /tmp/cortx-upgrade.invalid



# Scenario

### Show cases

#### Upgrade bundle validation

- 1. Validation of invalid CORTX SW upgrade bundle
- 2. Validation of valid CORTX SW upgrade bundle

#### Upgrade bundle setup

- 1. Mount valid CORTX SW upgrade bundle
- 2. Verify: upgrade packages are available

#### **SW Upgrade API**

- 1. Trigger an upgrade API
- 2. show upgrade related provisioner API are triggered for all components in an expected order
  - 1. Backup API
  - 2. (Package upgrade) [provsioner does that]
  - 3. Config API
- 3. Show packages have been upgraded

#### SW Upgrade failure with Rollback

- 1. Patch sw upgrade to fail
- Tigger an upgrade API
- 3. show rollback related provisioner API were triggered for all components in an expected order
  - (Package downgrade) [provisioner does that as well]
  - Restore API
  - Config API
- 4. Show packages versions are the same



### Steps

#### 1. Bundle validation

- 1. provisioner set\_swupgrade\_repo --source /tmp/cortx-upgrade.invalid.iso 2.1.0 --dry-run
- 2. provisioner set\_swupgrade\_repo --source /tmp/cortx-upgrade.iso 2.1.0 --dry-run

#### 2. Bundle setup

- 1. provisioner set\_swupgrade\_repo --source /tmp/cortx-upgrade.iso 2.1.0
- 2. Verification:
  - yum list installed | grep cortx
  - yum info cortx-csm\_agent

#### 3. SW Upgrade

- 1. provisioner sw\_upgrade --logfile --logfile-filename sw\_upgade.1.log --logfile-level DEBUG
- 2. tail -f /tmp/mock.log | grep Stage
- 3. Verification

#### 4. SW Upgrade failure and Rollback

- 1. yum history rollback -y <ID>
- 2. patch "/usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/provisioner/commands/sw\_upgrade.py" to emulate a failure
- 3. provisioner sw\_upgrade --logfile --logfile-filename sw\_upgade.2.log --logfile-level DEBUG
- 4. Verification



# Thank you

