



Enviro-HIRLAM in Research Training

by Alexander Mahura¹, Roman Nuterman², Alexander Baklanov^{3,2}
Georgii Nerobelov⁴, Mykhailo Savenets⁵

1 - University of Helsinki, Institute for Atmospheric and Earth System Research (UHEL-INAR)

2 - University of Copenhagen, Niels Bohr Institute (UCPH-NBI)

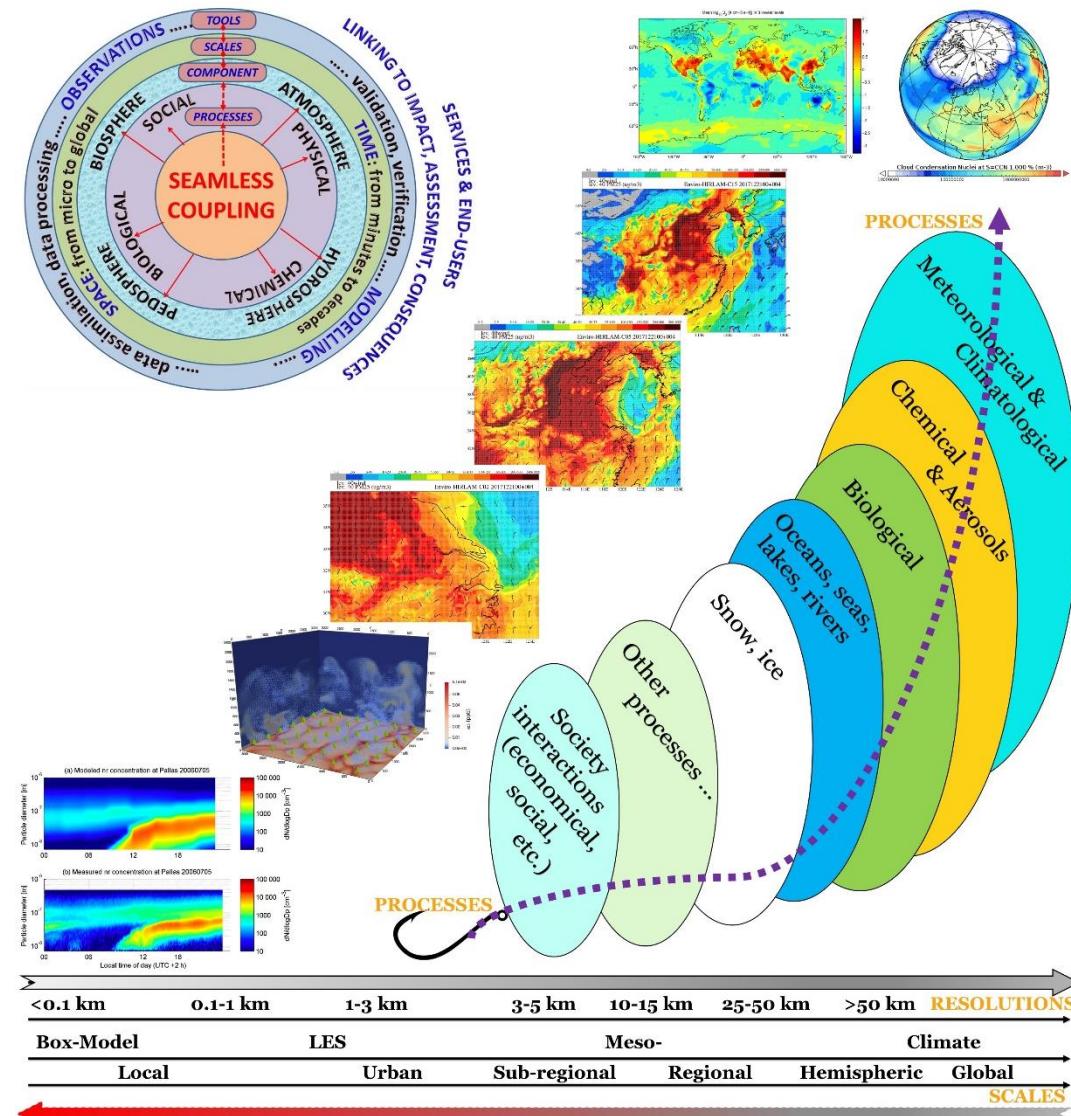
3 - World Meteorological Organization (WMO)

4 - Saint-Peterburg State University (SPBU)

5 - Ukrainian Hydrometeorological Institute (UHMI)

(!) In linkage with multiple research projects and collaboration with many colleagues (!)

Small-Scale Research Projects (SSRP)



- Based on Approaches for Multi-Scale and – Processes Modelling
- Research projects are designed by teachers of SSRPs with following selected models:
 - EC-Earth**
 - Enviro-HIRLAM**
 - ARCA-Box/ MALTE-Box**
- More than 30 models are being a part of the PEEX-Modelling-Platform

RESEARCH TOOLS & PARTNERS
 EC-Earth, Enviro-HIRLAM, ASAM, SOSAS, MALTE-box
 IT Center for Science
 (CSC, Finland; <https://www.csc.fi>)
 European Center for Medium-range Weather Forecasting
 (ECMWF, UK; <https://www.ecmwf.int>)



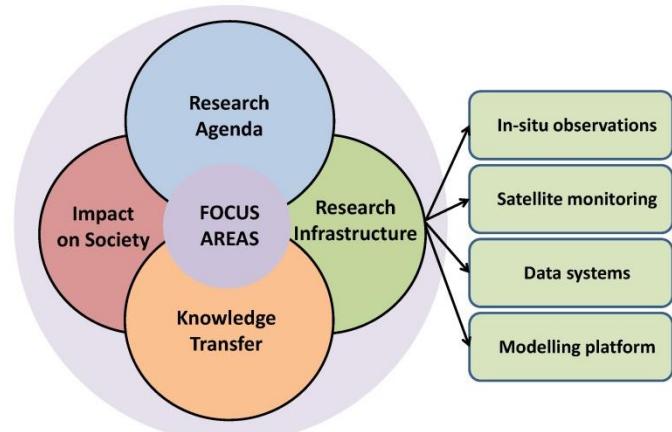
Grid-cell COMPUTATIONAL TIME
 HELSINKIN YLIOPISTO
 HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET
 UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI
 MATEMATTIS-LUONNONTIEELLINEN TIEDEKUNTA
 MATEMATISK-NATURVETENSKAPLIGA FAKULTETEN
 FACULTY OF SCIENCE

<https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/portfolio-items/modelling-platform>

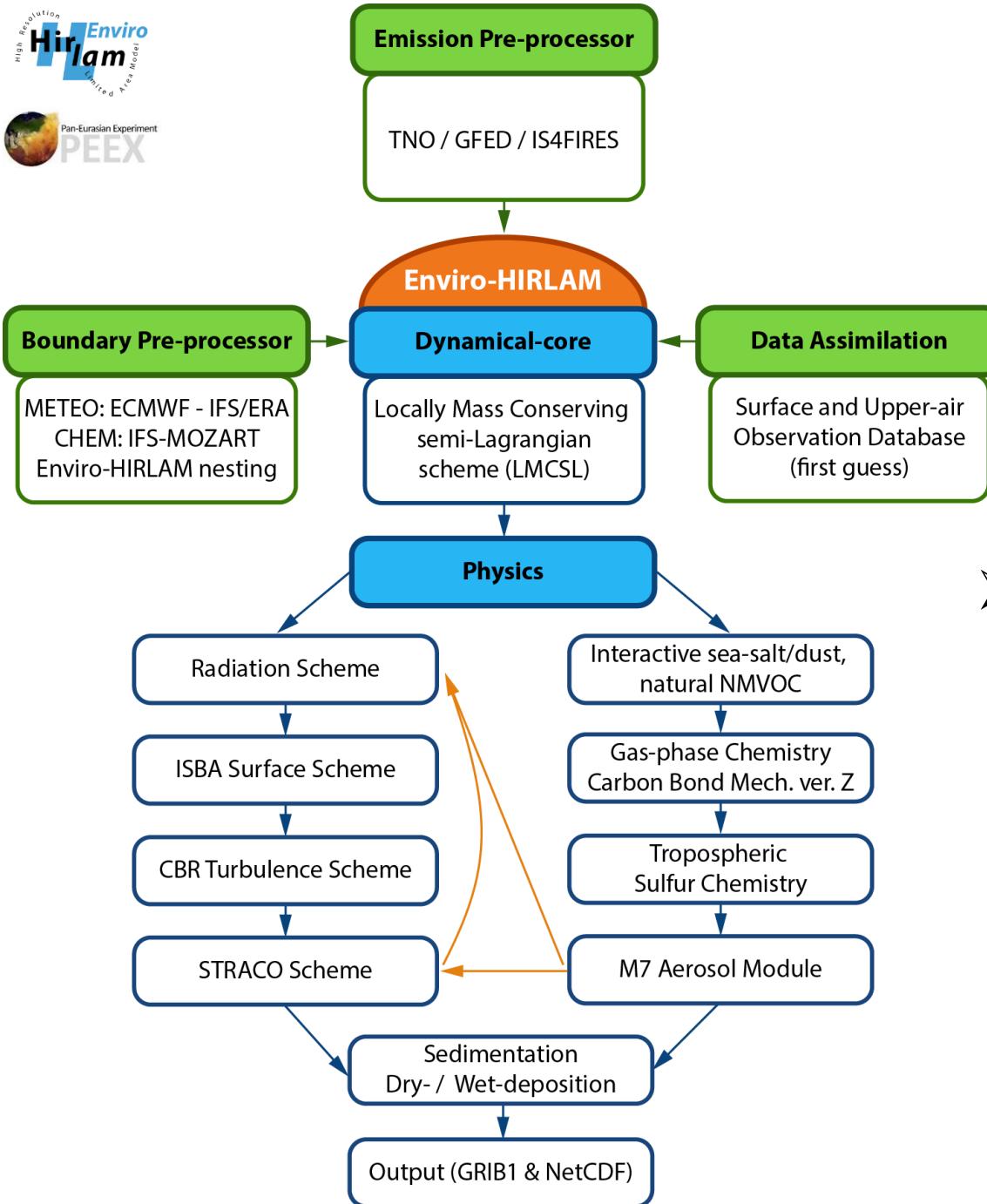


Enviro-HIRLAM/ HARMONIE (EnviroHH)

(Collaboration, Research and Development, Science Education, Dissemination, New Products and Applications)



Enviro-HIRLAM is linked to the
PEEX-Modelling Platform



Enviro-HIRLAM

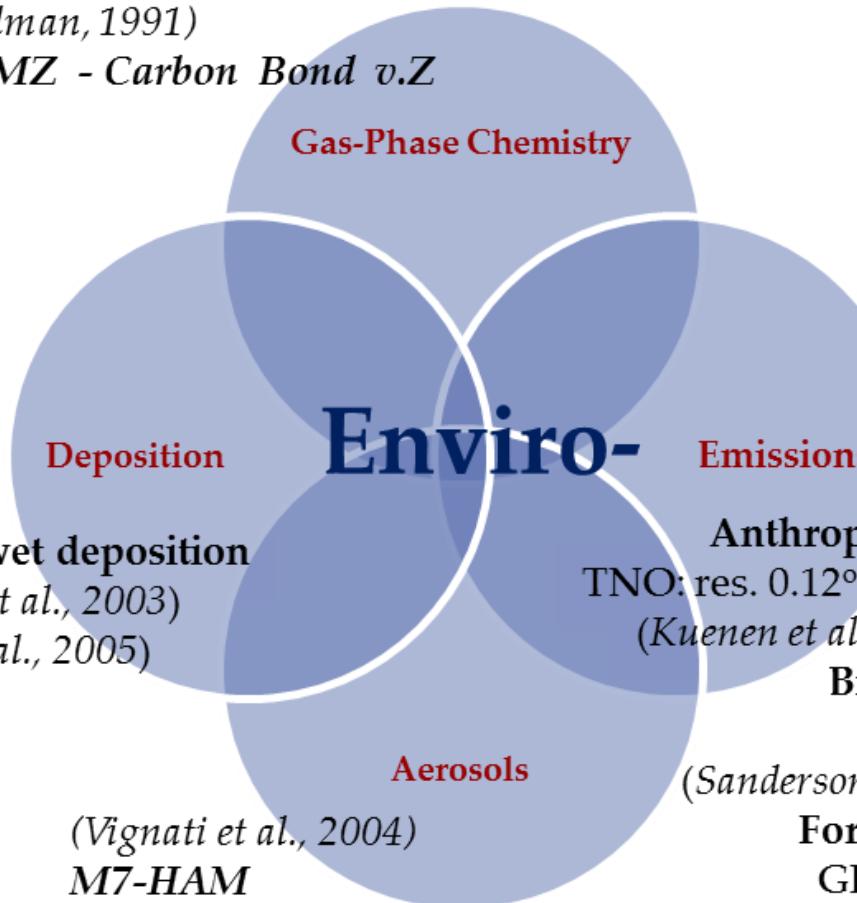
(Environment – HIgh Resolution Limited Area Model)

- Seamless / online coupled integrated meteorology-chemistry-aerosols downscaling modelling system for predicting weather and atmospheric composition

(Baklanov et al., 2017; GMD) - last overview of the modelling system
Mahura et al. (2021+) – in preparation

(Zaveri and Peters, 1999);
 (Shalaby et al., 2012);
 (Sillman, 1991)

CBMZ - Carbon Bond v.Z



Components of the Enviro-HIRLAM modelling system

Components of Enviro-HIRLAM

Enviro-HIRLAM research and development team

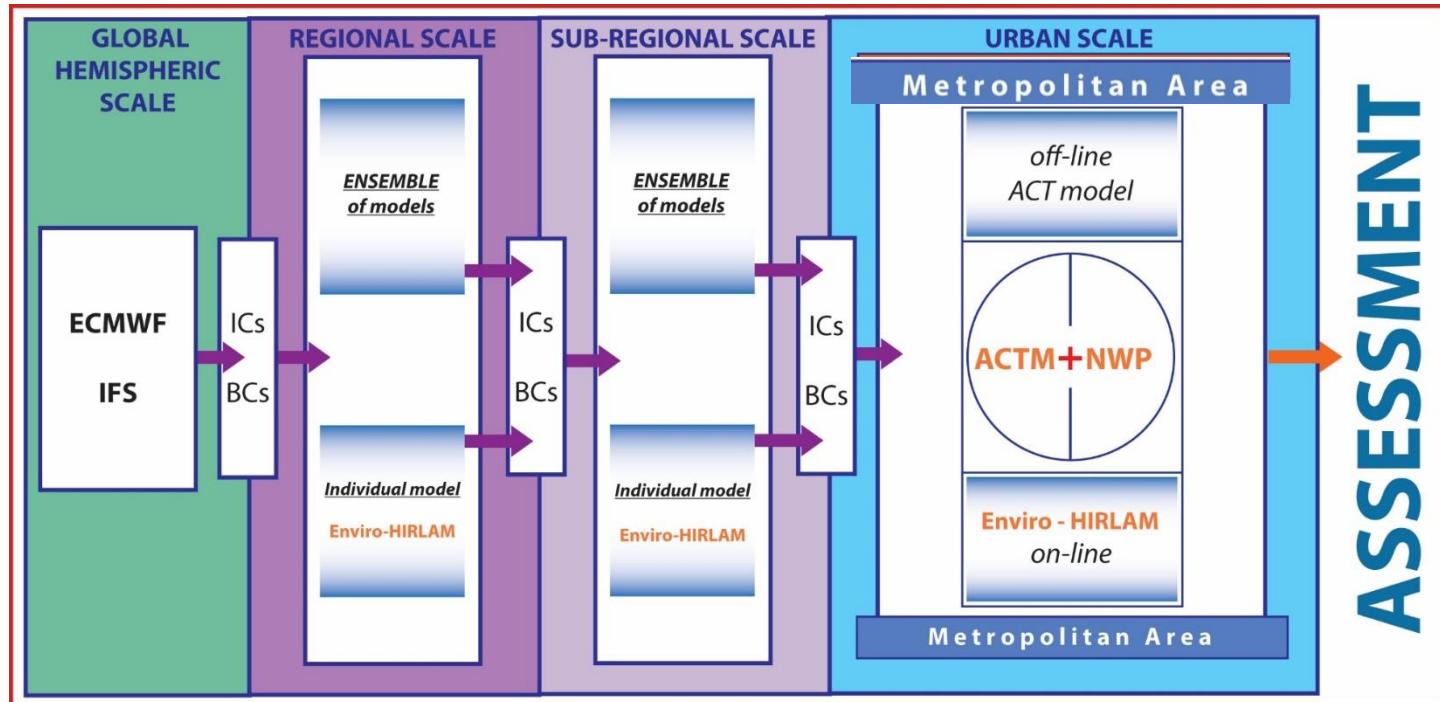
*Baklanov et al., 2002-...
 Mahura et al., 2004-...
 Nuterman et al., 2007-...
 Nerobelov et al., 2016-...
 Savenets et al., 2017-...*

& many other colleagues through collaboration (Denmark, Russia, Ukraine, Kazakhstan, Baltic States, Spain, Turkey, etc.)

Note: emission datasets used depend on research projects:
 MEGAPOLI, TRANSPHORM,
 PEGASOS, MarcoPolo,
 EnsCLIM, CarboNord, RI-URBANS, ...

Downscaling for Enviro-HIRLAM

Regional-Subregional-Urban/City/Local scales



... - 2017 – 2018 – 2019 – 2020 – 2021 - ...

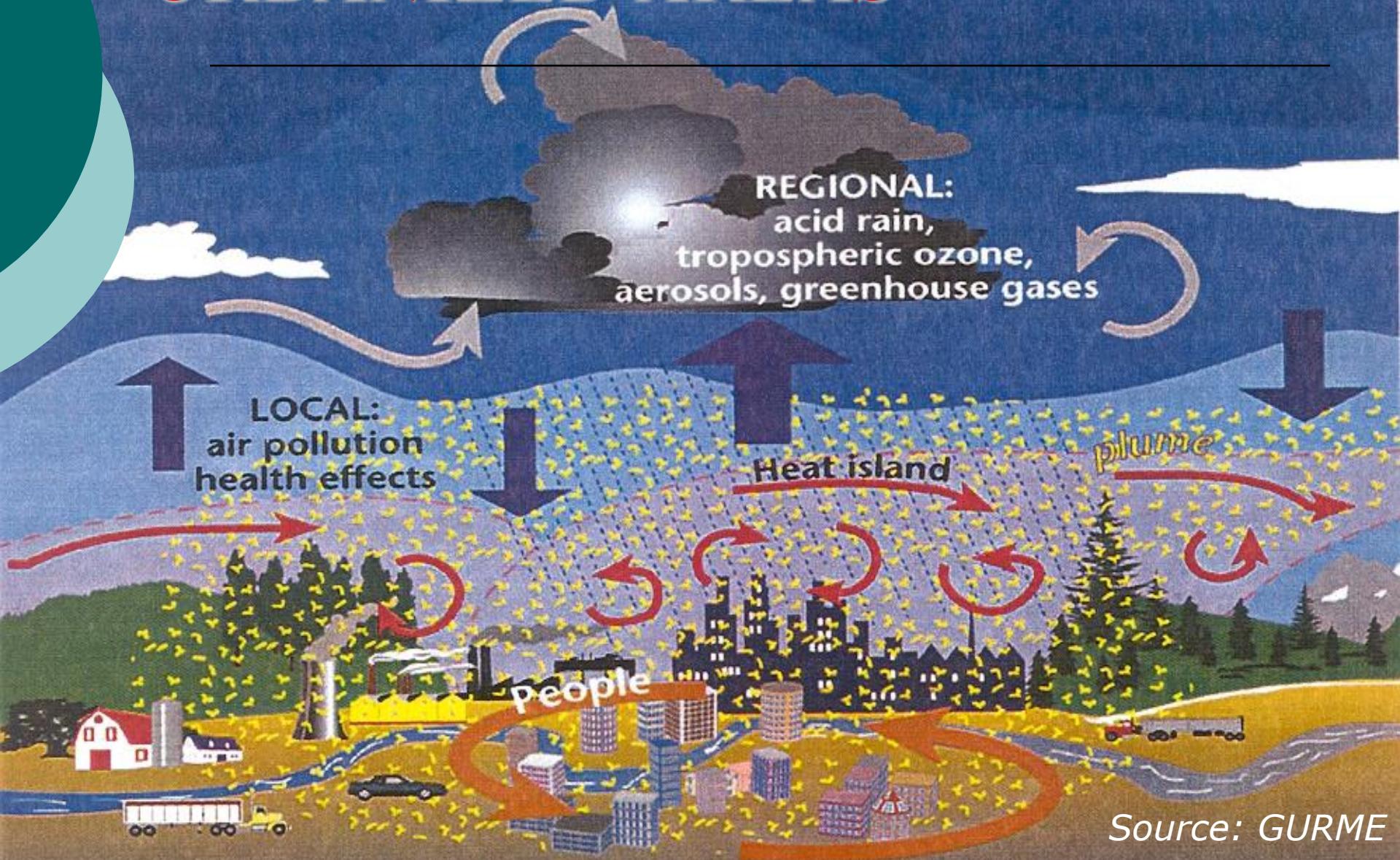
DMI, DK: CRAY-XT5 (*hirdev*) -> CRAY-XC30/XC40 (*hirdev/disperse*)

ECMWF, UK/INT: CRAY-XC30/40 -> (*ecgate + cca*)

UHEL, FI: CRAY-XC30/40 (*taito/sisu*) -> Atos BullSequana X400/XH2000 (*puhti/mahti*)

GLOBAL: climate change

URBANIZED AREAS



Features of Urban Areas

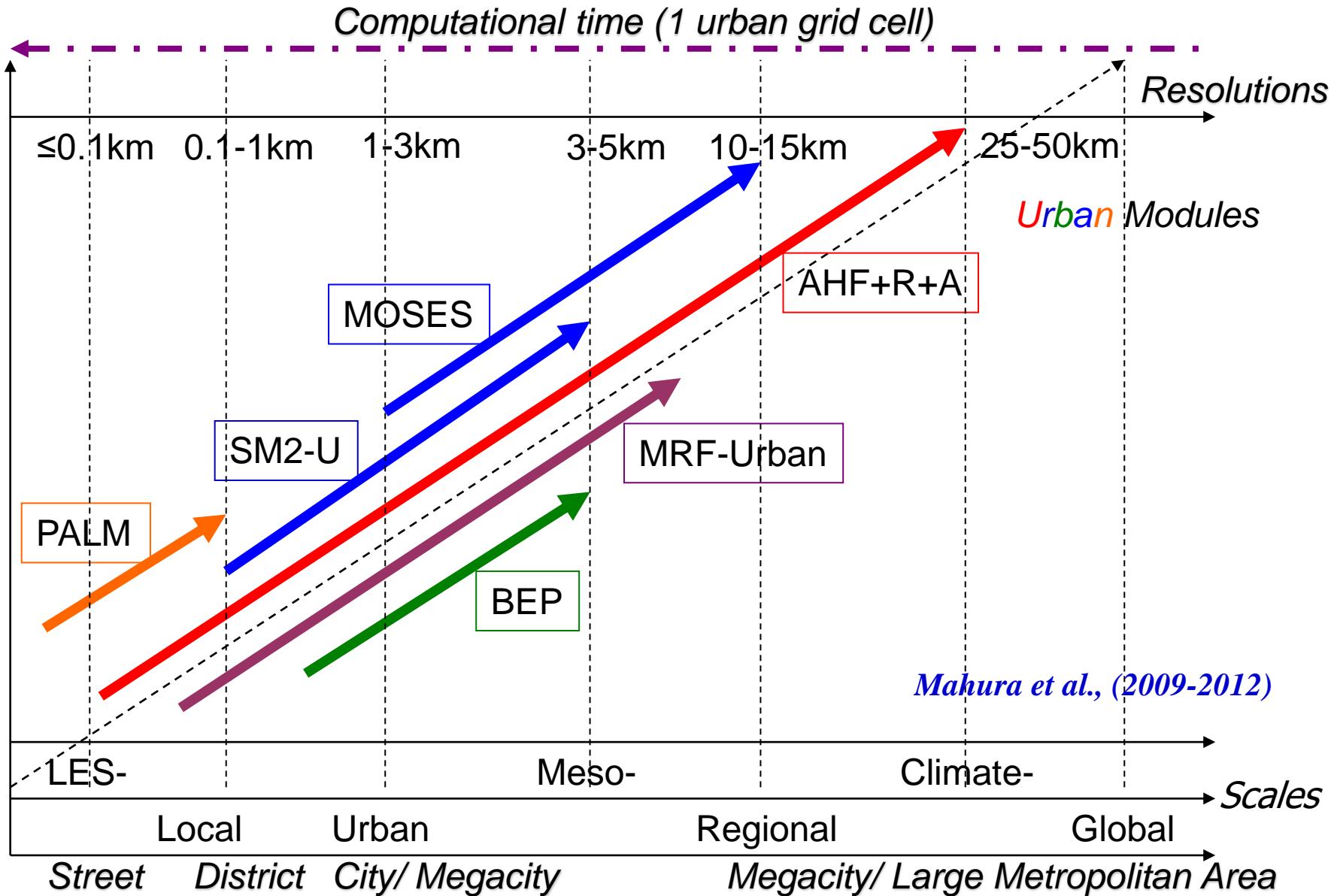
- Local-scale inhomogeneities, sharp changes of roughness and heat fluxes;
- Wind velocity reduce effect due to buildings;
- Redistribution of eddies due to buildings, from large to small;
- Trapping of radiation in street canyons;
- Effect of urban soil structure, diffusivities heat and water vapor;
- Anthropogenic heat fluxes, urban heat island;
- Internal urban boundary layers, urban mixing height,
- Effects of pollutants (aerosols) emissions, transformation and transport on urban meteorology and climate;
- Land use drastic changes due to urbanization;
- Urban effects on clouds, precipitation and thunderstorms.

These urban features influence formation of airflow, its turbulence regime, microclimate, and accordingly modify transport, dispersion, and deposition of atmospheric pollutants in urban areas.



Hierarchy of Approaches

Mahura & Baklanov (2010)

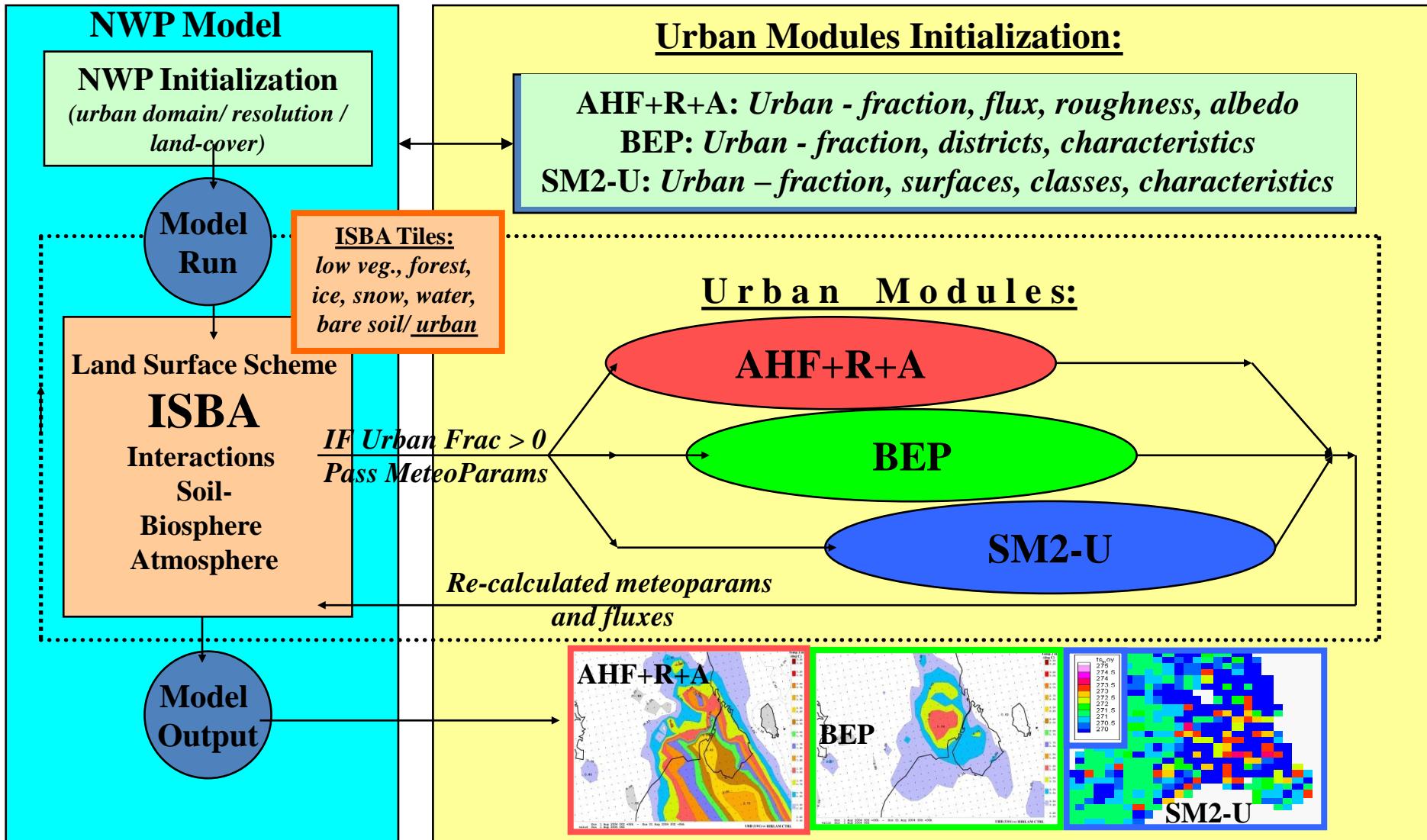


MODELS' URBANIZATION

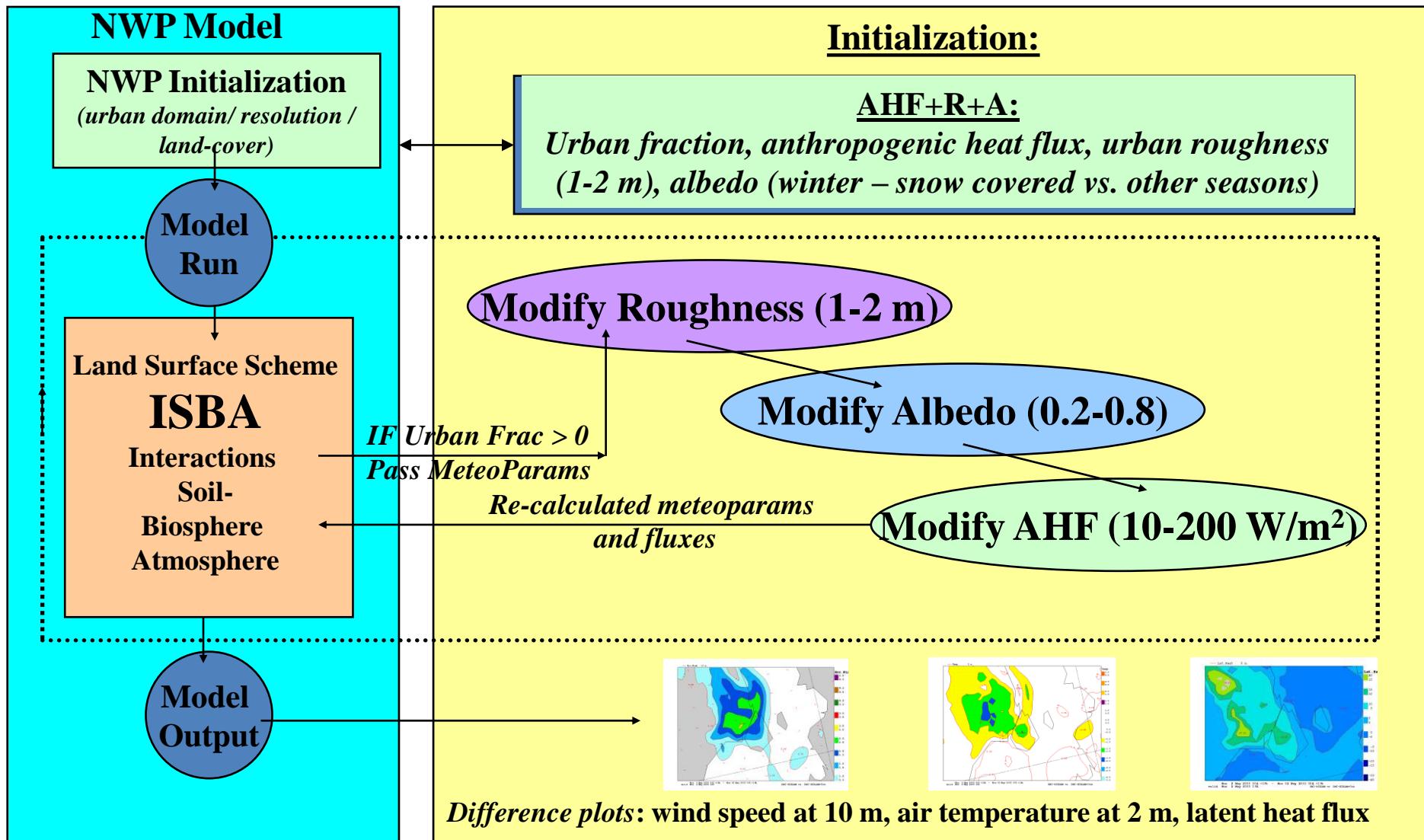


Urbanization Modules Applied

Mahura et al. (2004-2017) in FUMAPEX, HIRLAM, COST728, MEGAPOLI, MACC, TRANSPHORM, MarcoPolo



Mahura et al. (2005-2007) in FUMAPEX, HIRLAM, COST728



Anthropogenic Heat Flux in Urban Areas (AHF)

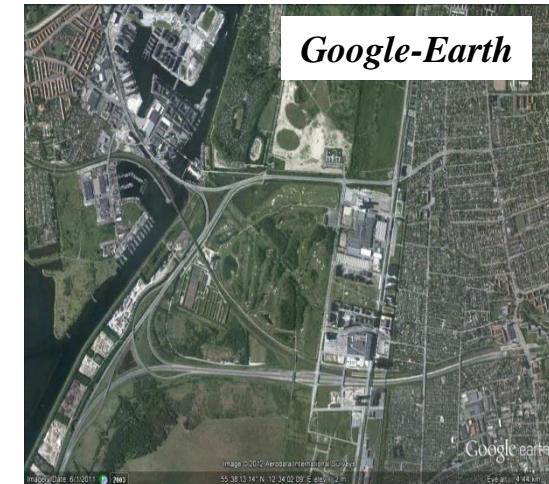


can be estimated based on assumption of dependency/ proportionality to other urban characteristics

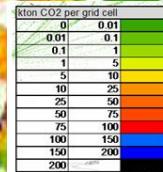
NASA/GSFC



Google-Earth



- Population density maps with a high resolution in urban areas;
- Satellite images of the night lightness over urban areas (but difficulties to use for industrial and developing countries, should be corrected);
- Land-use classification as a percentage of urban classes (central part, urban, sub-urban, industrial, etc.);
- Emission inventory for specific pollutants typical for urban areas (e.g., due to traffic emission, etc.);
- Monitoring or simulation of concentration fields for specific air pollutants typical for urban areas.



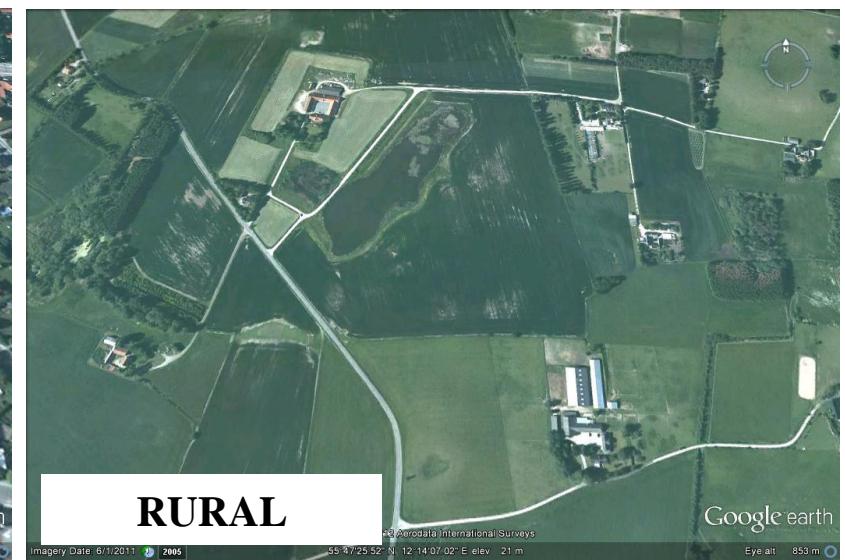
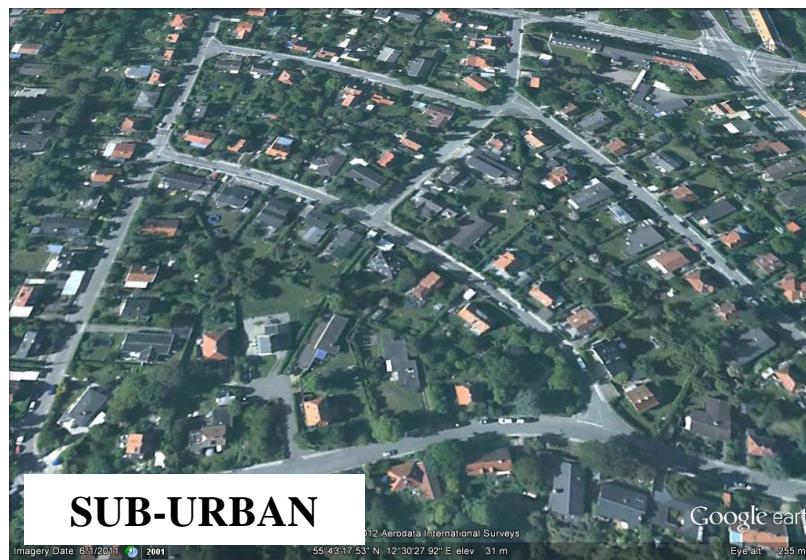
<http://edgar.jrc.ec.europa.eu>



<http://spworldstudiescp.wordpress.com>

Roughness in Urban Areas (R)

can be estimated based on assumption of dependency
to urban environment characteristics (buildings/houses, infrastructure, industry, etc.)

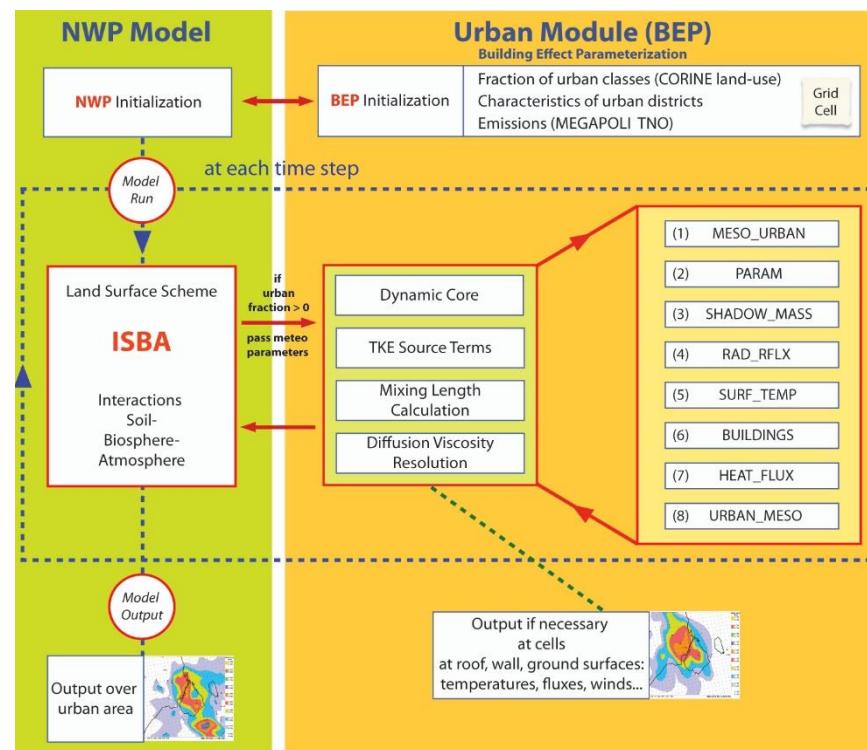


Urban/ City Scale Modelling (with BEP)

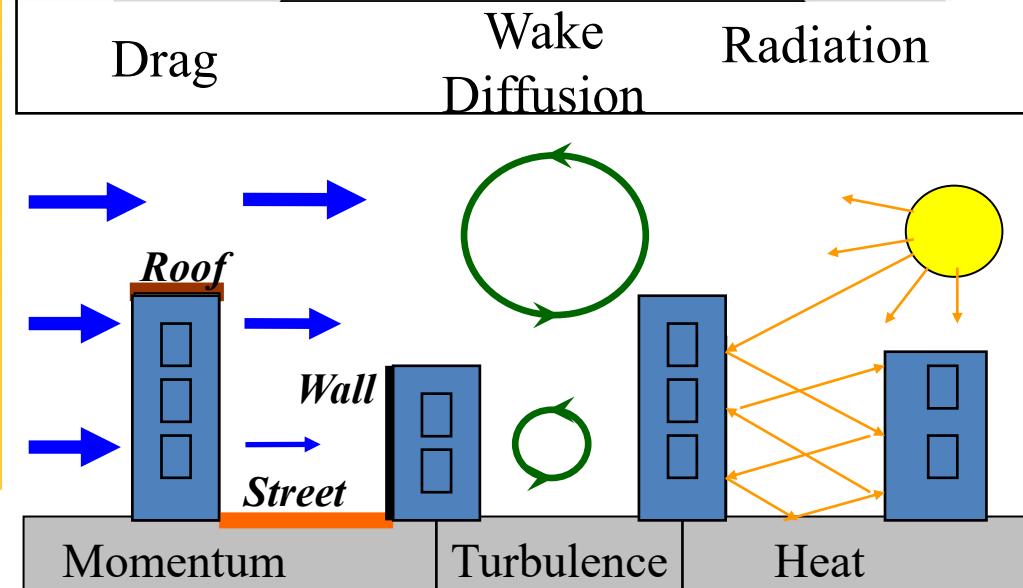
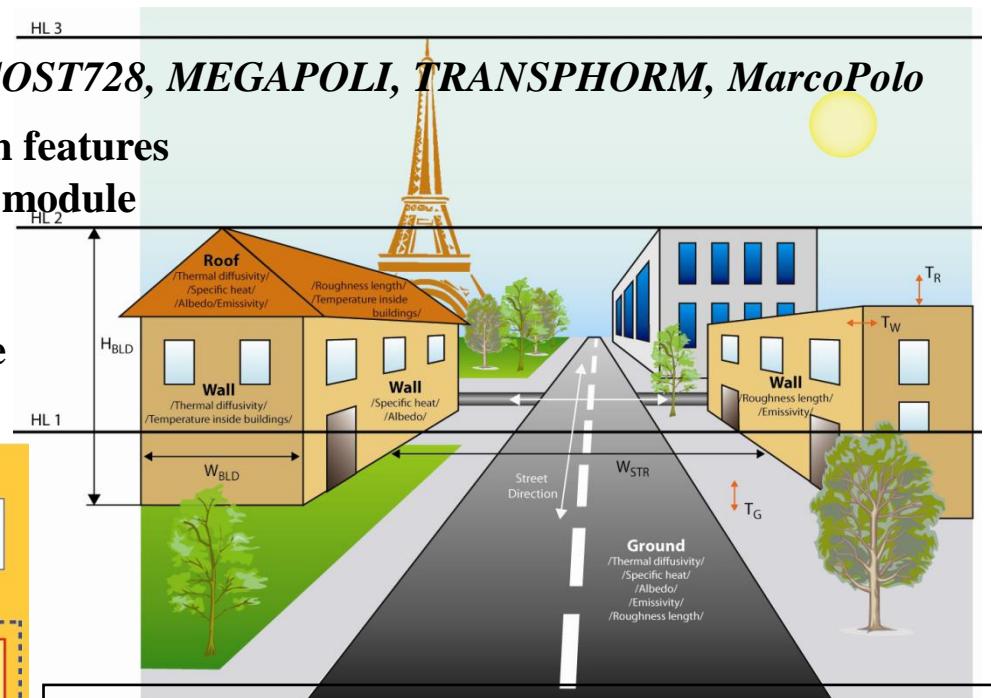
Mahura et al. (2005-2017) in HIRLAM, COST728, MEGAPOLI, TRANSPHORM, MarcoPolo

Schematic representation of urban features
and numerical grid in the urban module

General scheme of BEP module for the
HIRLAM model urbanization with a structure
of the subroutine concept



(Martilli et al., 2002)



An aerial photograph showing a patchwork of agricultural fields in various colors (green, yellow, brown) and a dense cluster of buildings in the upper right corner.

LAND COVER and LAND USE

Land Cover and Land Use

Land cover -

defined as observed physical cover, as seen from the ground or through remote sensing, including natural or planted vegetation and human constructions (buildings, roads, etc.) which cover the earth's surface. Water, ice, bare rock or sand surfaces count as land cover.

Land Use –

defined as a series of activities undertaken to produce one or more goods or services. A given land use may take place on one or several pieces of land, and several land uses may occur on the same piece of land.

Land-Cover Data

observed physical cover, as seen from the ground or through remote sensing (water, ice, bare rock, sand, natural/planted vegetation and human constructions)

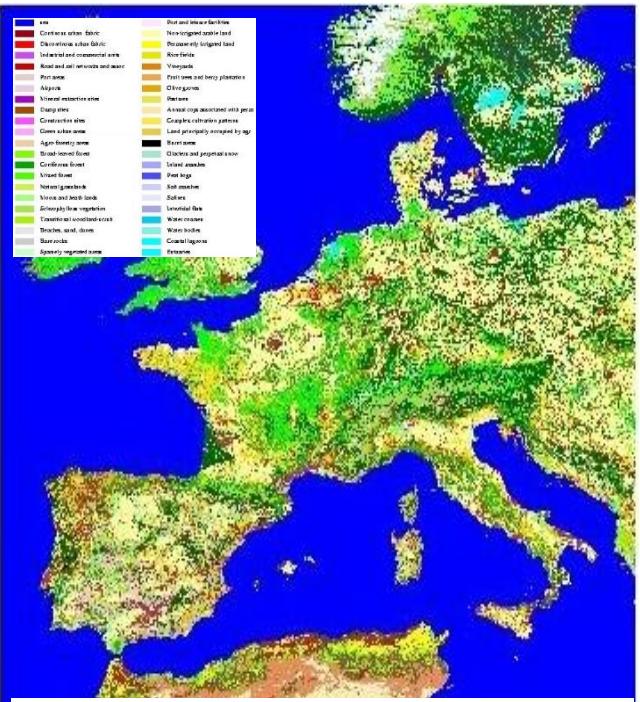
Need for meteorological modelling

- Simulate exchanges between surface and atmosphere (momentum, heat, water, chemical species, etc.);

- Take into account the climate variability from one region to another;

- Separate the surface schemes from the atmospheric model - allows to use the same surface code for several atmospheric models (runs) - easy switch between surface schemes and options;

- All surface fields necessary to land surface schemes



<http://www.cnrm.meteo.fr/gmme/>
PROJETS/ECOCLIMAP

ECOCLIMAP-I, II :
1 km resolution,
200+ & 500+ classes



Source: <http://www.eea.eu.int>

CORINE :
250 & 100 m resolution

+ USGS, PELCOM, etc. datasets

Urban Districts in Metropolitan Areas: Classification & Characteristics

Residential (RD)



City Center/High Buildings District (CC/HBD)



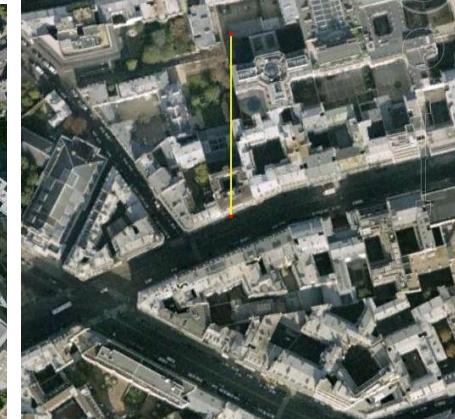
Industrial Commercial (ICD)



City Center



High Buildings District

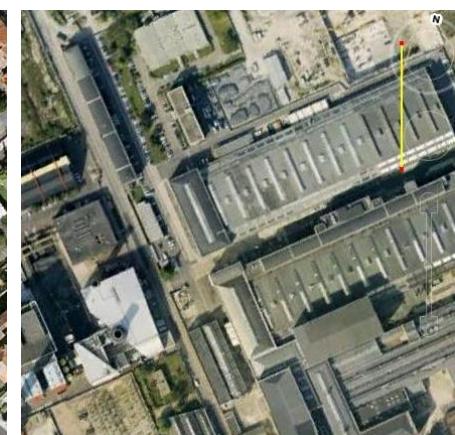


*GIS - Extraction of
districts related
characteristics
(statistics):*

- *Morphology parameters* (avg. height, volume, perimeter, compactness, space between buildings)
- *Cover modes* (surface density (SD) of buildings, of vegetation, hydrography, roads, N buildings)
- *Aerodynamic parameters* (roughness length, displacement height, frontal and lateral SD)

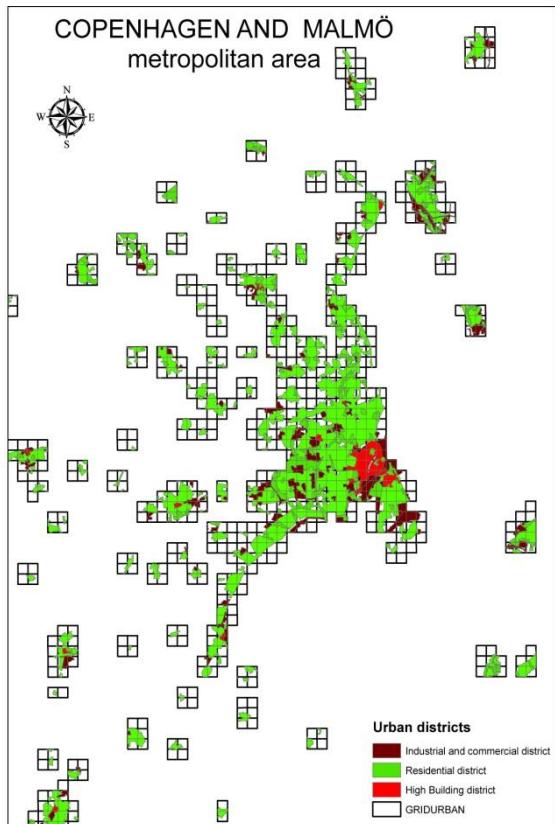


Residential District

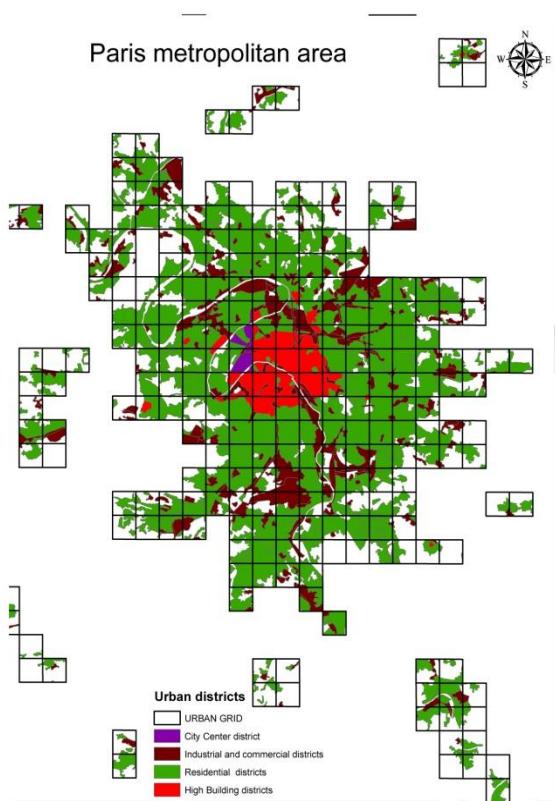


Industrial Commercial
District

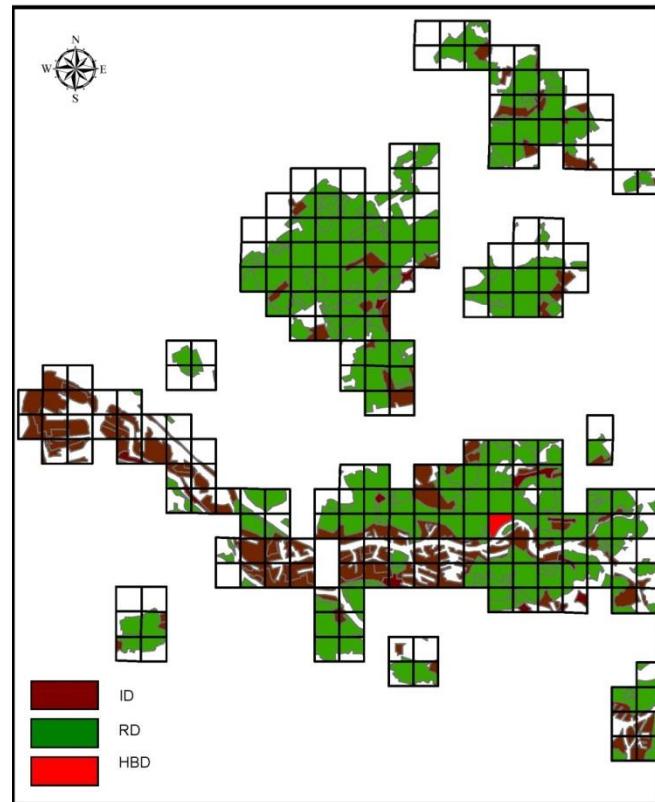
Urban Districts in Metropolitan Areas: Classification & Characteristics



Copenhagen (Denmark)



Paris (France)
Metropolitan Areas



Rotterdam (The Netherlands)



Copenhagen Metropolitan Area

Denmark

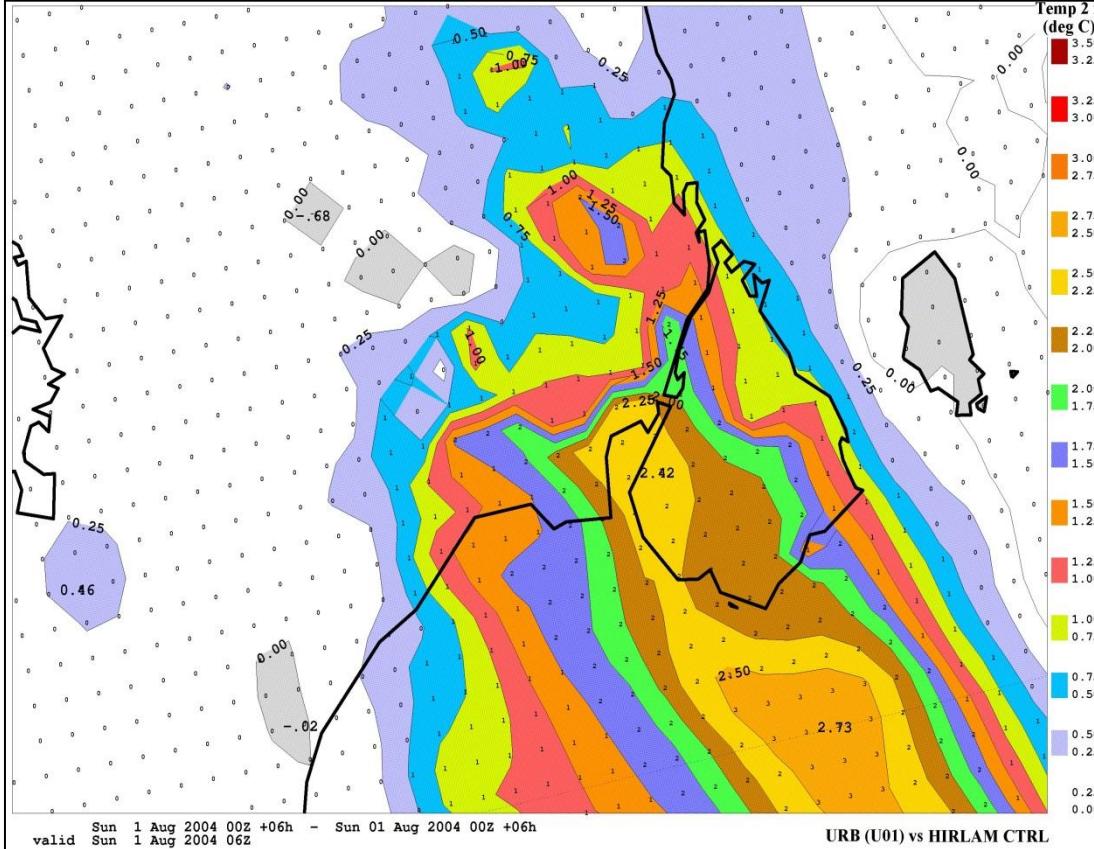


24.05.2008

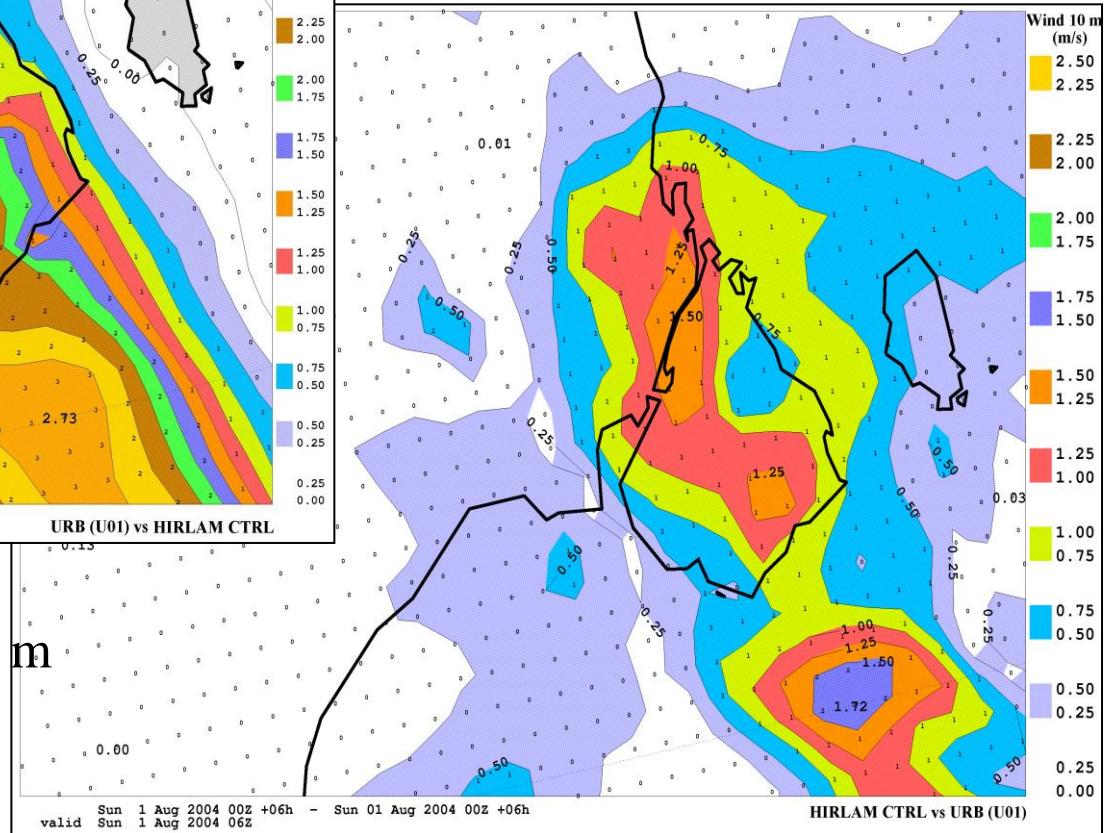
AHF+R: Copenhagen Urban Effects Modelling



Difference between runs: 01 Aug 2004, 06 UTC



(control vs. urbanized run)
Difference field for wind at 10 m

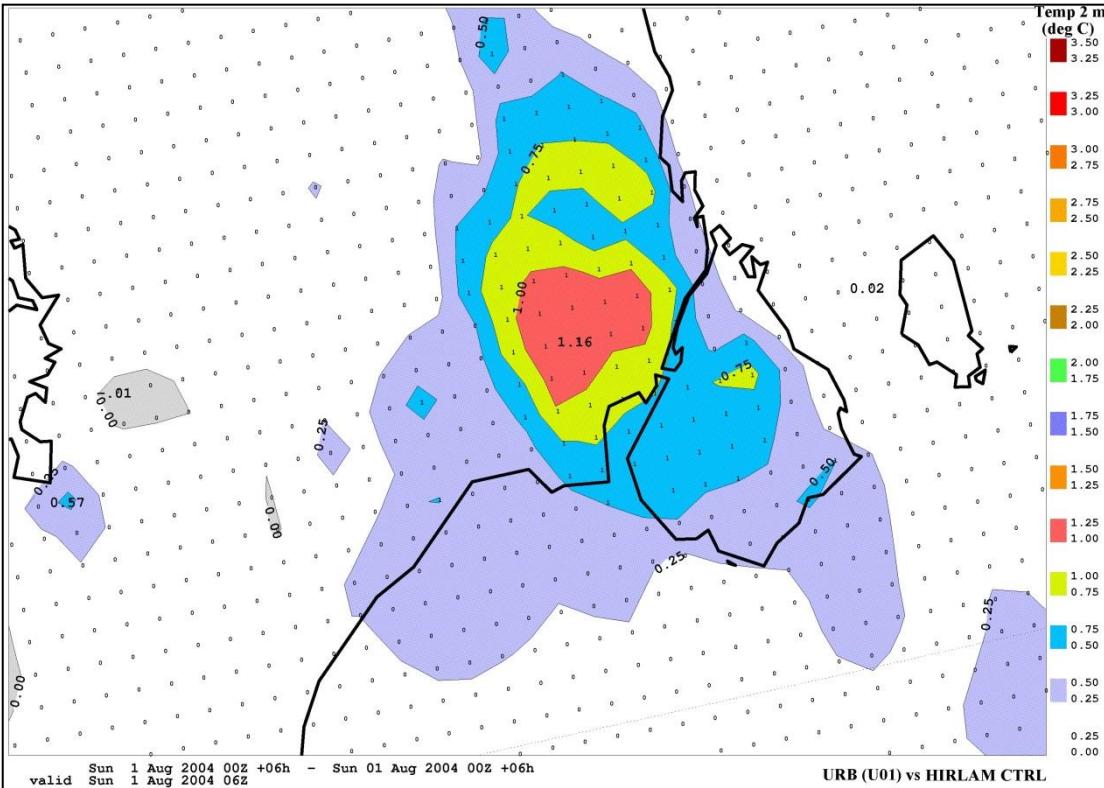


(control vs. urbanized run)
Difference field for temperature at 2 m

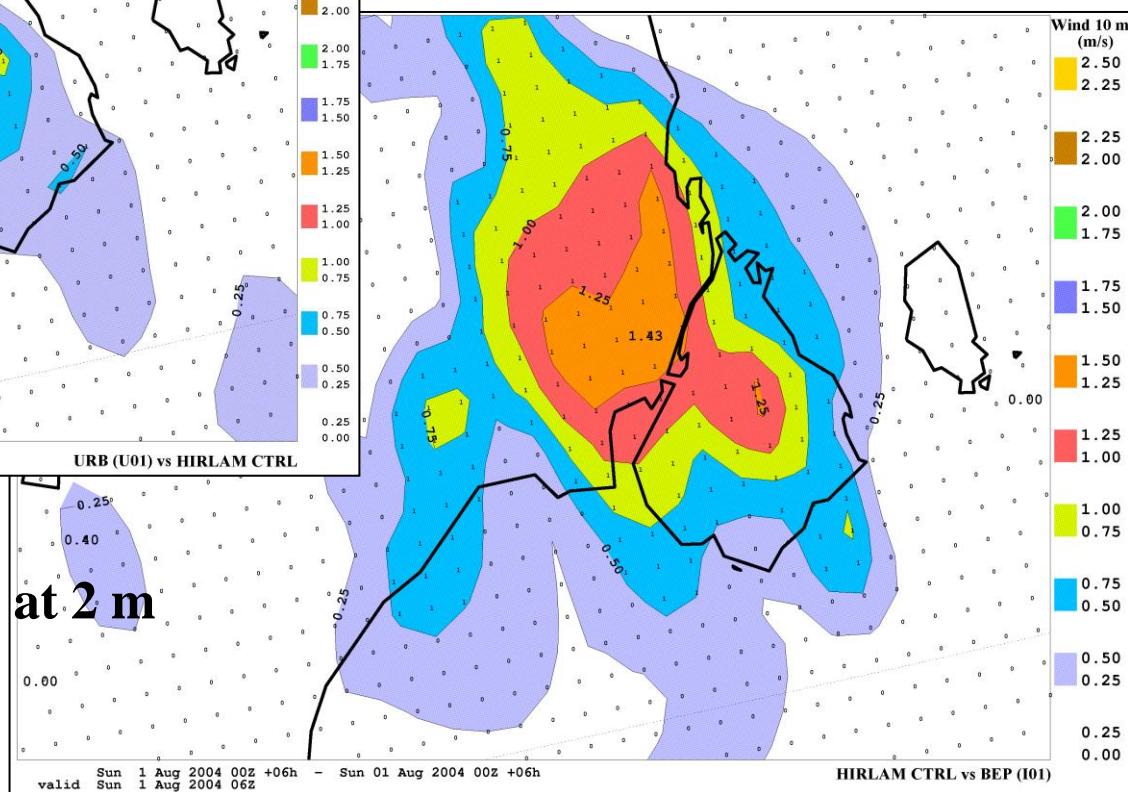
BEP: Copenhagen Urban Effects Modelling

Difference between runs: 01 Aug 2004, 06 UTC

High Resolution
Hir^{Enviro}lam
Urbanized Area Model



(control vs. urbanized run)
Difference field for wind at 10 m



(control vs. urbanized run)
Difference field for temperature at 2 m

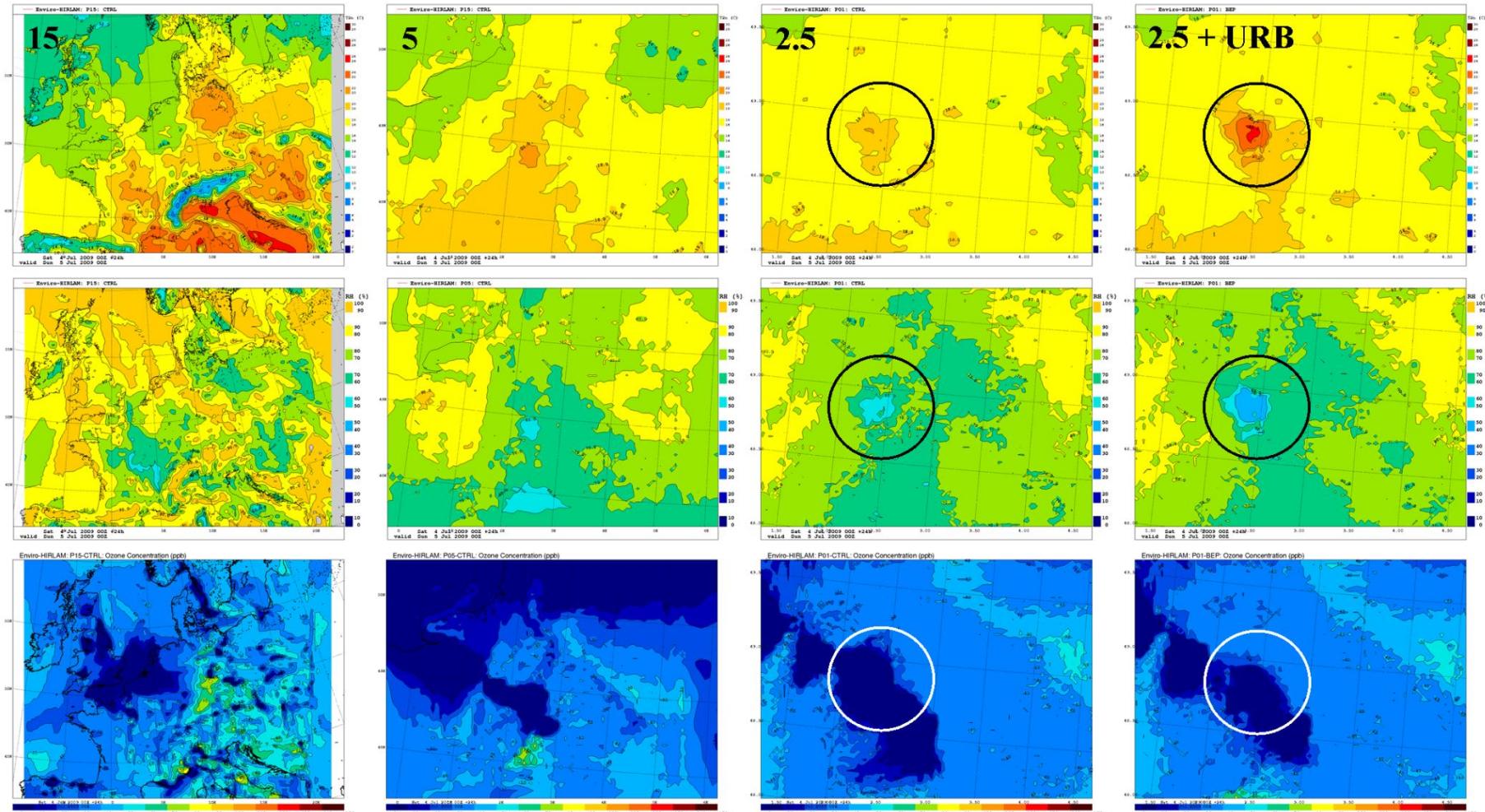


Paris Metropolitan Area

France

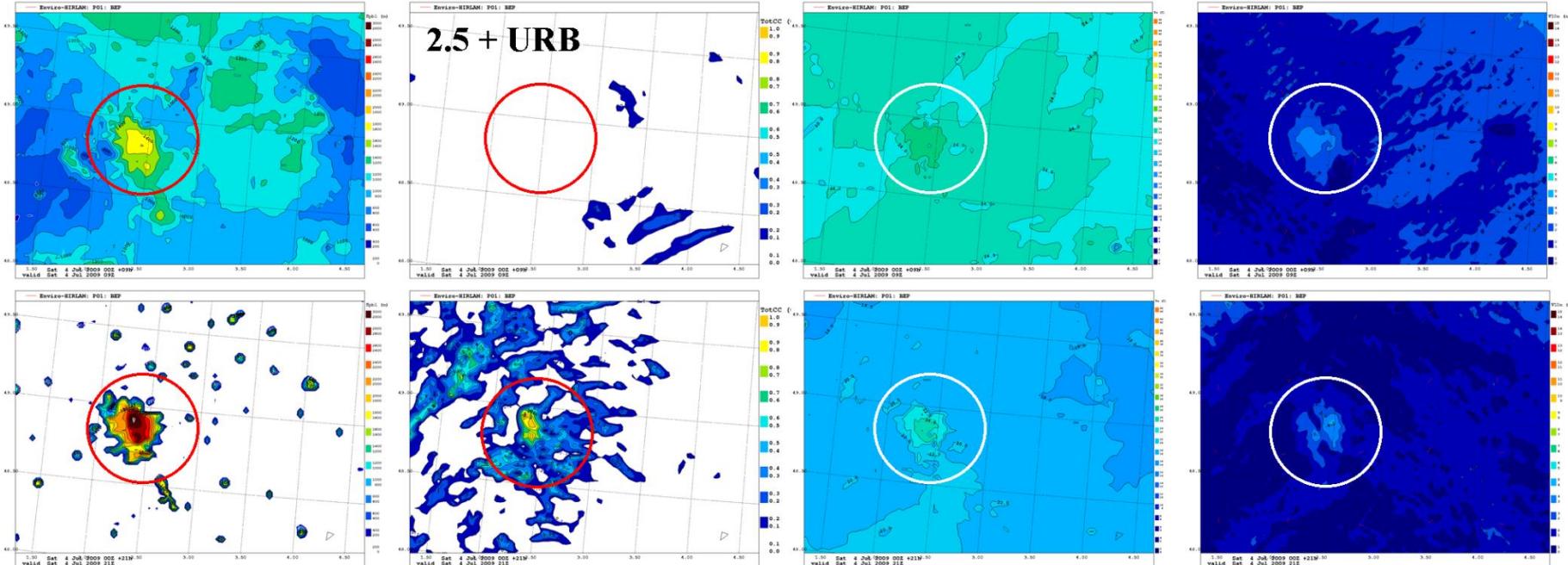


Research: Downscaling for Paris Metropolitan Area (meteorology & chemistry)



Enviro-HIRLAM downscaling (from left to right: CTRL 15—5—2.5 km & 2.5+URB) meteorological (top—air temperature, middle—humidity) and chemical (bottom—ozone) fields on 4 Jul 2009, 00+24 UTC.
Mahura et al. (2009-12)

Paris Metropolitan Area: Temporal Variability of Meteo.Parameters



Variability of (from left-to-right) boundary layer height, total cloud cover, surface temperature, wind speed on 4 Jul 2009 at (top) 09 UTC and (bottom) 21 UTC based on Enviro-HIRLAM model run at 2.5 km resolution with URB=BEP+AHF included.

TRAKT-2018

Kola Peninsula



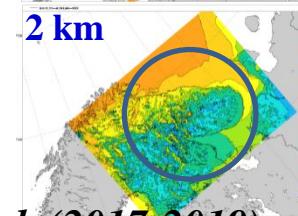
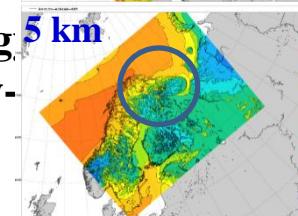
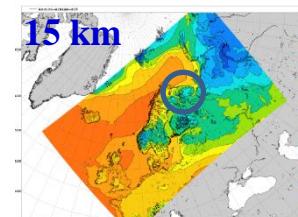
Seamless/ On-line Integrated Modelling

TRAKT - TRAnsferable Knowledge & Technologies for high-resolution environmental impact assessment & management (www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/trakt-2018)

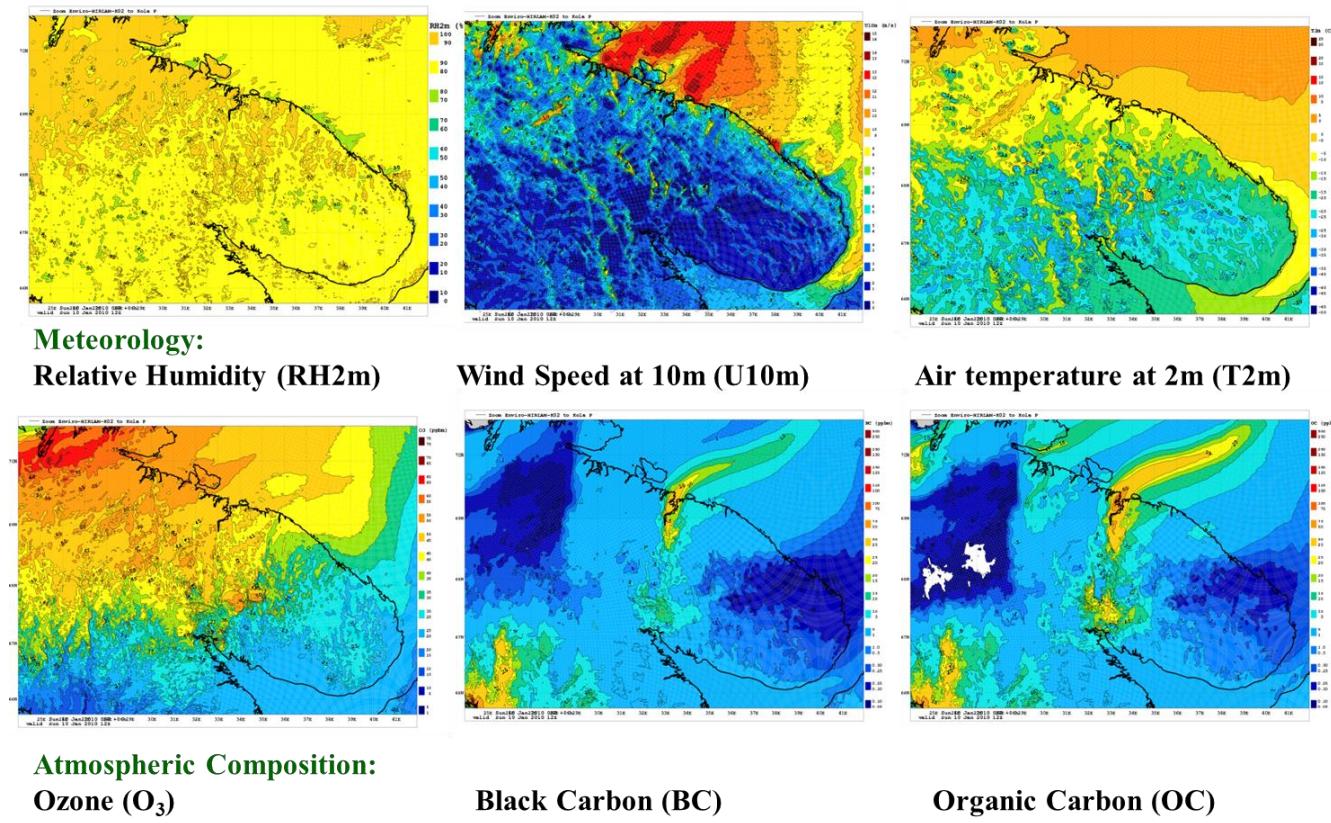
Regional-
subregional
urban
scale
domains



Seamless /
online
integrated
meteorolog
-chemistry-
aerosols
modelling
at multi-
scales



**High resolution modelling (at 2 km)
for meteorology and atmospheric composition**





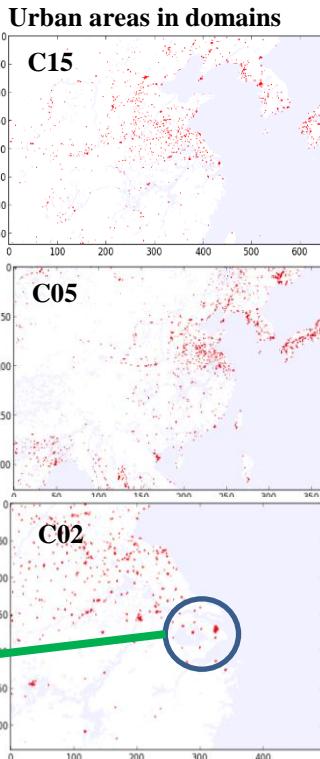
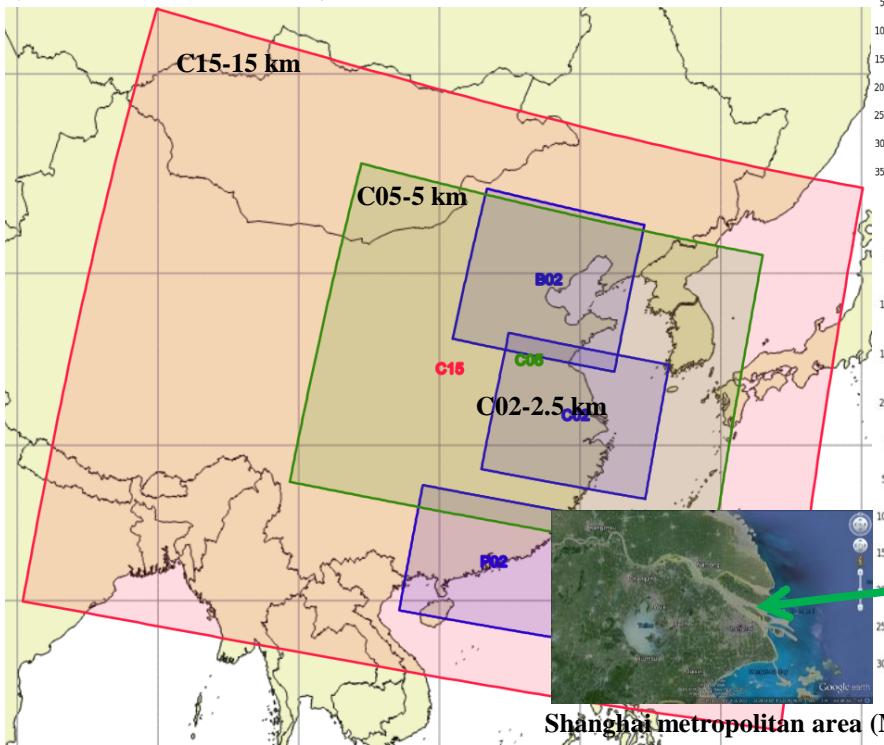
Shanghai Metropolitan Area China



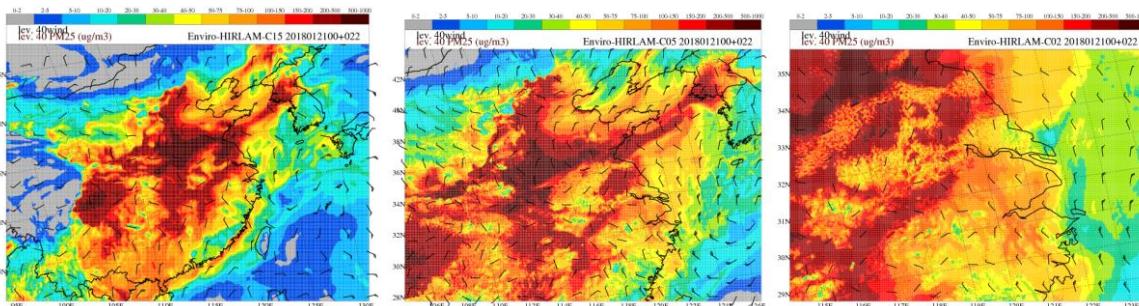
Downscaling for Shanghai (meteo & aerosols)



Enviro-HIRLAM model downscaling domains
(15 – 5 – 2.5 km resolutions)



Shanghai metropolitan area (MA)



Enviro-HIRLAM operational PM2.5 concentration forecasts for China in a downscaling chain (left-right: regional, sub-regional, urban - Shanghai metropolitan area) for 21 Jan 2018, 22 UTC

<http://www.marcpolo-panda.eu/products/regional-air-quality-forecasts/enviro-hirlam>

CPU time spent for 1 run:

C15: 1h2min
C05: 3h3min
C02: 3h6min

Surface level disc use for 1 run:

C15: 533M
C05: 1,5G
C02: 947M

Model level disc use for 1 run:

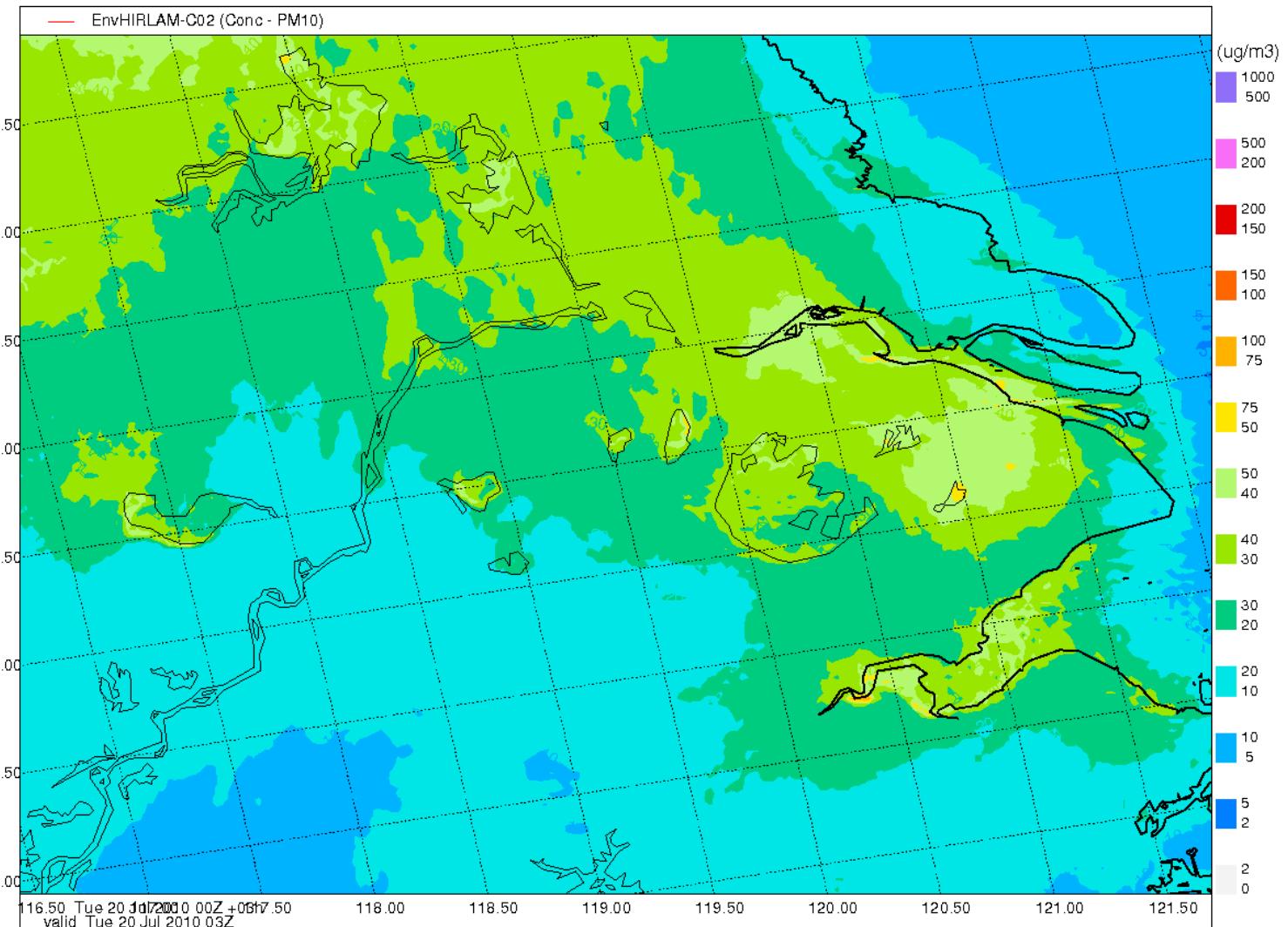
C15: 12G
C05: 33G
C02: 23G

The Silk Road agenda of the Pan-Eurasian Experiment (PEEX) Program

by Lappalainen, Kulmala, Kujansuu, Petäjä, Mahura, de Leeuw, Zilitinkevich, Juustila, Kerminen, Bornstein, Zhang, Yong, Yubao, Dong, Jie, Guo
MS: BED (2018)

2.5km: Urban Scale - Shanghai: PM10

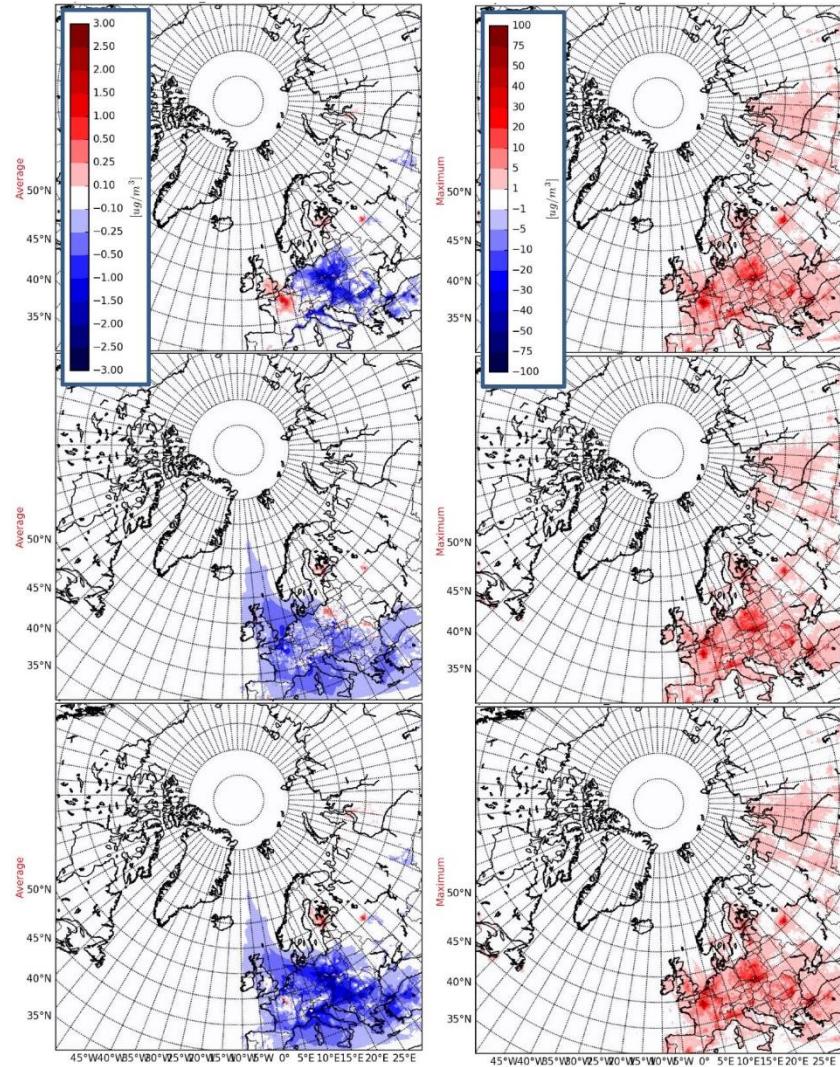
Diurnal cycle: 20 Jul 2010





Examples of Enviro-HIRLAM Applications

Aerosols Effects - Northern Hemisphere



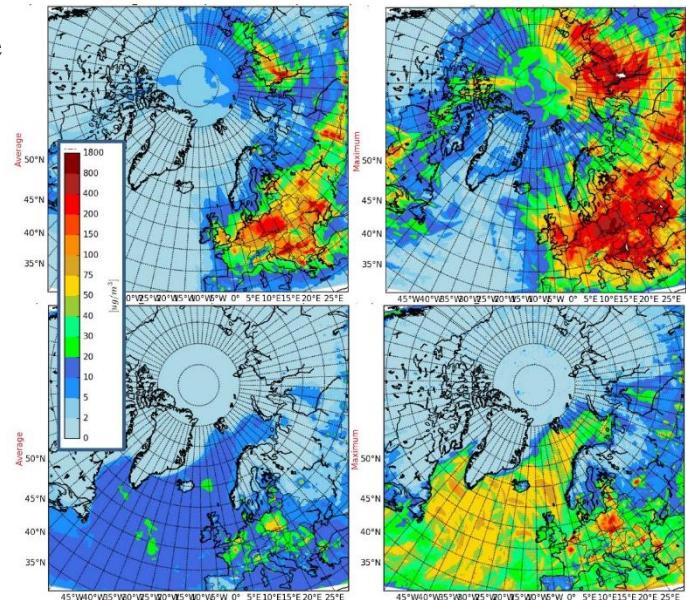
► Difference fields between CTRL&DAE (top), CTRL&IDAE (middle), CTRL&DAE+IDEA (bottom) runs with the Enviro-HIRLAM model for monthly (January) averaged (left) and maximum (right) concentration of **black carbon, BC** (in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$).

CTRL – reference run

DAE –

Direct Aerosol Effect

IDAE – Indirect Aerosol Effect



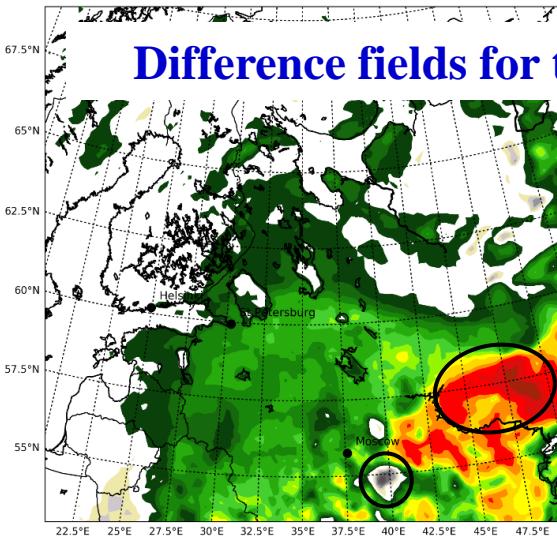
January (12 UTC) monthly averaged (left) and ▲ maximum (right) simulated concentration (in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) of **SO₂** (top) and **PM2.5** (bottom) based on the Enviro-HIRLAM control run simulations.

Focus on 12 months of 2010 / ICs/BCs ERA-5 meteo & CAMS gases+aerosols, DA obs, SST / Emis.Inv – biogenic, anthropogenic / Spin up 1 month – Dec 2009/ Run – CTRL vs Aerosol Effects included / 15km horiz.resol / focus on black and organic carbon concentration and deposition (dry vs. wet) variabilities

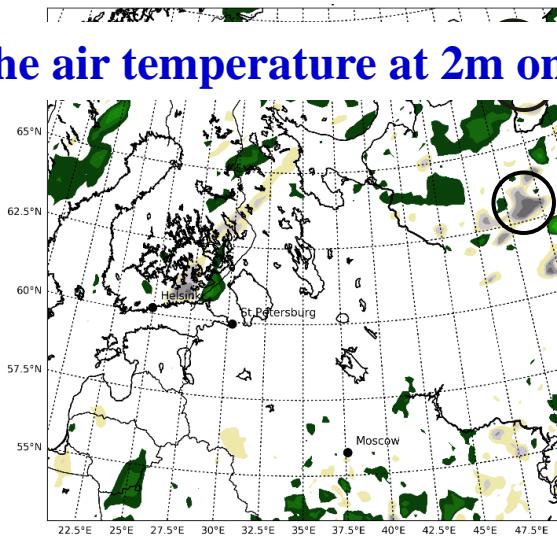
Aerosol Effects - Regional Scale

Nerobelov, 2019

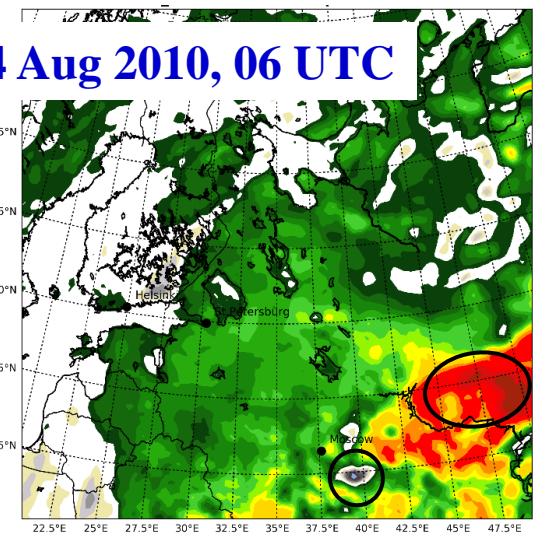
CTRL-DAE



CTRL-IDAE



CTRL-DAE+IDAE



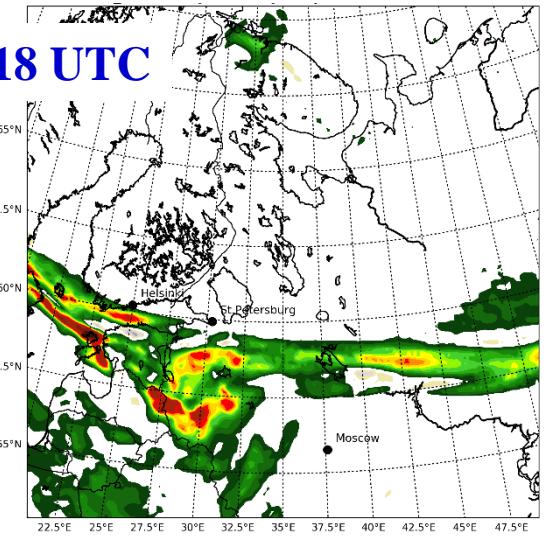
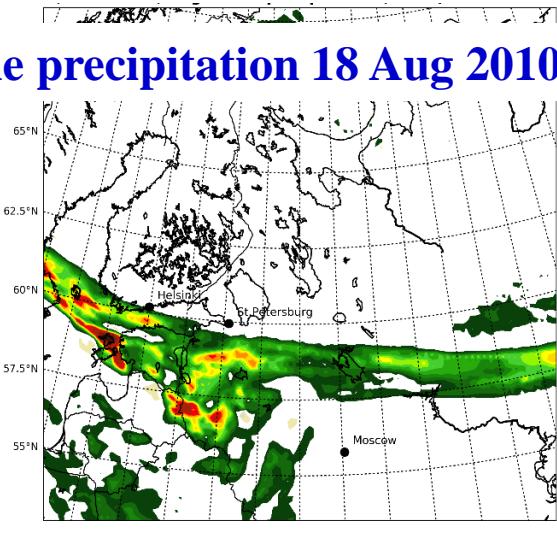
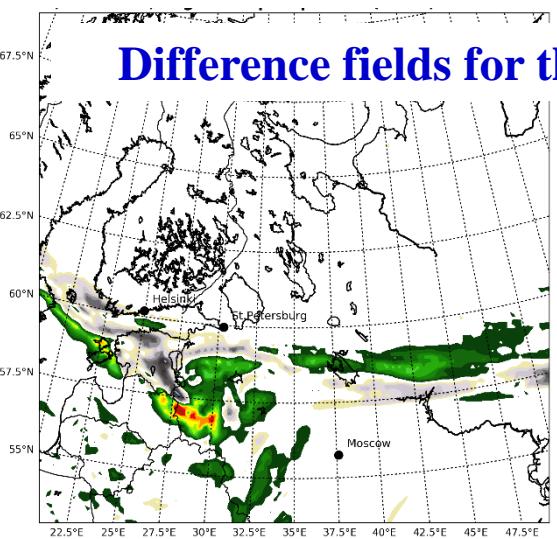
Difference fields for the air temperature at 2m on 4 Aug 2010, 06 UTC

Direct effect ↓ 14, ↑ 3.5 °C

Indirect effect ↓ 3, ↑ 2.5 °C

Combined effect ↓ 14, ↑ 4 °C

Difference fields for the precipitation 18 Aug 2010, 18 UTC



Direct effect ↓ 8, ↑ 5 MM

Indirect effect ↓ 20, ↑ 1 MM

Combined effect ↓ 20, ↑ 1 MM

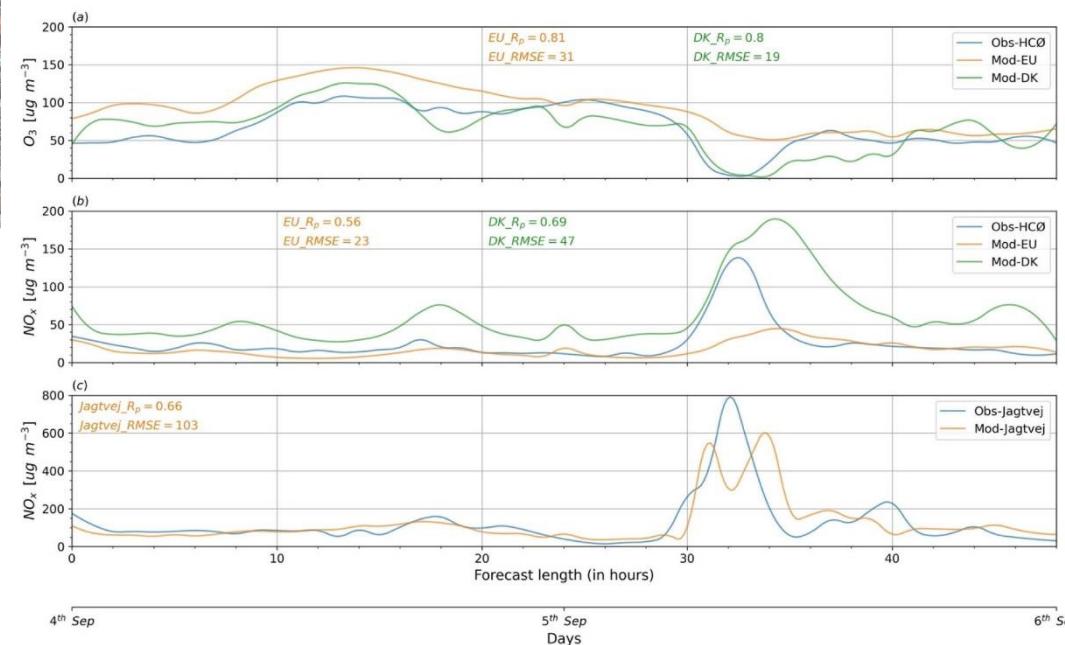
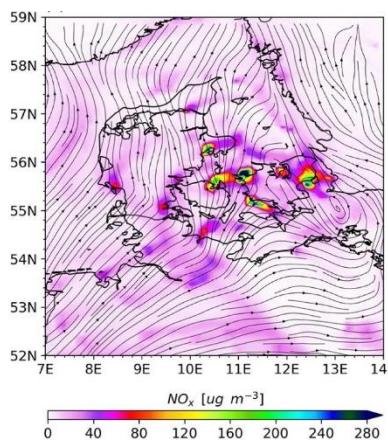
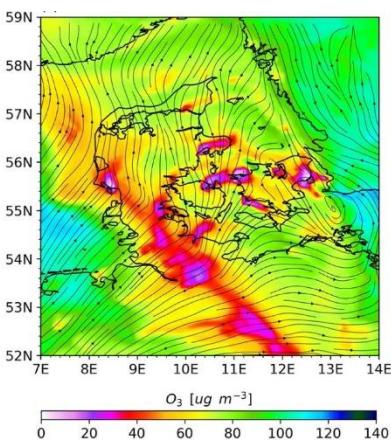
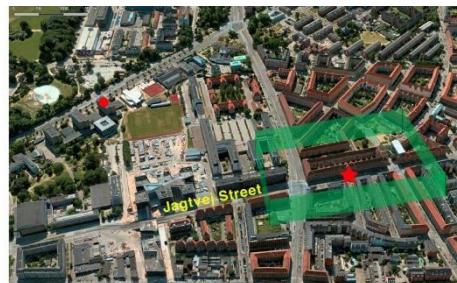
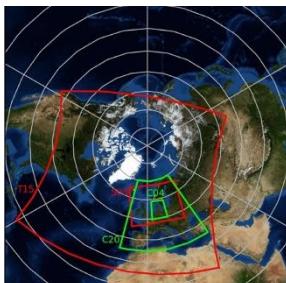
Downscaling to Local Scale

Downscaling system for modelling of atmospheric composition on regional, urban and street scales

by Nuterman, Mahura, Baklanov, Amstrup, Zakey

MS: acp-2020-1308 (2021)

- To demo possibilities of operationalization through linking to CFD model (**M2UE**) with NWP + ACT models in a downscaling chain (case study for DK, Copenhagen's Jagtvej street)



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- Dr. Juha Lenthö (UHEL- INAR & Center for Science Computing, CSC, Finland) – for CSC's HPC's hints and advises
- Dr. Carsten Maass (ECMWF, UK) - for providing support to ECMWF HPCs computing and storage resources, datasets and their usage
- Dr. Daniel Santos Munoz (UCM, Spain) - for providing and maintaining access to hirlam.org (Enviro-HIRLAM, HIRLAM, HARMONIE models repositories)
- Members of the current Enviro-PEEX(Plus) project team for active involvement into the PEEX-Modelling-Platform modelling activities and tasks (https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/enviro-peex_plus)
- Center for Science Computing (CSC, Finland) and ECMWF (UK) - Computing Centers - technical staff for providing access, technical support and maintenance, computing and storage resources





Enviro-HIRLAM: Science Education and Training

Science Education: Small-Scale Research Projects (SSRPs)



Introduction to Enviro-HIRLAM Exercises

**See you soon on the next zoom-meeting
18 November 2021
Thursday
16 pm of Helsinki time**



<https://www.helsinki.fi/en/inar-institute-for-atmospheric-and-earth-system-research>

Thank you! Спасибо!



<https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex>



Additional Slides

Research & Development through Collaboration with Partners



- **(2017-...) Enviro-HIRLAM on CSC** – “Enviro-HIRLAM seamless modelling of meteorology-chemistry-aerosols interactions and feedbacks on multi-scales”
- **(2018-2020) Enviro-PEEX on ECMWF** - “PEEX-MP research and development for online coupled integrated meteorology-chemistry-aerosols feedbacks & interactions in weather, climate & atmospheric composition multi-scale modelling” <https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/enviro-peex-2018-2020>
- **(2021-2023) Enviro-PEEX(Plus) on ECMWF (Plus)** - “Research and development for integrated meteorology – atmospheric composition multi-scales and – processes modelling for the PEEEX domain for weather, air quality and climate applications” https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/enviro-peex_plus
- **(2020-2022) PEEEX-MP-Europa3** – “PEEX Modelling Platform research and development through HPC-Europa3 Transnational Access Programme” (individual grants)
<https://www.atm.helsinki.fi/peex/index.php/peex-mp-europa3>

- ✓ Project: High-Resolution Integrated Urban Environmental Modeling
- ✓ Project: Online Integrated Atmospheric Modelling: the Python Way
- ✓ Project: Integrated Modelling for Assessment of Potential Pollution Regional Atmospheric Transport as Result of Accidental Wildfires
- ✓ Project: Integrated Modelling and Analysis of Influence of Land Cover Changes on Regional Weather Conditions/ Patterns