

# AI-based Segmentation in 3D Slicer

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# Manual vs AI-powered Segmentation

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Medical images have traditionally been manually segmented, which is a time-consuming process that requires intensive effort by radiologists and is subject to inter-reader variability.

# Manual vs AI-powered Segmentation

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Text BodyIn the past decade, image segmentation has been powered by the development of deep learning algorithms (e.g. nnUnet by the German Cancer Research Center (DKFZ)/Helmholtz Research).

AI-powered segmentation tools can reduce the segmentation time and provide more reproducible results.

# AI Terminology

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A is an AI algorithm that was trained to perform a specific task (e.g. brain tumor segmentation model).

The Weights of an AI model are small numbers that determine how much importance the model gives to different image features.

During the Training phase, a Model learns patterns from data labelled by experts and adjusts its weights to improve its predictions.

During the Validation/Test phase, the model is evaluated on a separate set of data not used during the Training phase.

During Inference, the model is applied to new datasets to perform the specific task it was

trained for.

# 3D Slicer AI Workshop

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This tutorial focuses on running inference tasks using various pretrained AI models for automated segmentation of anatomical and pathological structures.

# MONAIAuto3DSeg

## Slicer extension

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This tutorial uses the pre-trained models of the MONAIAuto3DSeg Slicer extension.

The tool is designed to work on laptops or on average desktop computer without a GPU.

# **MONAIAuto3DSeg**

## **Slicer extension**

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Text Body  
Multiple modalities Support (CT, MRI).

Multiple anatomies (head, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, etc.).

Multiple pathologies (tumor, hemorrhage, edema).

# Slicer AI Tutorial: Segmentation Tasks

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Segmentation Task #1: Prostate.

Segmentation Task #2: Brain Glioma.

Segmentation Task #3: Whole Body Segmentation.

**AI**

**Segmentation**

**Task #1:**

**Prostate**

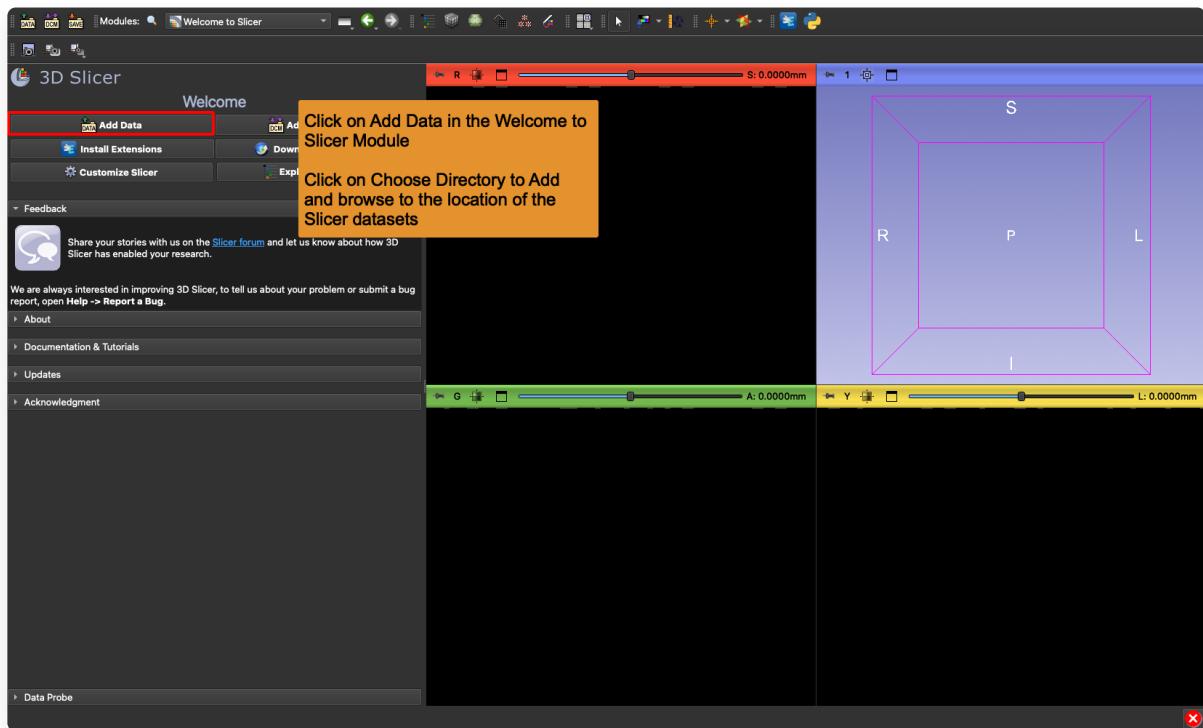
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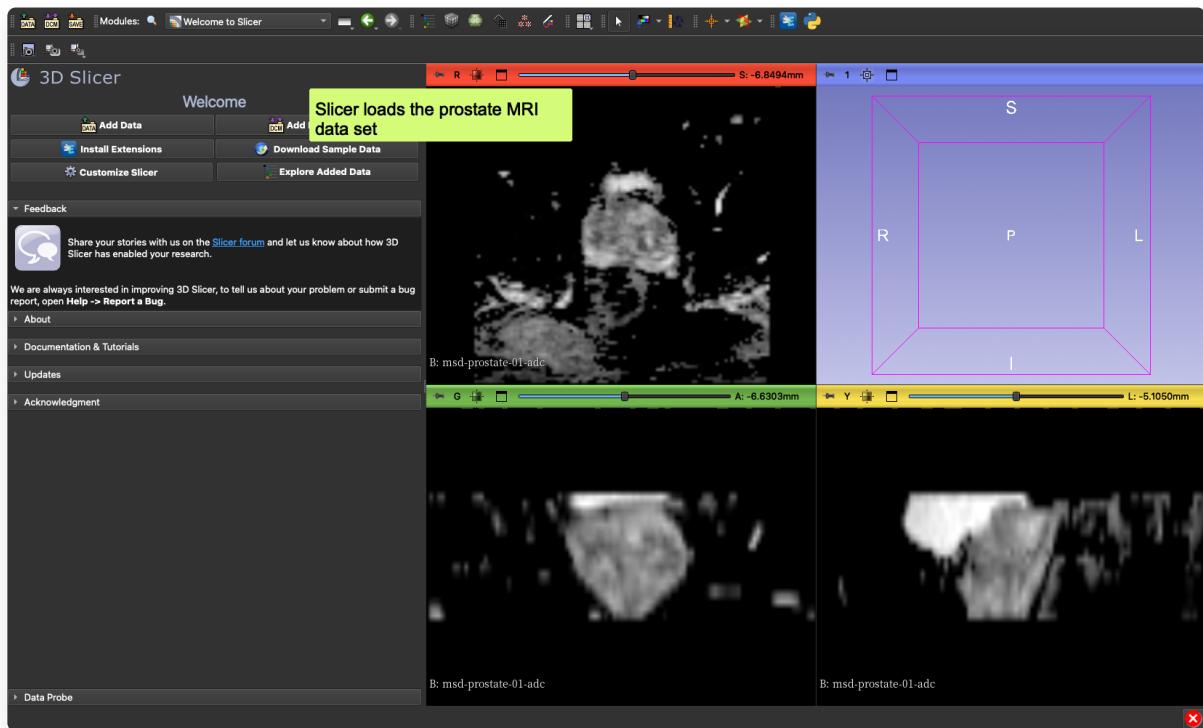
Text BodyAI-based Segmentation of Peripheral Zone (PZ) and Transition Zone (TZ) of the prostate on T2-weighted MRI Images.

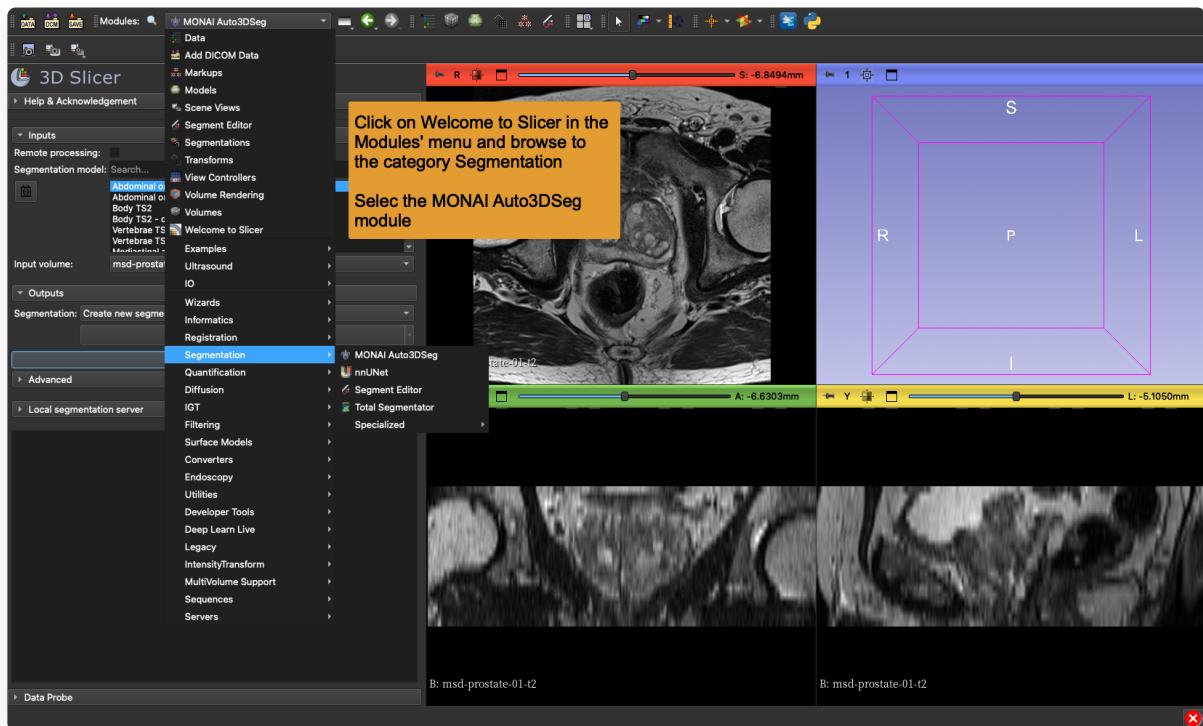
Dataset:

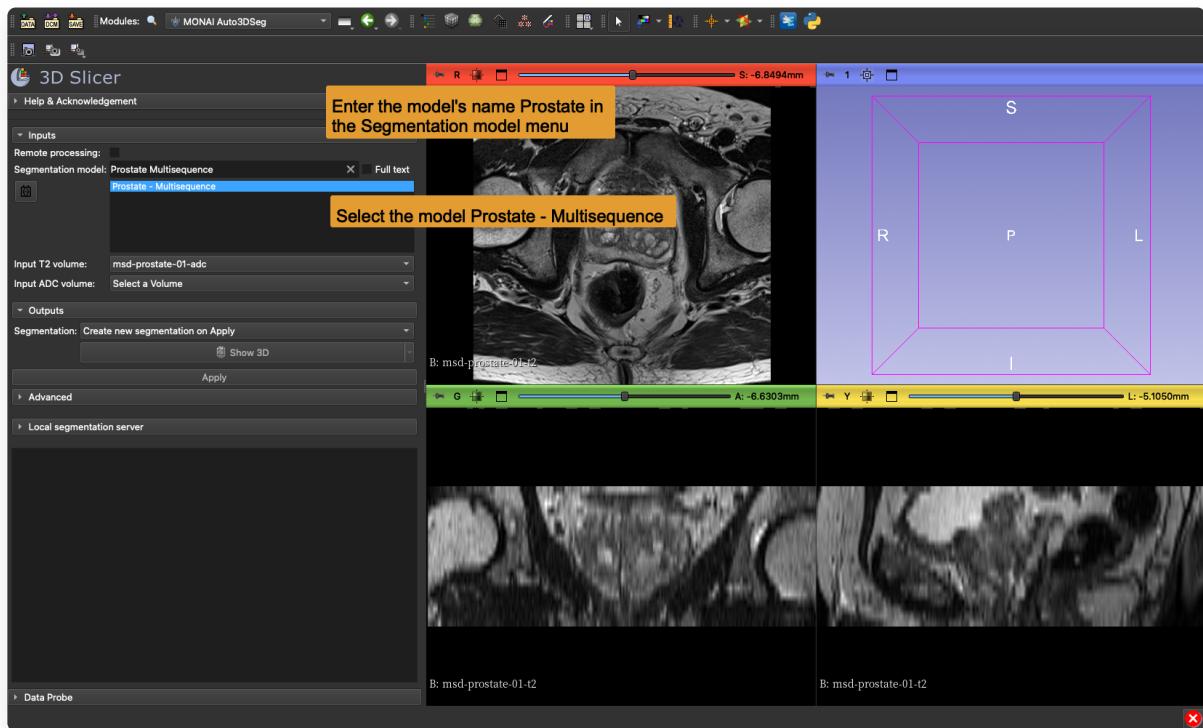
msd\_prostate\_01-t2

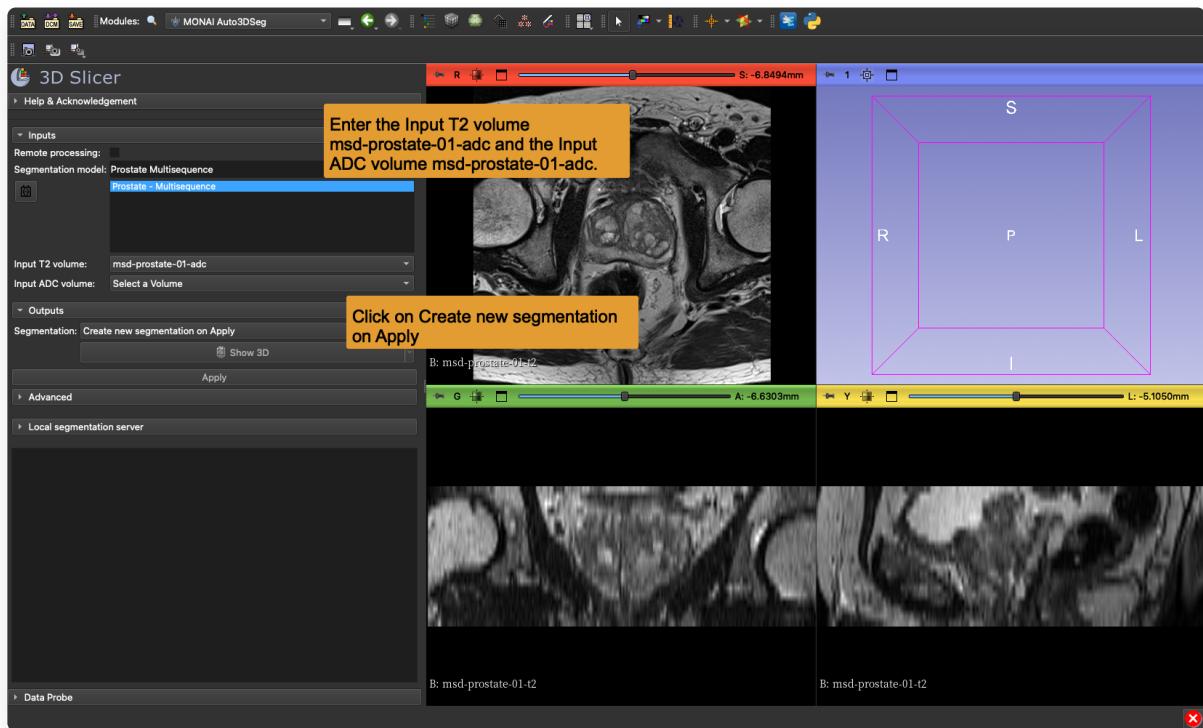
msd\_prostate\_01-adc

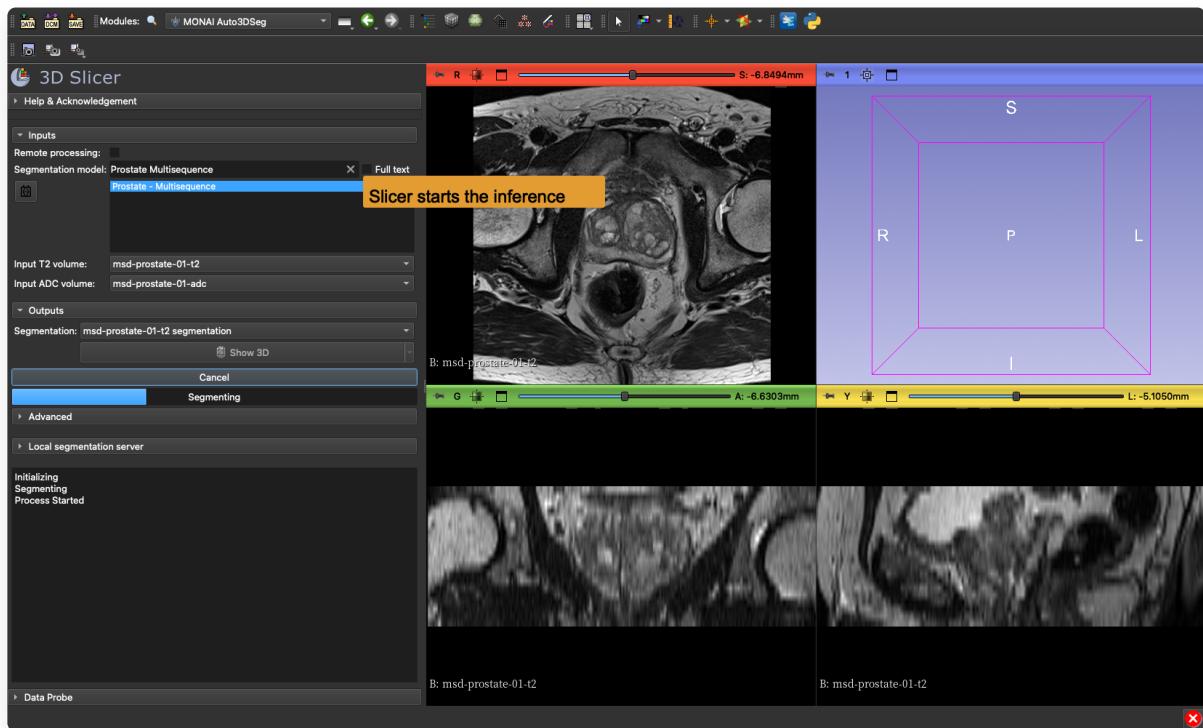


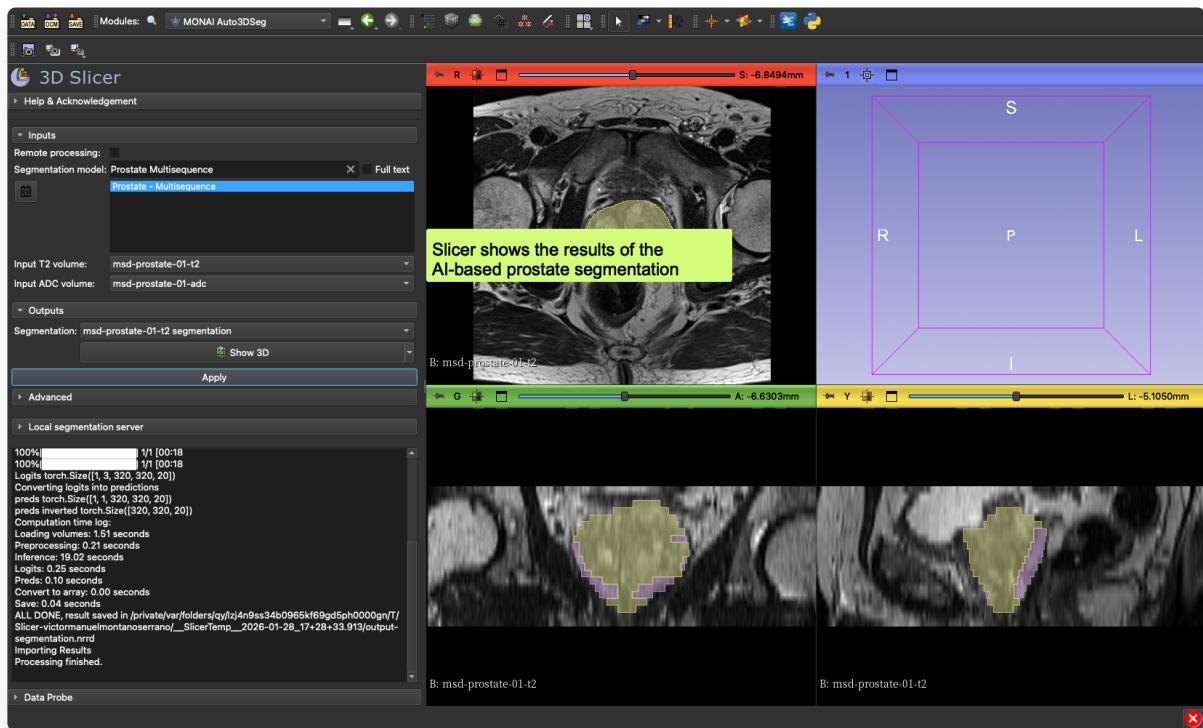












**AI**

# **Segmentation**

## **Task #2: Brain**

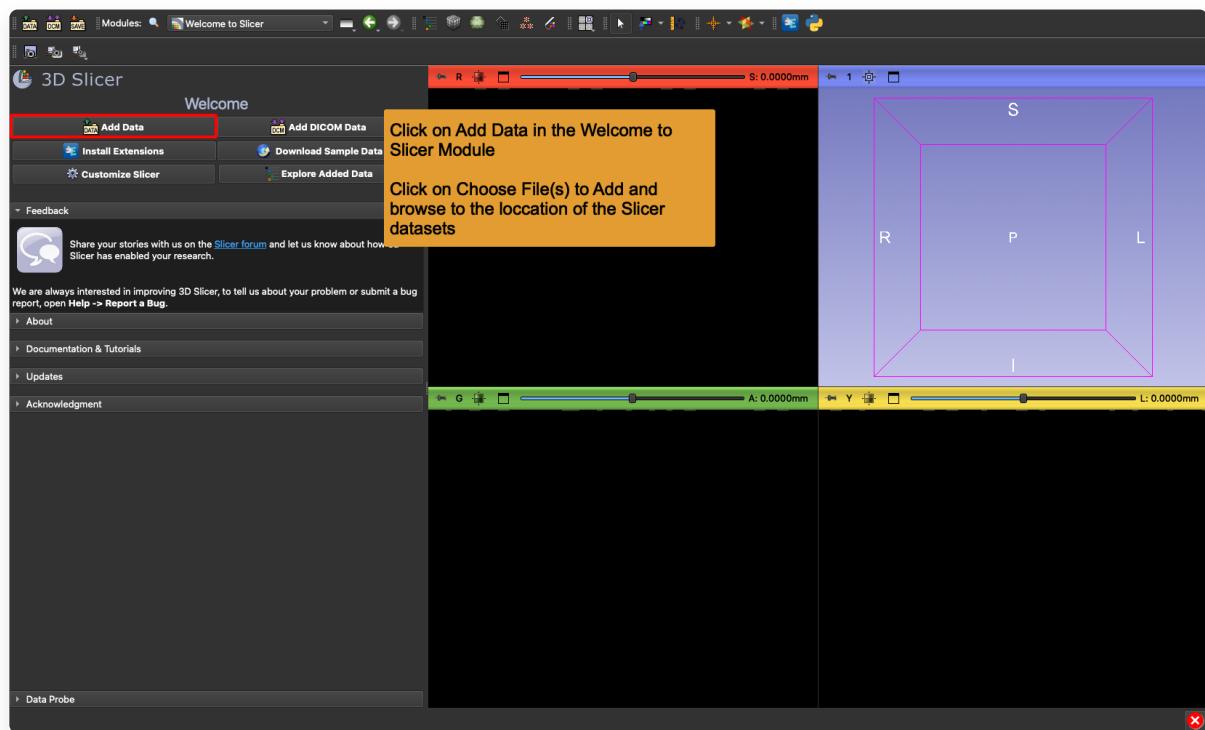
# **Glioma**

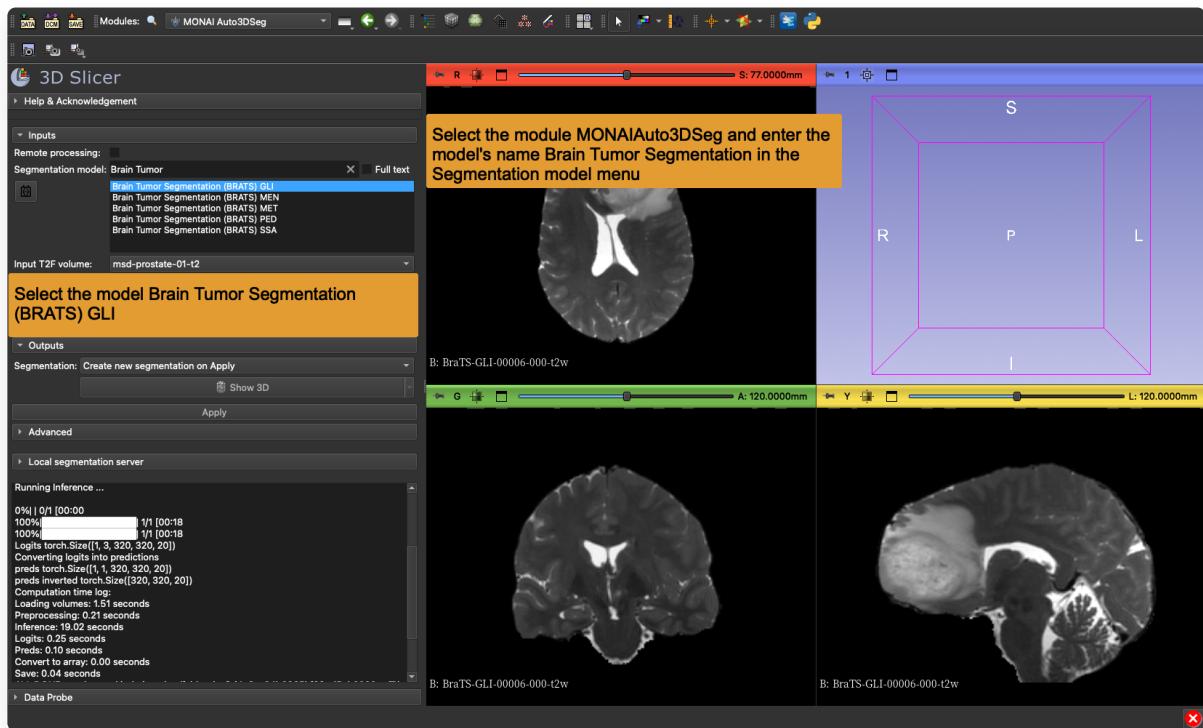
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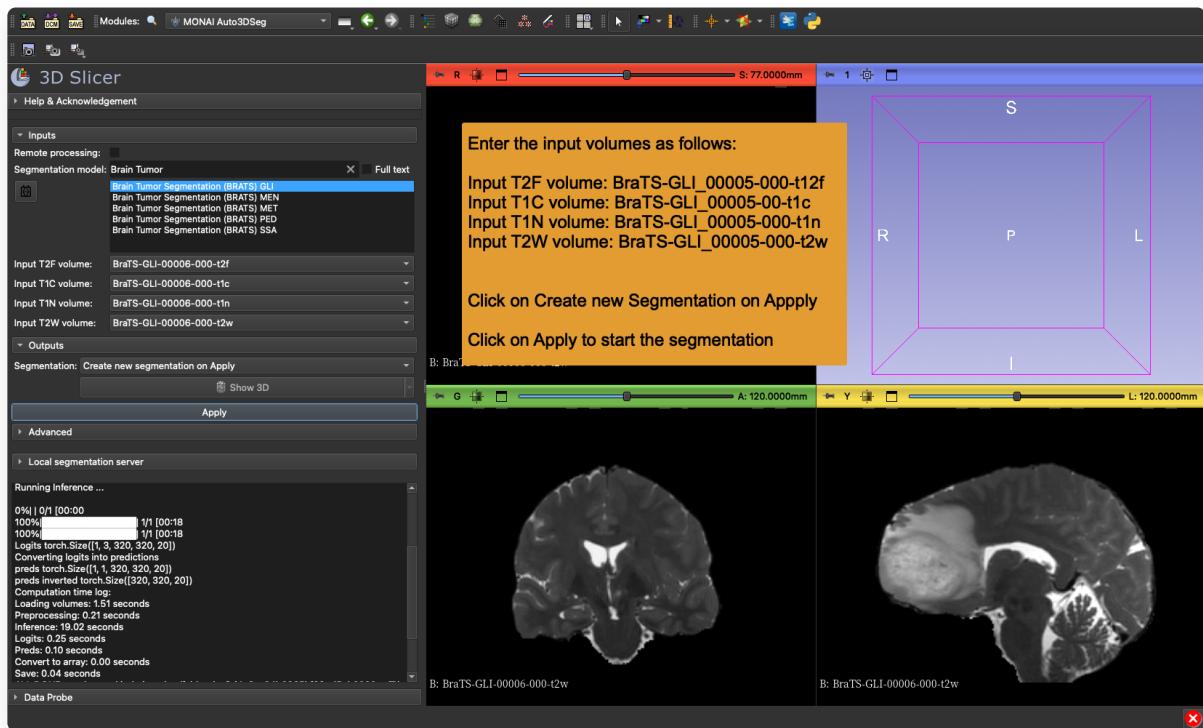
# AI-based Segmentation of Neoplasm, Necrosis and Edema in Brain MRI images.

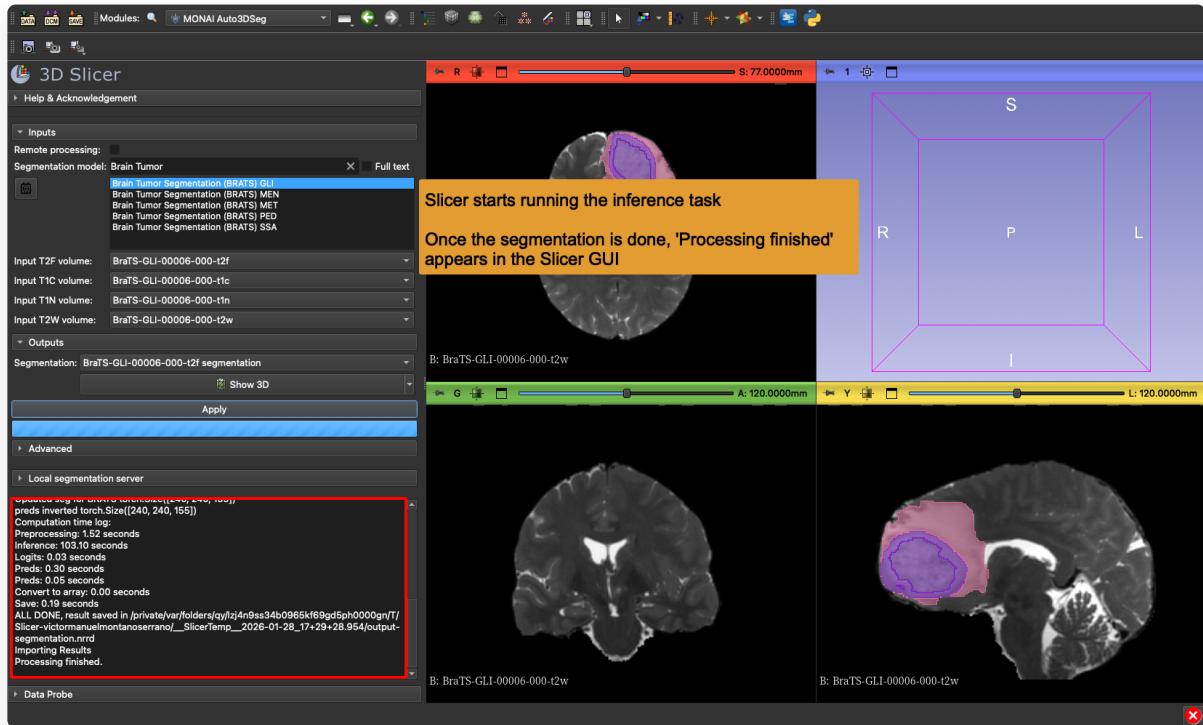
## Datasets:

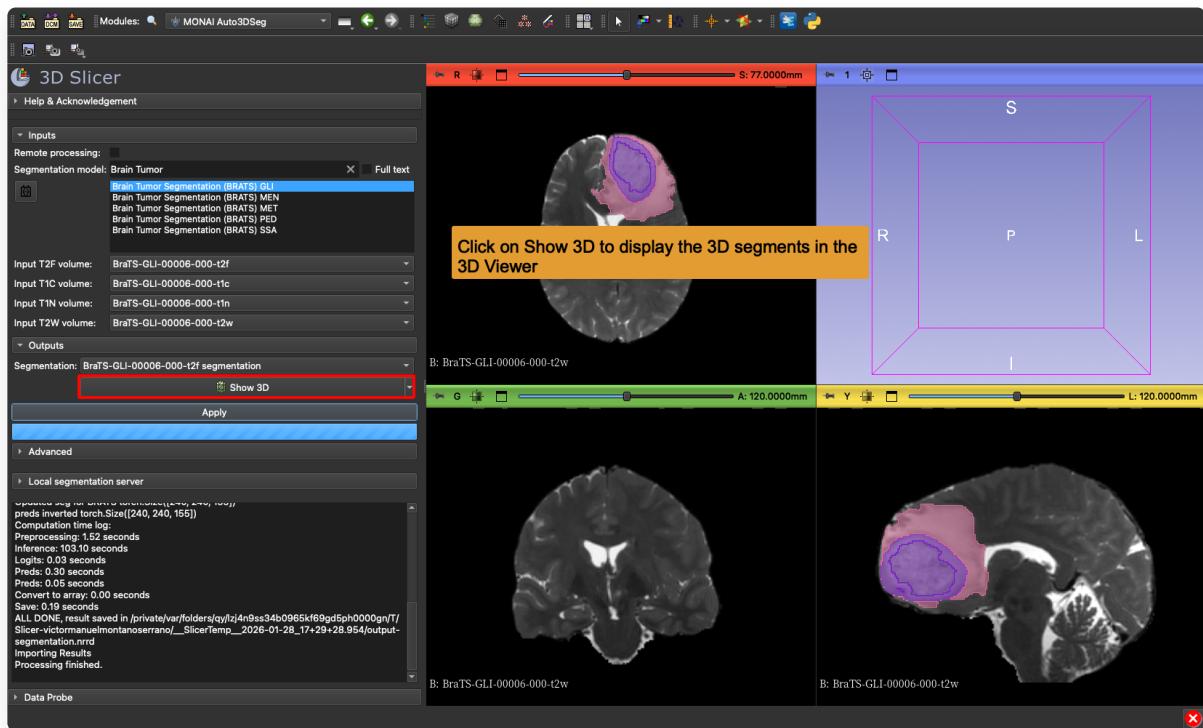
- 1) BraTS-GLI\_00005-000-t1n (T1-weighted)
- 2) BraTS-GLI\_00005-000-t1c (T1-weighted post-Gd)
- 3) BraTS-GLI\_00005-000-t2w (T2-weighted)
- 4) BraTS-GLI\_00005-000-t2f (T2-FLAIR )











**AI**

# **Segmentation**

## **Task #3:**

### **Whole Body**

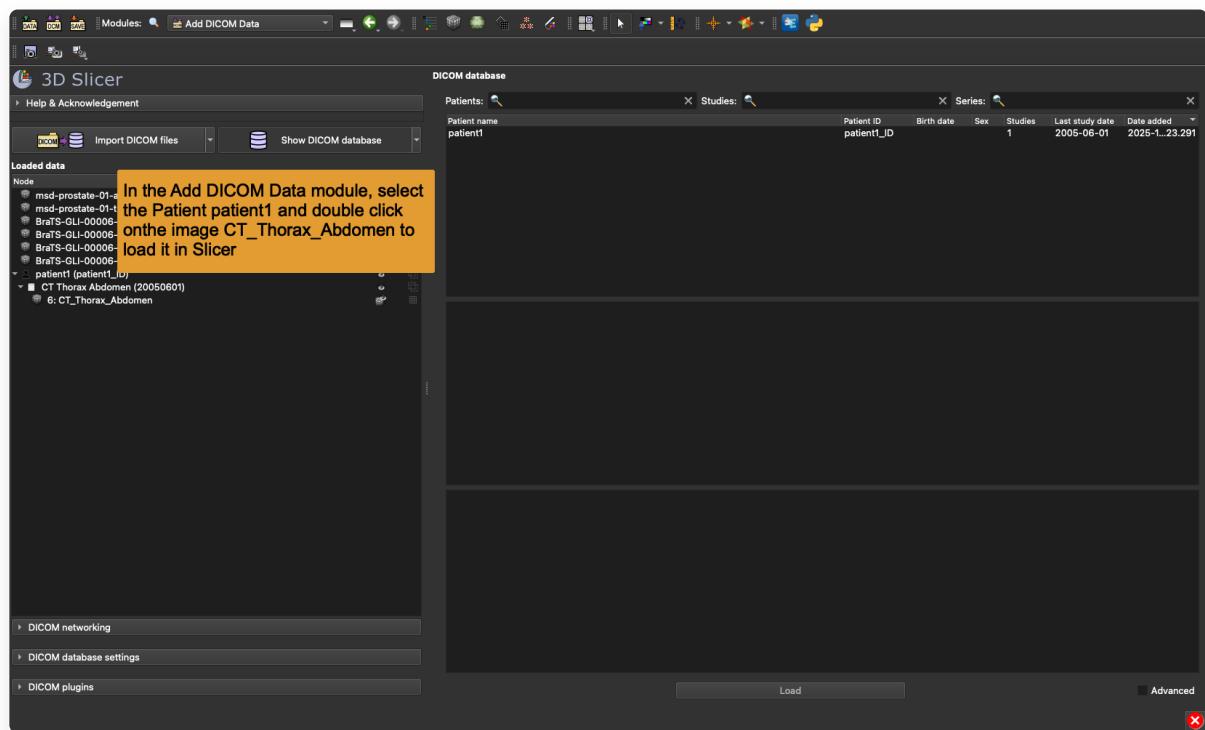
# **Segmentation**

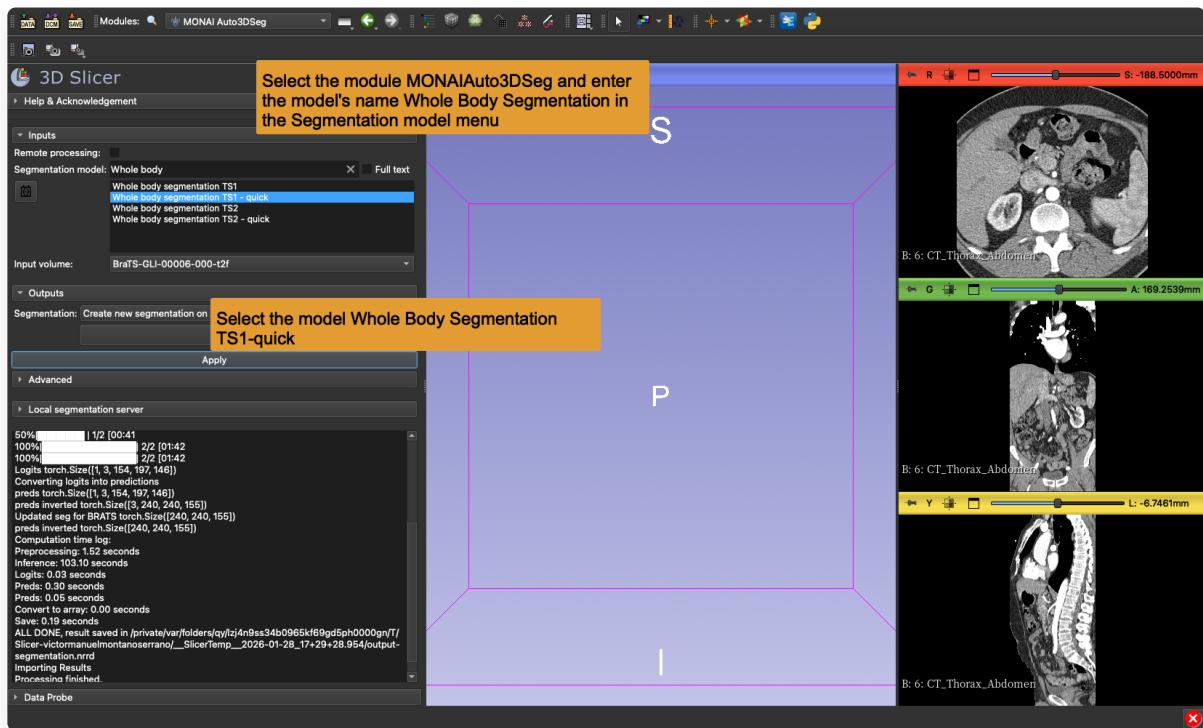
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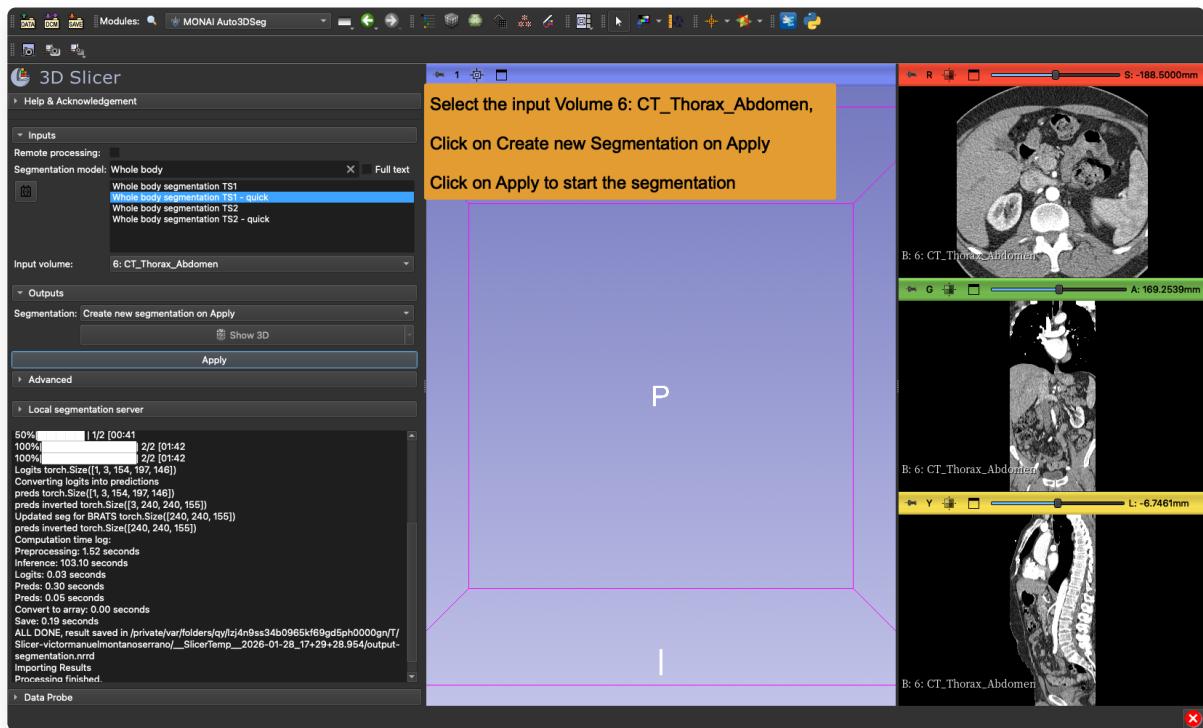
AI-based Segmentation of the whole body.

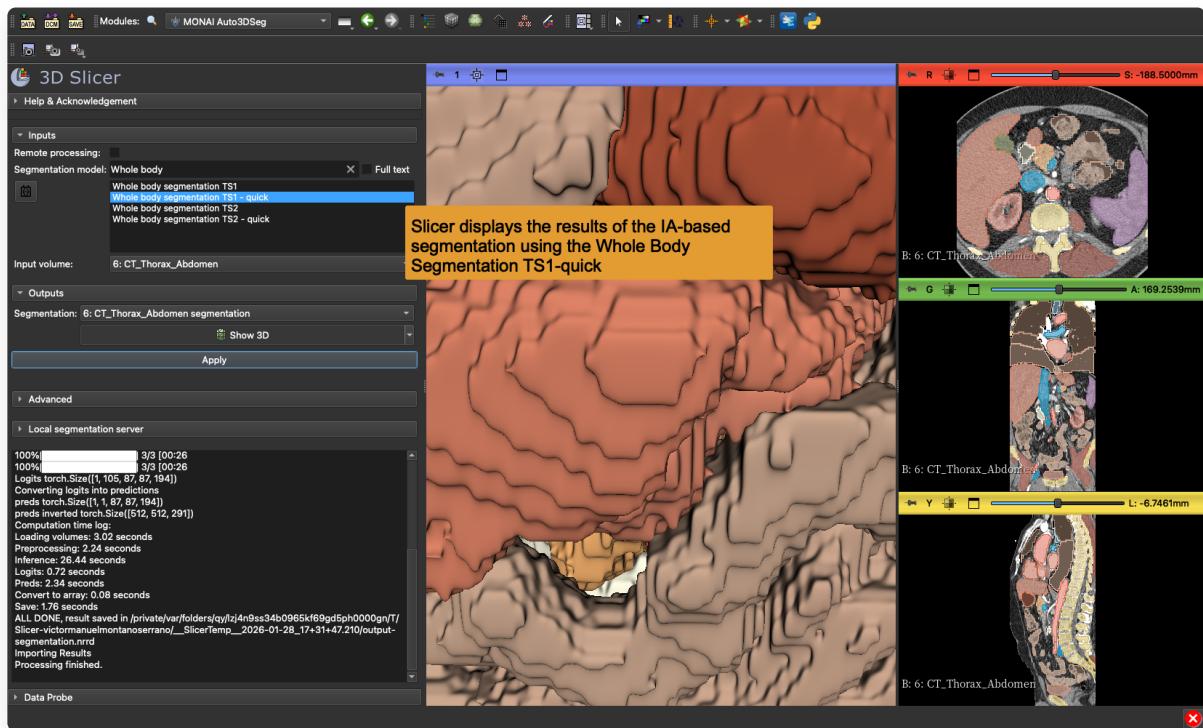
Dataset:

CT\_ThoraxAbdomen









# Conclusion

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The 3D SlicerMONAIAuto3DSeg extension provides fast AI-based segmentation of anatomical and pathological structures.

The module can run on standard laptop and desktop computers with no GPU.

# Acknowledgements

The 3D Slicer internationalization project and the 3D Slicer for Latin America project have been made possible by two CZI Essential Open Source Software for Science (EOSS cycle 4 & 5) grants.