

$$Q = J$$

$$P = J/s$$

$$= Q/t$$

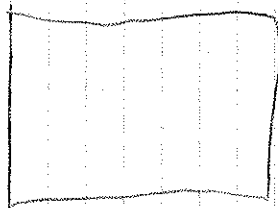
$$C_p = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta T}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{vap}} \approx A - \frac{AC_{\text{ev}}}{T}$$

$$\int_e^v C_p(T) dT = \Delta H_{\text{vap}}$$

Normalize by mass fraction

$$I \left[\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{s}} \right]$$



water activity - activity models

viscosity results - stokes/Einstein

Identify atmospherically relevant conditions

- How does phase sep in affect overall viscosity?
- As T increases, what changes about the composition
 - Do species evaporate and thus change the v