

# Hunting Performance in Python Code

twitter.com/sumercip github.com/sumerc sumercip.com

## **Outline**

- Why?
- How?
- What?
- A slight peek over the ecosystem
- Some common rules for better performance
- Q/A



### **Performance = Measurement**

#### 1,343 repository results

Sort: Best match ▼

rkern/line\_profiler

Line-by-line profiling for Python

★ 3.3k Python Updated on 11 Dec 2019

pythonprofilers/memory\_profiler

Monitor Memory usage of Python code

★ 2.1k Python Updated on 13 Jan

nvdv/vprof

Visual profiler for Python

cpu-flame-graph stats python visualization javascript d3 profiler developer-tools

★ 3.6k Python BSD-2-Clause license Updated on 29 Dec 2019

benfred/py-spy

Sampling profiler for Python programs

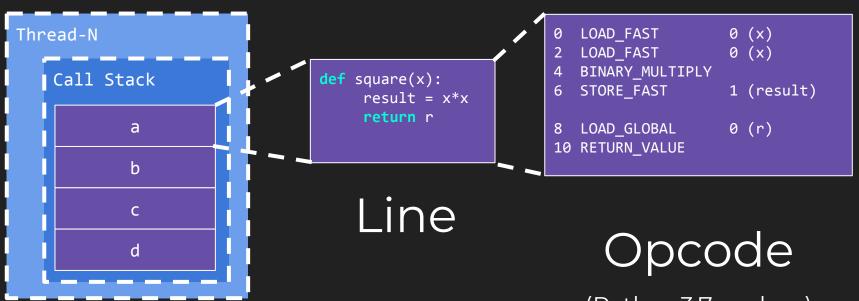
python profiler performance-analysis profiling

★ 5.1k ■ Rust MIT license Updated 4 days ago



## Tracing vs Sampling

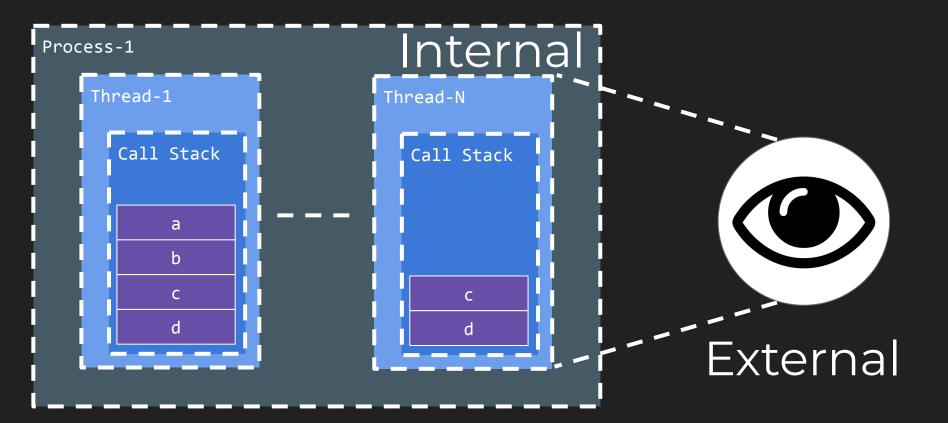
#### **TRACING**



Function

(Python3.7 and up)

### **SAMPLING**



## What does profilers measure?



# Time? Yes. But which time?

## Wall

**CPU** 

(Wall - CPU)

## **More metrics?**

## **Memory**

tracemalloc, objgraph

## App. specific metrics

django-debug-toolbar

## What does profilers output?

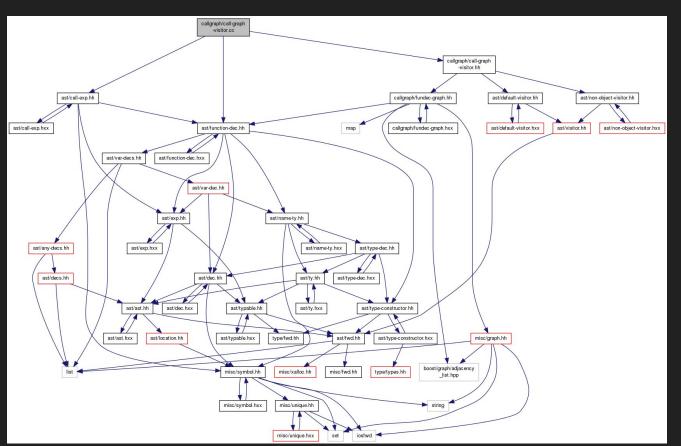
## Outputs

- Table
- Callgraph
- Flamegraph
- Custom formats

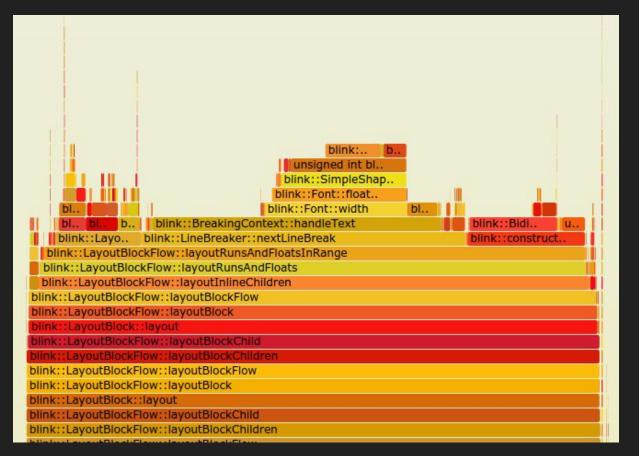
#### **Table**

```
Ordered by: cumulative time
ncalls
        tottime
                 percall
                          cumtime
                                   percall filename: lineno(function)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.002
                                     0.002 {built-in method builtins.exec}
   2/1
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.002
                                     0.002 cprofile_demo.py:1(<module>)
          0.001
                   0.001
                            0.001
                                     0.001 cprofile_demo.py:3(test_multiply)
                                     0.001 <frozen importlib._bootstrap>:966(_find_and_load)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.001
                                     0.001 <frozen importlib._bootstrap>:936(_find_and_load_unlocked)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.001
                   0.000
                            0.001
                                     0.001 <frozen importlib._bootstrap>:651(_load_unlocked)
          0.000
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>:672(exec_module)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib._bootstrap>:870(_find_spec)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>:743(get_code)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>:1149(find_spec)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>:1117(_get_spec)
                                     0.000 <frozen importlib. bootstrap external>:1233(find spec)
          0.000
                   0.000
                            0.000
```

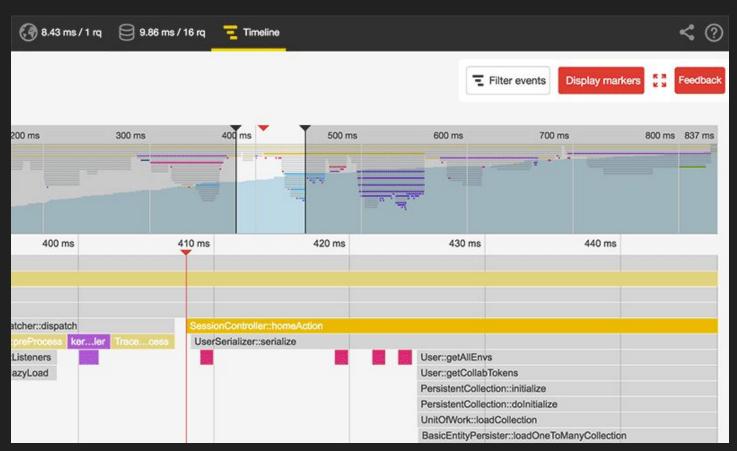
## Callgraph



## Flamegraph



#### **Custom**



## Examples

## line\_profiler (line tracing)

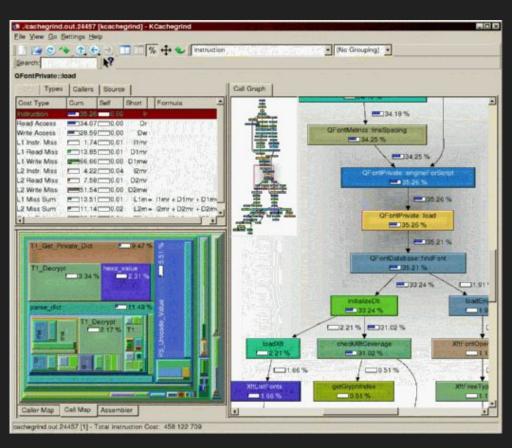
- Measures per-line wall time.
- Can inspect its output from cmdline.

```
In [3]: load_ext line_profiler
In [4]: lprun -f get_books_by_library get_books_by_library()
Timer unit: 1e-06 s
Total time: 47,977 s
File: <ipython-input-1-5cb238008f5e>
Function: get_books_by_library at line 1
Line #
            Hits
                        Time Per Hit % Time Line Contents
                                                def get_books_by_library():
     1
     2
                       312.0
                                312.0
                                           0.0
                                                    libraries = Library.objects.all()
     3
                         1.0
                                  1.0
                                                    result = {}
                                           0.0
     4
                      30298.0
                                 30.3
                                                    for library in libraries:
            1001
                                           0.1
                                                        books_in_library = library.book_set.all()
            1000
                     566487.0
                                 566.5
                                           1.2
     6
                                                        result[library.id] = list(books_in_library)
            1000
                   47379897.0 47379.9
                                          98.8
     8
                         0.0
               1
                                  0.0
                                           0.0
                                                    return result
In [5]:
```

## Yappi (function tracing)

- Measures per-function wall/CPU time.
- Can profile multithreaded/async applications and show per-thread traces.
- Supports profiling asyncio and gevent(new) applications.
- Can use KCacheGrind to visualize its output as a callgraph.

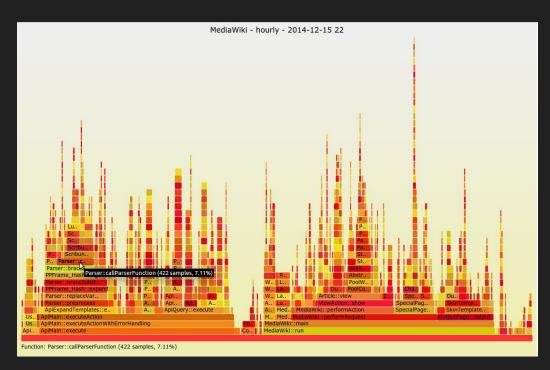
## Yappi (function tracing)

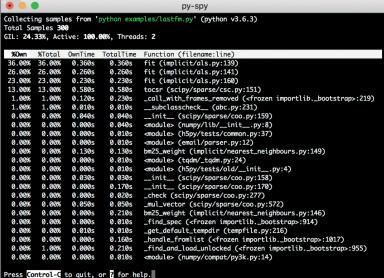


#### **Py-Spy** (external sampling)

- Measures per-function CPU time.
- Minimal overhead.(~%10-%15)
- top like CLI, can output to FlameGraph or SpeedScope formats.
- Show GIL contention whenever possible.

#### **Py-Spy** (external sampling)





#### tracemailoc (memory profiler)

- Included in the stdlib. as of 3.4. (There is a backport for 2.x)
- Traces all malloc/realloc/free calls and saves a traceback along with the allocation.

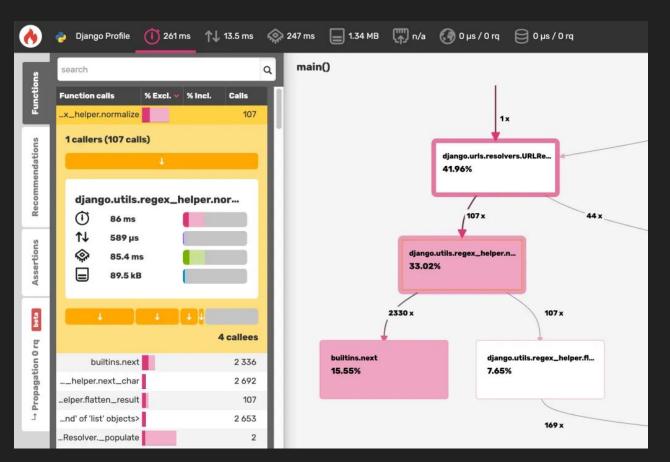
#### Example output:

```
tm.py:15: size=4656 B, count=1, average=4656 B
tm.py:14: size=64 B, count=1, average=64 B
tm.py:14: size=40 B, count=1, average=40 B
```

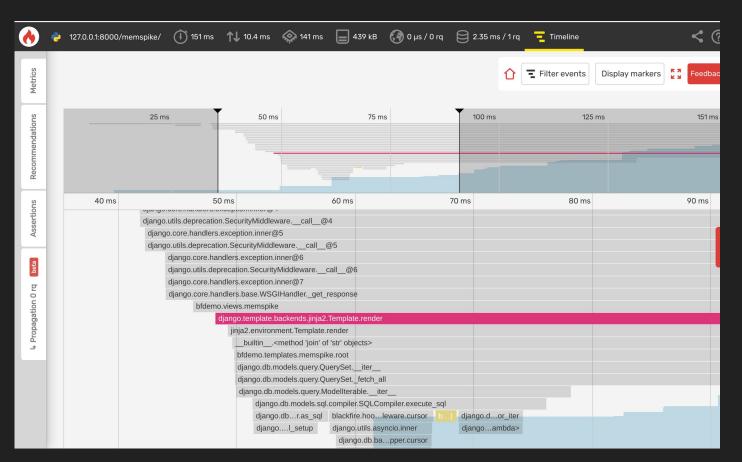
#### Blackfire (on-demand tracing)

- Measures per-function wall/CPU time, memory and some app. specific metrics.
- Enabled only on-demand.
- Profiles microservice requests.
- Has a web application to show its output as callgraph and FlameGraph with time(*Timeline*).

## Blackfire (on-demand tracing)



## Blackfire (on-demand tracing)



## **Common Rules**

#### **Common Rules**

- Always measure.
- Focus first on Architecture/Design/Algorithms.
- Know your data and how you access it(e.g: asymptotic complexity).
- Check if standard library has a function for your case.
- Avoid micro optimizations.
- If you really need performance, then there are tools. **Cython**, **Numba** or directly write code in C.

## Thank you!

twitter.com/sumercip github.com/sumerc sumercip.com