

lam best practices

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Overview

- IAM plays a critical role in controlling access to AWS resources. Implementing IAM best practices enhances security and reduces the risk of unauthorized access.



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- Principle of Least Privilege: Grant users the minimum level of permissions required for their specific tasks, reducing the risk of security breaches. Avoid granting overly broad permissions that may result in accidental or intentional misuse of resources.

Example: A finance team member should have access only to financial data and not to development resources.

- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA): Enable Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for IAM users to add an extra layer of security to their accounts. MFA requires users to provide an additional form of verification, such as a one-time code generated on their mobile device, along with their regular login credentials.
- **Example:** An admin user's account is protected by MFA, ensuring that even if their password is compromised, unauthorized access is prevented

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- **Regularly Review and Rotate Credentials:** Periodically review IAM permissions and rotate access keys for enhanced security. Removing unnecessary access and regularly refreshing access keys help minimize the risk of unauthorized access.
- **Example:** Access keys for IAM users are set to expire every 90 days and are automatically rotated to reduce the window of opportunity for potential security breaches.
- **Implement Role-Based Access Control (RBAC):** Adopt Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) to manage user access based on job functions and responsibilities. Define roles with specific permissions and assign users to appropriate roles.

Example: A developer is assigned a “Developer” role with permissions to create and manage AWS resources for development purposes.

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- **Monitor and Audit IAM Activities:** Implement logging and monitoring of IAM activities to detect and respond to potential security threats promptly. Regularly review IAM access logs for suspicious activities.

Example: AWS CloudTrail is configured to log all IAM activities, and a security team monitors the logs for any unusual access patterns.

Implementing Time-Based Access Controls: Incorporating time-based access controls as part of IAM best practices can add an extra layer of security to your AWS environment. By defining specific time frames during which users have access to resources, you can limit potential exposure and reduce the risk of unauthorized access.

Example: A contractor might require temporary access to an AWS resource for a specific project.