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G:\Computer Application Development\PROGRAM 8010-VC... cost version 2\the_cheapest_cost\LowestCost.cs
//Created by Hongwei Cao
//Created Date: November 12, 2013
//ACM International Collegiate Programming Contest
//Problem A: The Agency
//Following in the footsteps of a number of flight searching startups you want to create the first
   interplanetary
//travel website. Your first problem is to quickly find the cheapest way to travel between two
//planets. You have an advantage over your competitors because you have realized that all the planets
//and the flights between them have a special structure. Each planet is represented by a string of N bits
//and there is a flight between two planets if their N-bit strings differ in exactly one position.
//The cost of a flight is the cost of landing on the destination planet. If the ith character in a planet's
//string is a 1 then the ith tax must be paid to land. The cost of landing on a planet is the sum of the
//applicable taxes.
//Given the starting planet, ending planet, and cost of the ith tax compute the cheapest set of flights to
//get from the starting planet to the ending planet.]
//Input
//Input for each test case will consist of two lines. The first line will have N (1 \leq N \leq 1,000), the
//of bits representing a planet; S, a string of N zeroes and ones representing the starting planet; and E,
//a string representing the ending planet in the same format. The second line will contain N integers the
//ith of which is the cost of the ith tax. All costs will be between 1 and 1,000,000.
//Output
//For each test case output one number, the minimum cost to get from the starting planet to the ending
//planet, using the format given below.
//Sample Input
//3 110 011
//3 1 2
//5 00000 11111
//1 2 3 4 5
//4 1111 1000
//100 1 1 1
//1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
//Sample Output
//Case 1: 4
//Case 2: 35
//Case 3: 106
//Case 4: 4960
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.IO;
```

namespace the\_cheapest\_cost

```
G:\Computer Application Development\PROGRAM 8010-VC... cost version 2\the_cheapest_cost\LowestCost.cs
    public partial class lowestCostForm : Form
    {
        //Declare the lists which will hold specific bits as the name mentioned.
        List<int> theSameBits = new List<int>();
        List<int> oneToZeroBits = new List<int>();
        List<int> zeroToOneBits = new List<int>();
        List<int> allThePossibleCost = new List<int>();
        //Declare an array to hold the taxes of each bit.
        int[] intTaxOfEachBit;
        //Declare a variable to hold the number of bit in the code.
        int numberOfBits;
        public lowestCostForm()
        {
            //initialize the components.
            InitializeComponent();
            startingPlanetTextBox.Enabled = false;
            endingPlanetTextBox.Enabled = false;
            taxTextBox.Enabled = false;
        }
        private void clearButton_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            //reset the texts to empty and focus on the number of bits text box.
            numberOfBitsTextBox.Text = string.Empty;
            startingPlanetTextBox.Text = string.Empty;
            endingPlanetTextBox.Text = string.Empty;
            taxTextBox.Text = string.Empty;
            lowestCostTextBox.Text = string.Empty;
            numberOfBitsTextBox.Focus();
        }
        private void exitButton_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            this.Close();
        }
        private void calculateButton_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            int cost = 0;
            //check whether the user input's validation.
            if (validationOfInput())
            {
                //initialize the lists
                initializeThreeList();
                allThePossibleCost.Clear();
                //calculate the possible optimal cost.
                cost = countTheSamebits() + countZeroToOne() + countOneToZero();
                //add the cost to the possible cost list.
                allThePossibleCost.Add(cost);
                //Calculate the possibe lower cost, when the same ONE bits list have some bits with high
    tax.
                whenTheSameBiteWithBigTax();
                //initialize the lists
                initializeThreeList();
                //Calculate the possible lower cost, when the same ONE bits list and the One to Zero list \ m{\ell}
    have some bits with high tax.
                swithBetweenTheSameBitsAndOneToZeroBits();
                //Show the lowest cost.
                lowestCostTextBox.Text = allThePossibleCost.Last().ToString();
            }
        private Boolean validationOfInput()
```

```
string codeOfPlanet;
        string taxString;
        Boolean validationPassed;
        validationPassed = true;
        //Make sure the starting planet code text box accept "0" or "1"
        if (int.TryParse(numberOfBitsTextBox.Text, out numberOfBits))
            codeOfPlanet=startingPlanetTextBox.Text;
            if (codeOfPlanet.Length == numberOfBits)
                for (int i = 0; i < codeOfPlanet.Length; i++)</pre>
                    if (codeOfPlanet[i] != '1' && codeOfPlanet[i] != '0')
                    {
                        MessageBox.Show("Please input valid code in starting planet.");
                        validationPassed = false;
                    }
                }
            }
            else
                MessageBox.Show("The length of the code is not met the requirement for the starting
planet.");
            //Make sure the ending planet code text box accept "0" or "1"
            codeOfPlanet = endingPlanetTextBox.Text;
            if (codeOfPlanet.Length == numberOfBits)
            {
                for (int i = 0; i < codeOfPlanet.Length; i++)</pre>
                {
                    if (codeOfPlanet[i] != '1' && codeOfPlanet[i] != '0')
                    {
                        MessageBox.Show("Please input valid code in ending planet.");
                        validationPassed = false;
                    }
                }
            }
            else
                MessageBox.Show("The length of the code is not match the requirement for the ending
planet.");
                validationPassed = false;
        //Validate the tax text box, and initialize the tax array.
            taxString = taxTextBox.Text.Trim();
            intTaxOfEachBit = new int[numberOfBits];
            char[] delim = { ' ' };
            string[] taxesOfEachBit = taxString.Split(delim);
            if (taxesOfEachBit.Length == numberOfBits)
            {
                for (int i = 0; i < numberOfBits; i++)</pre>
                {
                    if( !int.TryParse(taxesOfEachBit[i],out intTaxOfEachBit[i]))
                    {
                        MessageBox.Show("You input invalid tax. Please check it again.");
                        validationPassed = false;
                    }
                }
            }else
                MessageBox.Show("You missed some tax(es) of planet.");
                validationPassed = false;
        else {
```

```
MessageBox.Show("Please input the lenght of the code.");
        validationPassed = false;
    //Return the status of validation result.
    return validationPassed;
}
private void initializeThreeList()
    theSameBits.Clear();
    oneToZeroBits.Clear();
    zeroToOneBits.Clear();
    string codeOfStartingPlanet;
    string codeOfEndingPlanet;
    codeOfStartingPlanet = startingPlanetTextBox.Text;
    codeOfEndingPlanet = endingPlanetTextBox.Text;
    for (int i = 0; i < numberOfBits; i++)</pre>
        if (codeOfStartingPlanet[i] == codeOfEndingPlanet[i])
            if (codeOfStartingPlanet[i] == '1')
            {
                theSameBits.Add(intTaxOfEachBit[i]);
            }
        }
        else if (codeOfStartingPlanet[i] == '1')
            oneToZeroBits.Add(intTaxOfEachBit[i]);
        else
            zeroToOneBits.Add(intTaxOfEachBit[i]);
    }
    oneToZeroBits.Sort();
    zeroToOneBits.Sort();
    theSameBits.Sort();
private void whenTheSameBiteWithBigTax()
    int total;
    int subtotal;
    subtotal = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < theSameBits.Count; i++)</pre>
    {
        total = 0;
        zeroToOneBits.Add(theSameBits.Last());
        theSameBits.RemoveAt(theSameBits.Count - 1);
        subtotal += countAllOneBitTax();
        zeroToOneBits.Sort();
        total += subtotal + countTheSamebits() + countZeroToOne() + countOneToZero();
        if (total > allThePossibleCost.Last())
        {
            break;
        }
        else
            allThePossibleCost.Add(total);
```

```
total = 0;
            }
        }
    }
    private void swithBetweenTheSameBitsAndOneToZeroBits()
        int total;
        int subtotal;
        int subtotalInner;
        for (int index = 0; index < oneToZeroBits.Count; index++)</pre>
            subtotalInner = 0;
            subtotal = 0;
            total = 0;
            initializeThreeList();
            for (int j = 0; j \leftarrow index; j++)
                 oneToZeroBits.RemoveAt(oneToZeroBits.Count - 1 - j);
                 subtotal += countAllOneBitTax();
            }
            for (int i = 0; i < theSameBits.Count; i++)</pre>
                 zeroToOneBits.Add(theSameBits.Last());
                 theSameBits.RemoveAt(theSameBits.Count - 1);
                 zeroToOneBits.Sort();
                 subtotalInner += countAllOneBitTax();
                total += subtotal + subtotalInner + countTheSamebits() + countZeroToOne() +
countOneToZero();
                 if (total > allThePossibleCost.Last())
                     break;
                 else
                     //The last element of the list "allThePossibleCost" will hold the currently lowest m{arepsilon}
cost.
                     allThePossibleCost.Add(total);
              }
        }
    }
    private int countAllOneBitTax()
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < theSameBits.Count; i++)</pre>
        {
            total += theSameBits[i];
        for (int i = 0; i < oneToZeroBits.Count; i++)</pre>
        {
            total += oneToZeroBits[i];
        }
        return total;
    private int countTheSamebits()
        int total = 0;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < theSameBits.Count; i++)</pre>
           total += theSameBits[i] * (oneToZeroBits.Count + zeroToOneBits.Count);
       return total;
   }
  private int countOneToZero()
       int total = 0;
       for (int i = 1; i < oneToZeroBits.Count; i++)</pre>
           total += oneToZeroBits[oneToZeroBits.Count - 1 - i] * i;
       }
       return total;
  private int countZeroToOne()
       int total = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < zeroToOneBits.Count; i++)</pre>
           total += zeroToOneBits[i] * (zeroToOneBits.Count - i);
       return total;
   }
  private void numberOfBitsTextBox KeyPress(object sender, KeyPressEventArgs e)
       if (!(char.IsNumber(e.KeyChar)) && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Back)
       {
           e.Handled = true;
       }
       else {
           startingPlanetTextBox.Enabled = true;
           endingPlanetTextBox.Enabled = true;
           taxTextBox.Enabled = true;
       }
   }
  private void startingPlanetTextBox_KeyPress(object sender, KeyPressEventArgs e)
       int length;
       length = 0;
       if(e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.D0 && e.KeyChar!= (char)Keys.D1 && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Back)
           e.Handled=true;
       }
       else if (numberOfBitsTextBox.Text != "")
           if (int.TryParse(numberOfBitsTextBox.Text, out length) && startingPlanetTextBox.Text.Length ⊭
>= length && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Back)
           {
               e.Handled = true;
               MessageBox.Show("the code length is " + length);
       }
       else {
           MessageBox.Show("You haven't input the length of the code.");
           e.Handled = true;
       }
  }
  private void endingPlanetTextBox KeyPress(object sender, KeyPressEventArgs e)
       int length;
       length = 0;
```

```
if (e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.D0 && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.D1 && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Back)
            {
                e.Handled = true;
            }
            else if (numberOfBitsTextBox.Text != "")
                if (int.TryParse(numberOfBitsTextBox.Text, out length) && endingPlanetTextBox.Text.Length > ✔
    = length && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Back)
                {
                    e.Handled = true;
                    MessageBox.Show("the code length is " + length);
            }
            else
            {
                MessageBox.Show("You haven't input the length of the code.");
                e.Handled = true;
            }
        }
        private void taxTextBox_KeyPress(object sender, KeyPressEventArgs e)
            if (!(char.IsNumber(e.KeyChar)) && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.Space && e.KeyChar != (char)Keys.
    Back)
                e.Handled = true;
            }
        }
    }
}
```