

1 תְּבִיבָה

2 טַבְּרָנִים

324620814 טַבְּרָנִים :טַבְּרָנִים

208151253 טַבְּרָנִים

$$Z = X + Y$$

ת'ז'ר ג'ר י'ג

פ'ז'ר ג'ר י'ג

①

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(Z=n) &= P(X+Y=n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} P(X=k) \cdot P(Y=n-k) = \\
 \sum_{k=0}^n P(X=k) \cdot P(Y=n-k) &= \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\lambda^k \cdot \mu^{n-k}}{k!} \cdot \frac{e^{-\lambda} \cdot \mu^{n-k}}{(n-k)!} = \\
 e^{-(\lambda+\mu)} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\lambda^k \cdot \mu^{n-k}}{k! (n-k)!} &= \frac{e^{-(\lambda+\mu)} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}}{n!} \cdot \lambda^k \cdot \mu^{n-k} \\
 &= \frac{e^{-(\lambda+\mu)}}{n!} (\lambda+\mu)^n \sim \text{pois}(\lambda+\mu)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = E(Y^2) - E^2(Y) = E(E(Y^2|X)) - E^2(E(Y|X)) =$$

⑤

$$= E(\text{Var}(Y|X) + E^2(Y|X)) - E^2(E(Y|X)) =$$

$$= E(\text{Var}(Y|X)) + E(\underbrace{E^2(Y|X)}_{E[X^2]} - \underbrace{E^2(E(Y|X))}_{(E[X])^2})$$

$$= E(\text{Var}(Y|X)) + \text{Var}(E(Y|X))$$

## 2. גזירה

0.105)  $Y, Z$  .1.

$$P_{Y,Z}(y,z) = P_Y(y) \cdot P_Z(z) \quad \text{במקרה של } Y, Z \text{ независимы}$$

$$P_Y(y=0) \cdot P_Z(z=0) = (1-b) \cdot a \neq 0 \quad \text{ולכן } P_{Y,Z}(z=0, y=0) = 0 \quad \text{במקרה של } Y, Z \text{ независимы}$$

■ מכאן  $Y, Z$  נזויים  $Y, Z$   $\rightarrow$  מוגדרת כטיפה  $P_{Y,Z}(y,z) \neq P_Y(y) \cdot P_Z(z)$   $\rightarrow$  כטיפה

$$E(Y|Z) = E(Y|Z=0) + E(Y|Z=1) \quad \text{: כטיפה } Z \text{ טיפוסי}$$

$$E(Y|Z=0) = 1 \cdot P(Y=1|Z=0) + 0 \cdot P(Y=0|Z=0) = P(Y=1|Z=0) = \frac{P(X \leq a)}{P(X \leq a)} = 1$$

$$E(Y|Z=1) = 1 \cdot P(Y=1|Z=1) + 0 \cdot P(Y=0|Z=1) = P(Y=1|Z=1) = \frac{P(a \leq X \leq b)}{P(a \leq X \leq b)} = \frac{b-a}{1-a}$$

$$\rightarrow E(Y|Z) = \begin{cases} 1 & , Z=0 \\ \frac{b-a}{1-a} & , Z=1 \end{cases}$$

$$P(\underline{z_n} < z) = P(\min(x_1, \dots, x_n) < z) =$$

(K)

③

$$1 - P(\min(x_1, \dots, x_n) \geq z) =$$

$$1 - P(x_1 \geq z) P(x_2 \geq z) P(x_3 \geq z) \dots =$$

$$1 - \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - z) = \underline{1 - (1-z)^n}$$

$$F_x = \begin{cases} 0 & z \leq 0 \\ 1 - (1-z)^n & 0 < z < 1 \\ 1 & z \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$P(U_n \leq z) = P(n \cdot z_n \leq z) = P(z_n \leq \frac{z}{n}) =$$

④

$$1 - (1 - \frac{z}{n})^n \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 - e^{-z} \sim \exp(1)$$

exp(1) (eln 1063n)  $\sqrt{n!} \approx n^n / 10^n$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_{z_n}(a) = F_x(a)$$

বিদ্যুত বিদ্যুৎ মাপন

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \left(1 - \frac{z}{n}\right)^n\right) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 - e^{-z}$$

⊗

4. नदी

$$F_x(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ 1, & x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{မြတ်ပုဂ္ဂန် } X \quad , \quad X_n \sim N(0, \frac{1}{n})$$

အောက်ပါတဲ့ ဒေသ ဖောက် လိုအပ် မှတ်ဆေးရန်  $X_n \xrightarrow{P} x$  အောက်

.  $P(|X_n - x| > \epsilon) = 0$  ပေါ်ပေါ်

•  $X_n \xrightarrow{\sigma} x$  sk.  $X_n \xrightarrow{\rho} x$  ic. כלומר כ. עיגן נבנו הוכחה נ'

• 0 վկան ո՞ւնի միւս թղթան  $x_n$  սերիայում շուրջը  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n (0, 0)$  է այս դեպքում

.  $P(x < z | t = t_0) = 1$ ,  $P(x < z | t < t_0) = 0$  e p probabilidade  $F_x(x)$  prob

$$\text{•} \text{•} \text{•} \quad P(X < t | t < 0) = 0 \quad \text{•} \text{•} \text{•} \quad P(X < t | t \geq 0) = 1 \quad \text{•} \text{•} \quad \text{•} \text{•} \text{•}$$

לפיכך  $x_n$  ו- $\sigma_{x_n}$  מתקיימים  $P(|X_n - x| \geq \varepsilon) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$

$X_n \xrightarrow{P} X$  σις οριζόντια πολύτημα  $\sigma$ -δ

$$F = \left\{ f(x: \theta) : \frac{1}{\theta} \right\}$$

(k)

(5)

$$\prod_{i=0}^n f(x_i: \theta) = \prod_{i=0}^n \frac{1}{\theta} = \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n$$

$$\hat{\theta}_n = X_n$$



$$\text{bins}(\hat{\theta}_n) = E_\theta[X_n] - \theta$$

(c)

$(0 < x < \theta \text{ mit } \lambda)$   $X_n$  de  $\text{etw}$   $\text{gepnnn}$   $\text{mit}$   $\text{rc3f}$

$$P(X \leq x) = P(X_1 \leq x, X_2 \leq x, \dots, X_n \leq x) =$$

$$P(X_1 \leq x) \cdot P(X_2 \leq x) \cdots P(X_n \leq x) = \left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right)^n$$

$$f = \left(\left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right)^n\right)' = n \cdot \frac{(x)}{\theta}^{n-1}$$

$$\int_0^\theta n \cdot \frac{x^{n-1}}{\theta^n} \cdot x \, dx = \left( \frac{n}{n+1} \cdot \frac{x^{n+1}}{\theta^n} \right)_0^\theta = \frac{n}{n+1} \cdot \theta$$

$$\text{bins}(\hat{\theta}_n) = \frac{n}{n+1} \cdot \theta - \theta = \frac{n\theta - n\theta - \theta}{n+1} = -\frac{\theta}{n+1}$$

$$\text{se} = \sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\theta}_n)}$$

$$\sqrt{\text{Var}(X_n)} = \left( E[X_n^2] - E^2[X_n] \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$\left( \int_0^\theta x^2 \cdot \frac{x^{n-1}}{\theta^n} \cdot n \, dx - \left(\frac{n\theta}{n+1}\right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$\left( \frac{n}{n+2} \cdot \frac{x^{n+2}}{\theta^n} \right)_0^{\theta} - \left( \frac{n\theta}{n+1} \right)^2 = \frac{n \cdot \theta^2}{n+2} - \frac{n^2 \theta^2}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{n \theta^2 (n^2 + 2n + 1) - n^2 \theta^2 (n+2)}{(n+1)^2 (n+2)} =$$

$$\frac{n \theta^2 (n^2 + 2n + 1 - n^2 - 2n)}{(n+1)^2 (n+2)} = \frac{n \theta^2 (1)}{(n+1)^2 (n+2)} = \boxed{\frac{n \theta^2}{(n+1)^2 (n+2)}}$$

$$MSE = \text{bias}(\hat{\theta}_n)^2 + \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}_n)$$

$$MSE = \frac{\theta^2}{(n+1)^2} + \frac{n \theta^2}{(n+1)^2 (n+2)} =$$

$$\frac{\theta^2}{(n+1)^2} \left( 1 + \frac{n}{n+2} \right) =$$

$$\frac{\theta^2}{(n+1)^2} \left( \frac{n+2+n}{n+2} \right) = \frac{\theta^2}{(n+1)^2} \cdot \left( \frac{2n+2}{n+2} \right) =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2\theta^2}{(n+1)(n+2)}}$$

?  
 $MSE \rightarrow 0 \Leftrightarrow \hat{\theta}_n \xrightarrow{P} \theta^*$  p[en] p[er] (3)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2\theta^2}{(n+1)(n+2)} = 0$$

N/P 3N/16, Pf

## 6. വിവരങ്ങൾ

$$MSE_{\theta}(\hat{\theta}) = E(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta^*)^2$$

$$= E(\theta^2 - 2\theta^*\hat{\theta}_n + \hat{\theta}_n^2) = \theta^2 - 2\theta^*E(\hat{\theta}_n) + E(\hat{\theta}_n^2)$$

$$= \theta^2 - \theta^*E(\hat{\theta}_n) - \theta^*E(\hat{\theta}_n) + E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)^2$$

$$= \theta^2 - \theta^*E(\hat{\theta}_n) - \theta^*E(\hat{\theta}_n) + E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)^2$$

$$= \theta^*(\theta - E(\hat{\theta}_n)) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)(\theta - E(\hat{\theta}_n)) - E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)^2$$

$$= (\theta - E(\hat{\theta}_n))(\theta - E(\hat{\theta}_n)) - E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)^2$$

$$= (\theta - E(\hat{\theta}_n))^2 - E(\hat{\theta}_n^2) - E(\hat{\theta}_n)^2$$

$$= (bias(\hat{\theta}_n))^2 + var_{\theta}(\hat{\theta}_n)$$

. മുൻപുന്ന കാണുന്ന രീതാംഗം ആണ്.

.  $E(\theta^{*2}) = \theta^{*2}$  എന്ന്,  $E(\theta^*) = \theta^*$  എന്ന് പറ്റുന്ന തലാംഗം ആണ്.

$E(\hat{\theta}_n^2)$  എന്നപോലെ ഒരു ഗണിതശാസ്ത്ര സംഖ്യയാണ്.

. എന്നെന്ന വാദിപ്പി ചെയ്യുന്ന രംഗം ഇതുമാണ്.

. ഒരു കാലാംഗം ഫോറ്മുലാ ആണ്.

$$J(\theta) = \text{Var}(s(x; \theta)) = E[s^2(x; \theta)] - \underbrace{E^2[s(x; \theta)]}_{E[s(x; \theta)] : \text{fix } \theta \text{ and } \text{wahrsche} \dots = 0} = E[s^2(x; \theta)] \quad (1)$$

$$-\underbrace{E\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} s(x; \theta)\right]}_{= - \int \frac{f''(x; \theta) \cdot f(x; \theta) - (f'(x; \theta))^2}{f'(x; \theta)} f(x; \theta) dx} = -E\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}\left(\frac{\partial \log f(x; \theta)}{\partial \theta}\right)\right] = -\int \frac{d}{d\theta}\left(\frac{1}{f(x; \theta)} \cdot f'(x; \theta)\right) dF_x(x) =$$

$$-\int f''(x; \theta) dx + \int \frac{(f'(x; \theta))^2 \cdot f(x; \theta)}{(f(x; \theta))^2} dx = -\underbrace{\frac{d^2}{d\theta^2} \int 1 dx}_{= 0} + E[s^2(x; \theta)] = \\ = -\underbrace{\frac{d^2}{d\theta^2} \int f(x; \theta) dx}_{\text{S}^2} \quad \underbrace{E[s^2(x; \theta)]}_{E[s^2(x; \theta)]}$$

$$J(\theta) = E[s^2(x; \theta)] = E[s^2(x; \theta)] : \text{fix } \theta$$