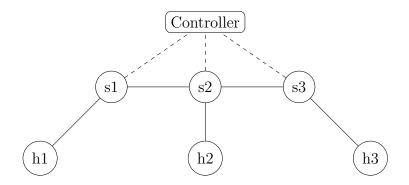
1

Switch con Ryu

Esercizio 1.1 Realizzare un hub usando regole openflow precaricate. Testarlo su una rete lineare con 3 nodi.

Soluzione Vediamo l'implementazione in python del controller (file hub.py). La topologia è la seguente:



Per creare la topologia:

```
\verb|sudo| \verb|mn --topo=linear,3 --controller=remote|\\
```

Bisogna specificare il controllore remoto e lanciare il controllore manualmente con il comando:

ryu-manager hub.py

L'idea è semplice caricare nella tabella openflow di s1, s2, s3 la seguente regola di default:

Priority	Match	Action
0	*	output FLOOD

Segue lo script hub1.py.

```
hub1.py
# Implementazione openflow di un hub
# In ogni switch viene caricata un'unica regola
# di default (table miss) con azione flooding
from ryu.base import app_manager
from ryu.controller import ofp_event
from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER
from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
# Classe principale, derivata da RyuApp
class PolimiHub(app_manager.RyuApp):
    # usiamo openflow 1.3
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    # Registriamo un handler dell'evento Switch Features
    # Il messaggio Switch Features e' inviato dallo switch
    # quando si registra al controllore
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,

→ CONFIG DISPATCHER)

    def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
        datapath = ev.msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        # Definizione della regola di default
        # priorita' 0
        # match di tutti i pacchetti
        # azione FLOOD
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput(ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD)]
        inst = [
```

Esercizio 1.2 Realizzare un hub predendo decisioni al controller. Testarlo su una rete lineare con 3 nodi. In attesa della decisione, non bufferizzare i pacchetto allo switch.

Soluzione Nello switch carichiamo una regola che mandi tutto al controllore; per disattivare il buffering dei pacchetti specifichiamo come dimensione dei pacchetti da inviare al controllore la costante ofproto.OFPCML_NO_BUFFER. Attenzione che in OpenVSwitch questo non è possibile per la table miss (priorità 0), quindi caricheremo una regola con priorità 1:

Priority	Match	Action
1	*	output CONTROLLER,NO BUFFER

Segue lo script hub.py.

```
hub2.py

# Implementazione openflow di un hub tramite controller

# In ogni switch viene caricata un'unica regola

# di default (table miss) con azione di invio al controller

# dell'intero pacchetto. Il controller risponde con una

# packet out con azione flood

#

# NOTA: OpenVSwitch ignora l'opzione OFPCML_NO_BUFFER

# nelle regole table miss (priorita' 0); pertanto,

# carichiamo una regola con priorita' 1
```

```
from ryu.base import app_manager
from ryu.controller import ofp_event
from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER,
\,\hookrightarrow\,\,\,\text{MAIN\_DISPATCHER}
from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
class PolimiHub(app_manager.RyuApp):
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,

→ CONFIG_DISPATCHER)

    def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
        datapath = ev.msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [
            parser.OFPActionOutput(
                ofproto.OFPP_CONTROLLER,
                ofproto.OFPCML_NO_BUFFER
        ]
        inst = [
            parser.OFPInstructionActions(
                ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
                actions
            )
        mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
            datapath=datapath,
            priority=1,
            match=match,
            instructions=inst
        )
        datapath.send_msg(mod)
    # Registriamo un handler dell'evento Packet In
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPPacketIn, MAIN_DISPATCHER)
    def _packet_in_handler(self, ev):
        msg = ev.msg
```

```
datapath = msg.datapath
ofproto = datapath.ofproto
parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
# Per come abbiamo scritto le regole nello switch
# i pacchetti non devono essere bufferizzati allo switch
assert msg.buffer_id == ofproto.OFP_NO_BUFFER
# Recuperiamo dai metadati del pacchetto
# la porta di ingresso allo switch
in_port = msg.match['in_port']
actions = [
   parser.OFPActionOutput(
        ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD
]
out = parser.OFPPacketOut(
   datapath=datapath,
   buffer_id=msg.buffer_id,
    in_port=in_port,
   actions=actions,
   data=msg.data
datapath.send_msg(out)
```

```
hub3.py

# Implementazione openflow di un hub tramite controller

#

# In ogni switch viene caricata un'unica regola

# di default (table miss) con azione di bufferizzazione

# del pacchetto e invio al controller dell'intestazione

# Il controller risponde con una packet out con azione flood

from ryu.base import app_manager

from ryu.controller import ofp_event

from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER,

AMAIN_DISPATCHER

from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
```

```
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
class PolimiHub(app_manager.RyuApp):
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,
    \hookrightarrow CONFIG_DISPATCHER)
    def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
        datapath = ev.msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [
            parser.OFPActionOutput(
                ofproto.OFPP_CONTROLLER,
            )
        ]
        inst = [
            parser.OFPInstructionActions(
                ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
                actions
            )
        ]
        mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
            datapath=datapath,
            priority=0,
            match=match,
            instructions=inst
        )
        datapath.send_msg(mod)
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPPacketIn, MAIN_DISPATCHER)
    def _packet_in_handler(self, ev):
        msg = ev.msg
        datapath = msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        # Per come abbiamo scritto le regole nello switch
```

```
# i pacchetti devono essere bufferizzati allo switch
assert msg.buffer_id != ofproto.OFP_NO_BUFFER

in_port = msg.match['in_port']

actions = [
    parser.OFPActionOutput(
        ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD
    )
]

out = parser.OFPPacketOut(
    datapath=datapath,
    buffer_id=msg.buffer_id,
    in_port=in_port,
    actions=actions,
    data=None)
datapath.send_msg(out)
```

```
switch1.py
from ryu.base import app_manager
from ryu.controller import ofp_event
from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER,
\hookrightarrow MAIN_DISPATCHER
from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
from ryu.lib.packet import packet, ethernet
# This implements a learning switch in the controller
# The switch sends all packet to the controller
# The controller implements the MAC table using a python dictionary
class PsrSwitch(app_manager.RyuApp):
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
        super(PsrSwitch, self).__init__(*args, **kwargs)
        self.mac_to_port = {}
    # execute at switch registration
```

```
@set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,

→ CONFIG_DISPATCHER)

def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
    datapath = ev.msg.datapath
    ofproto = datapath.ofproto
    parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
    self.mac_to_port.setdefault(datapath.id, {})
    # match all packets
    match = parser.OFPMatch()
    # send to controller
    actions = [
        parser.OFPActionOutput(
            ofproto.OFPP_CONTROLLER,
            128
        )
    ]
    inst = [
        parser.OFPInstructionActions(
            ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
            actions
       )
   ]
    mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
        datapath=datapath,
        priority=0,
        match=match,
        instructions=inst
    datapath.send_msg(mod)
@set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPPacketIn, MAIN_DISPATCHER)
def _packet_in_handler(self, ev):
   msg = ev.msg
    datapath = msg.datapath
    ofproto = datapath.ofproto
    parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
    in_port = msg.match['in_port']
    dpid = datapath.id
```

```
pkt = packet.Packet(msg.data)
       eth = pkt.get_protocol(ethernet.ethernet)
       assert eth is not None
       dst = eth.dst
       src = eth.src
       self.mac_to_port[dpid][src] = in_port
       if dst in self.mac_to_port[dpid]:
           out_port = self.mac_to_port[dpid][dst]
       else:
           out_port = ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD
        self.logger.info("packet in %s %s %s %s %s", dpid, src,

→ dst, in_port, out_port)

       actions = [
           parser.OFPActionOutput(out_port)
       ]
       assert msg.buffer_id != ofproto.OFP_NO_BUFFER
       out = parser.OFPPacketOut(
           datapath=datapath,
           buffer_id=msg.buffer_id,
           in_port=in_port,
           actions=actions,
           data=None
       )
       datapath.send_msg(out)
```

```
from ryu.base import app_manager
from ryu.controller import ofp_event
from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER,

AMAIN_DISPATCHER
from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
```

```
from ryu.lib.packet import packet, ethernet
# This implements a learning switch in the controller
# The switch sends all packet to the controller
# The controller implements the MAC table using a python dictionary
# If the MAC dst is known, add rule to the switch
class PsrSwitch(app_manager.RyuApp):
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
        super(PsrSwitch, self).__init__(*args, **kwargs)
        self.mac_to_port = {}
    # execute at switch registration
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,

→ CONFIG_DISPATCHER)

    def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
        datapath = ev.msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        self.mac_to_port.setdefault(datapath.id, {})
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [
            parser.OFPActionOutput(
                ofproto.OFPP_CONTROLLER,
            )
        1
        inst = [
            parser.OFPInstructionActions(
                ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
                actions
            )
        ]
        mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
            datapath=datapath,
            priority=0,
            match=match,
            instructions=inst
        )
```

```
datapath.send_msg(mod)
   @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPPacketIn, MAIN_DISPATCHER)
   def _packet_in_handler(self, ev):
       msg = ev.msg
       datapath = msg.datapath
       ofproto = datapath.ofproto
       parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
       in_port = msg.match['in_port']
       dpid = datapath.id
       pkt = packet.Packet(msg.data)
       eth = pkt.get_protocol(ethernet.ethernet)
       assert eth is not None
       dst = eth.dst
       src = eth.src
       self.mac_to_port[dpid][src] = in_port
       if dst in self.mac_to_port[dpid]:
           out_port = self.mac_to_port[dpid][dst]
       else:
           out_port = ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD
        self.logger.info("packet in %s %s %s %s %s", dpid, src,
→ dst, in_port, out_port)
       actions = [
           parser.OFPActionOutput(out_port)
       assert msg.buffer_id != ofproto.OFP_NO_BUFFER
       if out_port != ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD:
         # install a flow and send the packet
           match = parser.OFPMatch(
               eth_src=src,
               eth_dst=dst
           )
```

```
inst = [
        parser.OFPInstructionActions(
            ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
            actions
        )
    ofmsg = parser.OFPFlowMod(
        datapath=datapath,
        priority=1,
        match=match,
        instructions=inst,
        buffer_id=msg.buffer_id
    )
else:
    # only send the packet
    ofmsg = parser.OFPPacketOut(
        datapath=datapath,
        buffer_id=msg.buffer_id,
        in_port=in_port,
        actions=actions,
        data=None
    )
datapath.send_msg(ofmsg)
```

```
from ryu.base import app_manager
from ryu.controller import ofp_event
from ryu.controller.handler import CONFIG_DISPATCHER,

MAIN_DISPATCHER
from ryu.controller.handler import set_ev_cls
from ryu.ofproto import ofproto_v1_3
from ryu.lib.packet import packet, ethernet

# This implements a learning switch in the of switch
# The switch uses two tables:
# table 0 for source address
# if source present -> go to table 1
# if source mac missing -> send to controller & go to table 1
# table 1 for destination address
```

```
if destination present -> send to destination
        if destination missing -> flood
# Controller adds source mac to both tables
class PsrSwitch(app_manager.RyuApp):
    OFP_VERSIONS = [ofproto_v1_3.OFP_VERSION]
    # execute at switch registration
    @set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPSwitchFeatures,
    \hookrightarrow CONFIG_DISPATCHER)
    def switch_features_handler(self, ev):
        datapath = ev.msg.datapath
        ofproto = datapath.ofproto
        parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [
            parser.OFPActionOutput(ofproto.OFPP_CONTROLLER,128)
        inst = [
            parser.OFPInstructionActions(
                ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
                actions
            ),
            parser.OFPInstructionGotoTable(1)
        mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
            datapath=datapath,
            table_id=0,
            priority=0,
            match=match,
            instructions=inst
        datapath.send_msg(mod)
        match = parser.OFPMatch()
        actions = [
            parser.OFPActionOutput(ofproto.OFPP_FLOOD)
        inst = [
            parser.OFPInstructionActions(
                ofproto.OFPIT_APPLY_ACTIONS,
                actions
```

```
)
    ]
    mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
        datapath=datapath,
        table_id=1,
        priority=0,
        match=match,
        instructions=inst
    )
    datapath.send_msg(mod)
@set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPPacketIn, MAIN_DISPATCHER)
def _packet_in_handler(self, ev):
   msg = ev.msg
    datapath = msg.datapath
    ofproto = datapath.ofproto
    parser = datapath.ofproto_parser
    in_port = msg.match['in_port']
    dpid = datapath.id
    pkt = packet.Packet(msg.data)
    eth = pkt.get_protocol(ethernet.ethernet)
    assert eth is not None
    src = eth.src
    self.logger.info("packet in %s %s %s", dpid, src, in_port)
    # add source address to table 0
    # to stop sending to the controller
   match = parser.OFPMatch(eth_src=src)
    inst = [
        parser.OFPInstructionGotoTable(1)
    ]
    mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
        datapath=datapath,
        table_id=0,
        priority=1,
        match=match,
        instructions=inst
    )
```

```
datapath.send_msg(mod)
# add source address to table 1
# to send to the correct port
match = parser.OFPMatch(eth_dst=src)
actions = [
    parser.OFPActionOutput(in_port)
]
inst = [
    parser.OFPInstructionActions(
        {\tt ofproto.OFPIT\_APPLY\_ACTIONS},\\
        actions
    )
]
mod = parser.OFPFlowMod(
    datapath=datapath,
    table_id=1,
    priority=1,
    match=match,
    \verb"instructions="inst"
datapath.send_msg(mod)
```