

# **Redes de Computadores**

1<sup>st</sup> Semestre, P2, 2023/2024 LEIC Alameda

# Programming using the Sockets interface "RC Auction"

## 1. Introduction

The goal of this project is to implement a simple auction platform. Users can open (host) an auction to sell some asset, and close it, as well list ongoing auctions and make bids.

The development of the project requires implementing an *Auction Server (AS)* and a *User Application (User)*. The *AS* and multiple *User* application instances are intended to operate simultaneously on different machines connected to the Internet.

The AS will be running on a machine with known IP address and ports.

The interface, using the keyboard, allows the *User* application to control the actions to take:

- <u>Login</u>. Each user is identified by a *user ID UID*, a 6-digit IST student number, and a *password* composed of 8 alphanumeric (only letters and digits) characters. When the *AS* receives a login request it will inform of a successful or incorrect login attempt or, in case the *UID* was not present at the *AS*, register a new *user*.
- Open a new auction. The *User* application sends a message to the *AS* asking to open a new auction, providing a short description name (represented with up to 10 alphanumerical characters), an image (or other document file) of the asset to sell, the start value (represented with up to 6 digits), and the duration of the auction in seconds (represented with up to 5 digits). In reply, the *AS* informs if the request was successful, and the assigned auction identifier, *AID*, a 3-digit number.
- <u>Close ongoing auction</u>. The *User* application sends a message to the *AS* asking to close an ongoing auction, which had been started by the logged in *user*. The *AS* will reply informing whether the auction was successfully closed, cancelling the sale, or if the auction time had already ended.
- <u>List auctions started by this user (myauctions)</u>. The *User* application asks the *AS* for a list of the auctions started by the logged in *user*. The *AS* will reply with the requested list, or an information that the *user* has not started any auction.
- <u>List auctions for which this user made a bid (mybids)</u>. The *User* application asks the *AS* for a list of the auctions in which the logged in *user* has placed a bid. The *AS* will reply with the requested list, or an information that the *user* has not made a bid in any auction.
- <u>List all auctions</u>. The *User* application asks the *AS* for a list of auctions. The *AS* will reply with the requested list, or an information that no auctions were yet started.
- <u>Show asset</u>. For an ongoing auction, the *User* application asks the *AS* to send the file associated with the asset in sale for specified auction. In reply, the *AS* sends the required file, or an error message. The file is stored, and its name and the directory of storage are displayed to the *user*. Filenames are limited to a total of 24 alphanumerical characters (plus '-', '\_' and '.'), including the separating dot and the

- 3-letter extension: "nnn...nnnn.xxx". The file size is limited to 10 MB, represented using a maximum of 8 digits.
- <u>Bid.</u> The *User* application asks the *AS* to place a bid, with the indicated value, for the selected auction. The *AS* will reply reporting the result of the bid: accepted, refused (if *value* is not larger than the previous highest bid), or informing that the auction is no longer active.
- Show record. The *user* asks the *AS* about the record of an auction. The *AS* will reply with information about the auction, including its name, start value, start time and duration, followed by a description of the more recently received bids (up to 50), including the bidder ID, the value and time of the bid, as well as an indication if the auction was finished and when.
- <u>Logout.</u> The user can ask the AS server to terminate the interaction (logout).
- Unregister. The user can ask the AS server to unregister this user.
- Exit. The user can ask to exit the *User* application. If a *user* is still logged in, then the *User* application informs the user that the logout command should be executed first.

The implementation uses the application layer protocols operating according to the client-server paradigm, using the transport layer services made available by the socket interface. The applications to develop and the supporting communication protocols are specified in the following.

## 2. Project Specification

## 2.1 User Application (*User*)

The program implementing the *users* of the auction platform (*User*) is invoked using:

```
./user [-n ASIP] [-p ASport],
```

operation is also performed.

where:

ASIP is the IP address of the machine where the auction server (AS) runs. This is an optional argument. If this argument is omitted, the AS should be running on the same machine.

ASport is the well-known port (TCP and UDP) where the AS accepts requests. This is an optional argument. If omitted, it assumes the value 58000+GN, where GN is the group number.

Once the *User* application is running, it can open or close an auction, as well as check the status of the auctions started by this *user* application. The *User* application can ask for a list of currently active auctions, and then for a specific auction it can ask that the auction data be shown, to see the status of the bidding process, or to make a new bid. In the first login of a *user* its ID, *UID*, is used to register this *user* in *AS* server. The *user* also has the possibility to logout, unregister or exit the *User* application. After unregistering, a *user* may register again, issuing again a login command but defining a new password. All data existing in the server about a *user* from previous registrations is preserved, except for the password.

The commands supported by the *User* interface (using the keyboard for input) are:

- **login** UID password—following this command the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, to confirm the ID, *UID*, and password of this *user*, or register it if this *UID* is not present in the *AS* database.
  - The result of the request should be displayed: successful login, incorrect login attempt, or new *user* registered.
- **logout** the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, asking to logout the currently logged in *user*, with ID *UID*. The result of the request should be displayed: successful logout, unknown *user*,
- or user not logged in.
  unregister the User application sends a message to the AS, using the UDP protocol, asking to unregister the currently logged in user. A logout
  - The result of the request should be displayed: successful unregister, unknown *user*, or incorrect unregister attempt.
- **exit** this is a request to exit the *User* application. If a *user* is still logged in the *User* application should inform the *user* to first execute the logout command. Otherwise, the application can be terminated. This is a local command, not involving communication with the *AS*.
- **open** name asset\_fname start\_value timeactive the *User* application establishes a TCP session with the *AS* and sends a message asking to open a new auction, whose short description name is name, providing an image of the asset to sell, stored in the file asset fname, indicating the start value

for the auction,  $start_value$ , and the duration of the auction, timeactive. In reply, the AS sends a message indicating whether the request was successful, and the assigned auction identifier, AID, which should be displayed to the *User*. After receiving the reply from the AS, the *User* closes the TCP connection.

- **close** AID the *User* application sends a message to the AS, using the TCP protocol, asking to close an ongoing auction, with identifier AID, that had been started by the logged in *user*.
  - The AS will reply informing whether the auction was successfully closed, cancelling the sale, or if the auction time had already ended. This information should be displayed to the *User*. After receiving the reply from the AS, the *User* closes the TCP connection.
- **myauctions** or **ma** the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, asking for a list of the auctions started by the logged in *user*. The *AS* will reply with the requested list, or an information that the *user* is not involved in any auctions. This information should be displayed to the *User*.
- **mybids** or **mb** the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, asking for a list of the auctions for which the logged in *user* has placed a bid.
  - The AS will reply with the requested list, or an information that the *user* has not placed any bids. This information should be displayed to the *User*.
- **list** or **1** the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, asking for a list of auctions.
  - The AS will reply with the requested list, or an information that no auctions were yet created. This information should be displayed to the *User*.
- **show\_asset** AID or **sa** AID the *User* establishes a TCP session with the AS and sends a message asking to receive the image file of the asset in sale for auction number AID.
  - In reply, the AS sends the required file, or an error message. The file is stored and its name and the directory of storage are displayed to the *User*. After receiving the reply from the AS, the *user* closes the TCP connection.
- **bid** AID value or **b** AID value the User application sends a message to the AS, using the TCP protocol, asking to place a bid for auction AID of value value.
  - The AS will reply reporting the result of the bid: accepted, refused (if value is not larger than the previous highest bid), or informing that the auction is no longer active. The user is not allowed to bid in an auction hosted by him. This information should be displayed to the *User*. After receiving the reply from the AS, the *User* closes the TCP connection.
- **show\_record** AID or **sr** AID the *User* application sends a message to the *AS*, using the UDP protocol, asking to see the record of auction AID. The *AS* will reply with the auction details, including the list of the more recently received bids (up to 50) and information if the auction is already closed. This information should be displayed to the *User*.

Only one messaging command can be issued at a given time.

The result of each interaction with the AS should be displayed to the user.

## 2.2 Auction Server (AS)

The program implementing the Auction Server (AS) is invoked with the command:

$$./AS [-p ASport] [-v],$$

where:

ASport is the well-known port where the AS server accepts requests, both in UDP and TCP. This is an optional argument. If omitted, it assumes the value 58000+GN, where GN is the number of the group.

The AS makes available two server applications, both with well-known port ASport, one in UDP, used for managing the auction and the bids, and the other in TCP, used to transfer the files with asset images to the *User* application.

If the -v option is set when invoking the program, it operates in *verbose* mode, meaning that the AS outputs to the screen a short description of the received requests (UID, type of request) and the IP and port originating those requests.

Each received request should start being processed once it is received.

## 3. Communication Protocols Specification

The communication protocols used to implement the auction framework are described in this section. For the communication protocols *UID* is always sent using 6 digits.

## 3.1 *User–AS* Protocol (in UDP)

Part of the interaction between the user application (User) and the auction server (AS) is supported by the UDP protocol. The related request and reply protocol messages to consider are:

- a) LIN UID password
  - Following the **login** command the *User* application informs the *AS* that user *UID*, with password password, wants to login, to be able to participate in auctions.
- b) RLI status

In reply to a LIN request the AS checks if a user with ID UID is already registered. If so, the password password is checked, and for a correct match the AS takes note that the user is now logged in and replies with status = OK. For an incorrect match the reply status is NOK. If the user was not yet registered, the AS registers and logs in this user, storing the corresponding UID and password, and the reply status is REG.

- c) LOU *UID* password
  - Following the **logout** command the *User* application informs the *AS* that the currently logged in user, with ID *UID*, wants to logout.
- d) RLO status
  - In reply to a LOU request the AS checks if a user with ID UID is logged in. If so, the user is logged out and the reply status is OK. If the user was not logged in the reply status is NOK. If the user was not registered the reply status is UNR.
- e) UNR UID password
  - Following the **unregister** command the *User* application informs the *AS* that the currently logged in user, with ID *UID*, wants to unregister.
- f) RUR status
  - In reply to a UNR request the AS server checks if a user with ID UID is registered. If so, the user can be unregistered and the reply status is OK. If the user was not logged in the reply status is NOK. If the user was not registered the reply status is UNR.
- g) LMA UID
  - Following the **myauctions** command the *User* sends the *AS* a request to list the auctions started by user *UID*.
- h) RMA status[ AID state]\*
  - In reply to a LMA request the AS reply status is NOK if user UID has not started any auctions. If the user is not logged in the reply status is NLG. If there auctions started by this user UID the reply status is OK and a list of the identifiers AID and state for all auctions started by this user, separated by

single spaces, is sent by the AS. state takes value 1 if the auction is active, or 0 otherwise.

i) LMB *UID* 

Following the **mybids** command the *User* sends the *AS* a request to list the auctions for which the user *UID* has made bids.

j) RMB status[ AID state] \*

In reply to a LMB request the AS reply status is NOK if user UID has not placed any bids. If the user is not logged in the reply status is NLG. If there are bids placed by this user UID the reply status is OK and a list of the identifiers AID and state for all auctions for which this user has placed bids, separated by single spaces, is sent by the AS. state takes value 1 if the auction is active, or 0 otherwise.

k) LST

Following the *list* command the *User* sends the *AS* an auction list request.

I) RLS status[ AID state] \*

In reply to a LST request the AS reply status is NOK if no auction was yet started. Otherwise the reply status is OK and a list of the identifiers AID and state for all auctions, separated by single spaces, is sent by the AS. state takes value 1 if the auction is active, or 0 otherwise.

#### m) SRC AID

Following the **show\_record** command the *User* sends the AS a request for the record of auction AID.

n) RRC status [host\_UID auction\_name asset\_fname start\_value start\_date-time timeactive] [ B bidder\_UID bid\_value bid\_date-time bid\_sec\_time] \* [ E end date-time end sec time]

In reply to a SRC request the AS reply status is NOK if the auction AID does not exist. Otherwise the reply status is OK followed by information about the ID host\_UID of the user that started the auction, the auction name auction\_name and the name of the file asset\_fname with information about the item being sold, the minimum bid value start\_value, and the start date and time start\_date-time of the auction in the format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS (19 bytes), as well as the duration of the auction timeactive in seconds (represented using up to 5 digits).

If this auction has received bids then a description of the more recently received bids (up to 50) is presented, starting with the lowest bid values. For each bid the information sent starts with a B followed by the ID of the user that placed this bid bidder\_UID, the bid value bid\_value, the bid date and time bid\_date-time in the format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS (19 bytes), as well as the number of seconds elapsed since the beginning of the auction until the bid was made bid sec time (represented using up to 5 digits).

In case the auction is already closed there is one last line added to the reply including the date and time of the auction closing <code>end\_date-time</code> in the format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS (19 bytes), as well as the number of seconds elapsed since the beginning of the auction until the bid was made <code>end sec time</code>.

The *User* application should always display information about the received replies in a human friendly format.

In the above messages the separation between any two items consists of a single space. [field] means that field is optional.

[field] \* means that several values of field can be included, separated by a space.

Each request or reply message ends with the character "\n".

In the above messages the separation between any two items consists of a single space. Each request or reply message ends with the character "\n".

For replies including the *status* field it takes the value ERR when the syntax of the request message was incorrect or when the parameter values take invalid values.

If an unexpected protocol message is received, the reply is ERR.

## 3.2 *User–AS* Messaging Protocol (in TCP)

The interaction between the player application (User) and the auction server (AS) for messaging related to the transfer of files is supported by the TCP protocol.

The related request and reply protocol messages to consider are:

a) OPA UID password name start\_value timeactive Fname Fsize Fdata

Following the *open* command the *User* application opens a TCP connection with the *AS* and asks to open a new auction. The information sent includes:

- a short description name (a single word): name
- the minimum selling value for the asset: start value
- the duration of the auction in seconds: timeactive
- the filename where an image of the asst to be sold is included: Fname
- the file size in bytes: Fsize
- the contents of the selected file: Fdata.
- b) ROA status [AID]

In reply to a OPA request the AS replies with status = NOK if the auction could not be started. If the user was not logged in the reply status is NLG. Otherwise the AS replies with status = OK, and sends a unique auction identifier AID.

A local copy of the asset file is stored using the filename *Fname*.

After receiving the reply message, the *User* closes the TCP connection with the *AS*.

c) CLS UID password AID

Following the **close** command the *User* application opens a TCP connection with the AS and sends a request to close the auction with identifier AID, which had been opened by the logged in user, whose ID is UID.

d) RCL status

In reply to a CLS request the AS replies informing whether it was able to close auction AID. The reply status is OK, if auction AID was ongoing, it was started by user UID, and could be successfully closed by the AS. The reply status is NOK, if the user UID does not exist or if the password is incorrect. If the user was not logged in the reply status is NLG. The status is EAU, if the auction AID does not exist. status is EOW, if the auction is not owned by user UID, and status is END, if auction AID owned by user UID has already finished.

After receiving the reply message, the *User* closes the TCP connection with the *AS*.

e) SAS AID

Following the **show\_asset** command the *User* application opens a TCP connection with the  $\overline{AS}$  and asks to receive the image illustrating the asset for sale in auction AID.

f) RSA status [Fname Fsize Fdata]

In reply to a SAS request the AS replies with status = OK and sends a file containing the image illustrative of the asset for sale. The information sent includes:

- the filename *Fname*;
- the file size Fsize, in bytes;
- the contents of the selected file (Fdata).

The file is locally stored using the filename *Fname*.

The *User* displays the name and size of the stored file.

If there is no file to be sent, or some other problem, the AS replies with status = NOK.

After receiving the reply message, the *User* closes the TCP connection with the AS.

g) BID UID password AID value

Following the **bid** command the *User* application opens a TCP connection with the *AS* and sends the *AS* a request to place a bid, with value *value*, for auction *AID*.

h) RBD status

In reply to a BID request the AS reply status is NOK if auction AID is not active. If the user was not logged in the reply status is NLG. If auction AID is ongoing the reply status is ACC if the bid was accepted. The reply status is REF if the bid was refused because a larger bid has already been placed previously. The reply status is ILG if the user tries to make a bid in an auction hosted by himself.

After receiving the reply message, the *User* closes the TCP connection with the *AS*.

The filenames *Fname*, are limited to a total of 24 alphanumerical characters (plus '-', '\_' and '.'), including the separating dot and the 3-letter extension: "nnn...nnnn.xxx". The file size *Fsize* is limited to 10 MB (10.10<sup>6</sup> B), being transmitted using a maximum of 8 digits.

In the above messages the separation between any two items consists of a single space. Each request or reply message ends with the character "\n".

For replies including the *status* field it takes the value ERR when the syntax of the request message was incorrect or when the parameter values take invalid values.

If an unexpected protocol message is received, the reply will be ERR.

## 4. Development

#### 4.1 Development and test environment

Make sure your code compiles and executes correctly in the development environment available in the labs LT4 or LT5.

## 4.2 Programming

The operation of your program, developed in C or C++, may need to use the following set of system calls:

- Reading user information into the application: fgets();
- Manipulation of strings: sscanf(), sprintf();
- UDP client management: socket(), close();
- UDP server management: socket(), bind(), close();
- UDP communication: sendto(), recvfrom();
- TCP client management: socket(), connect(), close();
- TCP server management: socket(), bind(), listen(), accept(), close();
- TCP communication: write(), read();
- Multiple inputs multiplexing: select().

## 4.3 Implementation notes

Developed code should be adequately structured and commented.

The read() and write() system calls may read and write, respectively, a smaller number of bytes than solicited — you need to ensure that your implementation still works correctly.

The client and the server processes should not terminate abruptly in failure situations, such as these:

- wrong protocol messages received by the server: an error message should be returned, as specified by the protocol;
- wrong protocol messages received by the client: the interaction with the server is not continued and the user is informed;
- error conditions from system calls: the programs should not terminate abruptly, avoiding cases of "segmentation fault" or "core dump".

## 5 Bibliography

- W. Richard Stevens, Unix Network Programming: Networking APIs: Sockets and XTI (Volume 1), 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Prentice-Hall PTR, 1998, ISBN 0-13-490012-X, chap. 5.
- D. E. Comer, Computer Networks and Internets, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, Inc, 1999, ISBN 0-13-084222-2, chap. 24.
- Michael J. Donahoo, Kenneth L. Calvert, TCP/IP Sockets in C: Practical Guide for Programmers, Morgan Kaufmann, ISBN 1558608265, 2000
- On-line manual, man command
- Code Complete http://www.cc2e.com/
- http://developerweb.net/viewforum.php?id=70

# **6 Project Submission**

#### 6.1 Code

The project submission should include the source code of the programs implementing the *User* and the *AS server*, as well as the corresponding *Makefile* and the *auto-avaliação* excel file.

The *makefile* should compile the code and place the executables in the current directory.

## 6.2 Auxiliary Files

Together with the project submission you should also include any auxiliary files needed for the project operation together with a *readme.txt* file.

#### 6.3 Submission

The project submission is done by e-mail to the lab teacher, no later than December 15, 2023, at 23:59 PM.

You should create a single zip archive containing all the source code, makefile, all auxiliary files required for executing the project and the *auto-avaliação* excel file. The archive should be prepared to be opened to the current directory and compiled with the command make.

The name of the archive should follow the format: proj group number.zip

# 7 Open Issues

You are encouraged to think about how to extend this protocol in order to make it more generic.