



Smart Employee Management System (SEMS)

TEAM PENTAD X-5

Overview



Motivation for
enhancement



Architecture
Enhancement



Enhanced Sub-
system



Enhanced
Use cases



Enhanced
Diagrams



Plans for Testing



Mitigation Tactics



Alternatives for
Enhancement



Potential Risks



Concurrency



Testing for
impacts of
Interaction



Lessons Learned

Motivation for enhancement



Automates

The detection of failures
The dealing of failures



Minimizing downtime within the system



Creates a more attractive product for end users

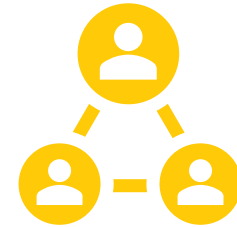
More Reliable
More Available

Architecture Enhancement



Layered Architecture

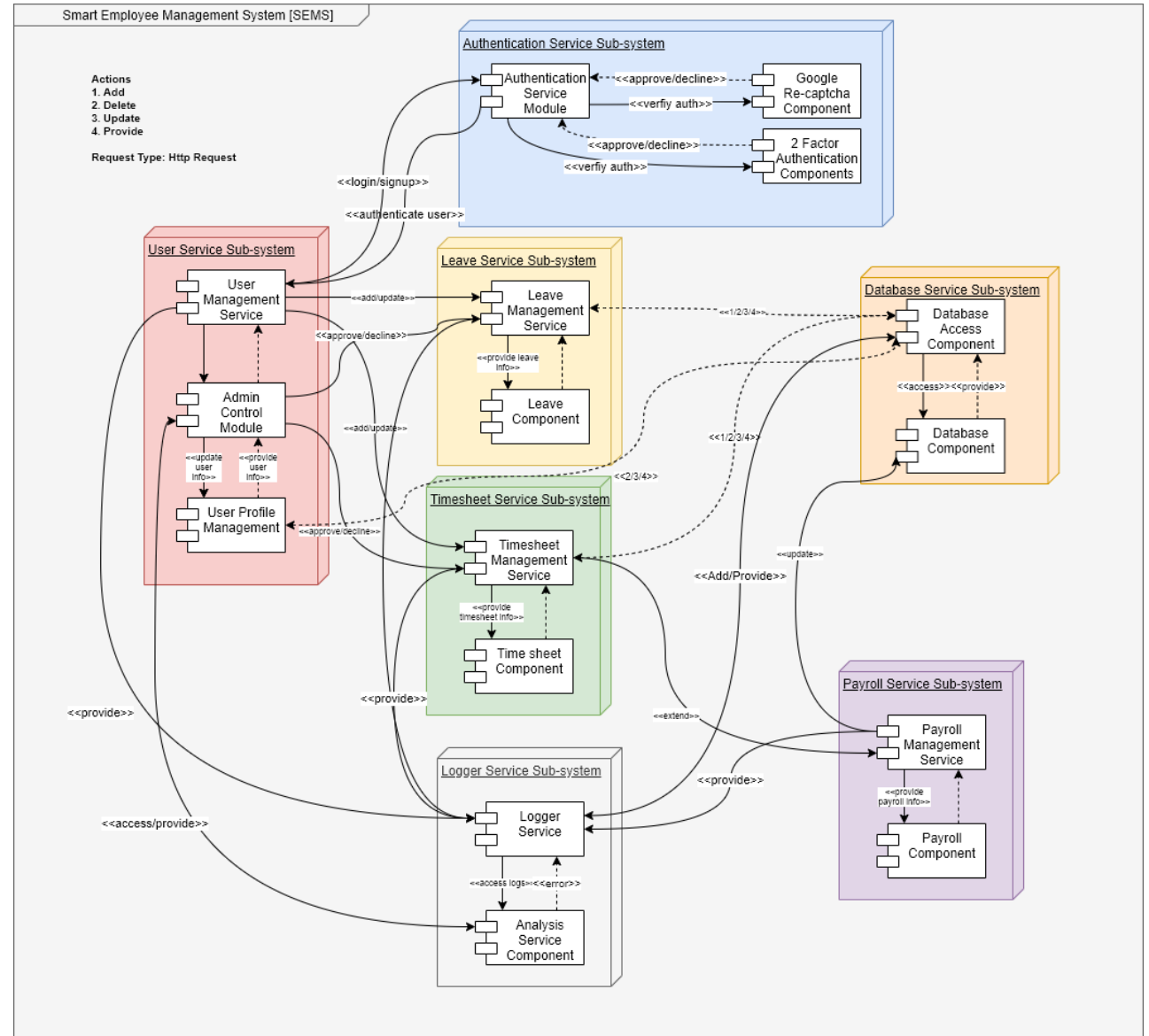
User Actions from Client Tier
Logger feature in Business Layer
Logs stored in Data Tier



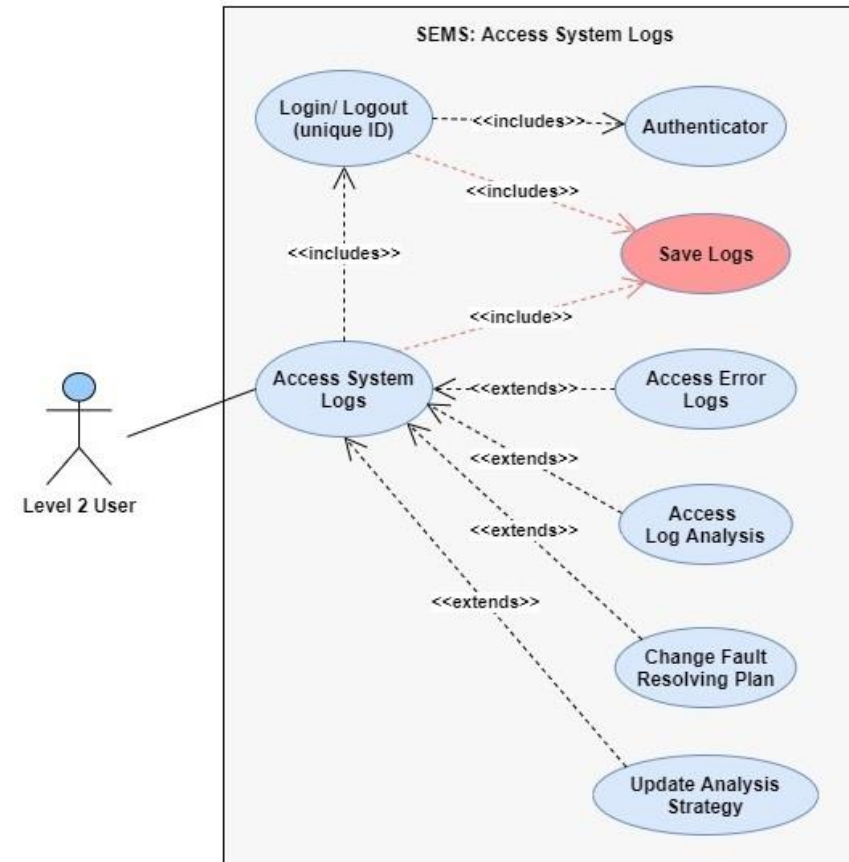
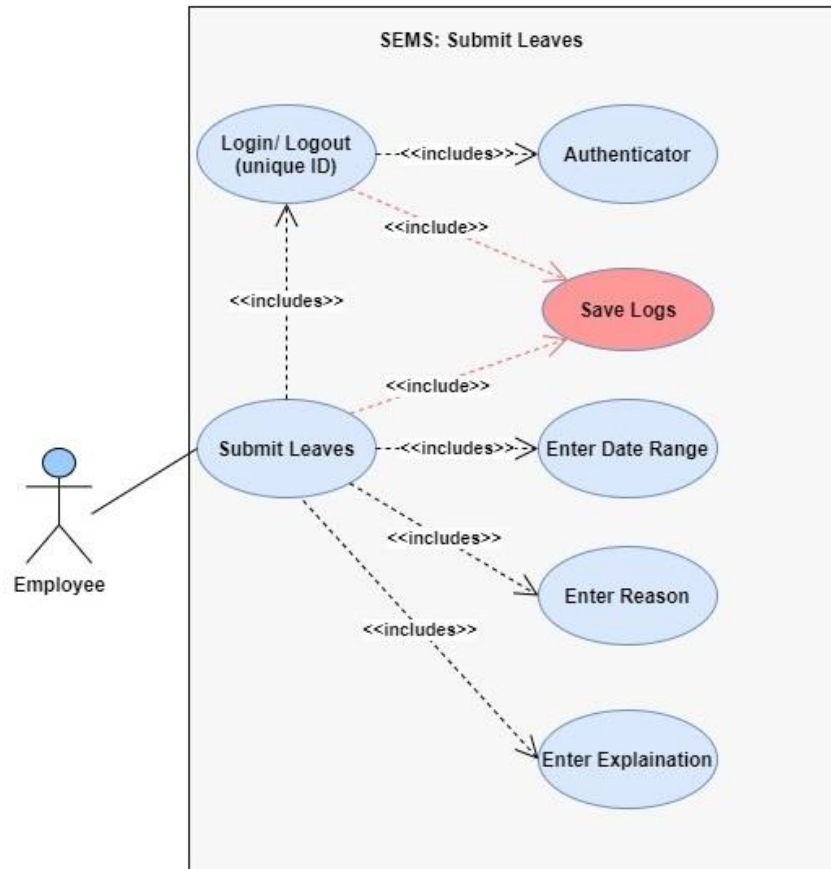
MVC (Model View Controller)

Extra Logger View
Additional Controller Feature

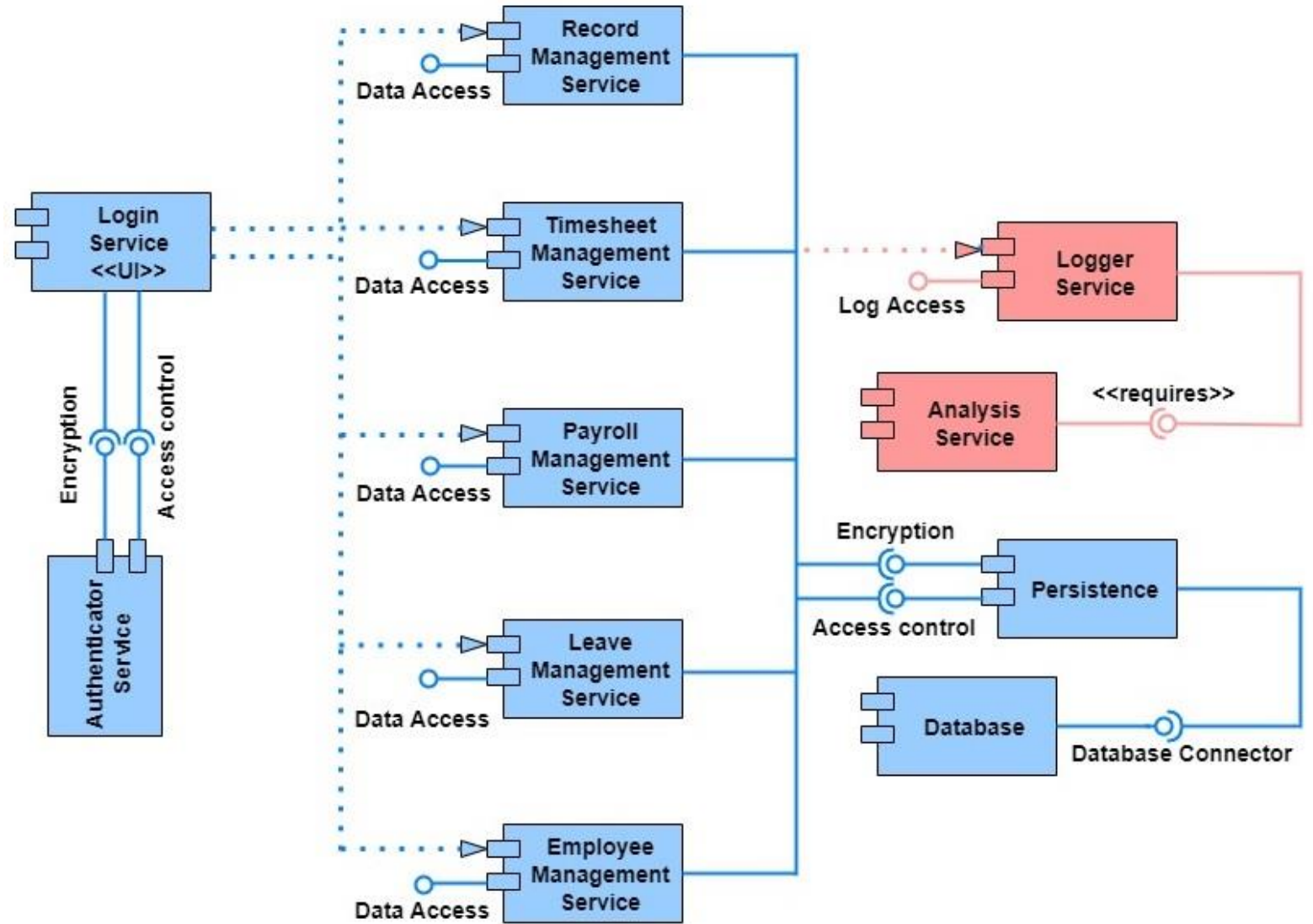
Enhanced Sub-system Diagram



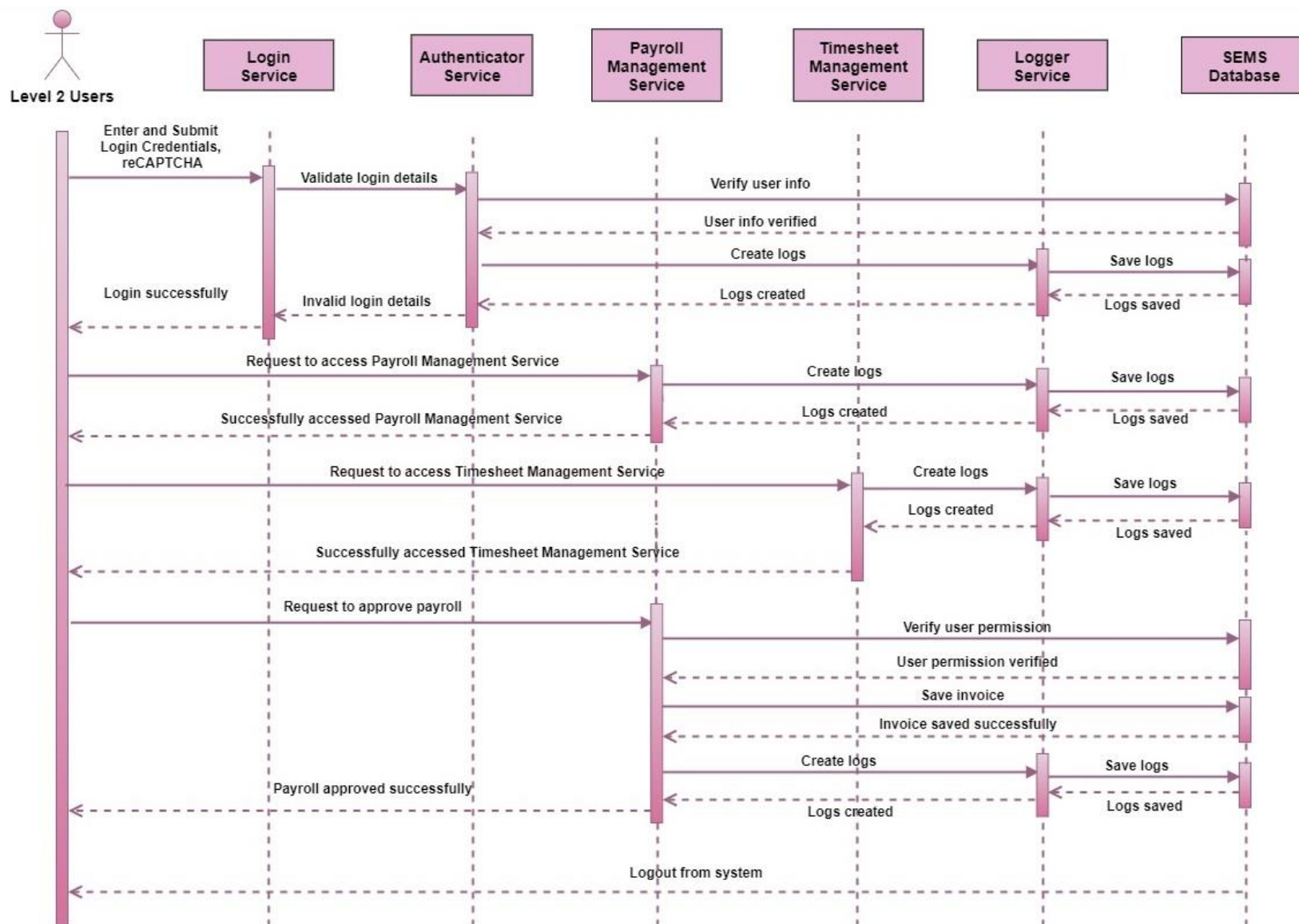
Enhanced Use cases:



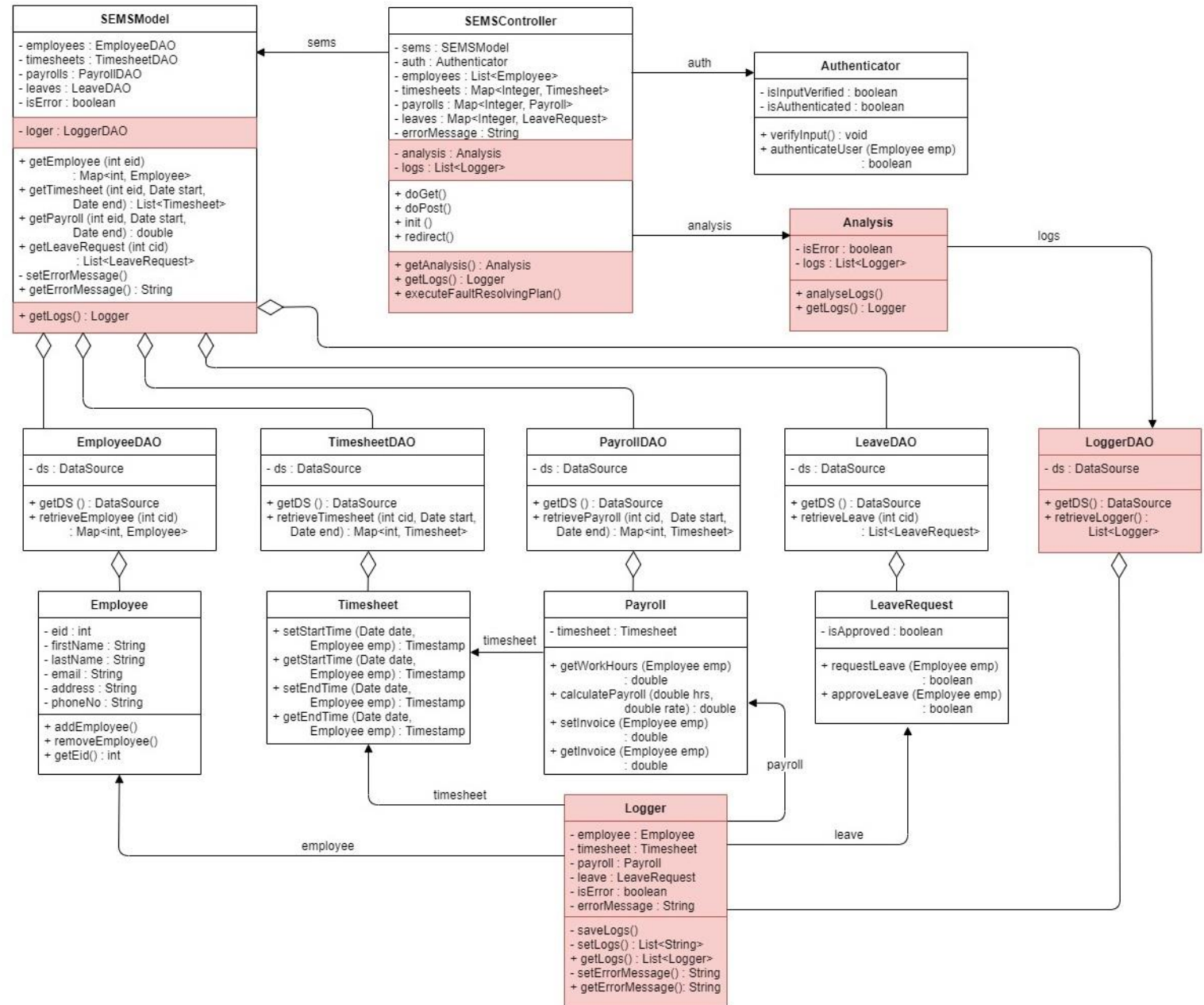
Added Components for the Enhancement



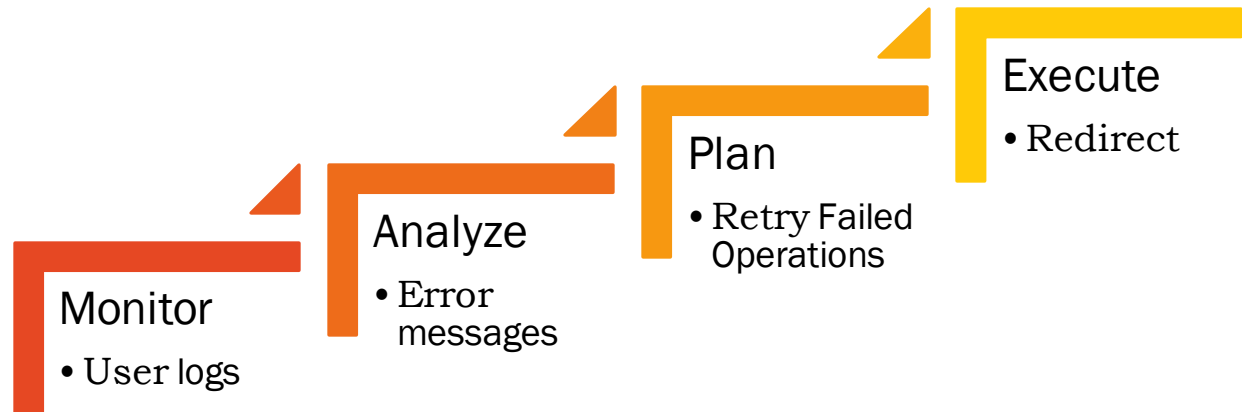
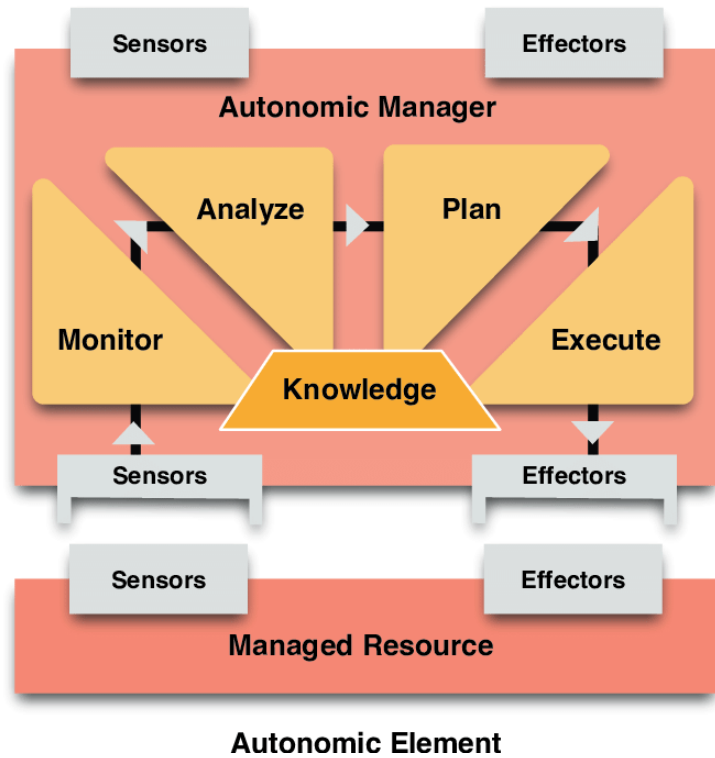
Enhanced Sequence Diagram Representing Control of Data-Flow



Enhancement of the Class Diagram



Mitigation Tactics:





Alternatives for Enhancement



Smarter Logging
Feature



Temporary Logger

Potential Risks



Maintainability:

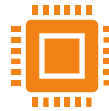
Ease of Access for users, increased maintenance for developers.

Notifying component changes across the system.



Evolvability:

New Component needs to access the sub-system.



Testability:

Easily test and debug current and future functionality.



Performance

No major performance draw back.

Increased network traffic.

Increase database read/write. Increased access times.



Security & Privacy:

No Security issues. No data leak through the new component.

Enhancement used to determine system failure and not to monitor data transfer.

Concurrency in SEMS



User Concurrency

- Serving multiple users at the same time

Component Concurrency

- A component can be used by many users simultaneously

Example:

- Multiple users should be able to login to the system simultaneously and access the different components of the system while others are also using them

Testing impacts of interactions



Self-healing loop monitors components and executes solutions



Interactions must be correct as the function of the self-management loop depends on the data it takes as input



Testing to ensure correct interactions

- Check if logs are correct
- Check if faults are detected
- Check if solutions are deployed correctly to the components

Lessons Learned



How to implement
enhancements into an
existing system



The impacts of such
enhancements



The different components
of a self-healing loop

What data is monitored
How is that data analyzed



How complex dealing
with faults can be