Scaling Schroedinger's Equation, Lab 5.3 and 5.5, Physics 430

```
> restart;
(5.3)
           > eq:=-hbar^2/2/m*diff(psi(x),x$2)+1/2*k*x^2*psi(x)=E*psi(x);
                                                                                                                                             -\frac{1}{2}\frac{hbar^2\left(\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{d}{dx}\psi(x)\right)\right)}{+\frac{1}{2}kx^2\psi(x) = E\psi(x)}
Rescale it with x = a \xi.
           > eqnew:=-hbar^2/2/m*diff(psi(xi),xi$2)/a^2+1/2*k*a^2*xi^2*psi(x)=E*
                          psi(x);
                                                                                                                                    -\frac{1}{2}\frac{\text{hbar}^2\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\psi(\xi)\right)\right)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}k a^2 \xi^2 \psi(x) = E \psi(x)
Divide by k a^2 so that the potential term is dimensionless
           > eqnew:=expand(lhs(eqnew)/k/a^2=rhs(eqnew)/k/a^2);
                                                                                                                                                -\frac{1}{2}\frac{\text{hbar}^2\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\psi(\xi)\right)\right)}{\frac{1}{2}\xi^2} + \frac{1}{2}\xi^2\psi(x) = \frac{E\psi(x)}{\frac{1}{2}\xi^2}
We now choose a so that
           > eqa:=hbar^2/k/a^4/m=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \frac{\text{hbar}^2}{\text{ls o}^4 m} = 1
        \frac{(\text{hbar}^2 \, \text{k}^3 \, \text{m}^3)}{\text{k m}}, \frac{(\text{hbar}^2 \, \text{k}^3 \, \text{m}^3)}{\text{k m}}, -\frac{(\text{hbar}^2 \, \text{k}^3 \, 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           \frac{(hbar^{2} k^{3} m^{3})^{(1/4)}}{k m}
\frac{\sqrt{hbar}}{k^{(1/4)} m^{(1/4)}}
           > a:=simplify(a,symbolic);
            > eqnew;
```

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \psi(\xi) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \xi^2 \psi(x) = \frac{E \psi(x) \sqrt{m}}{\sqrt{k} \text{ hbar}}$$

And now we can make the right side dimensionless by making the scaled energy be $\varepsilon = \frac{E / \sqrt{k}}{hbar}$, or

 $E = \varepsilon$ Ebar with Ebar = hbar $\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$.

$$\epsilon \text{ hbar } \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

> simplify(eqnew,symbolic);

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \psi(\xi) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \xi^2 \psi(x) = \epsilon \psi(x)$$

- (5.5) Now do the same thing for the 4th power potential
- > restart;
 - > eq:=-hbar^2/2/m*diff(psi(x),x\$2)+mu*x^4*psi(x)=E*psi(x);

$$-\frac{1}{2}\frac{hbar^{2}\left(\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{d}{dx}\psi(x)\right)\right)}{m} + \mu x^{4}\psi(x) = E\psi(x)$$

Rescale it with $x = a \xi$.

> eqnew:=-hbar^2/2/m*diff(psi(xi),xi\$2)/a^2+mu*a^4*xi^4*psi(x)=E*psi
(x);

$$-\frac{1}{2}\frac{hbar^2\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\psi(\xi)\right)\right)}{ma^2} + \mu a^4 \xi^4 \psi(x) = E \psi(x)$$

Divide by μa^4 so that the potential term is dimensionless

> eqnew:=expand(lhs(eqnew)/mu/a^4=rhs(eqnew)/mu/a^4);

$$-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\text{hbar}^2\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\left(\frac{d}{d\xi}\psi(\xi)\right)\right)}{\mu a^6 m} + \xi^4 \psi(x) = \frac{E \psi(x)}{\mu a^4}$$

We now choose a so that

> eqa:=hbar^2/mu/a^6/m=1;

$$\frac{\text{hbar}^2}{\mu \text{ a}^6 \text{ m}} = 1$$

> s:=solve(eqa,a);

$$\frac{(\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}, \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) (\text{hbar}^{2} \mu^{5} \text{m}^{5})}{\mu \text{ m}}$$

$$> \text{a:=simplify(s[1], symbolic);}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\text{hbar}}{(1/6)} (1/6)}{\mu (1/6)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \psi(\xi)\right) + \xi^{4} \psi(x) = \frac{E \psi(x) \text{ m}}{\mu (1/3)} \frac{(2/3)}{\text{hbar}} (4/3)}{\mu (1/3)}$$

And now we can make the right side dimensionless by making the scaled energy be

$$\epsilon = E\left(\frac{m^2}{\mu \text{ hbar}^4}\right) \quad \text{which is in the form } E = \epsilon \text{ Ebar with Ebar} = \left(\frac{h b a r^4 \mu}{m^2}\right) \\ = E := epsilon*(mu*hbar^4/m^2)^(1/3);$$

$$\epsilon \left(\frac{\mu \text{ hbar}^4}{m^2}\right)^{(1/3)}$$

$$\epsilon \left(\frac{\mu \text{ hbar}^4}{m^2}\right)^{(1/3)}$$

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which is the dimensionless form we want