LiDAR Light Detection And Ranging

WeGo Korea





목차

- 3. LiDAR make_pkg
- 4. LiDAR using Application











catkin Package 어떻게 구성이 되어있나?

- 패키지는 반드시 몇 가지 조합에 부합
- 패키지는 반드시 catkin compliant package.xml 파일을 포함
 - → package.xml 파일은 패키지의 메타 정보를 제공 (패키지 이름, 버전 번호, 작성자, 관리자 및 파일 종속성)
- 패키지는 반드시 catki에서 쓰이는 CmakeList.txt 파일을 포함
 → 없는 경우: 패키지를 사용하지 않겠다.





Catkin

- ROS가 설치되면 Catkin이 기본적으로 포함

Catkin_package

1. catkin의 작업공간이 ex) catkin_ws에 있다고 가정하면 작업공간의 루트에서 catkin_make를 호출





Creating a catkin Package

1. Creating a Workspace

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src
```

- 2. Catkin_create_pkg [catkin_creat_pkg <pakge_name> [depend1] ...\$ catkin_create_pkg ros_start std_msgs rospy
- 3. Building a catkin workspace and sourcing

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
```

\$ catkin_make (build)





Writing Publisher and Subscriber

- 1. Code
 - \$ mkdir scrpts
 - \$ cd scripte







Writing Publisher and Subscriber

```
1. Publisher
```

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
```

//[ROS SYSTEM necessary to use the most common public]

```
#include "std_msgs/String.h"
```

#include <sstream>

int main(int argc, char **argv)

ros::init(argc, argv, "talker");

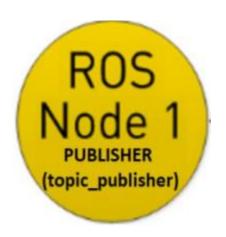
ros::NodeHandle n;

ros::Publisher chatter_pub = n.advertise<std_msgs::String>("chatter", 1000);

ros::Rate loop_rate(10);

int count = 0;







```
Writing Publisher and Subscriber
    1. Publisher
            int count = 0;
            while (ros::ok())
              std_msgs::String msg;
              ss << "hello world " << count;
              msg.data = ss.str();
              ROS_INFO("%s", msg.data.c_str());
```





```
Writing Publisher and Subscriber
    1. Publisher
            ROS_INFO("%s", msg.data.c_str());
            chatter_pub.publish(msg);
            ros::spinOnce();
            loop_rate.sleep();
            ++count;
            return 0;
```





Writing Publisher and Subscriber

1. Subscriber

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "std_msgs/String.h"
```

```
void chatterCallback(const std_msgs::String::ConstPtr& msg)
{
   ROS_INFO("I heard: [%s]", msg->data.c_str());
}
```







```
Writing Publisher and Subscriber
    1. Subscriber
            int main(int argc, char **argv)
              ros::init(argc, argv, "listener");
              ros::NodeHandle n;
              ros::Subscriber sub = n.subscribe("chatter", 1000, chatterCallback);
              ros::spin();
              return 0;
```





Writing Publisher and Subscriber

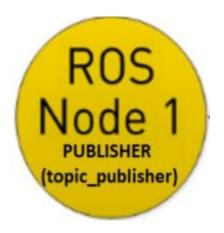
1. Publisher

#!/usr/bin/env python

license removed for brevity

import rospy

form std_msgs.msg import String







```
Writing Publisher and Subscriber
```

```
1. Publisher
```

```
def talker():
    pub = rospy.Publisher('chatter', String, queue_size=10)
    rospy.init_node('talker', anonymous=True)
    rate = rospy.Rate(10)
    while not rospy.is_shutdown():
        hello_str = "hello world %s" % rospy.get_time()
```

rospy.loginfo(hello_str)

rate.sleep()





Writing Publisher and Subscriber

1. Publisher





Writing Publisher and Subscriber

1. Subscriber

#!/usr/bin/env python

import rospy

form std_msgs.msg import String







Writing Publisher and Subscriber

```
1. Subscriber

def listener():

rospy.init_node('listener', anonymous=True)

rospy.Subscriber("chatter", String, callback)

rospy.spin()
```

if __name__ == '__main__':

linstener()





Publisher and Subscriber (C++)

- 1. rosrun [pkg_name] [depend]
- 2. rosrun [pkg_name] [depend]

Publisher and Subscriber (Python)

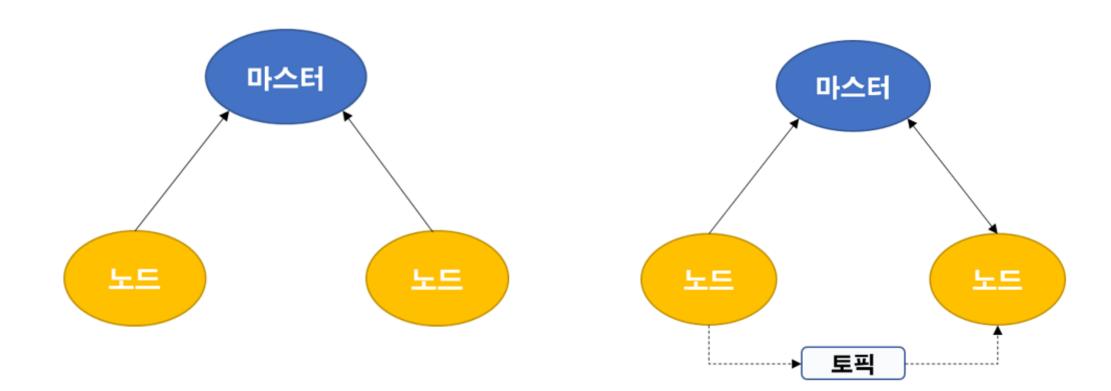
- 1. rosrun [pkg_name] [depend.py]
- 2. rosrun [pkg_name] [depend.py]

- Publisher
- Subscriber

- Publisher
- Subscriber











Thanks for your attention!



