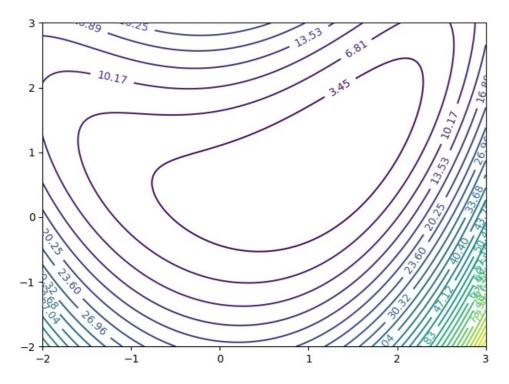
```
In [363... # import required modules
         from typing import Callable
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         import numpy typing as npt
         import scipy.optimize as opt
In [364… # define ranges (min, max, steps)
         \# RANGE X1 = (0, 4, 100)
         \# RANGE X2 = (-2, 2, 100)
         RANGE_X^{-1} = (-2, 3, 1000)
         RANGE_X2 = (-2, 3, 1000)
         # global variables to hold intermediate values
         intermediate_fx = []
intermediate_x1 = []
         intermediate x2 = []
In [365... # function from the problem
         def function2(x: npt.ArrayLike) -> float:
               \textbf{return} \ \ \mathsf{pow}((1-x[0])\,,\ 2) \ + \ \mathsf{pow}((1-x[1])\,,\ 2) \ + \ (1/2) * \mathsf{pow}(2*x[1] \ - \ \mathsf{pow}(x[0]\,,\ 2)\,,\ 2) 
In [366... # function to prepare the data that is going to be plotted
         def prep data(function: Callable[[float, float], float], range x1: tuple[float, float, float], range x2: tuple[
              x1 = np.linspace(range_x1[0], range_x1[1], range_x1[2])
              x2 = np.linspace(range_x2[0], range_x2[1], range_x2[2])
              x1, x2 = np.meshgrid(x1, x2)
              fx = function([x1, x2])
              return x1, x2, fx
In [367... # function to plot data
         def plot_data(x1: npt.ArrayLike, x2: npt.ArrayLike, fx: npt.ArrayLike) -> None:
               , ax = plt.subplots()
              levels = np.linspace(np.min(fx), np.max(fx), 30)
              CS = ax.contour(x1, x2, fx, levels=levels)
              ax.clabel(CS, inline=True, fontsize=10)
              plt.show()
In [368_ # function for plotting intermediates from optimization
         def plot_intermediates(fx: list[float], x1: list[float], x2: list[float], title: str):
              fig, axs = plt.subplots(2)
              fig.suptitle(title)
              axs[0].set_title("Function value")
              axs[0].plot(range(1, len(fx)+1), fx)
              axs[1].set title("Inputs")
              axs[1].plot(range(1, len(x1)+1), x1, label="x1")
              axs[1].plot(range(1, len(x2)+1), x2, label="x2")
              axs[1].legend(loc='best', title='inputs')
In [369... # callback to be called after each iteration to see the progress of the optimizer
         def intermediate_callback(intermediate_result: opt.OptimizeResult):
              intermediate fx.append(intermediate result.fun)
              intermediate_x1.append(intermediate_result.x[0])
              intermediate_x2.append(intermediate_result.x[1])
In [370... # plot the function contour
         x1, x2, fx = prep_data(function2, RANGE_X1, RANGE_X2)
         plot data(x1, x2, fx)
```

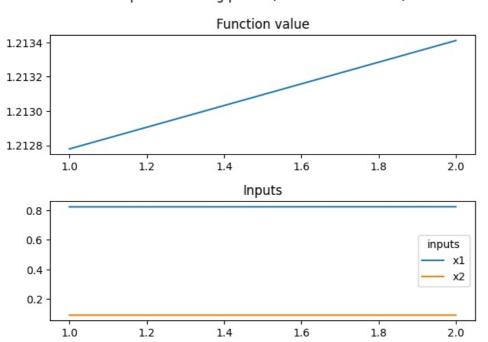


Graphically: global minimum = 0 at x1 = 1 and x2 = 0.5

x2: 0.8241225383415788

```
In [371... # optimize with almost optimal starting points
         guess_fx = np.min(fx)
         guess_x1 = x1[np.where(fx == np.min(fx))][0]
         guess_x2 = x2[np.where(fx == np.min(fx))][0]
         optimal = opt.minimize(function2, np.array([guess_x1, guess_x2]), callback=intermediate_callback)
         plot intermediates(intermediate x1, intermediate x2, intermediate fx, 'Almost optimal starting points (values v
         print(f"Min from sampling:")
         print(f"fx: {guess_fx}")
         print(f"x1: {guess_x1}")
         print(f"x2: {guess_x2}")
         print(f"\nMin from optimization:")
         print(f"fx: {optimal.fun}")
         print(f"x1: {optimal.x[0]}")
         print(f"x2: {optimal.x[1]}")
        Min from sampling:
        fx: 0.091947781376517
        x1: 1.2132132132132134
        x2: 0.8228228228227
        Min from optimization:
        fx: 0.09194381641124935
        x1: 1.2134115413592905
```

## Almost optimal starting points (values vs iterations)

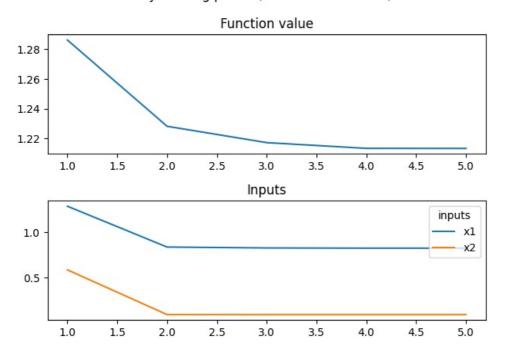


The optimizer converges to the same minimum as the graph and sampling

```
# optimize with nearby starting points
intermediate_x1 = []
intermediate_x2 = []
intermediate_fx = []
guess_x1 = 2
guess_x2 = 2
optimal = opt.minimize(function2, np.array([guess_x1, guess_x2]), callback=intermediate_callback)
plot_intermediates(intermediate_x1, intermediate_x2, intermediate_fx, 'Nearby starting points (values vs iterat:
    print(f"\nMin from optimization:")
    print(f"fx: {optimal.fun}")
    print(f"x1: {optimal.x[0]}")
    print(f"x2: {optimal.x[1]}")
Min from optimization:
```

fx: 0.09194381641184524 x1: 1.2134117420504809 x2: 0.8241222336480759

## Nearby starting points (values vs iterations)

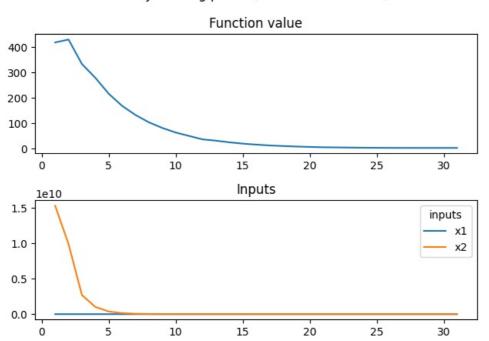


The optimizer converges to the same minimum as the graph and sampling

```
In [373... # optimize with far away starting points
    intermediate_x1 = []
    intermediate_x2 = []
    intermediate_fx = []
    guess_x1 = 439
    guess_x2 = -126
    optimal = opt.minimize(function2, np.array([guess_x1, guess_x2]), callback=intermediate_callback)
    plot_intermediates(intermediate_x1, intermediate_x2, intermediate_fx, 'Far away starting points (values vs iteration)
    print(f"\nMin from optimization:")
    print(f"fx: {optimal.fun}")
    print(f"x1: {optimal.x[0]}")
    print(f"x2: {optimal.x[1]}")
```

Min from optimization: fx: 0.09194381641125884 x1: 1.213411523587456 x2: 0.8241224837807294

## Far away starting points (values vs iterations)



The optimizer converges to the same minimum as the graph and sampling  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$