JavaScript

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Introduction: What is JavaScript?

- Main scripting language of websites
- Allows for dynamic content
- Contains object oriented features
- Weakly typed

Setup

- Text Editor (Sublime Text, Atom, etc.)
- Browser (preferably Chrome or Firefox)
 - JavaScript Console









Variables

```
var message = "Hello!";
```

Туре	Examples	
Number	5, 3.14, NaN	
String	"John Smith"	
Boolean	true, false	
Object	{}, {x: 0, y: 1}, [1, 2, 3], null	
Function	Math.abs	
Undefined	undefined	

Arrays

- Dynamically sized
- Generic

```
var arr = [1, 2, "dog", null];
arr[2]; // dog
arr.length; // 4

var arr2d = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]];
arr2d[1][1]; // 5
```

Truthiness

Туре	Falsy	Truthy
Number	0, NaN	all other numbers
String	ш	all other strings
Boolean	false	true
Object	null	all other objects
Function	n/a	all functions
Undefined	undefined	n/a

Conditional Statements

```
if (x % 2 == 0) {
  console.log("even");
} else {
  console.log("odd");
if (val) {
  console.log(val);
```

Equality

- Abstract Equality (==)
 - Tries to resolve types before comparing
- Strict Equality (===)
 - Returns false if the types are different

Equality

```
5 == "5" true
5 === "5" false
0 == false true
0 === false false
"john" == "john" true
"john" === "john" true
```

Loops

```
for (var i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
  console.log(i);
var i = 1;
while (i <= 10) {
  console.log(i);
  i++;
```

Functions

```
function add(x, y) {
  return x + y;
var multiply = function(x, y) {
 return x * y;
add(3, 4);
add("John ", "Smith");
```

Miscellaneous Syntax

- Comments
 - Single-line: //
 - Multi-line: /* */
- Semicolons
 - Optional, but good practice
- Adding string and another value casts to string
 - "high" + 5 becomes "high 5"

Practice

- 1. Write a function that when given a number n as input, prints the nth term of fibonacci. (ex: fib(0) = 1, fib(1) = 1, fib(2) = 2)
- 2. Write a function that calculates the average of an array of numbers. (Bonus: include values in the array that are not numbers and ignore them)
- 3. Print out the multiplication table for numbers up to 10.
- 4. Write a function that determines if a number is prime.

Objects

- Mappings between keys and values
- Defining objects

```
var coord = {
    x: 5,
    y: -3
};
```

Accessing properties

```
coord.x
coord["x"]
```

Objects

```
var myPerson = {
  name: "Joseph",
  "age": 19,
  eat: function (food) {
    console.log(this.name + " ate " + food);
console.log(myObj["bday"]); // undefined
myObj["bday"] = "3/8/1917";
myObj.age = 22;
```

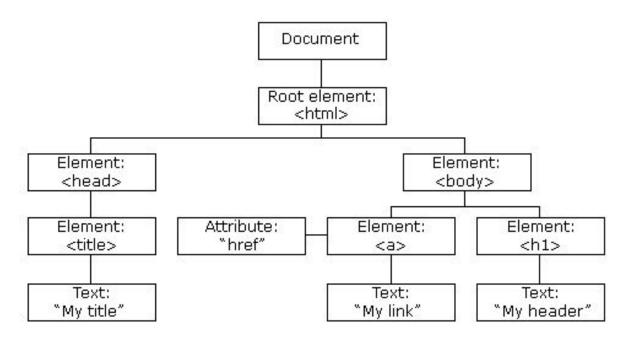
Constructors

Construct objects similarly to using a class

```
function Person(name, age) {
  this.name = name;
  this.age = age;
  this.eat = function (food) {
    console.log("yummy!");
var myPerson = new Person("Tom", 18);
```

Interacting with the DOM

The HTML DOM is the Document Object Model for a web page



Interacting with the DOM

- document.getElementById(id)
 - Makes a reference to the HTML element with an id of id
- element.innerHTML
 - Read or edit the contents of element's inner HTML
- element.onclick
 - Assign a function to be called when element is clicked

```
var nameTag = document.getElementById("name");
nameTag.innerHTML = "Nathan"
```



https://scottylabs.org/wdw/javascript/lab/