Phone number conversion with scanf

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Pgm 4: Phone number conversion

Tip

For this exercise, you're first supposed to enter a number like (870) 456-7890 and get in return an output like 870.456.7890.

In the second program you enter a number like $870\456\7890$ and you get in return an output like (870) 456-7890.

If you do this in Org-mode (like we've done it in class) is to put the number into a file, e.g. named input and then pass the number to the scanf command using the header :cmdline < input. A code block should look like this (the scanf command is only an example):

```
#+begin_src C :cmdline < input
  int i;
  scanf("%d%", &i)
#+end_src</pre>
```

In addition, you need the following line at the top of your file:

```
#+property: header-args:C :main yes :includes <stdio.h>
```

The first file should *tangle* as phone1.c, the second should *tangle* as phone2.c. To do this in Org-mode, as we've done in class, you need to add:tangle phone1.c to one, and :tangle phone2.c to the other code block.

When you tangle the whole file with M-x org-babel-tangle or (alternatively) C-c C-v t, the two C source files would be created.

Problem

• Write a program that prompts the user to enter a telephone number in the form (xxx) xxx-xxxx, and then displays the number in the form xxx.xxx.xxxx.

• Example input/output of the first program, phone1.c:

```
Enter phone number [(xxx) xxx-xxxx]: (870) 456-7890 You entered: 870.456.7890
```

- Write another program that asks for the input format in the form xxx\xxx, and then displays the number in the form (xxx)xxx-xxx.
- Example input/output of the second program, phone2.c:

```
Enter phone number [xxx\xxx\xxxx]: 870\456\7890 You entered: (870) 456-7890
```

- Submit one Emacs Org-mode file phone.org with both programs in it as code blocks that can be tangled as phone1.c and phone2.c, resp.
- The header information of your Org-mode file should look like this:

```
#+TITLE: Phone number conversion
#+AUTHOR: [your name]
#+HONOR: pledged
#+PROPERTY: header-args:C :main yes :includes <stdio.h> :results output
```

• Tip: some characters, like \ are protected because they are part of the file PATH. If you want to use them, you have to "escape" them with an extra \, like the newline character \n. So to print (or to scan) the character \, you use \\.

Solution

• To run the first program, I took the input number from input1:

```
echo "(501) 422-4725" > input1 cat input1
```

• Pseudocode 1

```
// Algorithm: enter phone number in one format and return it in another
Input: phone number in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
Output: phone number in the format xxx.xxx.xxxx
```

```
// declare phone number area code, prefix and suffix
   // ask user for input in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
   // scan user input in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
   // print user input in the format xxx.xxx.xxxx
  End
  int area, prefix, suffix;
  printf("Enter phone number [(xxx) xxx-xxxx]:\n");
  scanf("(%d) %d-%d", &area, &prefix, &suffix);
  printf("You entered: %d.%d.%d\n", area, prefix, suffix);
  Enter phone number [(xxx) xxx-xxxx]:
  You entered: 501.422.4725
• To run the second program, I took the input number from input2:
  echo "501\422\4275" > input2
  cat input2
• Pseudocode 2
  // Algorithm: enter phone number in one format and return it in another
  Input: phone number in the format xxx\xxx\xxxx
  Output: phone number in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
  Begin
   // declare phone number area code, prefix and suffix
   // ask user for input in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
   // scan user input in the format xxx\xxx\xxxx
   // print user input in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
 End
```

Begin

```
int area, prefix, suffix;
printf("Enter phone number [(xxx) xxx-xxxx]:\n");
scanf("(%d) %d-%d", &area, &prefix, &suffix);
printf("You entered: %d.%d.%d\n", area, prefix, suffix);

Enter phone number [(xxx) xxx-xxxx]:
You entered: 501.422.4725

• Program 2: the \ character has to be escaped as \\.
int area, prefix, suffix;
printf("Enter phone number [xxx\\xxxx\\xxxx]:\n");
scanf("%d\\%d\\%d", &area, &prefix, &suffix);
printf("You entered: (%d) %d-%d\n", area, prefix, suffix);
Enter phone number [xxx\xxxx\xxxx]:
```

You entered: (501) 422-4275