Ip nat inside source static (old ip, pc's ip) (new ip, can be anything and isn't written in any of the devices) <-- the only line that has to be repeated to do multiple devices, the rest need to be done only once

To get into config ---> config t

Interface (name of port exactly with num, 0/0 for example, num is spaced from the name) to get into the port and config it

Then write code --> ip nat inside (when its set to config-if)

Then exit

Then -> interface (name of serial port exactly, with serial port number and put a space between the name and the number)

The write -> ip nat outside

Then --> ip route (network's address router's one not the other one) (subnet mask) (next hop, which is the next serial port which has to be the same class)

Then --> Router# and
show ip nat translations

If its Router>, to turn it to Router# you have to write --> enable

To send a message, click on command prompt and type --> ping (server's ip)

Or you can click on the one next to command prompt and type the ip of the server as the URL, if it's connected you will be directed to cisco's website

Every device has to be nat translated to access the server