# Saturn: a library of verified concurrent data structures for OCaml 5

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#### Plan

□ Why SATURN?□ What is in SATURN?□ Optimizations and benchmarks□ Testing□ Verification

# Why Saturn?

Github: ocaml-multicore/saturn

- A collection of concurrent-safe data structures for OCAML 5:
  - ⋄ well-tested
  - ⋄ benchmarked
  - ⋄ optimized
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- Writting concurrent code is hard

## Buggy queue with size

```
module Oueue = Saturn.Oueue
type 'a t = {size : int Atomic.t; queue : 'a Queue.t}
let create () =
    {size = Atomic.make 0; queue = Queue.create ()}
let push t msg =
 Atomic.incr t.size;
 Queue.push t.queue msq
let pop_opt t =
 match Queue.pop_opt t.queue with
  | Some elt -> Atomic.decr t.size; Some elt
  | None -> Atomic.set t.size 0; None
let size t = Atomic.get t.size
```

## Buggy queue with size

```
let test () =
  let queue = create () in
  let d1 = Domain.spawn (fun () -> push queue 1) in
  let d2 = Domain.spawn (fun () -> pop_opt queue |>
        ignore) in
  Domain.join d1;
  Domain.join d2;
  pop_opt queue |> ignore;
  size queue
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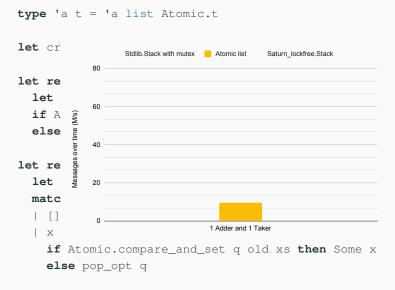
In 10 to 20% of the tries, the test returns a size of -1.

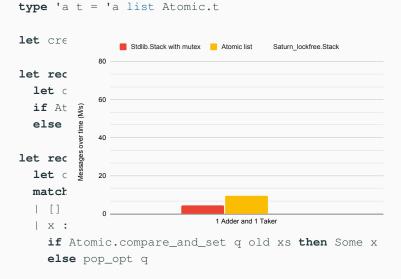
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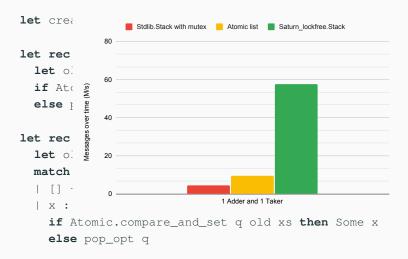
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```
type 'a t = 'a list Atomic.t
let create () = Atomic.make []
let rec push q a =
  let old = Atomic.get q in
  if Atomic.compare_and_set q old (a :: old) then ()
  else push q a
let rec pop_opt q =
  let old = Atomic.get q in
  match old with
  | [] -> None
  | x :: xs ->
    if Atomic.compare_and_set q old xs then Some x
    else pop_opt q
```





type 'a t = 'a list Atomic.t



## Why Saturn?

- OCAML 5 : multicore programming
- Writting concurrent code is hard
  - bugs that can be hard to reproduce and understand
  - progress properties: deadlock, starvation etc..
- Writting efficient concurrent code is even harder
  - different behaviors on different CPU architectures
  - space to benchmarks is way larger
  - ...

ullet A collection of concurrent-safe data structures for  $\operatorname{OCaml}$  5

- A collection of concurrent-safe data structures for OCAML 5
  - ♦ Queues
    - o multi-producer, multi-consumer
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    - o bounded, blocking (opened PRs)

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- Most available data structures are lock-free
  - ightarrow Two libraries: SATURN and SATURN\_LOCKFREE

# **Testing in Saturn**

What should (and can) be tested?

- Correctness
- Linearizability
- Progress (i.e. lock freedom)

#### How?

- Lin / STM (ocaml-multicore/multicoretest):
  - ⋄ Correctness
  - Linearizability
- Dscheck (ocaml-multicore/dscheck):
  - ♦ Correctness
  - ♦ Lock-freedom

## **Optimizations**

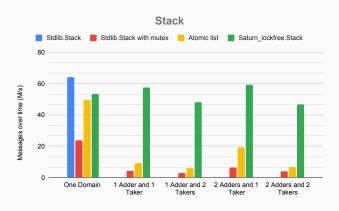
### Micro-optimizations

- ♦ On algorithms, to prevent false sharing, indirections etc..
- Experimental: some use **Obj.magic** (e.g. Saturn.Queue\_unsafe)

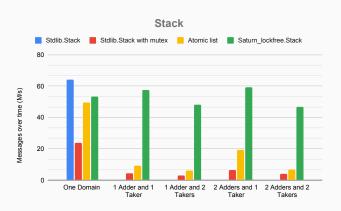
# Is it any good?



## Is it any good?



## Is it any good?



https://github.com/lyrm/saturn-benchmarks/

#### Formal verification

Testing a concurrent algorithm is hard due to the number of potential interleavings.

Formal verification is here to help us!





## From OCaml to Coq

let rec push t v =

```
let old = Atomic.get t in
  let new_ = v :: old in
  if not (Atomic.compare and set t old new ) then (
   Domain.cpu relax () ;
   push t v
                                              OCAML
                                                Coo
Definition stack_push : val :=
  rec: "stack push" "t" "v" =>
    let: "old" := !"t" in
    let: "new" := 'Cons( "v", "old" ) in
    ifnot: CAS "t" "old" "new" then (
      Yield ::
      "stack_push" "t" "v"
```

# **Proving linearizability**

Theorems for free from separation logic specifications
Birkedal, Dinsdale-Young, Guéneau, Jaber, Svendsen & Tzevelekos

## Relaxed memory model (future work)

Cosmo: a concurrent separation logic for multicore OCAML, Mével, Jourdan & Pottier

Formal verification of a concurrent bounded queue in a weak memory model, Mével & Jourdan

## Writing concurrent protocols in Iris

```
Definition stack inv t \iota : iProp \Sigma :=
  \exists 1 \gamma,
  \lceil t = \#1 \rceil * meta l nroot \gamma *
  inv \iota (
     \exists vs, 1 \mapsto 1st to val vs * stack model<sub>2</sub> \gamma vs
Lemma stack push spec t \iota v :
  <<< stack inv t \iota
   \forall \forall vs, stack\_model t vs >>>
             stack_push t v @ ↑ι
   <<< stack_model t (v :: vs)</pre>
   RET (); True
                                        >>>.
Proof.
Oed.
```

Thank you for your attention!