

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a network of thin, light-brown lines and small circles, resembling a circuit board or a stylized tree structure, extending from the top to the bottom.

# ANALYSIS USING R COMMANDER

```

> library(abind, pos=17)

> library(el071, pos=18)

> numSummary(Dataset[, "BDI_Sum", drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset$BDI_Range,
+   statistics=c("mean", "sd", "se(mean)", "IQR", "quantiles", "cv", "skewness",
+   "kurtosis"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1), type="2")

> editDataset(Dataset)

> numSummary(Dataset[,c("GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum"), drop=FALSE],
+   statistics=c("mean", "sd", "se(mean)", "IQR", "quantiles", "cv", "skewness",
+   "kurtosis"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1), type="2")

```

	mean	sd	se(mean)	IQR	cv	skewness	kurtosis	0%	25%
GD_Sum	8.006667	3.532204	0.2884033	4	0.4411579	0.1675961	-0.00646895	0	6
PN_Sum	7.073333	3.489383	0.2849069	4	0.4933152	0.5497619	0.40868020	0	5
SC_Sum	6.493333	3.270258	0.2670154	5	0.5036331	0.3340599	-0.21791199	0	4

	50%	75%	100%	n
GD_Sum	8	10	18	150
PN_Sum	7	9	19	150
SC_Sum	6	9	14	150

```
> numSummary(Dataset[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum",
+   "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], statistics=c("mean", "sd", "se(mean)", "IQR",
+   "quantiles", "cv", "skewness", "kurtosis"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1),
+   type="2")
```

	mean	sd	se(mean)	IQR	cv	skewness	kurtosis	0%
BDI_Sum	22.053333	9.313904	0.7604771	11.75	0.4223354	-0.2593492	-0.25554047	0
GD_Sum	8.006667	3.532204	0.2884033	4.00	0.4411579	0.1675961	-0.00646895	0
PN_Sum	7.073333	3.489383	0.2849069	4.00	0.4933152	0.5497619	0.40868020	0
SC_Sum	6.493333	3.270258	0.2670154	5.00	0.5036331	0.3340599	-0.21791199	0
SH_Sum	2.400000	1.515025	0.1237013	2.00	0.6312606	0.5164014	-0.26638414	0
SP_Sum	5.826667	3.201817	0.2614273	5.00	0.5495110	0.1618631	-0.86911710	0

	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
BDI_Sum	16.25	23	28	46	150
GD_Sum	6.00	8	10	18	150
PN_Sum	5.00	7	9	19	150
SC_Sum	4.00	6	9	14	150
SH_Sum	1.00	2	3	7	150
SP_Sum	3.00	6	8	13	150

```
> local({
+   .Table <- with(Dataset, table(gender))
+   cat("\ncounts:\n")
+   print(.Table)
+   cat("\npercentages:\n")
+   print(round(100*.Table/sum(.Table), 2))
+   .Probs <- c(0.5,0.5)
+   chisq.test(.Table, p=.Probs)
+ })
```

counts:

gender	
Female	80
Male	70

percentages:

gender	
Female	53.33
Male	46.67

Chi-squared test for given probabilities

data: .Table

X-squared = 0.66667, df = 1, p-value = 0.4142



```
> numSummary(Dataset1[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum",
+   "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset1$mother.education,
+   statistics=c("mean", "sd", "IQR", "quantiles"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1))
```

Variable: BDI\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%
Graduate/PG	26.25000	5.678908	6.75	22	22.0	24.5	28.75
High school	20.14815	8.847875	11.00	3	14.0	21.0	25.00
Illiterate	24.69014	8.661230	9.00	1	20.0	25.0	29.00
Middle school	17.53846	7.806145	12.00	4	9.0	20.0	21.00
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	16.25000	11.196300	19.50	0	6.5	20.5	26.00
Primary school	20.29630	10.102607	17.50	5	10.5	23.0	28.00
	100%	n					
Graduate/PG	34	4					
High school	35	27					
Illiterate	46	71					
Middle school	30	13					
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	27	8					
Primary school	38	27					

Variable: GD\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Graduate/PG	8.750000	2.362908	2.75	7	7.00	8	9.75	12
High school	7.185185	3.883268	5.00	0	5.00	7	10.00	16
Illiterate	8.492958	3.714348	5.00	1	6.00	9	11.00	18
Middle school	8.230769	3.789324	5.00	3	6.00	8	11.00	15
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	7.375000	3.777282	5.50	1	4.75	8	10.25	12
Primary school	7.518519	2.517177	3.50	4	5.50	7	9.00	14
n								
Graduate/PG	4							
High school	27							
Illiterate	71							
Middle school	13							
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	8							
Primary school	27							

Variable: PN\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Graduate/PG	8.500000	3.109126	2.50	4	7.75	9.5	10.25	11
High school	6.259259	3.253313	3.00	0	4.50	6.0	7.50	15
Illiterate	7.239437	3.837651	4.50	1	4.50	7.0	9.00	19
Middle school	7.076923	2.722179	5.00	4	4.00	7.0	9.00	11
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	5.875000	3.943802	5.25	1	2.75	6.0	8.00	13
Primary school	7.592593	3.003322	4.00	3	6.00	7.0	10.00	17
n								
Graduate/PG	4							
High school	27							
Illiterate	71							
Middle school	13							
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	8							
Primary school	27							

Variable: SC\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Graduate/PG	7.750000	2.753785	3.75	5	5.75	7.5	9.5	11
High school	6.370370	4.844887	8.50	0	2.00	5.0	10.5	14
Illiterate	6.647887	2.928181	4.00	1	5.00	6.0	9.0	14
Middle school	5.615385	2.724532	2.00	0	5.00	5.0	7.0	10
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	6.500000	2.563480	2.00	3	5.50	6.0	7.5	11
Primary school	6.444444	2.819347	2.00	1	5.00	7.0	7.0	13
n								
Graduate/PG	4							
High school	27							
Illiterate	71							
Middle school	13							
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	8							
Primary school	27							

Variable: SH\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Graduate/PG	2.000000	1.8257419	2.5	0	0.75	2	3.25	4
High school	2.074074	1.6623877	2.5	0	1.00	1	3.50	6
Illiterate	2.577465	1.3696921	1.0	0	2.00	2	3.00	7
Middle school	2.846154	1.6251233	3.0	1	1.00	3	4.00	5
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	1.125000	0.9910312	0.5	0	0.75	1	1.25	3
Primary school	2.481481	1.6259996	2.0	0	1.00	2	3.00	6
n								
Graduate/PG	4							
High school	27							
Illiterate	71							
Middle school	13							
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	8							
Primary school	27							

Variable: SP\_Sum



Variable: SP\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Graduate/PG	5.500000	2.516611	1.50	3	4.50	5.0	6.0	9
High school	5.629630	3.722573	5.50	0	3.00	4.0	8.5	12
Illiterate	5.887324	3.059175	4.50	0	3.50	6.0	8.0	13
Middle school	5.615385	3.524639	5.00	1	3.00	6.0	8.0	13
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	6.750000	3.918819	6.25	1	3.75	7.5	10.0	11
Primary school	5.740741	2.955993	4.00	1	3.50	6.0	7.5	12

n

Graduate/PG	4
High school	27
Illiterate	71
Middle school	13
Plus two/Post High School/Diploma	8
Primary school	27



```
> numSummary(Dataset1[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum", "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset1$gender, statistics=c("mean", "sd", "IQR",  
+ "quantiles"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1))
```

Variable: BDI\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	24.85000	7.388153	7.25	6	21	25	28.25	46	80
Male	18.85714	10.266430	16.75	0	10	19	26.75	42	70

Variable: GD\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	9.437500	3.260208	5	4	7	9	12	18	80
Male	6.371429	3.112255	4	0	4	6	8	12	70

Variable: PN\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	8.150000	3.628648	4	0	6	7	10	19	80
Male	5.842857	2.887433	4	1	4	6	8	12	70

Variable: SC\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	7.912500	3.065503	4.25	1	5.75	7	10	14	80
Male	4.871429	2.707592	2.75	0	3.25	5	6	12	70

Variable: SH\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	2.562500	1.541360	3	0	1	2	4	7	80
Male	2.214286	1.473366	2	0	1	2	3	6	70

Variable: SP\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Female	7.612500	2.739739	4	2	6	8	10	13	80
Male	3.785714	2.370671	3	0	2	4	5	9	70

```
> numSummary(Dataset1[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum", "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset1$religion, statistics=c("mean", "sd", "IQR",  
+ "quantiles"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1))
```

Variable: BDI\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	23.67480	8.623734	10	1	19	25	29	46	123
Muslim	14.66667	8.892521	14	0	8	14	22	31	27

Variable: GD\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	8.455285	3.371170	5.0	0	6.0	8	11	18	123
Muslim	5.962963	3.589316	5.5	1	3.5	5	9	12	27

Variable: PN\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	7.569106	3.485523	5	0	5	7	10	19	123
Muslim	4.814815	2.512079	3	1	3	5	6	11	27



Variable: SC\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	6.666667	3.169182	4.0	0	5.0	6	9	14	123
Muslim	5.703704	3.656552	4.5	0	3.5	5	8	14	27

Variable: SH\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	2.471545	1.532838	2.5	0	1	2	3.5	7	123
Muslim	2.074074	1.412198	2.0	0	1	2	3.0	5	27

Variable: SP\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Hindu	6.032520	3.205873	5	0	4	6	9	13	123
Muslim	4.888889	3.067614	4	0	3	4	7	11	27

```
> numSummary(Dataset1[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum", "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset1$family.type, statistics=c("mean", "sd", "IQR",  
+ "quantiles"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1))
```

Variable: BDI\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	25.29412	8.830146	9.5	2	20.25	25	29.75	42	34
Joint	19.44828	9.295107	14.0	3	11.00	20	25.00	38	29
Nuclear	21.65517	9.254575	12.5	0	15.50	23	28.00	46	87

Variable: GD\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	8.294118	3.316894	4	3	6	8	10	18	34
Joint	7.482759	3.561908	5	1	5	7	10	16	29
Nuclear	8.068966	3.624186	5	0	6	8	11	18	87

Variable: PN\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	6.911765	2.978383	4	2	5	7	9	17	34
Joint	6.620690	3.619528	6	0	4	6	10	13	29
Nuclear	7.287356	3.646942	5	1	5	7	10	19	87

Variable: SC\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	6.117647	2.590948	2.75	0	5	6	7.75	11	34
Joint	6.137931	3.748563	5.00	0	4	5	9.00	14	29
Nuclear	6.758621	3.347910	4.00	0	5	7	9.00	14	87

Variable: SH\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	2.764706	1.457662	2	0	2	3	4	6	34
Joint	2.275862	1.709147	2	0	1	2	3	7	29
Nuclear	2.298851	1.463628	2	0	1	2	3	6	87

Variable: SP\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Extended	5.941176	2.880879	3	1	4	6	7	13	34
Joint	5.206897	3.309934	5	0	3	5	8	12	29
Nuclear	5.988506	3.293737	6	0	3	6	9	13	87



```
> numSummary(Dataset1[,c("BDI_Sum", "GD_Sum", "PN_Sum", "SC_Sum", "SH_Sum", "SP_Sum"), drop=FALSE], groups=Dataset1$occupation, statistics=c("mean", "sd", "IQR",  
+ "quantiles"), quantiles=c(0,.25,.5,.75,1))
```

Variable: BDI\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	24.67692	7.628294	8.00	8	21.00	24	29.0	46	65
Professional	18.55556	8.987646	12.00	0	14.00	22	26.0	27	9
Semi Professional	15.36364	9.436872	16.50	2	6.50	18	23.0	27	11
Semi skilled	24.50000	10.241319	10.25	6	21.25	26	31.5	38	14
Skilled	20.40000	9.844626	14.00	5	13.00	20	27.0	38	25
Unemployed	16.18182	10.619022	18.50	1	7.50	17	26.0	29	11
Unskilled worker	22.46667	9.500877	10.50	5	18.00	25	28.5	39	15

Variable: GD\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	8.615385	3.449150	5.0	0	6.0	9	11	18	65
Professional	7.888889	3.887301	4.0	1	7.0	8	11	12	9
Semi Professional	7.636364	3.170890	4.0	1	6.0	8	10	11	11
Semi skilled	9.357143	2.762584	3.0	5	8.0	10	11	14	14
Skilled	7.960000	4.217819	6.0	1	5.0	7	11	18	25
Unemployed	5.181818	2.821992	3.5	1	3.5	5	7	10	11
Unskilled worker	6.600000	2.693908	3.5	3	4.5	6	8	13	15

Variable: PN\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	7.353846	3.528592	5.0	1	5.0	7.0	10.0	17	65
Professional	6.888889	3.655285	3.0	1	5.0	7.0	8.0	13	9
Semi Professional	6.181818	2.638870	3.5	2	4.5	6.0	8.0	10	11
Semi skilled	8.285714	3.851644	4.0	4	6.0	7.5	10.0	19	14
Skilled	7.720000	4.168533	5.0	0	5.0	7.0	10.0	16	25
Unemployed	4.818182	2.272364	4.0	1	3.0	6.0	7.0	7	11
Unskilled worker	6.066667	2.120198	3.0	2	4.5	6.0	7.5	9	15

Variable: SC\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	6.384615	3.520885	5.0	0	4.00	6.0	9.00	14	65
Professional	7.000000	2.397916	3.0	3	6.00	7.0	9.00	11	9
Semi Professional	6.818182	4.445631	8.0	1	3.50	6.0	11.50	13	11
Semi skilled	7.571429	2.533295	2.5	3	6.25	7.5	8.75	13	14
Skilled	6.320000	2.779688	4.0	2	4.00	6.0	8.00	14	25
Unemployed	6.181818	3.789939	3.0	1	4.00	5.0	7.00	13	11
Unskilled worker	5.933333	2.890049	3.0	1	4.00	5.0	7.00	12	15

Variable: SH\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	2.492308	1.4908374	3.00	0	1.00	2	4.0	5	65
Professional	1.444444	1.3333333	1.00	0	1.00	1	2.0	4	9
Semi Professional	1.727273	1.6180797	3.00	0	0.00	2	3.0	4	11
Semi skilled	2.928571	1.6391501	2.75	1	1.25	3	4.0	6	14
Skilled	2.960000	1.6703293	2.00	1	2.00	3	4.0	7	25
Unemployed	2.000000	1.3416408	1.50	0	1.00	2	2.5	5	11
Unskilled worker	1.933333	0.7988086	0.50	1	1.50	2	2.0	4	15



Variable: SP\_Sum

	mean	sd	IQR	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	n
Clerical/Shop Owner/Farmer	5.600000	3.195700	5.00	0	3.0	5	8.00	12	65
Professional	7.111111	3.333333	6.00	3	4.0	8	10.00	11	9
Semi Professional	6.272727	3.635682	4.00	0	4.0	6	8.00	13	11
Semi skilled	7.071429	2.234839	2.75	2	6.0	8	8.75	10	14
Skilled	6.200000	3.391165	6.00	2	3.0	5	9.00	12	25
Unemployed	4.909091	3.884702	5.50	1	2.0	4	7.50	13	11
Unskilled worker	4.600000	2.443651	4.50	1	2.5	5	7.00	8	15

```
> sapply(Dataset, function(x) (sum(is.na(x)))) # NA counts
      name          age          gender
      0             0             0
```

name	age	gender
0	0	0
education	religion	mother.education
0	0	0
family.head.education	occupation	family.income
0	0	0
socio.economic.status	place.of.residence	family.type
0	0	0
BDI_Sum	PN_Sum	GD_Sum
0	0	0
SP_Sum	SC_Sum	SH_Sum
0	0	0
TOTAL_SCARED	BDI_Range	City
0	0	0
Mobile		
0		

```
> with(Dataset, tapply(GD_Sum, list(gender), mean, na.rm=TRUE))  
  Female      Male  
9.437500 6.371429
```

```
> with(Dataset, tapply(PN_Sum, list(gender), mean, na.rm=TRUE))  
  Female      Male  
8.150000 5.842857  
  
> with(Dataset, tapply(SC_Sum, list(gender), mean, na.rm=TRUE))  
  Female      Male  
7.912500 4.871429  
  
> with(Dataset, tapply(SH_Sum, list(gender), mean, na.rm=TRUE))  
  Female      Male  
2.562500 2.214286  
  
> with(Dataset, tapply(SP_Sum, list(gender), mean, na.rm=TRUE))  
  Female      Male  
7.612500 3.785714
```

```
> cor(Dataset[,c("GD_Sum", "PN_Sum")], method="spearman",
+      use="pairwise.complete")
      GD_Sum  PN_Sum
GD_Sum 1.0000000 0.5184247
PN_Sum 0.5184247 1.0000000
```

```
> cor(Dataset[,c("SC_Sum", "SH_Sum", "SP_Sum")], use="complete")
      SC_Sum  SH_Sum  SP_Sum
SC_Sum 1.0000000 0.09671861 0.6414962
SH_Sum 0.09671861 1.00000000 0.2122378
SP_Sum 0.64149619 0.21223776 1.0000000
```

```
> with(Dataset, cor.test(PN_Sum, SC_Sum, alternative="two.sided",
+                          method="pearson"))
```

Pearson's product-moment correlation

```
data:  PN_Sum and SC_Sum
t = 4.8226, df = 148, p-value = 0.000003485
alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.2213245 0.4992890
sample estimates:
      cor
0.3685149
```



```
> library(abind, pos=17)

> local({
+   .Table <- xtabs(~gender+religion, data=Dataset)
+   cat("\nFrequency table:\n")
+   print(.Table)
+   .Test <- chisq.test(.Table, correct=FALSE)
+   print(.Test)
+ })
```

```
Frequency table:
      religion
gender Hindu Muslim
Female   73      7
Male    50     20

      Pearson's Chi-squared test

data:  .Table
X-squared = 9.9376, df = 1, p-value = 0.001619
```

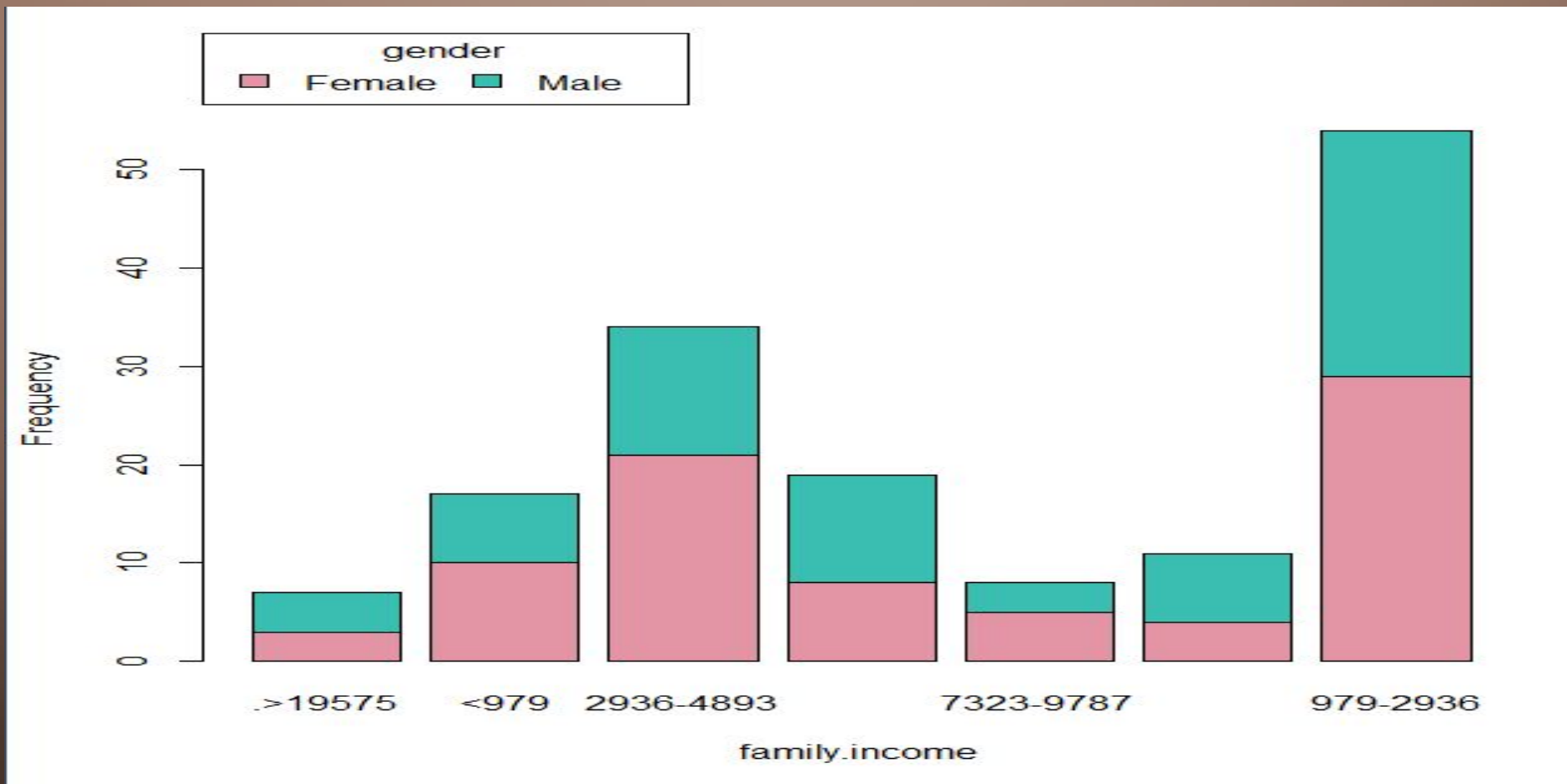
```
> local({  
+   .Table <- xtabs(~family.type+place.of.residence, data=Dataset)  
+   cat("\nFrequency table:\n")  
+   print(.Table)  
+   .Test <- chisq.test(.Table, correct=FALSE)  
+   print(.Test)  
+ })
```

```
Frequency table:  
      place.of.residence  
family.type Rural  
  Extended      34  
   Joint       29  
  Nuclear      87
```

Chi-squared test for given probabilities

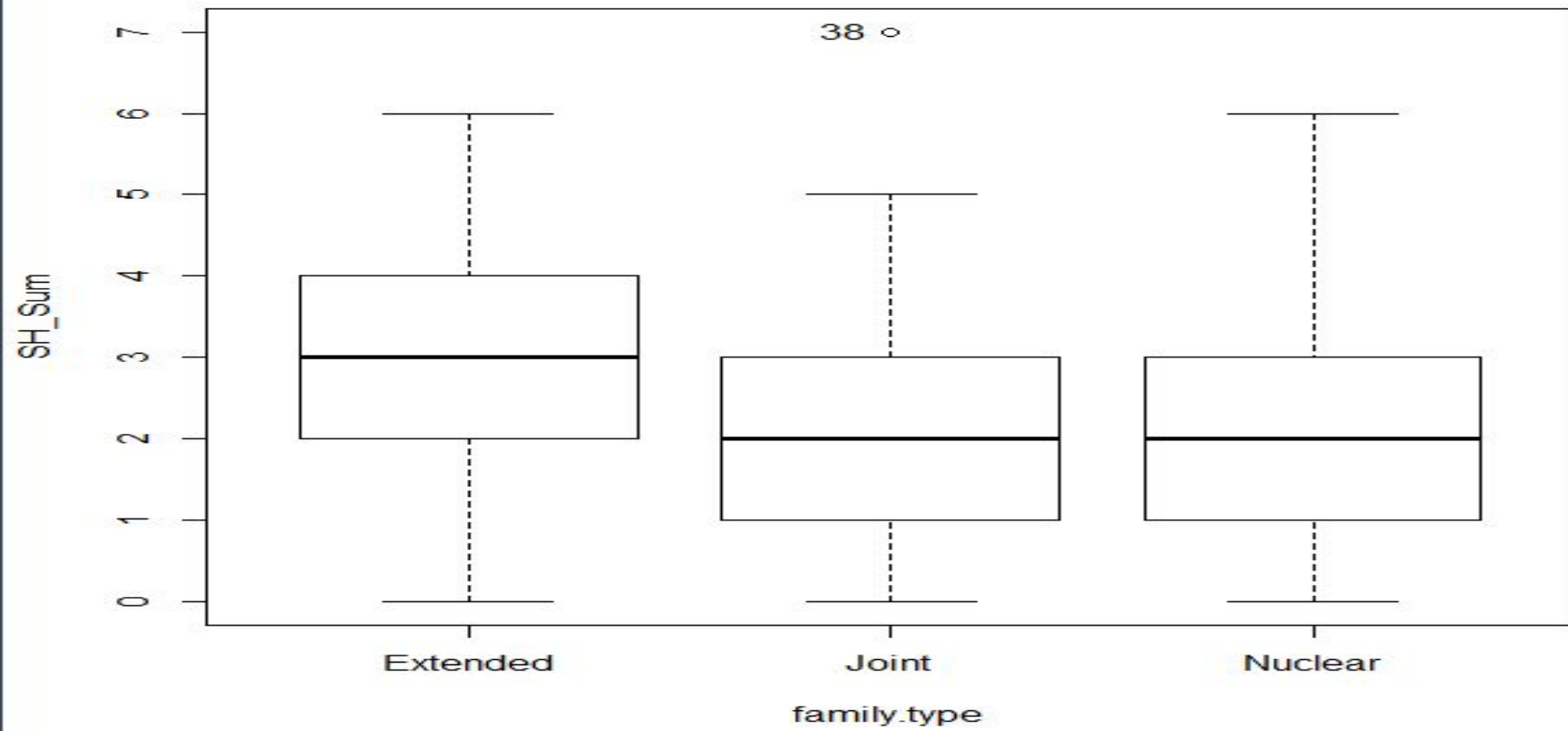
```
data:  .Table  
X-squared = 41.32, df = 2, p-value = 0.000000001065
```

```
> with(Dataset, Barplot(family.income, by=gender, style="divided",  
+   legend.pos="above", xlab="family.income", ylab="Frequency"))
```

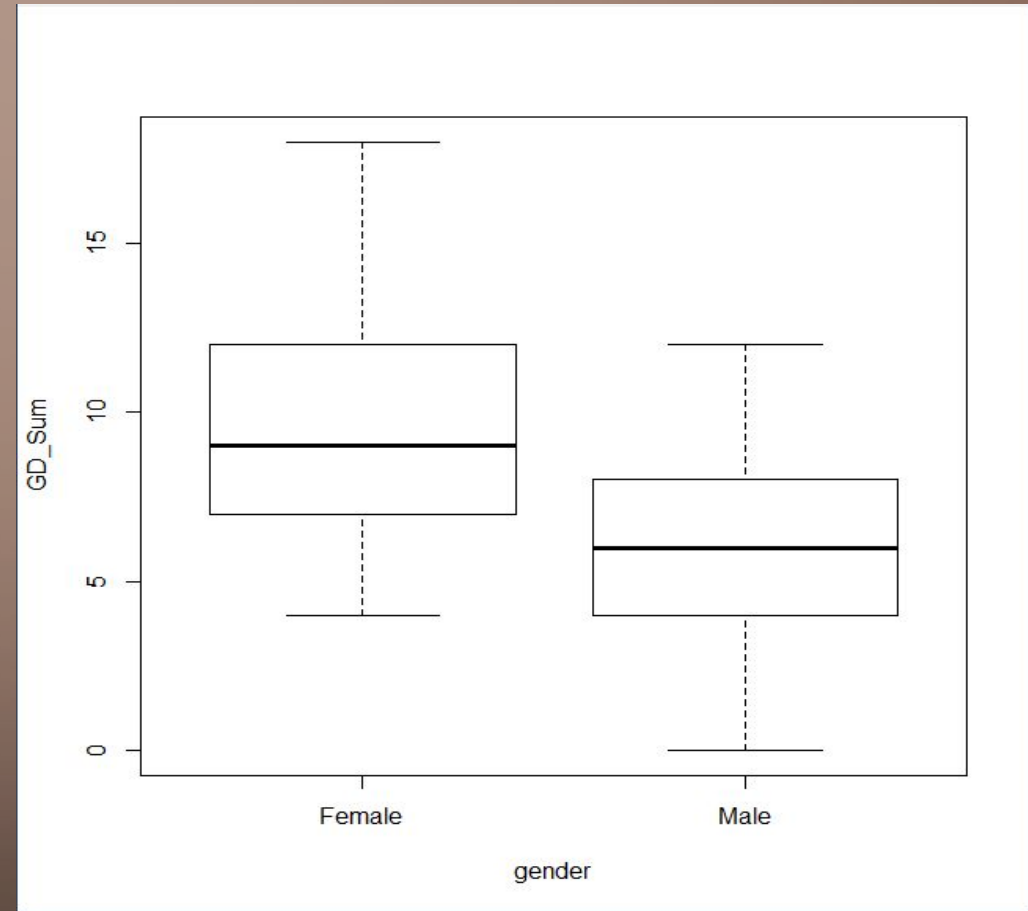
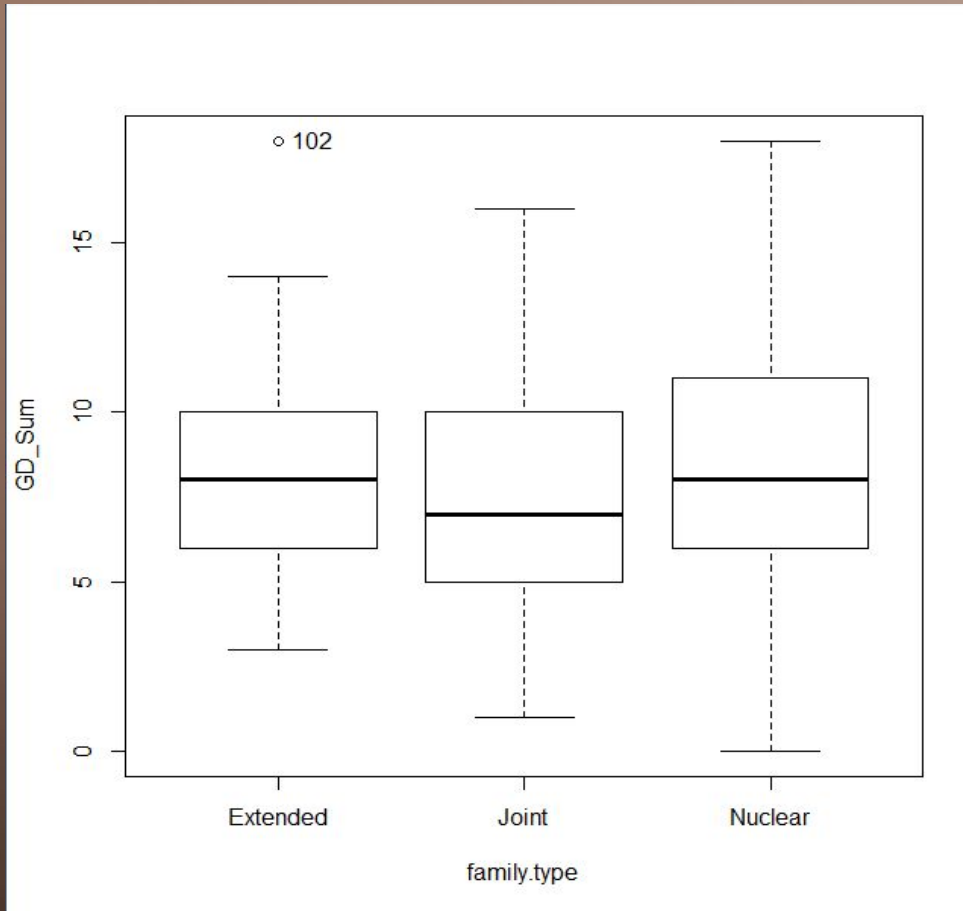


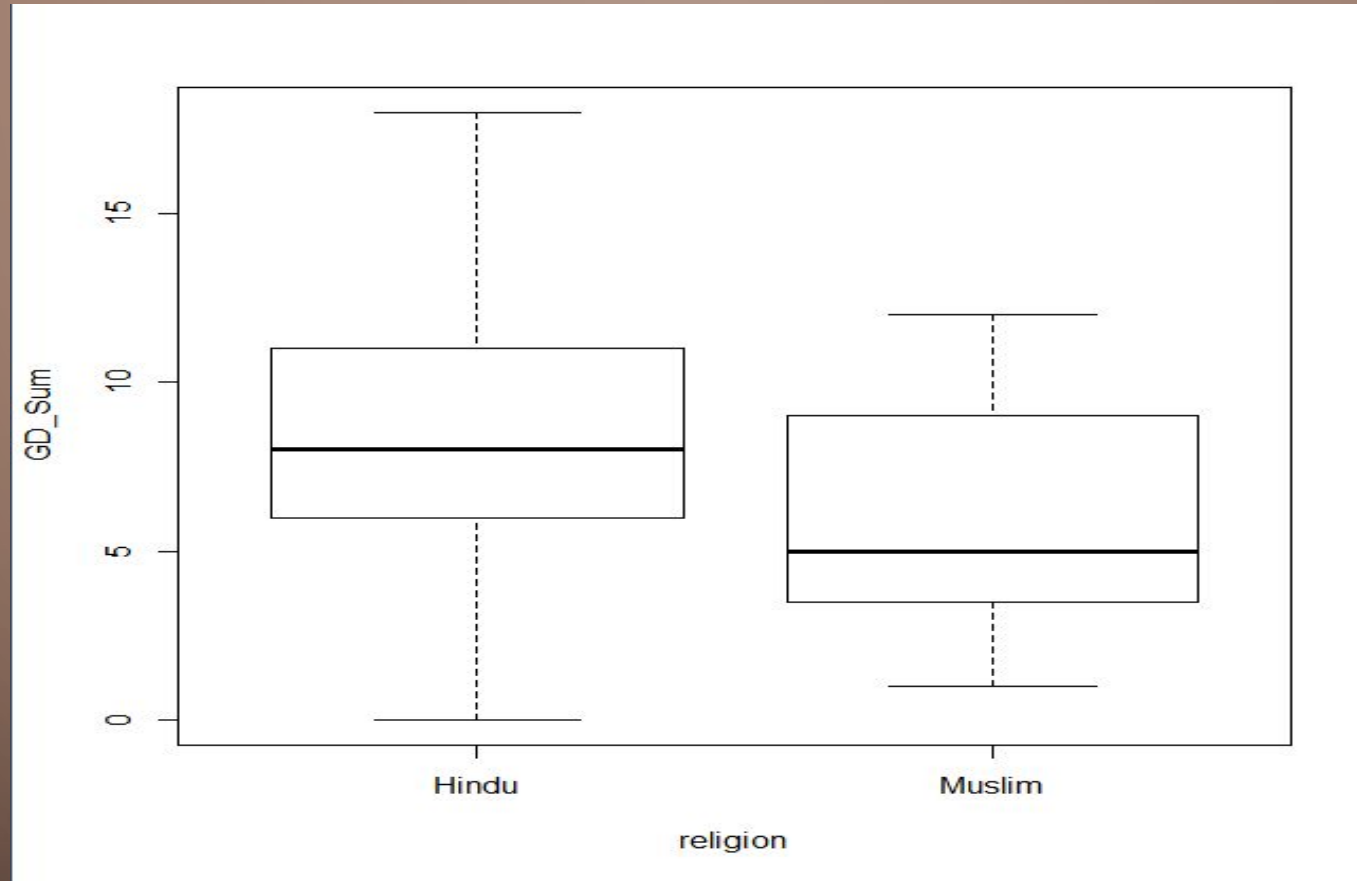


```
> Boxplot(SH_Sum~family.type, data=Dataset, id=list(method="y"))  
[1] "38"
```



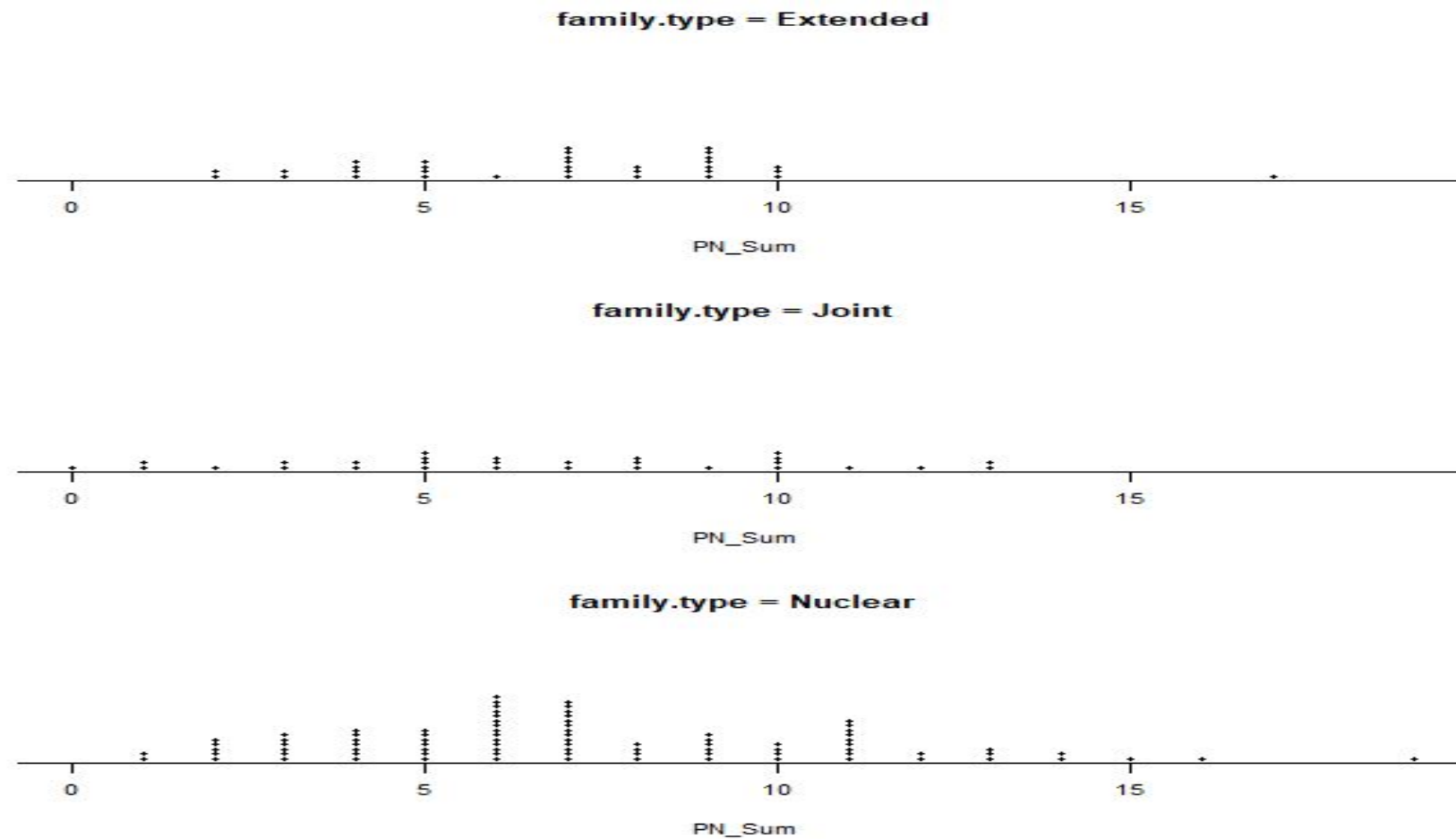
# LIKE WISE WE CAN DO OTHER BOXPLOTS...





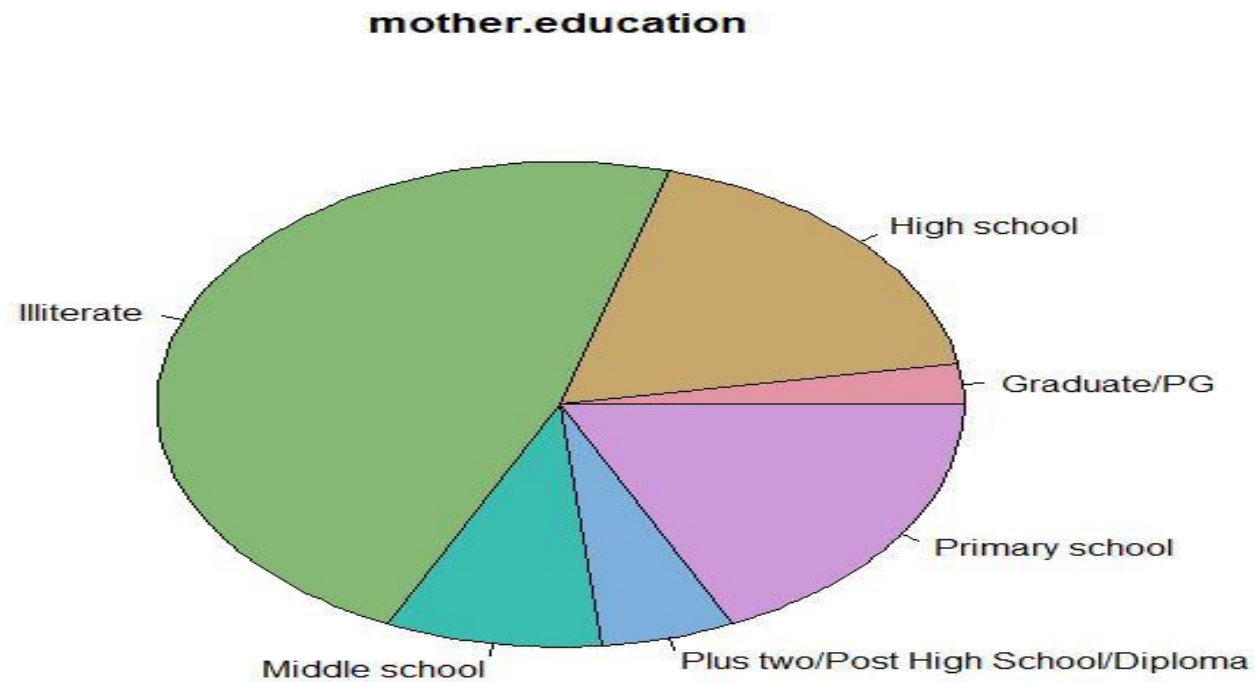


```
> with(Dataset, Dotplot(PN_Sum, by=family.type, bin=FALSE))
```

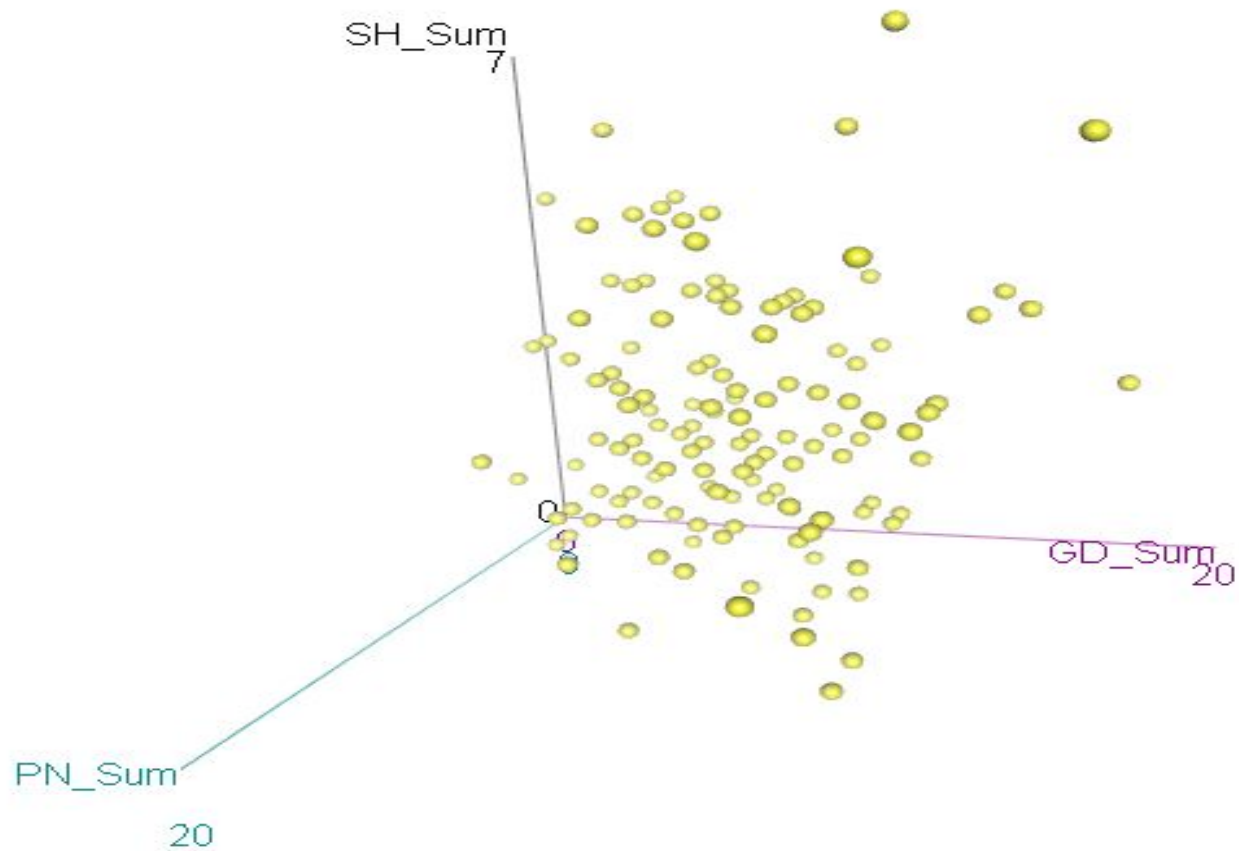


```
> library(colorspace, pos=18)

> with(Dataset, pie(table(mother.education), labels=levels(mother.education),
+   xlab="", ylab="", main="mother.education", col=rainbow_hcl(6)))
```

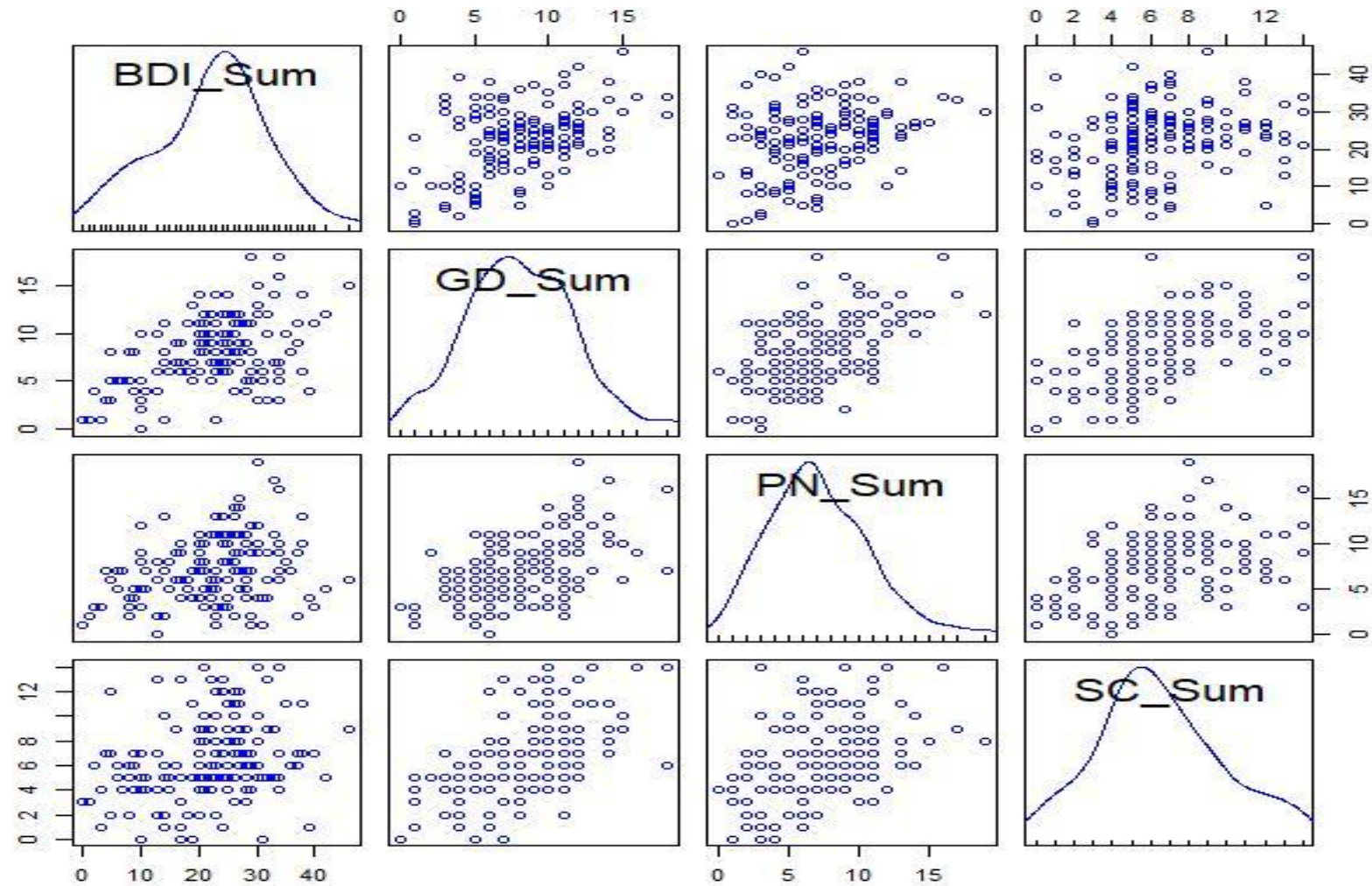


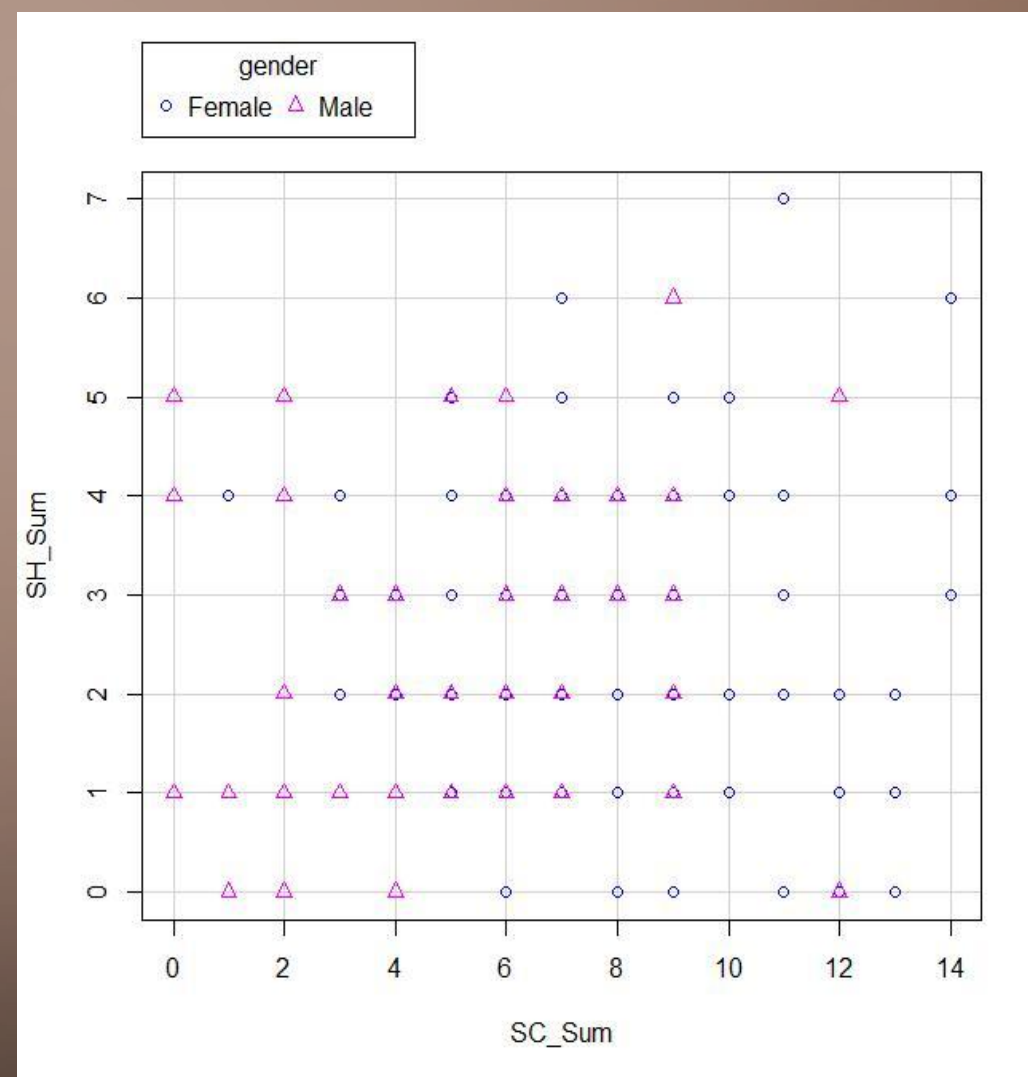
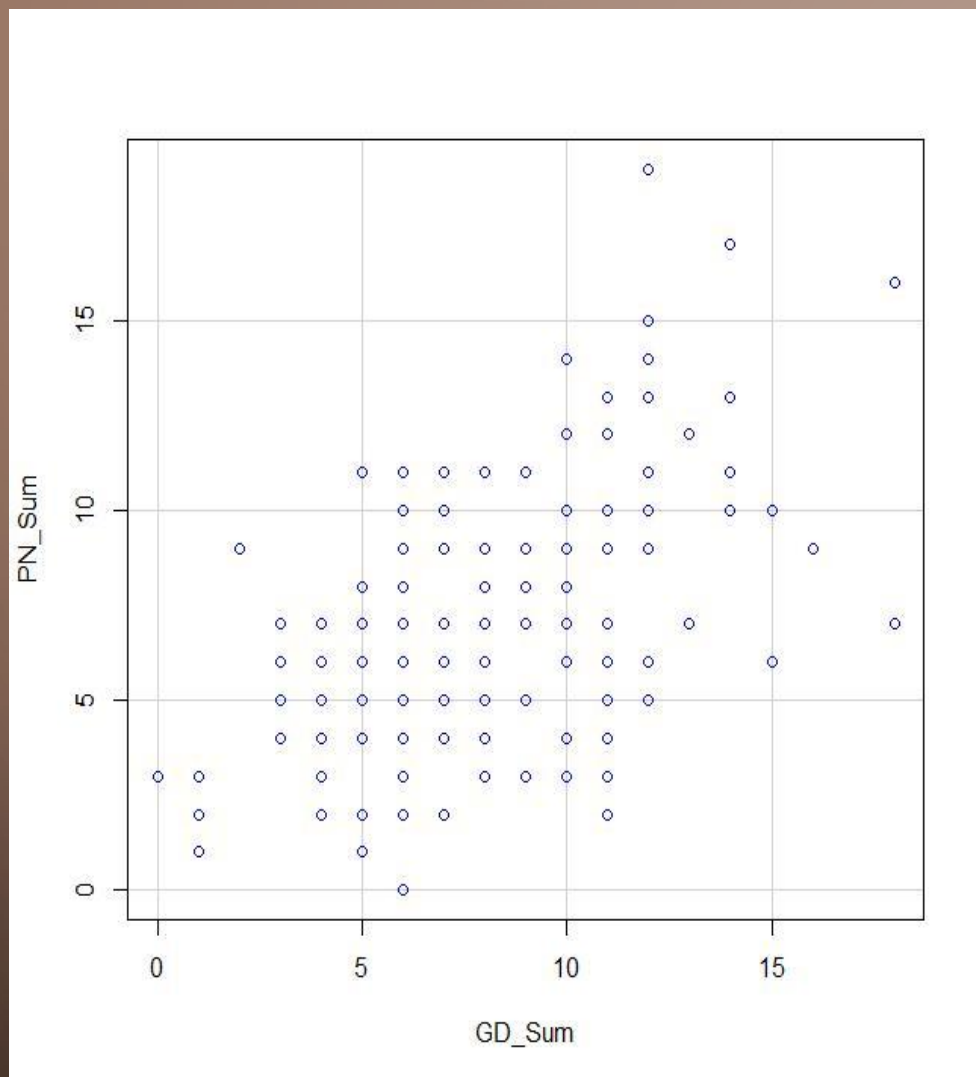
```
> scatter3d(SH_Sum~GD_Sum+PN_Sum, data=Dataset, surface=FALSE, residuals=TRUE,  
+   bg="white", axis.scales=TRUE, grid=TRUE, ellipsoid=FALSE)
```



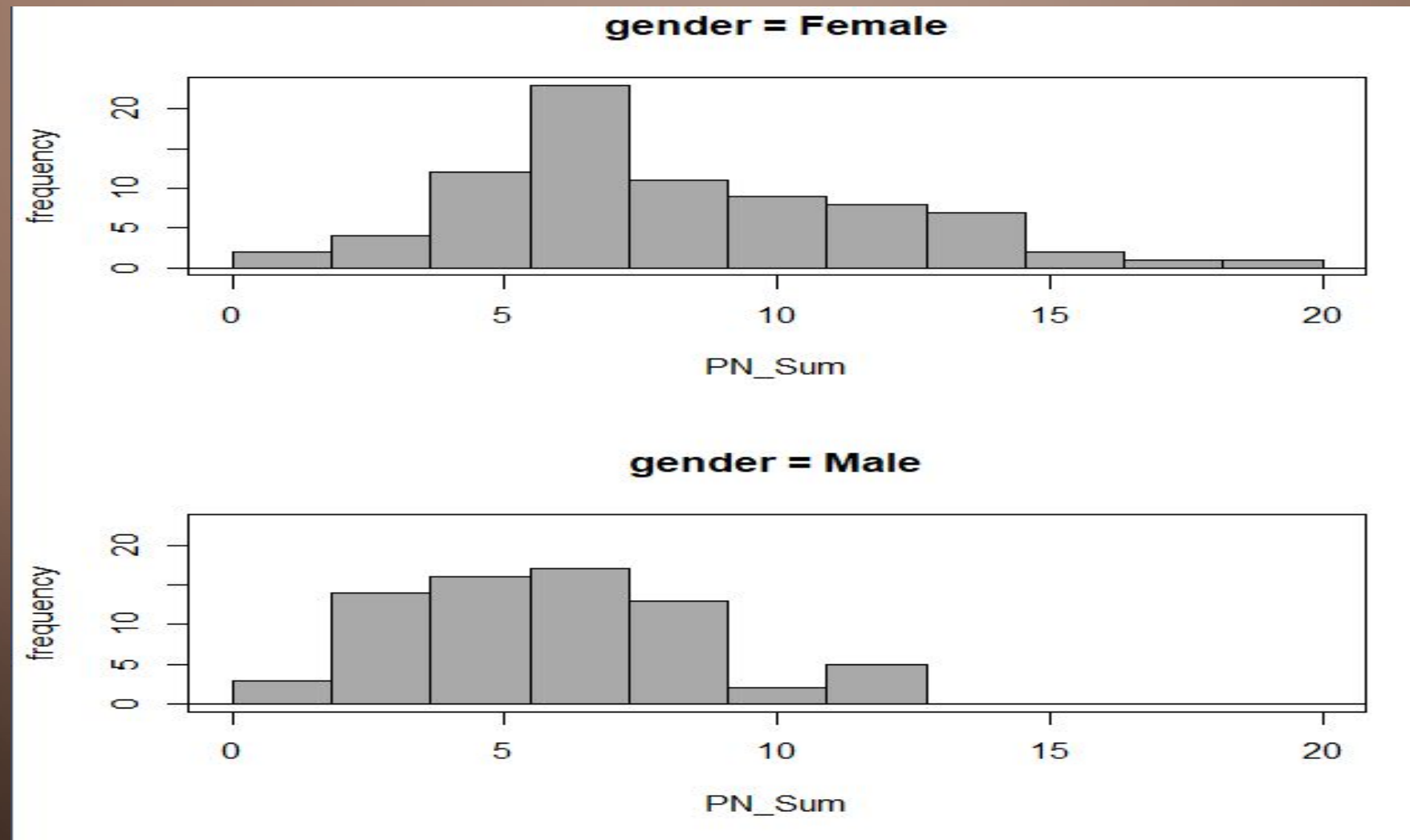


```
> scatterplotMatrix(~BDI_Sum+GD_Sum+PN_Sum+SC_Sum, regLine=FALSE,  
+   smooth=FALSE, diagonal=list(method="density"), data=Dataset)
```



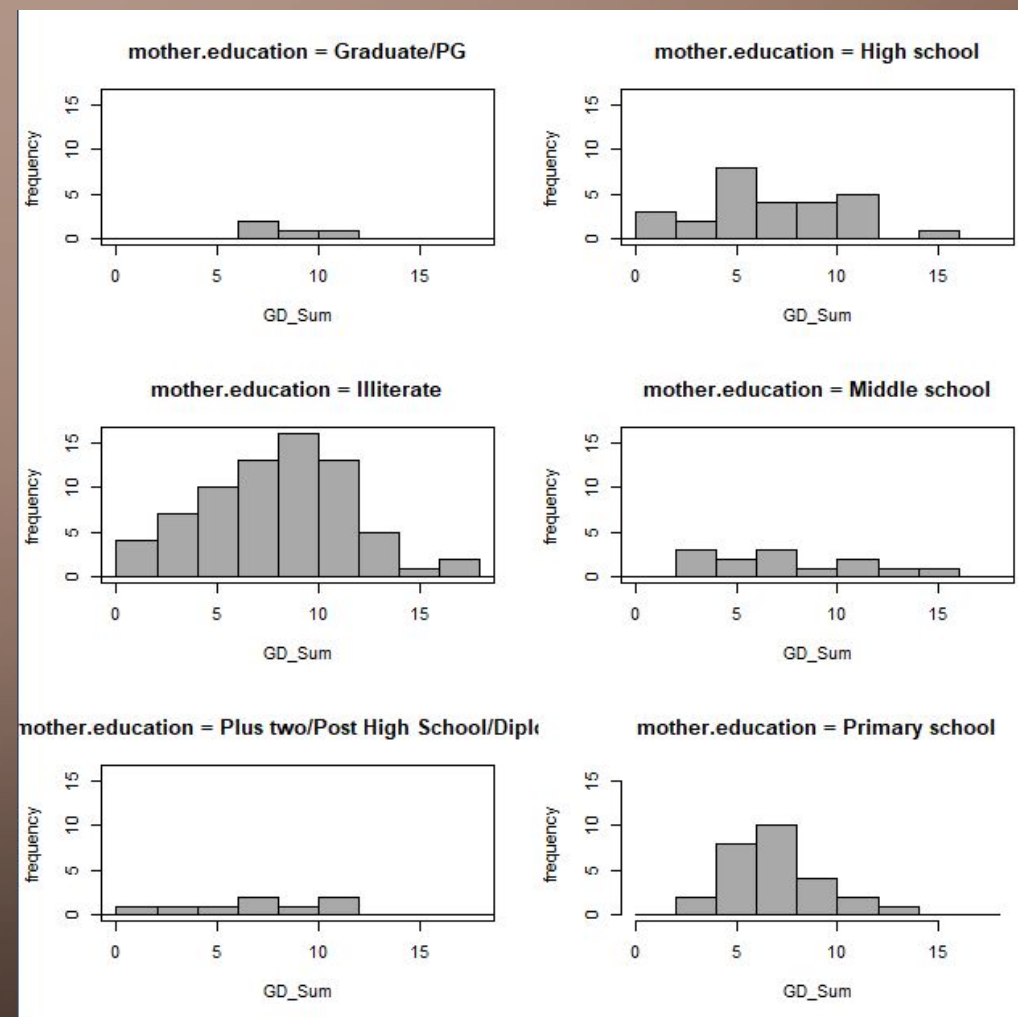
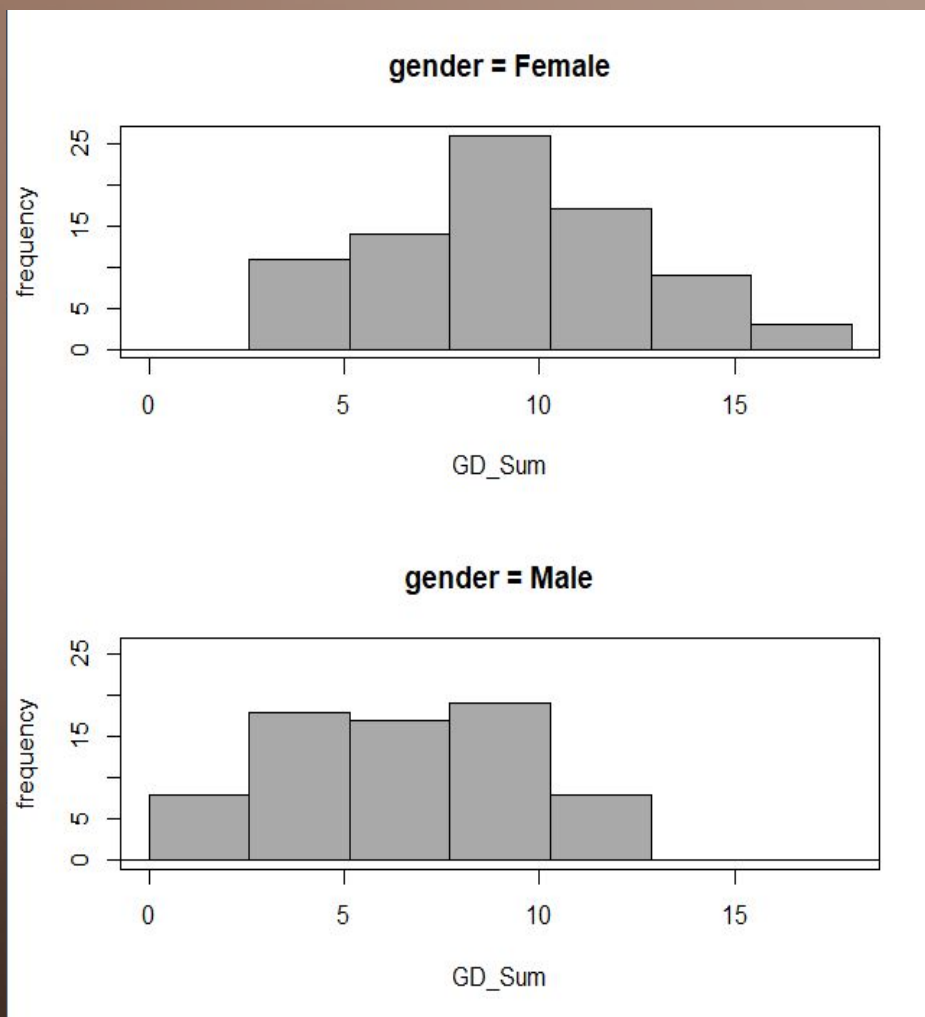


```
> with(Dataset, Hist(PN_Sum, groups=gender, scale="frequency",  
+   breaks="Sturges", col="darkgray"))
```

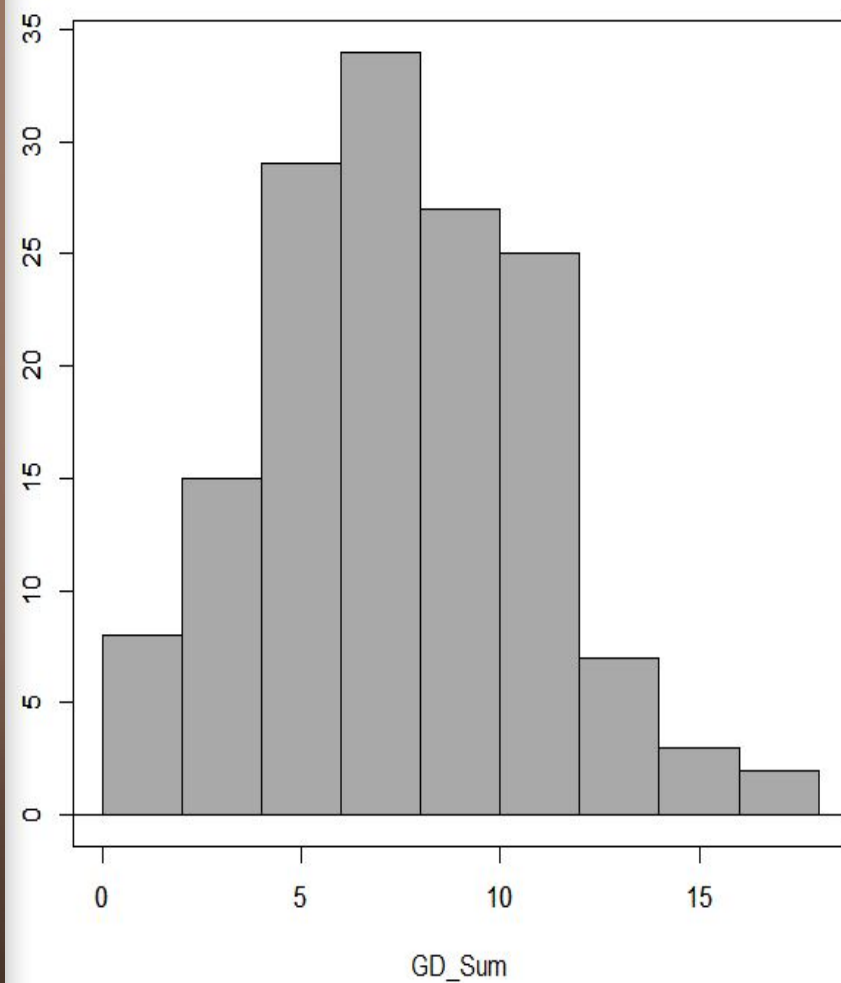




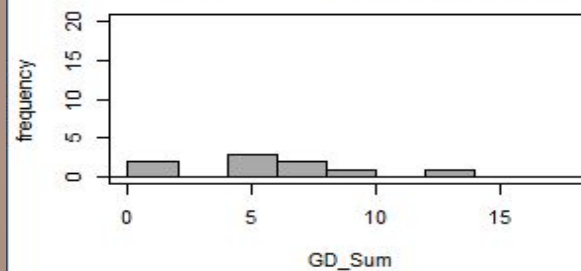
# LIKE WISE WE CAN CREATE THE HISTOGRAMS TOO



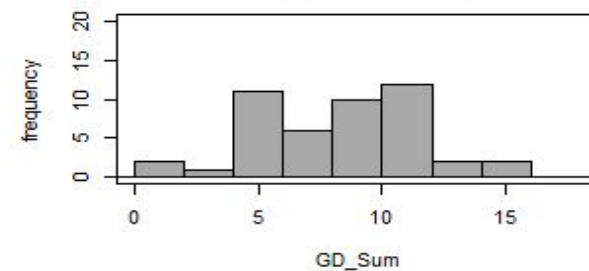
**place.of.residence = Rural**



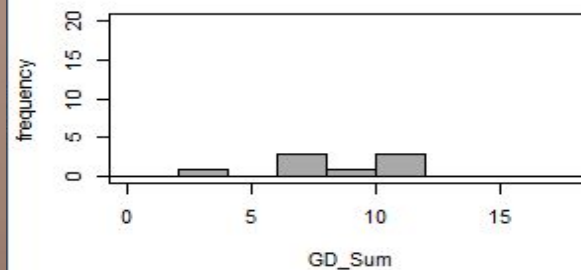
**socio.economic.status = Lower (<5)**



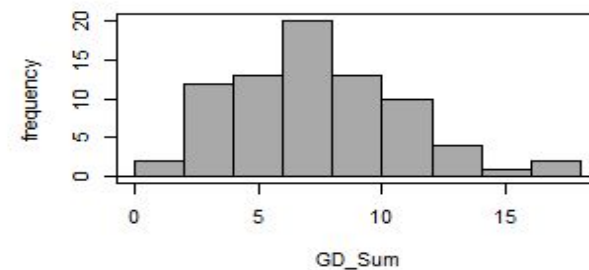
**socio.economic.status = Lower middle (11-15)**



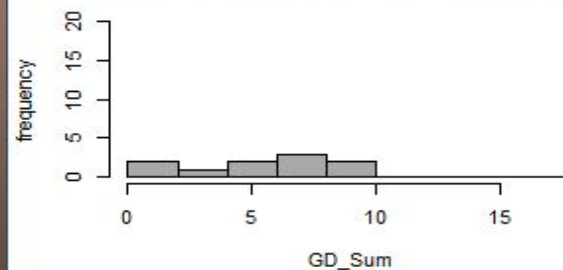
**socio.economic.status = Upper (26-29)**

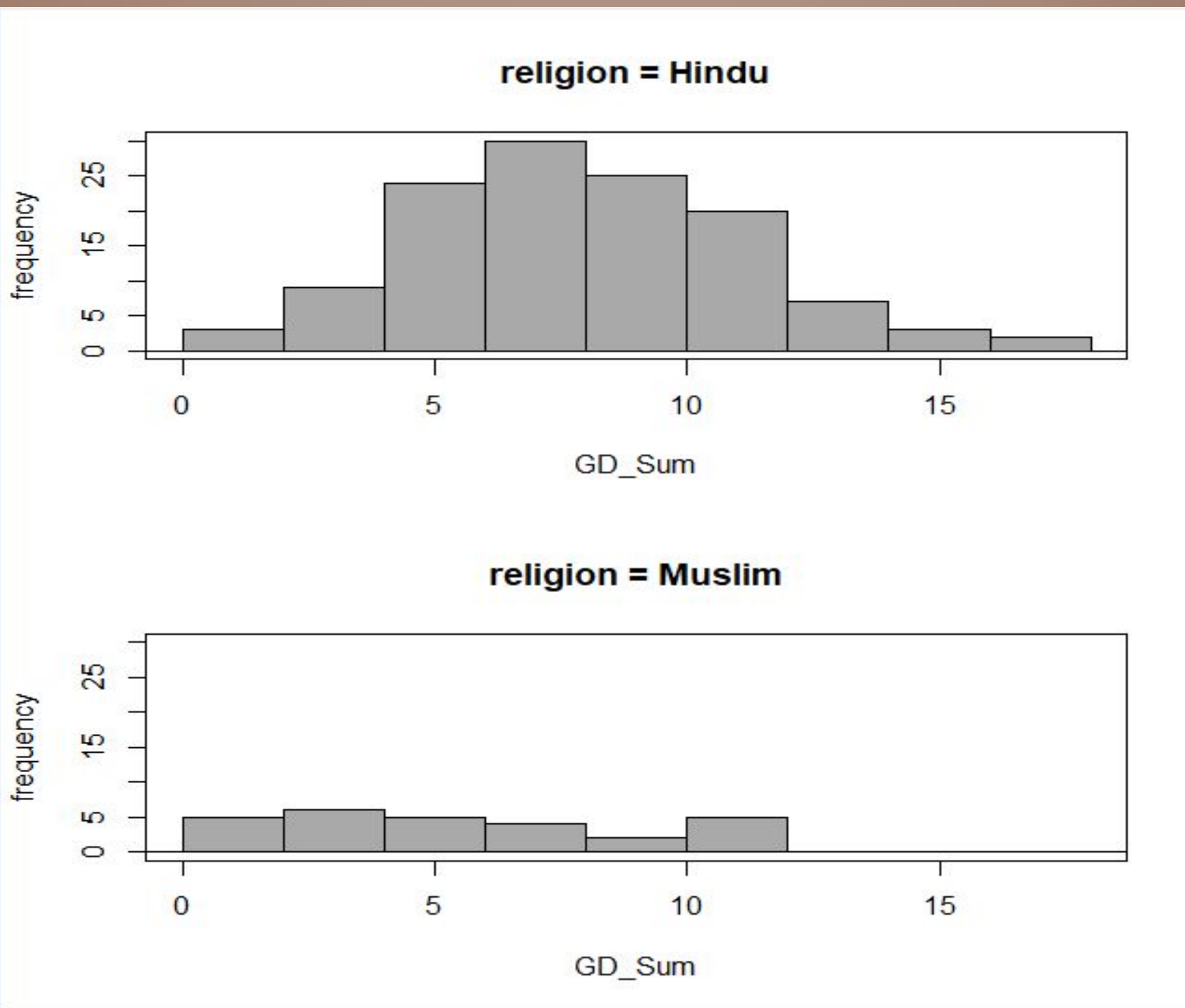


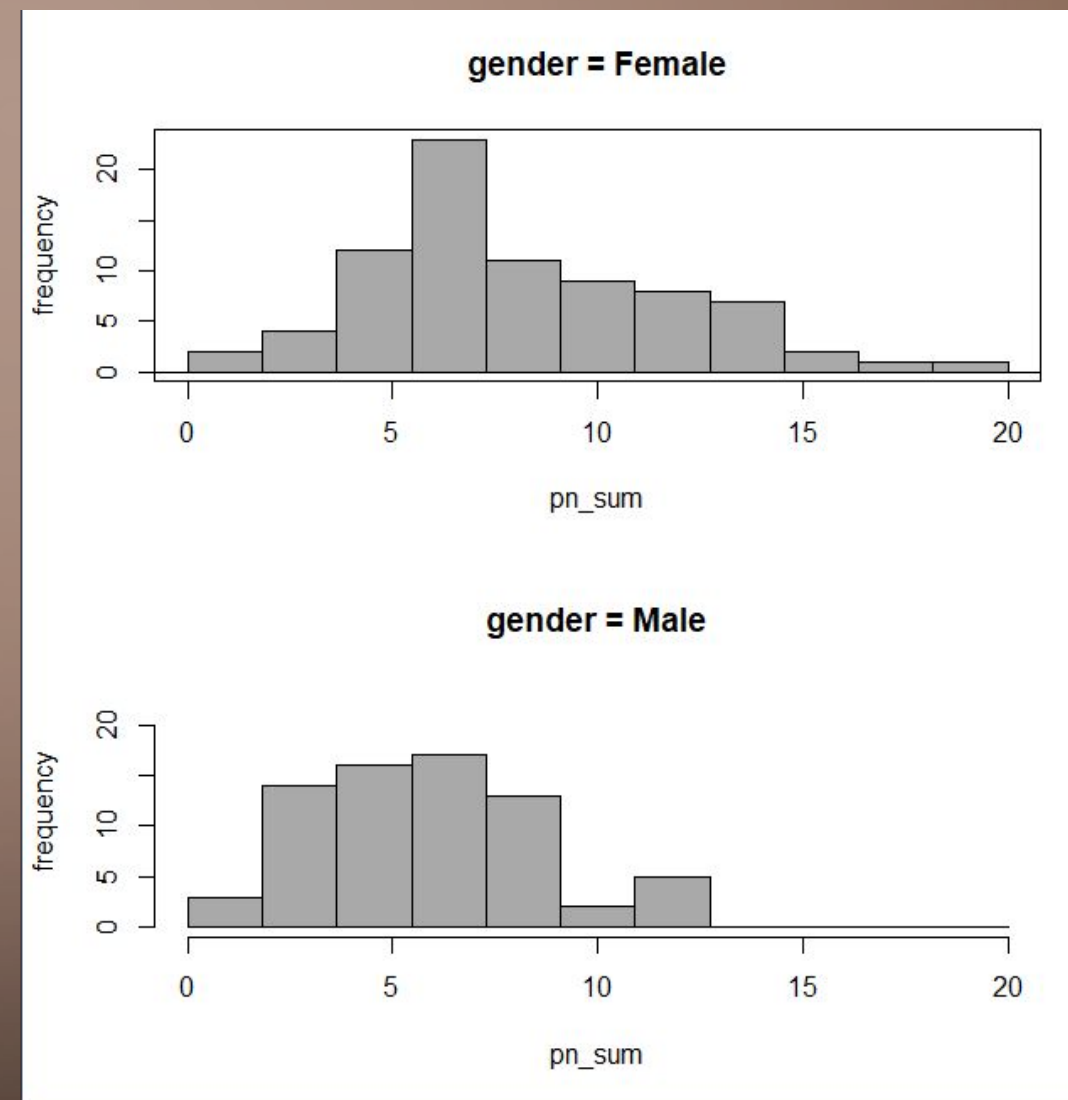
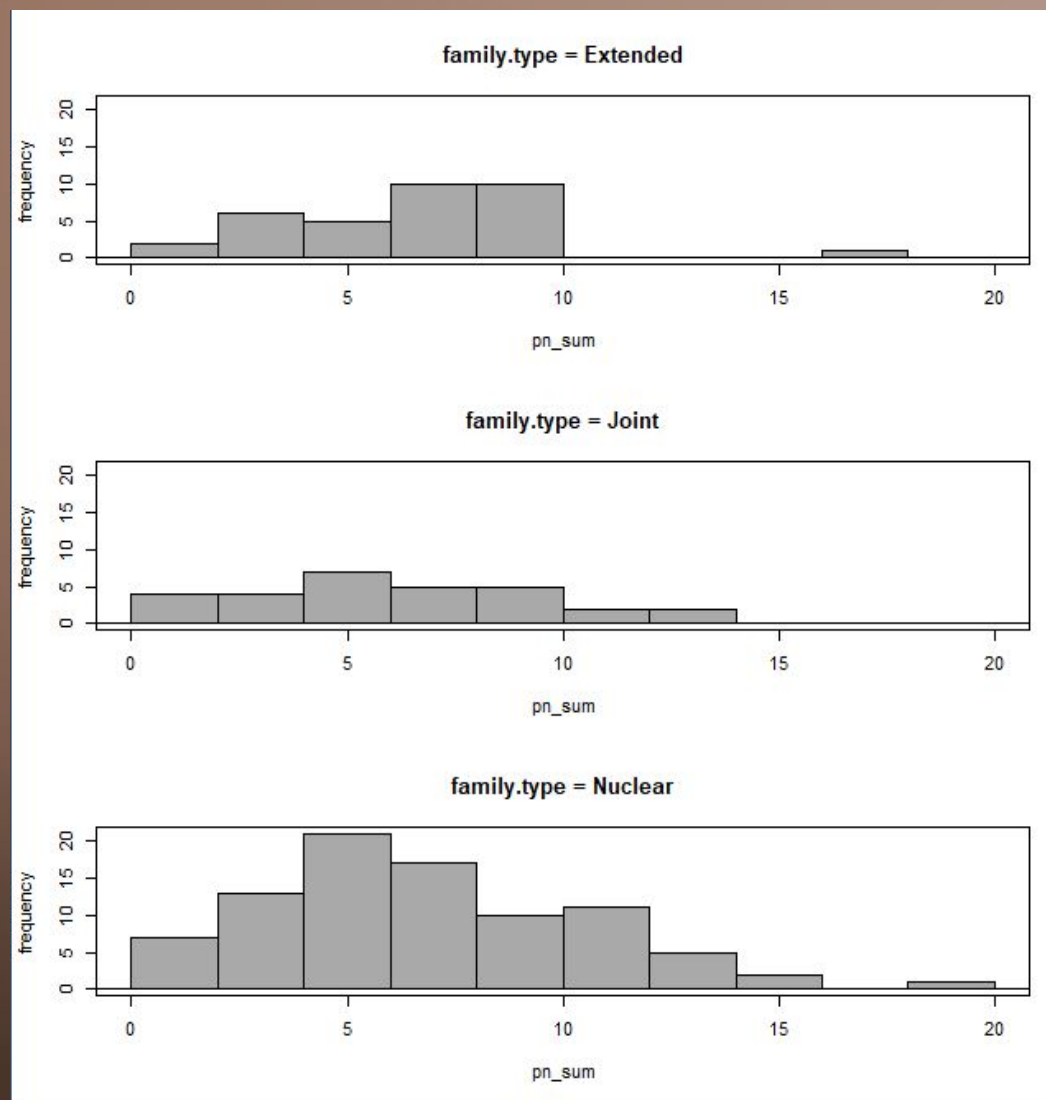
**socio.economic.status = Upper lower (5-10)**



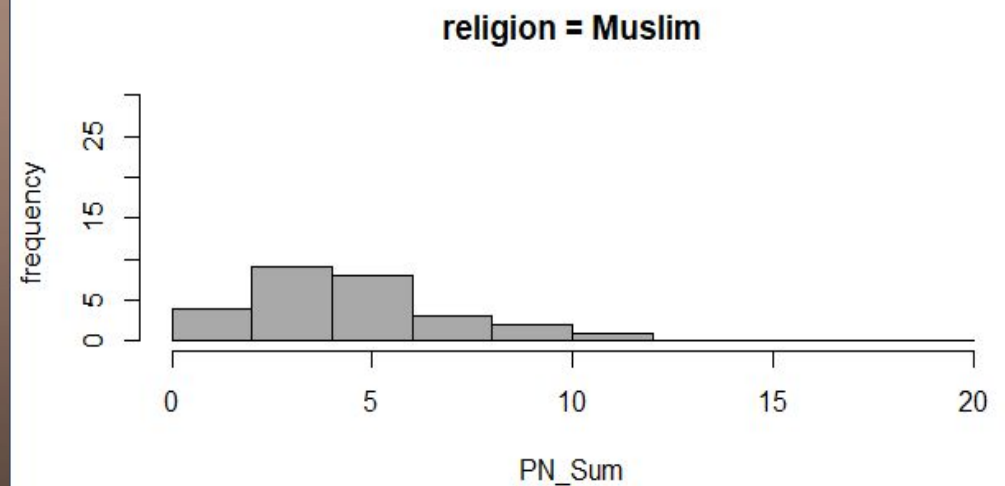
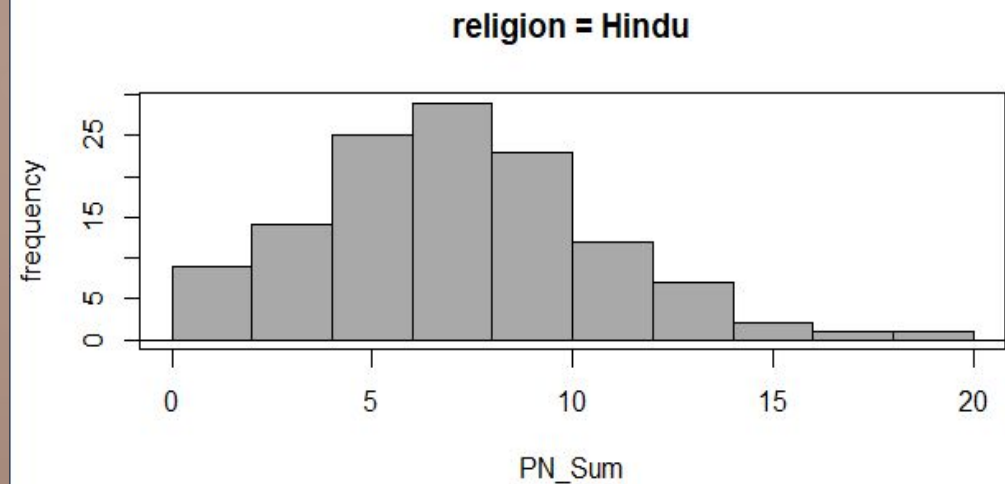
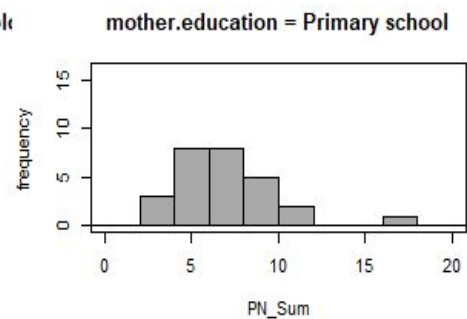
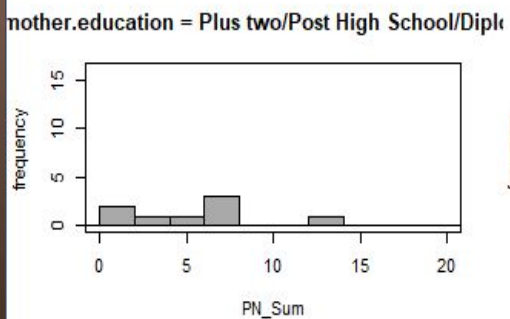
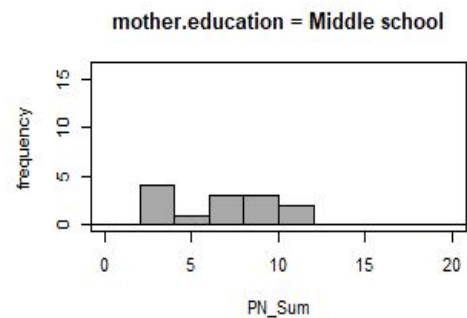
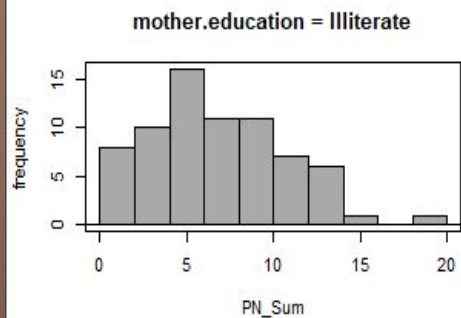
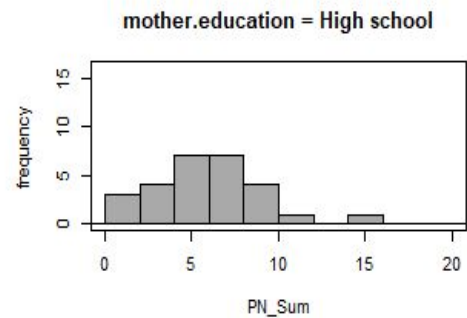
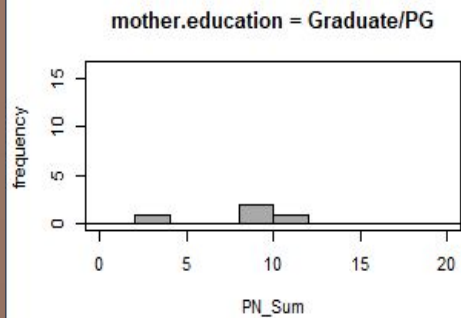
**socio.economic.status = Upper middle (16-25)**



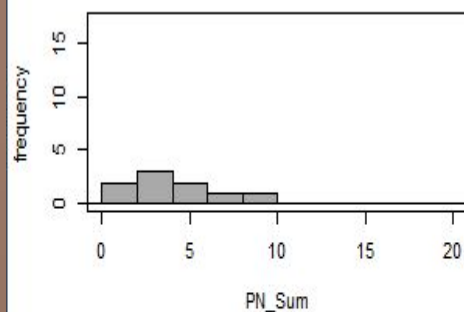




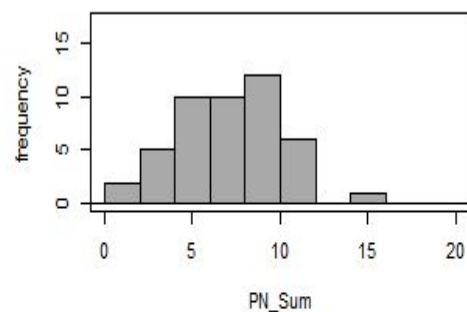




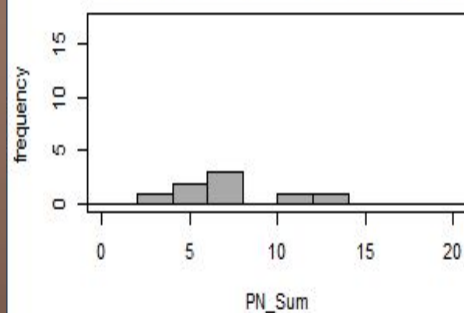
socio.economic.status = Lower (<5)



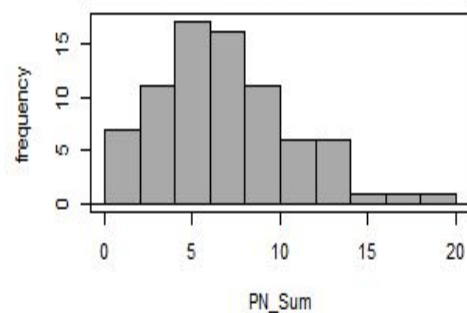
socio.economic.status = Lower middle (11-15)



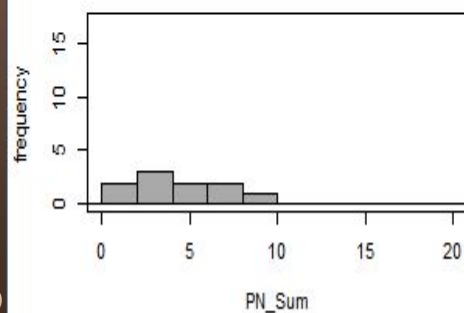
socio.economic.status = Upper (26-29)



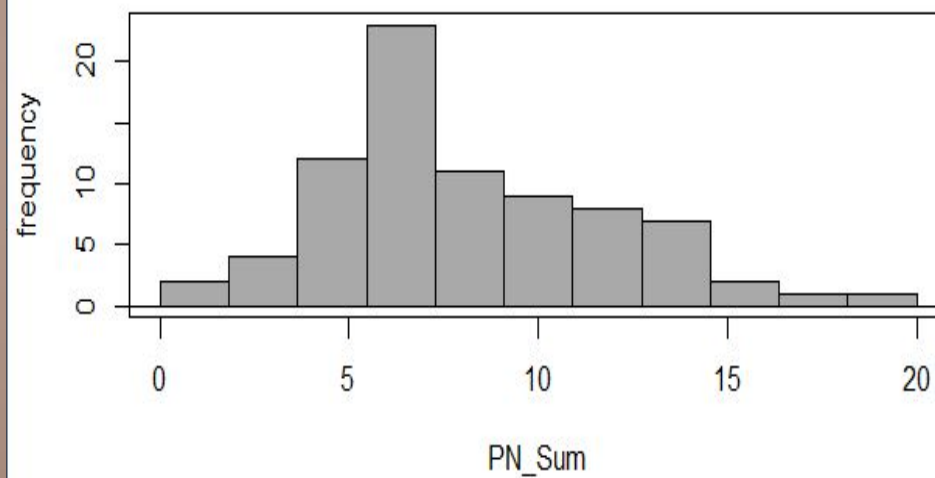
socio.economic.status = Upper lower (5-10)



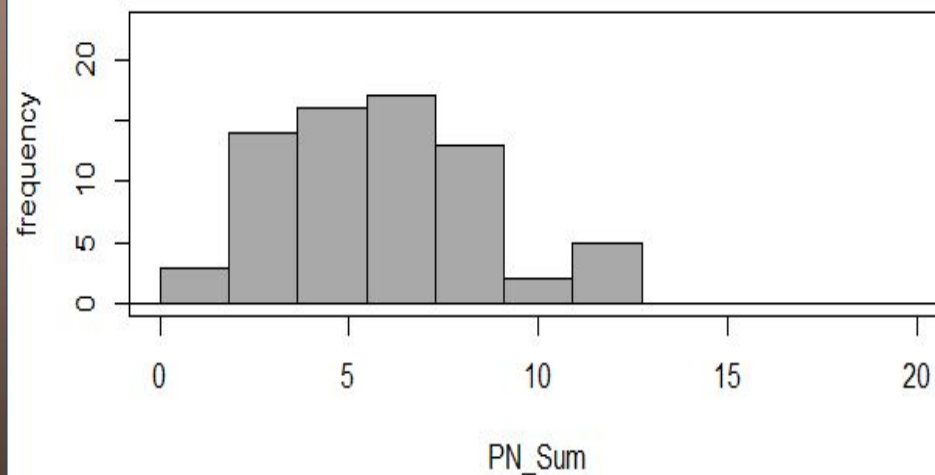
socio.economic.status = Upper middle (16-25)

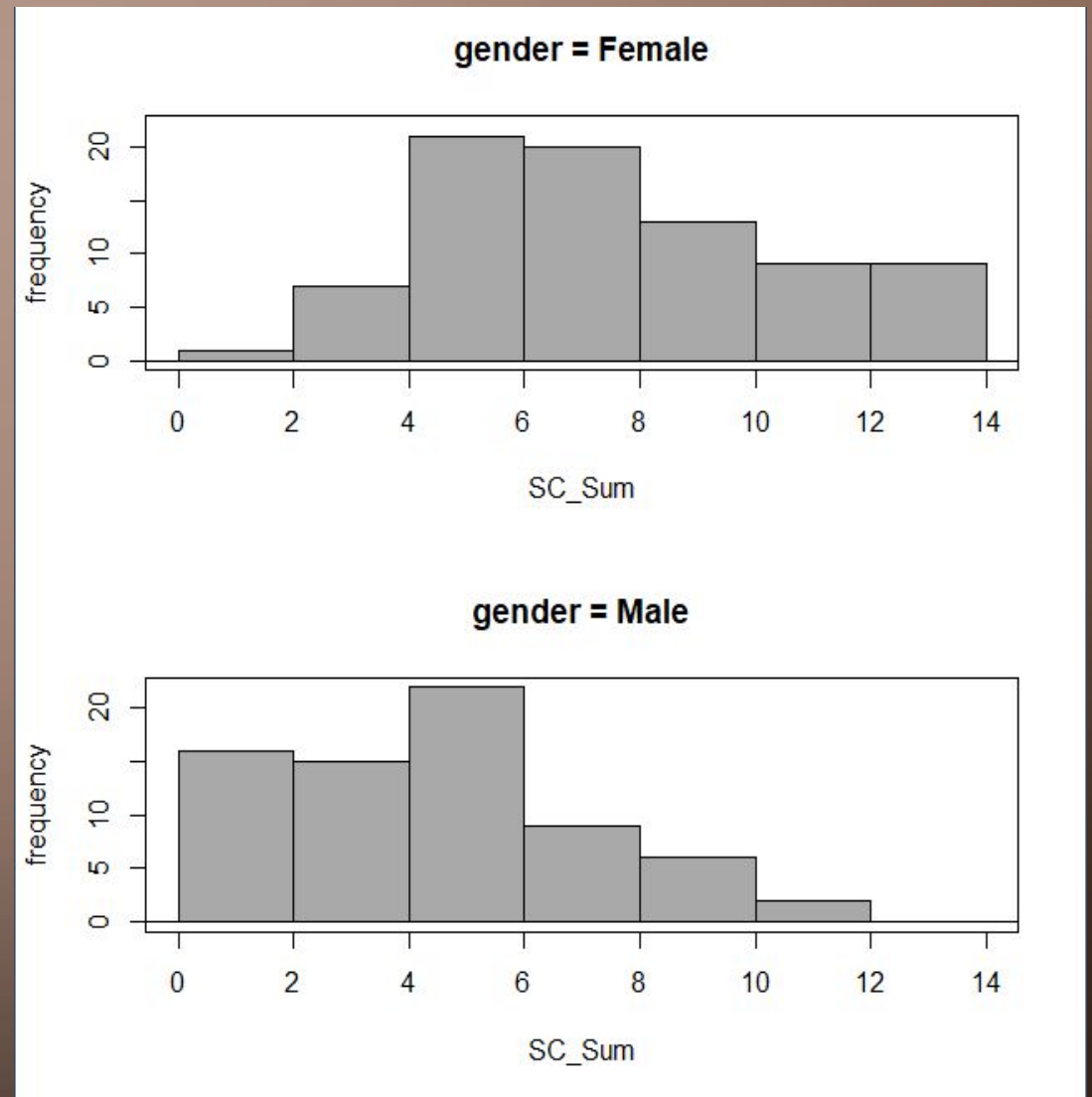
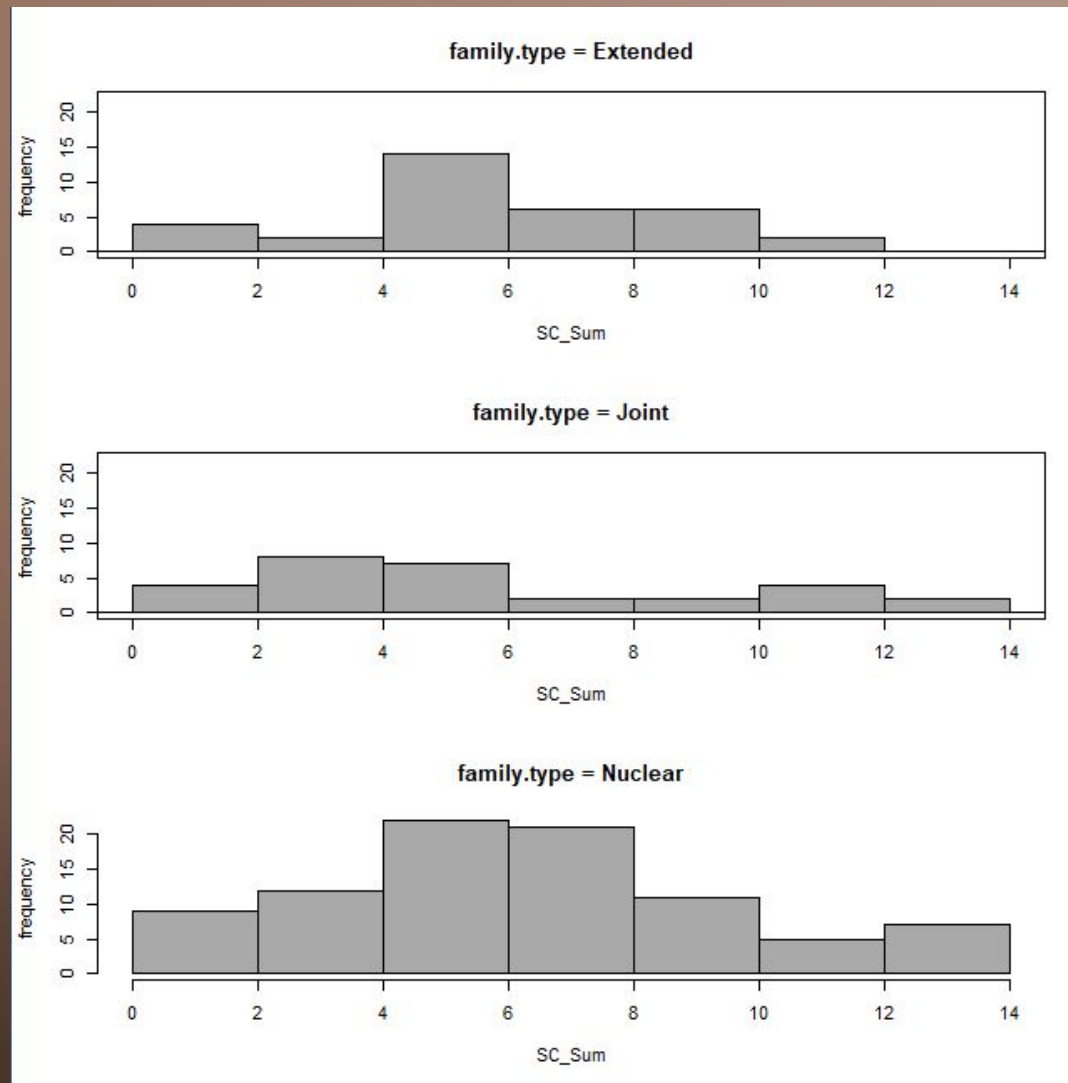


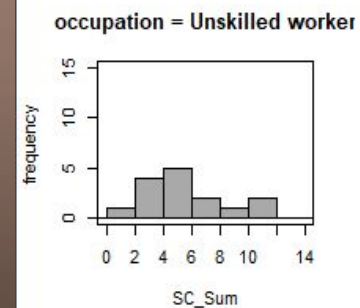
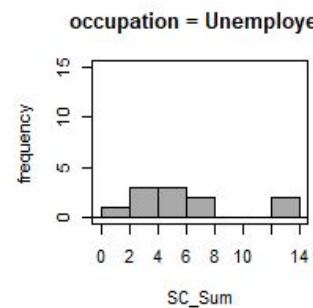
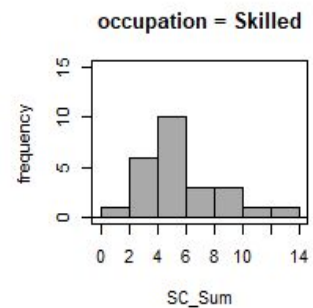
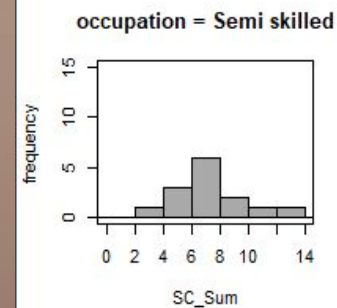
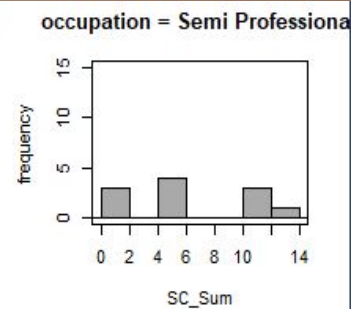
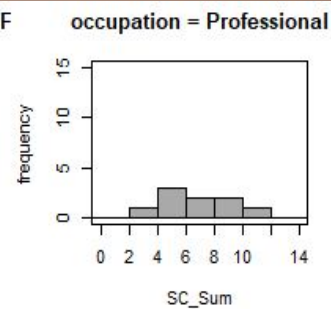
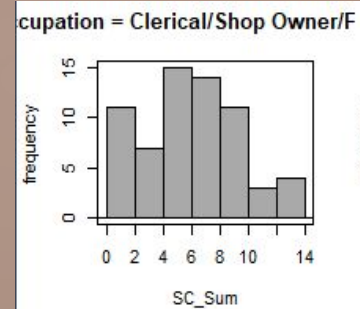
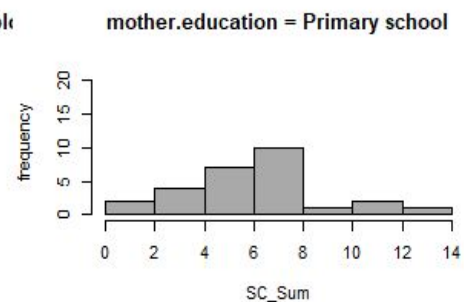
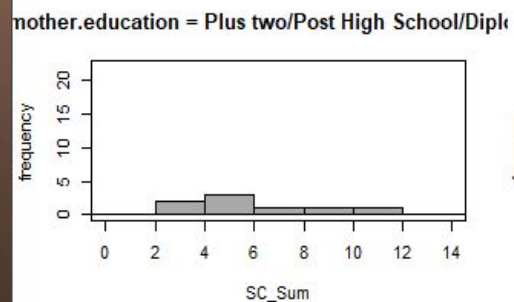
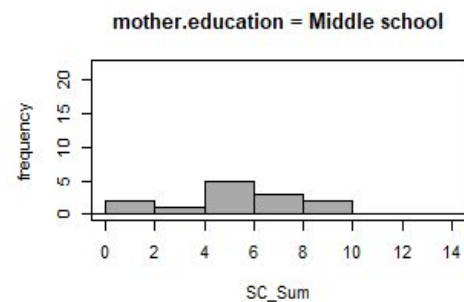
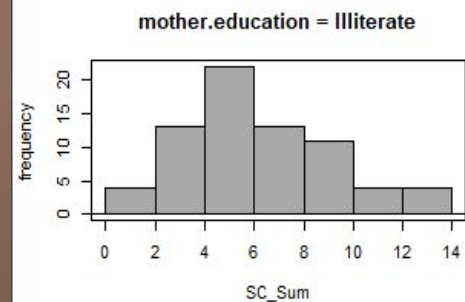
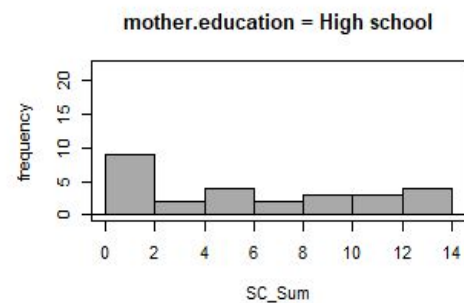
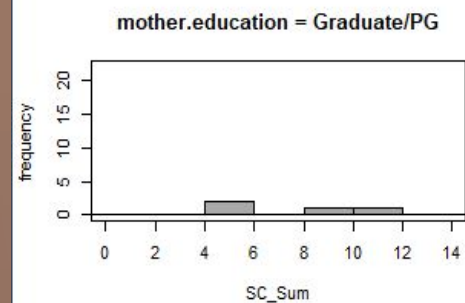
gender = Female



gender = Male

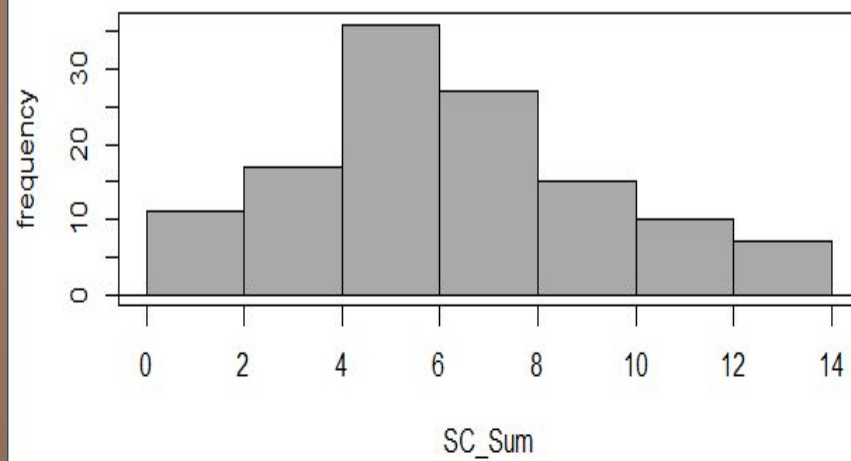




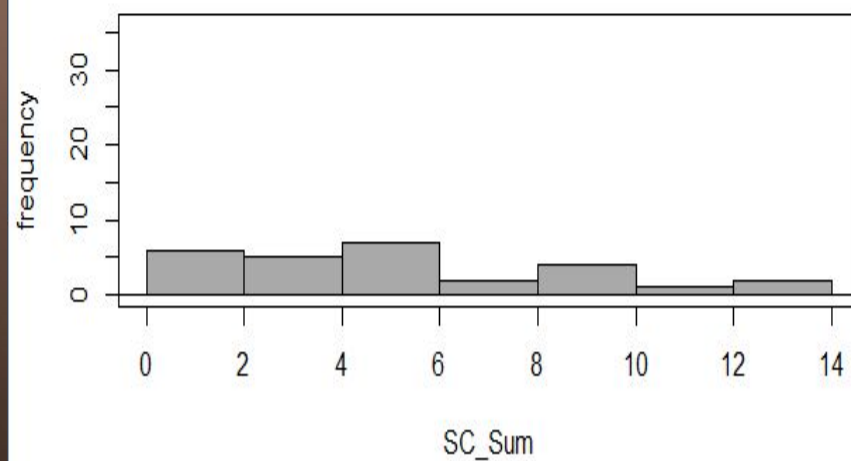




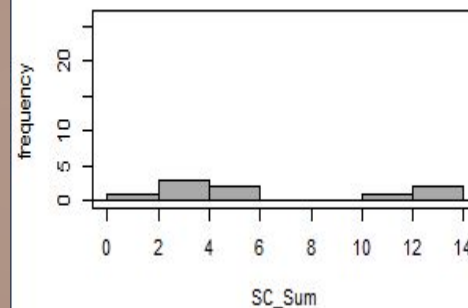
**religion = Hindu**



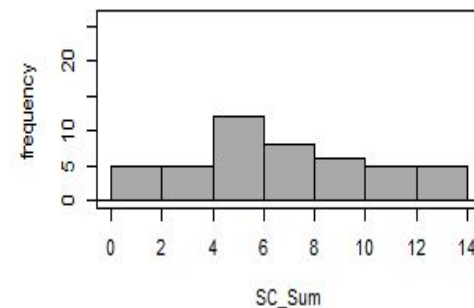
**religion = Muslim**



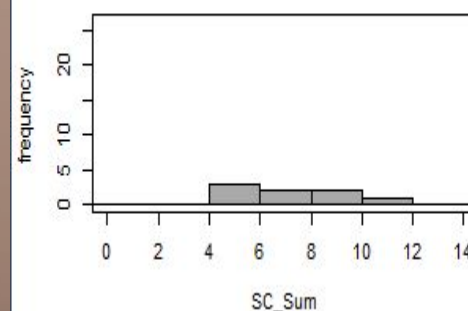
**socio.economic.status = Lower (<5)**



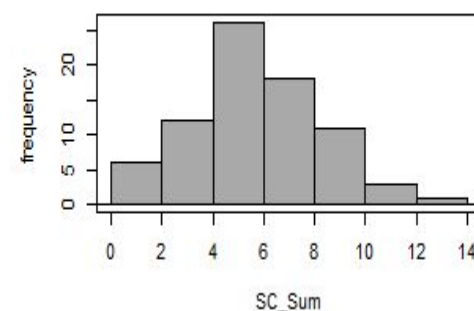
**socio.economic.status = Lower middle (11-15)**



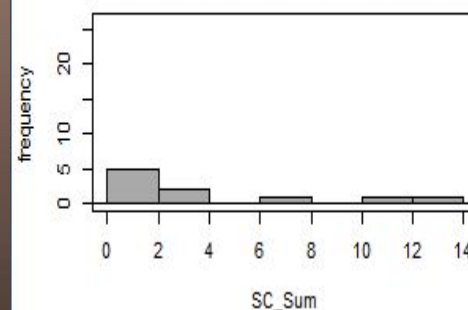
**socio.economic.status = Upper (26-29)**



**socio.economic.status = Upper lower (5-10)**



**socio.economic.status = Upper middle (16-25)**



The image features a dark brown background with a subtle gradient. In the four corners, there are decorative elements resembling circuit board traces or neural network connections. These elements consist of thin, light-colored lines that branch out and terminate in small circles, creating a symmetrical, geometric pattern.

# THANK YOU