Homework3 Image Sentiment Classification

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- 1. 請說明你實作的 CNN model, 其模型架構、訓練過程和準確率為何?
 - 我最終的模型是由7個CNN做ensemble,以下舉其中一個模型,是由VGG做為發想的CNN模型。

model 1

Con2D(16, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

Con2D(32, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

Con2D(64, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

MaxPooling2D((2, 2))

Dropout(0.1)

Con2D(128, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

MaxPooling2D((2, 2))

Dropout(0.2)

Con2D(256, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

MaxPooling2D((2, 2))

Dropout(0.2)

Con2D(512, (3,3), padding=same, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

MaxPooling2D((2, 2))

Dropout(0.2)

Dense(512, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

Dropout(0.5)

Dense(256, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

Dense(7, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

• 有做training data Affine, 30%幅度晃動以及些微機率偏移等,以batch=128做epoch=300。

training	public testing	private testing
0.99	0.68654	0.69657

2. 承上題,請用與上述 CNN 接近的參數量,實做簡單的 DNN model,其模型架構、訓練過程和準確率為何?試與上題結果做比較,並說明你觀察到了什麽?

	model 1		
-	Dense(4096, input_shape(4848, 1), BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)		
	Dropout(0.5)		
	Dense(1024, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)		
	Dropout(0.5)		

Dense(7, BatchNorm, LeakyReLU)

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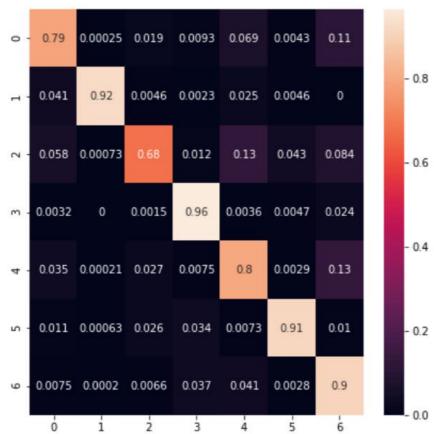
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- CNN約四百萬個, DNN約四百二十萬個參數量
- 無法做如同DNN一樣地晃動資料,所以沒有做資料處理。一樣以batch=128做epoch=300。

training	public testing	private testing
0.99	0.41142	0.40714

- 觀察到DNN的結果非常失敗,嚴重的overfit,連dropout也救不了。可以理解到Convolution 和maxPooling對於圖項特徵的萃取有多麼重要。
- 3. 觀察答錯的圖片中,哪些 class 彼此間容易用混? 並說明你觀察到了什麼? [繪出 confusion matrix 分析]
 - 恐懼(2)容易被誤會成難過(4),由作業投影片,我猜可能因為都有手的部分。
 - 生氣(0)、恐懼(2)、難過(4)都有機會被誤會成中立(6),中立可能代表著沒有特別的區分法,可 以理解有些圖被誤會成中立。



- 4. CNN time/space complexity:
 - 1. How many parameters are there in each layer(Hint: you may consider whether the number of parameter is related with)
 - \circ Layer A: 2 imes 2 imes 6 imes 5 filters, 6 bias, so total parameter is 126
 - $\circ~$ Layer B: $2\times2\times4\times6$ filters, 4 bias, so total parameter is 100
 - 2. How many multiplications/additions are needed for a forward pass(each layer).
 - Layer A:
 - lacktriangle multiplication $2 \times 2 \times 5$ per filter, $3 \times 3 \times 6$ filters, so total is 1080
 - lacktriangle additions: $2 \times 2 \times 5 1$ per filter, 3 * 3 * 6 filters, so total is 1026
 - o Layer B:
 - ullet multiplication $2 \times 2 \times 6$ per filter, $1 \times 1 \times 4$ filters, so total is 96
 - lacktriangle additions: $2 \times 2 \times 6 1$ per filter, $1 \times 1 \times 4$ filters, so total is 92
 - 3. What is the time complexity of convolutional neural networks?(note: you must use big-O upper bound, and there are l layer, you can use c_l , c_{l-1} as l th and l-1 th layer)
 - $\circ~O(\sum_{i=2}^l (rac{n_i-k_i+2 imes p_i}{s_i})^2 imes (k_i)^2 imes c_i imes c_{i-1})$
- 5. PCA practice:Problem statement: Given 10 samples in 3D space.(1,2,3),(4,8,5),(3,12,9), (1,8,5),(5,14,2),(7,4,1),(9,8,9),(3,8,1),(11,5,6),(10,11,7)

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- 1. What are the principal axes?
 - $\circ~0.3999 imes x_1 + 0.3376 imes x_2 0.8521 imes x_3 = 0$
 - $\circ \ \ -0.6782 imes x_1 + 0.7344 imes x_2 0.0273 imes x_3 = 0$
 - $\circ \ \ -0.6166 imes x_1 0.5888 imes x_2 0.5226 imes x_3 = 0$
- 2. Compute the principal components for each sample.
 - [-2.25104047, -1.37323947, 7.18658682]
 - [-0.73022635, 0.94399334, 0.75871342]
 - [-3.1883001, 4.45059025, -3.07034019]
 - $\left[-1.92979259, 2.97853006, 2.60849751\right]$
 - [4.25159619, 4.75401212, -1.82299166]
 - [2.52755823, -3.91896138, 3.35457763]
 - [-2.13952468, -2.55604371, -4.41464321]
 - $\left[2.27849363, 1.73131477, 3.46569126\right]$
 - [0.2038499, -6.03371503, -2.31359638]
 - [0.97738622, -0.97648096, -5.75249521]
- 3. Reconstruction error if reduced to 2D.(Calculate the L2-norm)
 - $\circ \ \, \text{for each data, } [2.25, 0.73, 3.18, 1.92, 4.25, 2.52, 2.13, 2.27, 0.20, 0.97] \\$
 - o total error: 7.39

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