

# Puppet



## **Team Members:**

Mohit Sardar

Chang Yan

Haoxu Ren

Yushu Huang

Darshan Patel

# Introduction / Overview



Automatically deliver and operate all of your software across its entire lifecycle.



# Introduction / Overview



## Before puppet

Manual installation

Login and perform inst/config change

Not scalable

Everyone solve same problem with their own way

## With puppet

Mature tool

Offer automated way to inspect, deliver, operate

Scalable

Version controlled

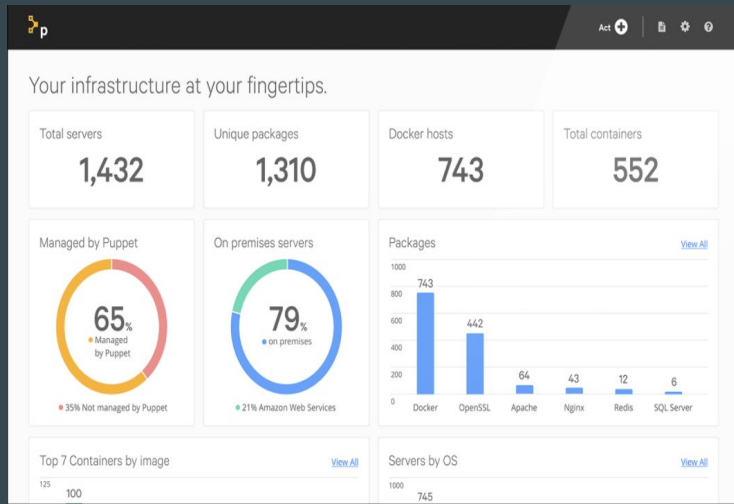
# Products

- Puppet Discovery
- Puppet Enterprise
- Puppet Pipeline
- Open Source Puppet

# Puppet Discovery

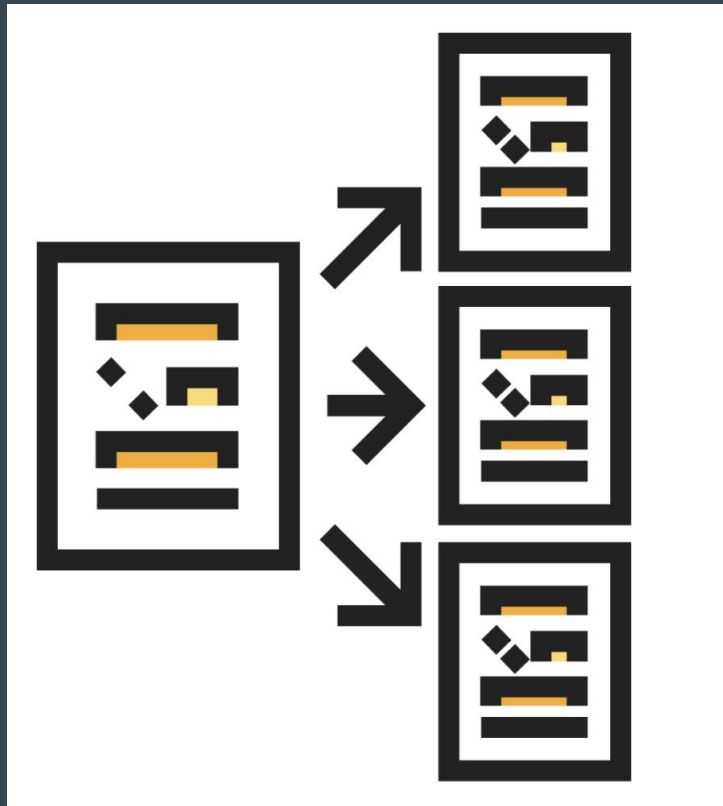
Discover what's running in your hybrid infrastructure.

- What's the distribution of operating systems in your on-premises environment?
- In which regions are your AWS EC2 instances running?
- What files have changed in your containers since you deployed them?



# Puppet Enterprise

Puppet Enterprise provides you with the common language that all teams in an IT organization can use to successfully adopt DevOps practices such as version control, code review, automated testing, continuous integration and automated deployment.



# Puppet Pipeline

Puppet Pipelines simplifies software delivery and unifies automation silos across your Dev and Ops teams. It automates the build and deployment of your applications — whether they're traditionally packaged or container-based apps running in Kubernetes — and gives you deep visibility and audit trails for every action taken.

The screenshot displays the Puppet Pipeline web interface for an application named `puppet_webapp`. The interface is divided into several sections:

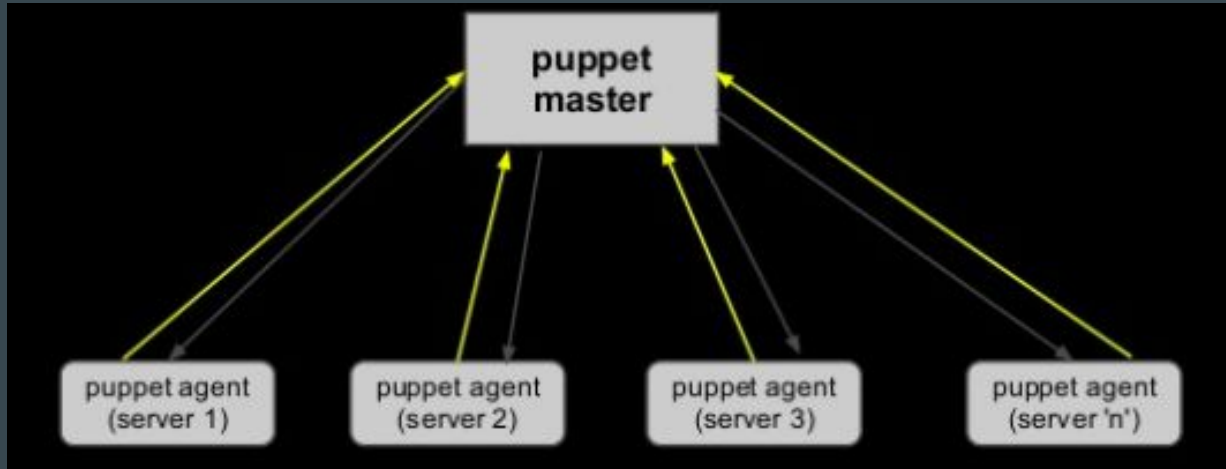
- Header:** Shows the application name `puppet_webapp` and a tab for `Application Details`.
- Navigation:** Includes tabs for `Overview`, `Manifest`, `Environments`, and `Application Settings`.
- App History:** A table showing a sequence of actions:
  - Build:** Running, 1 minute ago, Jan 31, 2018.
  - Push:** 1 minute ago, Jan 31, 2018.
  - Deploy:** Success, 12 minutes ago, Jan 31, 2018.
  - Deploy:** 12 minutes ago.
- App Pipeline:** A section showing the current pipeline state, including a connected repository and build options.
  - Connected Repository:** `puppet...` with a `+ Add Branches` button.
  - Branch:** `master`.
  - Branch Build Options:** `Auto Build - ON` and `Disconnect Branch`.
  - Build #335520:** Running, `master` by `ipcrm`. It includes a `View Build Log` link and a timestamp of `Created: 26 seconds ago`.

# How Puppet Works?

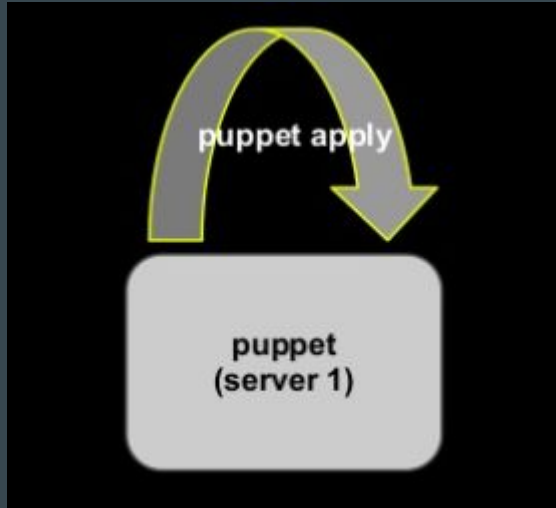
- Architecture
  - Agent/Master
  - Stand-alone
- Lifecycle of a Puppet Run
- Configuration language



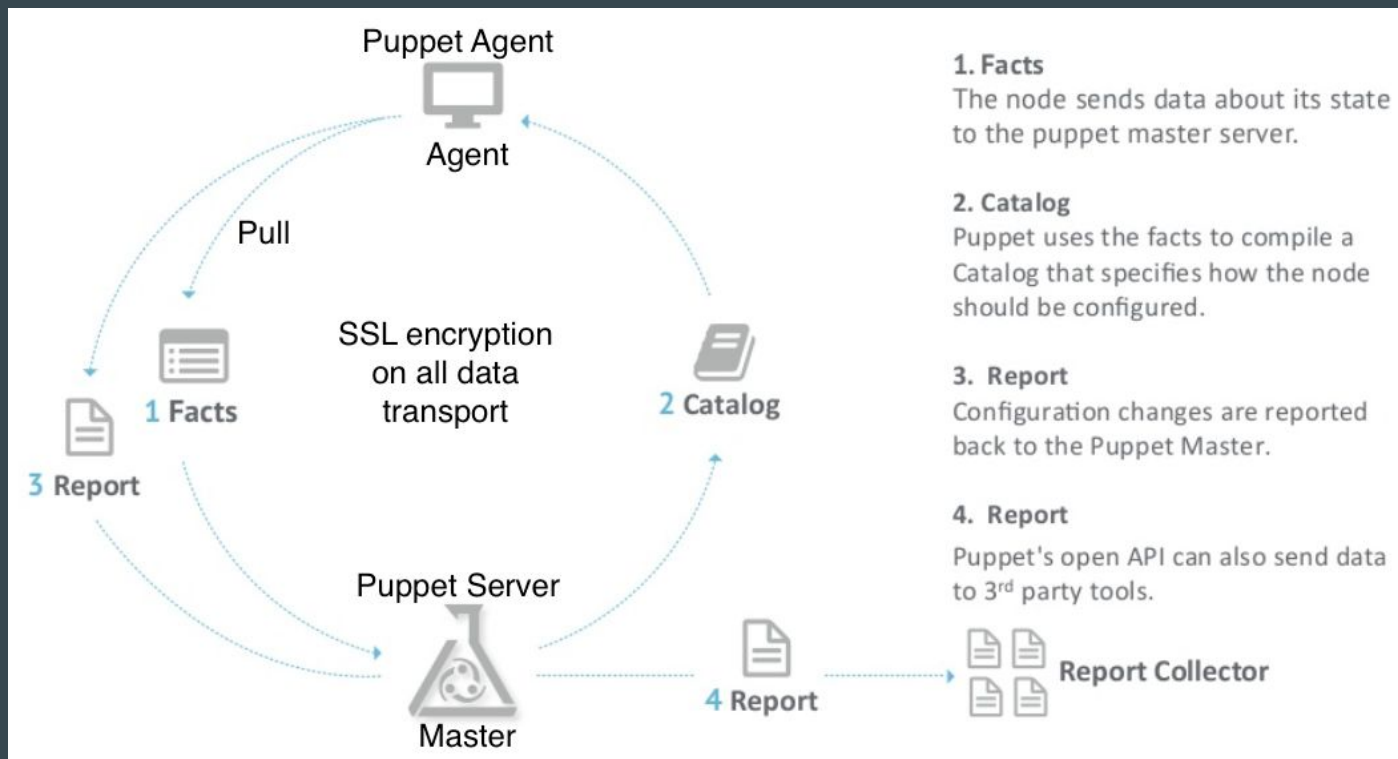
# Agent/Master Architecture



# Stand-alone Architecture



# Lifecycle of a Puppet Run (Agent/Master architecture)

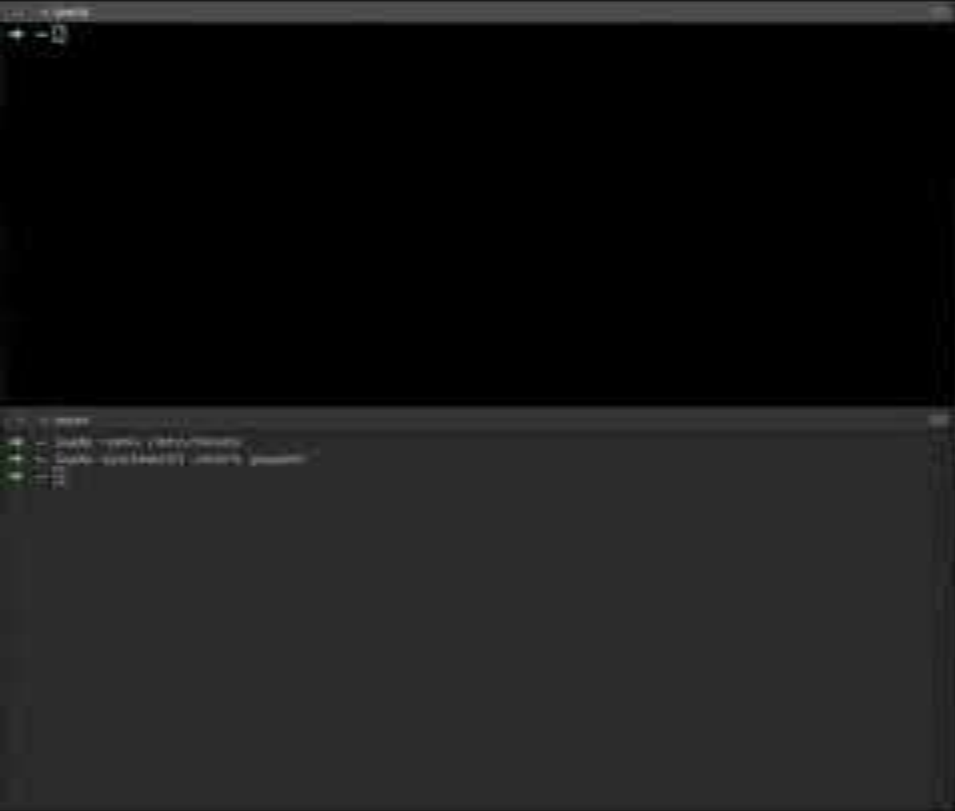


# Configuration language




- Puppet's declarative language / Ruby DSL

```
type { 'title':  
  attribute => value  
}
```

```
user { 'harry':  
  ensure => present,  
  uid    => '1000',  
  shell  => '/bin/bash',  
  home   => '/var/tmp'  
}
```



The DigitalOcean website interface for managing Droplets. The top navigation bar includes links for Dashboard, Droplets, Spaces, Images, Networking, Monitoring, and API. The main heading is "Droplets" with a "Search by Droplet" input field. Below the heading, there are tabs for "Droplets" and "Snapshots". A table lists the active droplets:

Name	IP Address	Created
 <b>agent</b> 1 GB / 25 GB Disk / 100% CPU / 100% Memory / 100% Disk I/O	64.226.21.242	4 minutes ago
 <b>router</b> 1 GB / 25 GB Disk / 100% CPU / 100% Memory / 100% Disk I/O	64.226.21.242	4 minutes ago
 <b>server</b> 1 GB / 25 GB Disk / 100% CPU / 100% Memory / 100% Disk I/O	64.226.21.242	10 mins ago

# Pros

- Mature and stable interface; runs on all major OS
- Simple installation and setup
- Web UI with strong management and reporting tools
- Well-established and active support community

# Cons

- Puppet DSL (hard to learn, understand and implement advanced tasks)
- Code base becomes more and more complicated while scaling up
- Pull model; follows a specified schedule for tasks

# Related Applications / Products

Ansible:

- SSH-based; does not require installing agents on nodes
- Written in Python; script commands in YAML
- Uses push model

Chef:

- Similar architecture but an additional workstation to control configurations
- Uses ruby scripts for a more code driven approach



THANK YOU!

# References

- <https://www.slideshare.net/joshbeard/puppet-overview-28908346>
- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Puppet\\_\(software\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Puppet_(software))
- <https://puppet.com/docs/puppet/5.5/architecture.html#>
- [https://www.slideshare.net/pk.habi/introduction-to-puppet-16586463?next\\_slideshow=1](https://www.slideshare.net/pk.habi/introduction-to-puppet-16586463?next_slideshow=1)
- <https://blog.takipi.com/deployment-management-tools-chef-vs-puppet-vs-ansible-vs-saltstack-vs-fabric/>