# CostSurfaceAnalysis

November 29, 2022

# 1 Cost Surface Analysis Operations

```
[6]: import arcpy
import requests
import io
import zipfile
```

1.1 Display Dory's Farm and North Picnic Area in ArcGIS Pro from CSV Table to XY to Point Tool

```
[2]: arcpy.management.XYTableToPoint(r"C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_

→2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\DoryNPATable.csv", r"C:\Users\Alexander_

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\DoryNPATable_XYTableToPoint", "Long", "Lat", None,

→'GEOGCS["GCS_WGS_1984",DATUM["D_WGS_1984",SPHEROID["WGS_1984",6378137.0,298.

→257223563]],PRIMEM["Greenwich",0.0],UNIT["Degree",0.0174532925199433]];-400_

→-400 1000000000;-100000 10000;-100000 10000;8.98315284119521E-09;0.001;0.001;

→IsHighPrecision')
```

- [2]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\DoryNPATable\_XYTableToPoint'>
  - 1.2 Form Optimal Route For Dory's Given Extent of Area Using Data From MNGEO and Performing Raster Analysis
  - 1.3 Extract County Data from MNGEO (including MN NLCD, DEM, Streams, Impervious Surfuces/Roads) to Create Optimal Route

```
[3]: CountyBoundsLink = "https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/

→us_mn_state_dnr/bdry_counties_in_minnesota/shp_bdry_counties_in_minnesota.

→zip"
```

- [4]: CountyBoundsLink
- [4]: 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us\_mn\_state\_dnr/bdry\_counties\_in\_minnesota.zip'

```
OutputSource = requests.post(CountyBoundsLink)
 [8]: Sources = OutputSource.content
 [9]: Zipp = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(Sources))
[10]: Zipp.extractall(r'C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_
       →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3')
[11]: CountyNLCDLink = "https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/
       →us_mn_state_dnr/biota_landcover_nlcd_mn_2019/
       →tif_biota_landcover_nlcd_mn_2019.zip"
[12]: CountyNLCDLink
[12]: 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us_mn_state_dnr/biota_landco
      ver nlcd mn 2019/tif biota landcover nlcd mn 2019.zip'
[13]: OutputNLCDSource = requests.post(CountyNLCDLink)
[14]: SourcesNLCD = OutputNLCDSource.content
[15]:
      ZippNLCD = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(SourcesNLCD))
[16]: ZippNLCD.extractall(r'C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_
       →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3')
[17]: CountyDEMLink = 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/
       →us_mn_state_dnr/elev_30m_digital_elevation_model/

→fgdb elev 30m digital elevation model.zip'
[18]: CountyDEMLink
[18]: 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us_mn_state_dnr/elev_30m_dig
      ital_elevation_model/fgdb_elev_30m_digital_elevation_model.zip'
[19]: OutputDEMSource = requests.post(CountyDEMLink)
[20]:
     SourcesDEM = OutputDEMSource.content
[21]: ZippDEM = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(SourcesDEM))
[22]: l
      ZippDEM.extractall(r'C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_
       →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3')
[23]:
```

```
CountyStreamLink = 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/
       →us mn state dnr/water strahler stream order/shp water strahler stream order.
       ⇔zip'
[24]: CountyStreamLink
[24]: 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us_mn_state_dnr/water_strahl
      er_stream_order/shp_water_strahler_stream_order.zip'
[25]: OutputStreamSource = requests.post(CountyStreamLink)
[26]: SourcesStream = OutputStreamSource.content
[27]: ZippStream = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(SourcesStream))
[28]: ZippStream.extractall(r'C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_u
       →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3')
[29]: MNRoads = 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us_mn_state_dot/

→trans_roads_mndot_tis/shp_trans_roads_mndot_tis.zip'
[30]: MNRoads
[30]: 'https://resources.gisdata.mn.gov/pub/gdrs/data/pub/us_mn_state_dot/trans_roads_
      mndot_tis/shp_trans_roads_mndot_tis.zip'
[31]: OutputMNRoads = requests.post(MNRoads)
[32]: SourcesMNRoads = OutputMNRoads.content
[33]: ZipRoads = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(SourcesMNRoads))
[34]: ZipRoads.extractall(r'C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_
       →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3')
     1.4 Dissolve Optimal Counties and Geoprocess Other Ancillary Data Then
```

- 1.4 Dissolve Optimal Counties and Geoprocess Other Ancillary Data Then Transform Features to Reclassify for Weights
- 1.4.1 Dissolve Operation for Optimal Study Area

```
[35]: arcpy.management.Dissolve("mn_county_boundaries selection", r"C:

→\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS

→I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\DoryNPAStudyArea", None, None, "MULTI_PART",

→"DISSOLVE_LINES", '')
```

[35]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\DoryNPAStudyArea'>

## 1.4.2 Extract by Mask (NLCD) using Optimal Study Area

```
[36]: out_raster = arcpy.sa.ExtractByMask("NLCD_2019_Land_Cover.tif", □

□ "DoryNPAStudyArea", "INSIDE", '524966.6376 4853462.8394 637916.1448 4922619.

□ 9426□

□ PROJCS["NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_15N", GEOGCS["GCS_North_American_1983", DATUM["D_North_American_198

□ 0,298.257222101]], PRIMEM["Greenwich", 0.0], UNIT["Degree", 0.

□ 0174532925199433]], PROJECTION["Transverse_Mercator"], PARAMETER["False_Easting", 500000.

□ 0], PARAMETER["False_Northing", 0.0], PARAMETER["Central_Meridian", -93.

□ 0], PARAMETER["Scale_Factor", 0.9996], PARAMETER["Latitude_Of_Origin", 0.

□ 0], UNIT["Meter", 1.0]]'); out_raster.save(r"C:\Users\Alexander□

□ Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

□ gdb\Extract_NLCD")
```

# 1.4.3 Clip (Roads) using Optimal Study Area

```
[39]: arcpy.analysis.Clip("STREETS_LOAD", "DoryNPAStudyArea", r"C:\Users\Alexander_

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\StreetsClip", None)
```

[39]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\StreetsClip'>

#### 1.4.4 Extract by Mask (DEM) using Optimal Study Area

```
[37]: out_raster = arcpy.sa.ExtractByMask("digital_elevation_model_30m", □

→ "DoryNPAStudyArea", "INSIDE", '524966.6376 4853462.8394 637916.1448 4922619.

→9426□

→PROJCS["NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_15N",GEOGCS["GCS_North_American_1983",DATUM["D_North_American_198

→0,298.257222101]],PRIMEM["Greenwich",0.0],UNIT["Degree",0.

→0174532925199433]],PROJECTION["Transverse_Mercator"],PARAMETER["False_Easting",500000.

→0],PARAMETER["False_Northing",0.0],PARAMETER["Central_Meridian",-93.

→0],PARAMETER["Scale_Factor",0.9996],PARAMETER["Latitude_Of_Origin",0.

→0],UNIT["Meter",1.0]]'); out_raster.save(r"C:\Users\Alexander□

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\Extract_DEM")
```

#### 1.4.5 Clip (Streams) using Optimal Study Area

```
[38]: arcpy.analysis.Clip("streams_with_strahler_stream_order", "DoryNPAStudyArea", □

→r"C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS□

→I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\StreamsClip", None)
```

[38]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\StreamsClip'>

## 1.4.6 Create Slope out of DEM

```
[40]: arcpy.ddd.Slope("DEMArea", r"C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall

→2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\SlopeDEM", "PERCENT_RISE", 1,

→"PLANAR", "METER")
```

[40]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\SlopeDEM'>

#### 1.4.7 Buffer Road Features 100 Meters

```
[42]: arcpy.analysis.Buffer("StreetsClip", r"C:\Users\Alexander_

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\StreetsClip_Buffer100M", "100 Meters", "FULL", "ROUND", "NONE", None, 

→"PLANAR")
```

[42]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\StreetsClip\_Buffer100M'>

# 1.4.8 Erase Riverways Where Intersection of 100 Meter Road Buffers Concide

```
[]: arcpy.analysis.Erase("StreamsClip", "StreetsClip_Buffer100M", r"C:

→\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS_

→I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\StreetsClip_Buffer100M_Erase", None)
```

# 1.4.9 Buffer Clipped River Feature and Convert to Raster for being Recognized in Weights then Use in Raster Calculator (In following steps)

```
[43]: arcpy.analysis.Buffer("StreetsClip_Buffer100M_Erase", r"C:\Users\Alexander_

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\StreetsClip_Buffer100_Buffer", "10 Meters", "FULL", "ROUND", "NONE",

→None, "PLANAR")
```

- [43]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\StreetsClip Buffer100 Buffer'>
- [44]: arcpy.conversion.FeatureToRaster("StreetsClip\_Buffer100M\_Erase", "FW\_ID", r"C:

  →\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS

  →I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\BufferedRiversVector", 276.583641600005)
- [44]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\BufferedRiversVector'>

#### 1.5 Reclassification

#### 1.5.1 Releasify NLCD for Land Use

[2]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\Reclass\_NLCD20classes'>

#### 1.5.2 Releasify Slope

```
[1]: arcpy.ddd.Reclassify("SlopeDEM", "VALUE", "0 26.673990 1;26.673990 53.347980 2;

→53.347980 80.021970 3;80.021970 106.695959 4;106.695959 133.369949 5;133.

→369949 160.043939 6;160.043939 186.717929 7;186.717929 213.391919 8;213.

→391919 240.065909 9;240.065909 266.739899 10;266.739899 293.413889 11;293.

→413889 320.087878 12;320.087878 346.761868 13;346.761868 373.435858 14;373.

→435858 400.109848 15;400.109848 426.783838 16;426.783838 453.457828 17;453.

→457828 480.131818 18;480.131818 506.805807 19;506.805807 533.479797 20", r"C:

→\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS_□

→I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\gdb\Reclass_Slope20classes", "DATA")
```

[1]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3\\Lab3\\Lab3\\Reclass\_Slope20classes'>

#### 1.5.3 Reclassify Streams for Study Area 1 = Rivers and 0 = Study Area

```
[49]: output_raster = arcpy.ia.RasterCalculator(' Con(IsNull(

→"BufferedRiversVector"),0, "BufferedRiversVector")'); output_raster.save(r"C:

→\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS

→I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\RasterCalStreams01")
```

- 2 Create Buffers For Dory's Farm and North Picnic Area and Seperate Buffers
- 2.1 Create Buffers For Dory's Farm and North Picnic Area and Seperate Buffers into Own Feature Class then Convert to Raster

```
[5]: arcpy.analysis.Buffer("DoryNPATable_XYTableToPoint", r"C:\Users\Alexander⊔

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

→gdb\DoryNPATable_XYTableT_Buffer", "100 Meters", "FULL", "ROUND", "NONE", □

→None, "PLANAR")
```

- [5]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\Lab3.\gdb\\DoryNPATable\_XYTableT\_Buffer'>
- [8]: arcpy.conversion.FeatureToRaster("DorysFarm", "OBJECTID", r"C:\Users\Alexander\_

  →Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

  →gdb\DoryBuffersRaster", 0.000299576288000026)
- [8]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3.\Lab3.\gdb\\DoryBuffersRaster'>
- [9]: arcpy.conversion.FeatureToRaster("NPA", "OBJECTID", r"C:\Users\Alexander⊔

  →Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.

  →gdb\NPABuffersRaster", 0.000299576288000026)
- [9]: <Result 'C:\\Users\\Alexander Danielson\\Desktop\\Fall 2022Spring2023\\ArcGIS I\\Lab3\\Lab3\\Lab3.\gdb\\NPABuffersRaster'>
  - 3 Input Reclassifed Rasters to Be Weighted and Create Cost Surface Analysis
  - 3.1 Create Weighted Raster
- [11]: out\_raster = arcpy.ia.WeightedSum("Reclass\_NLCD20classes Value 1;ReclassDEM<sub>□</sub>

  →Value 3"); out\_raster.save(r"C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall<sub>□</sub>

  →2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\Weighte\_Recl3DEMHighNLCD20Class")

# 3.1.1 Use Raster Calculator For Multiplying All Rasters Together (Landcover, Roads, and Streams)

```
SyntaxError Traceback (most recent call last)
File C:\Program Files\ArcGIS\Pro\bin\Python\envs\arcgispro-py3\lib\ast.py, in

→parse:
Line 50: return compile(source, filename, mode, flags,

SyntaxError: invalid syntax (<string>, line 1)
```

#### 3.2 Create Cost Surface (Distance) Raster

```
[12]: out_distance_raster = arcpy.sa.CostDistance("NPA", □

→"Weighte_Recl3DEMHighNLCD20Class", None, None, None, None, None, None, \(\cdot\); □

→out_distance_raster.save(r"C:\Users\Alexander Danielson\Desktop\Fall_\

→2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3\Lab3.gdb\CostDis_NLCDHigher4")
```

#### 3.3 Create Back Link

```
[13]: out_backlink_raster = arcpy.sa.CostBackLink("NPA", □

→"Weighte_Recl3DEMHighNLCD20Class", None, None,
```

# 3.4 Create Cost Surface Allocation Raster

```
[110]: out_allocation_raster = arcpy.sa.CostAllocation("DisplayXYPathDoryFarmtoNPA", □

→"WeightedRaster", None, None, "OBJECTID", None, None, None, None, None, None, □

→None, ''); out_allocation_raster.save(r"C:\Users\Alexander □

→Danielson\Desktop\Fall 2022Spring2023\ArcGIS I\Lab2\Lab2\Lab2\Lab2\.

→gdb\CosrSurfaceAllo")
```

# 3.5 Create Cost Path for Final Route