Module Interface Specification for Software Engineering

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1 Revision History

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Date 1	1.0	Notes
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2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

See SRS Documentation at [give url —SS] [Also add any additional symbols, abbreviations or acronyms —SS]

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3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for REACH, a web application used to improve patients' access to clinical trials and practitioners' access to potential participants. More specifically, it will provide the list of modules that have been decomposed from the Module Guide, each with their interface specification, detailing important characteristics such as the module's methods and state variables.

Complementary documents, such as the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide can be found at https://github.com/davimang/REACH.

4 Notation

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol := is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1|c_2 \Rightarrow r_2|...|c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$.

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by Software Engineering.

Data Type	Notation	Description
character	char	a single symbol or digit
integer	\mathbb{Z}	a number without a fractional component in $(-\infty, \infty)$
natural number	N	a number without a fractional component in $[1, \infty)$
real	\mathbb{R}	any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$

The specification of Software Engineering uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, and tuples. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. In addition, Software Engineering uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project.

Level 1	Level 2
Hardware-Hiding	
Behaviour-Hiding	Input Parameters Output Format Output Verification Temperature ODEs Energy Equations Control Module Specification Parameters Module
Software Decision	Sequence Data Structure ODE Solver Plotting

Table 1: Module Hierarchy

6 MIS of the User data module

6.1 Module

User

6.2 Uses

PatientInfo, Trial

6.3 Syntax

6.3.1 Exported Constants

None

6.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
getName	-	seq of char	-
setName	seq of char	-	EmptyName
getEmail	-	seq of char	-
setEmail	seq of char	-	InvalidEmail
getInfoProfiles	-	list of InfoProfile	-
getInfoProfile	integer	InfoProfile	InvalidInfoProfileId
addInfoProfile	InfoProfile	-	-
removeInfoProfile	integer	-	-
addTrial	Trial	-	-
removeTrial	integer	-	-
getTrials	-	list of Trial	-
getTrial	integer	Trial	InvalidTrialId

6.4 Semantics

6.4.1 State Variables

name: seq of char email: seq of char

infoProfiles: list of PatientInfo

trials: list of Trial

6.4.2 Environment Variables

None

6.4.3 Assumptions

- Each InfoProfile has a unique id.
- Each Trial has a unique id.

6.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

getName():

- transition: N/A
- output: out := self.name
- exception: N/A

setName(newName: seq of char):

- transition: self.name := newName
- output: N/A
- exception: $exc := length(newName) == 0 \Rightarrow EmptyName$

getEmail():

- transition: N/A
- \bullet output: out := self.email
- exception: N/A

setEmail(newEmail: seq of char):

- transition: self.email := newEmail
- output: N/A
- exception: $exc := isInvalidEmail(newEmail) \Rightarrow InvalidEmail$

 ${\it getInfoProfiles}():$

- transition: N/A
- output: out := self.infoProfiles
- exception: N/A

getInfoProfile(id: integer):

 \bullet transition: N/A

- output: out := $\{\exists i \in self.infoProfiles | i.id = id\} \Rightarrow i$
- exception: exc := $\neg\{\exists i \in self.infoProfiles | i.id = id\} \Rightarrow InvalidInfoProfileId$ addInfoProfile(newInfoProfile: InfoProfile):
 - transition: self.infoProfiles = self.infoProfiles + newInfoProfile (add the new infoprofile to the list of info profiles connected to the current user)
 - output: N/A
 - exception: N/A

removeInfoProfile(oldInfoProfile: InfoProfile):

- transition: self.infoProfiles = self.infoProfiles oldInfoProfile (remove the info profile passed to the method from the list of info profiles connected to the current user)
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

getTrials():

- transition: N/A
- output: out := self.trials
- exception: N/A

getTrial(id: integer):

- transition: N/A
- output: out := $\{\exists i \in self.trials | i.id = id\} \Rightarrow i$
- exception: $exc := \neg \{\exists i \in self.trials | i.id = id\} \Rightarrow InvalidTrialId$

addTrial(newTrial: Trial):

- \bullet transition: self.trials = self.trials + newTrial (same idea as add info profiles)
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

removeTrial(oldTrial: Trial):

- transition: self.trials = self.trials oldTrial (same idea as remove info profiles)
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

6.4.5 Local Functions

saveUser(user: User):

• transition: Saves the user to the database.

• output: N/A

• exception: N/A loadUser(user: User):

• transition: Loads the user from the database.

 \bullet output: N/A

• exception: N/A

7 MIS of Info Profile data module

7.1 Module

InfoProfile

7.2 Uses

None

7.3 Syntax

7.3.1 Exported Constants

None

7.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
getDOB	-	datetime	-
setDOB	datetime	-	-
getAddress	-	seq of char	-
setAddress	seq of char	-	-
getGender	-	seq of char	-
setGender	seq of char	-	-
getHealthDetails	-	map <seq char:<="" of="" td=""><td>-</td></seq>	-
		Any>	
setHealthDetails	map <seq char<="" of="" td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td></seq>	-	-
	Any>		

7.4 Semantics

7.4.1 State Variables

dateOfBirth: datetime address: seq of char gender: seq of char

healthDetails: map<seq of char: Any>

7.4.2 Environment Variables

None

7.4.3 Assumptions

None

7.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

getDOB():

• transition: N/A

• output: out := self.dateOfBirth

• exception: N/A

 $\operatorname{setDOB}(\operatorname{newDOB}:\operatorname{datetime}):$

• transition: self.dateOfBirth = newDOB

• output: N/A

• exception: N/A

getAddress():

• transition: N/A

 \bullet output: out := self.address

• exception: N/A

setAddress(newAddress: seqOfChar):

• transition: self.address = newAddress

• output: N/A

 \bullet exception: N/A

getGender():

- transition: N/A
- output: out := self.gender
- exception: N/A

setGender(gender: seq of char):

- transition: self.gender = gender
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

getHealthDetails():

- transition: N/A
- output: out := self.healthDetails
- exception: N/A

setHealthDetails(newHealthDetails: map<seq of char: Any>):

- transition: self.healthDetails = newHealthDetails
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

7.4.5 Local Functions

saveInfoProfile(infoProfile: InfoProfile):

- transition: Saves the info profile to the database.
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

loadInfoProfile(infoProfile: InfoProfile):

- transition: Loads the info profile from the database.
- output: N/A
- exception: N/A

8 MIS of the Fetch Trials Modules

8.1 Module

TrialFetcher

8.2 Uses

Trial

8.3 Syntax

8.3.1 Exported Constants

None

8.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions		
getTrials seq. of String, integer,		DataFrame	MissingParameter, In-		
	String		validAge, InvalidAd-		
			dress		
getLocator	-	geocoder	-		
$\operatorname{setLocator}$	geocoder	-	-		

8.4 Semantics

8.4.1 State Variables

locator: geocoder

8.4.2 Environment Variables

None

8.4.3 Assumptions

- Each Trial has a unique id.
- The trial API will always be accessible.

8.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

getTrials(conditions: sequence of String, age: int, address: String):

- transition: None
- output: out := DataFrame populated with trials from the ClinicalTrials.gov API
- exception: $exc := (age \notin (0, 120] \rightarrow InvalidAge) \lor (\neg checkAddress(address) \rightarrow InvalidAddress) \lor ((\exists x.x \in parameters : x = \varepsilon) \rightarrow MissingParameter)$

8.4.5 Local Functions

convertTrialsToDataFrame(rawData: csv):

- transition: None
- output: out := rawData formatted as a DataFrame
- exception: None

checkAddress(address: String):

- transition: None
- output: out:= True
- exception: $exc := (geopy.geolocator(address) = exception \rightarrow False)$

9 MIS of the Trial Filtering Module

9.1 Module

TrialFilterer

9.2 Uses

Trial

9.3 Syntax

9.3.1 Exported Constants

None

9.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
exportTrials	-	json	-
fetchTrials	seq. of String, integer,	=	-
	String		
getLocator	-	geocoder	-
setLocator	geocoder	-	-

9.4 Semantics

9.4.1 State Variables

locator: geocoder trials: DataFrame

9.4.2 Environment Variables

None

9.4.3 Assumptions

- Each Trial has a unique id.
- Exceptions are caught downstream by the TrialFetcher module

9.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

fetchTrials(conditions: sequence of String, age: int, address: String):

- transition: self.trials populated with trials via TrialFilterer module
- output: None
- exception: None

exportTrials():

- transition: None
- output: out:= self.trials as json
- exception: None

getLocator():

• transition: None

- output: out:= self.locator
- exception: None

setLocator(loc: geocoder):

- transition: self.locator = loc
- output: None
- \bullet exception: None

9.4.5 Local Functions

cleanAge(stringAge: String):

- transition: None
- output: out:= $(inMonths \rightarrow int(stringAge)/12) \rightarrow int(stringAge)$
- exception: $exc := stringAge \notin \mathbb{R} \to InvalidAge$

geodesicDistance(address: geocode, trialLocation: geocode):

- transition: None
- output: $out := \arccos(\sin(address.latitude) \cdot \sin(trialLocation.latitude) + \cos(address.latitude) \cdot \cos(ltrialLocation.latitude) \cdot \cos(trialLocation.longitude address.longitude)) \cdot 6371000$
- exception: None

calculateDistance():

- transition: $self.trials[distance] \mapsto geodesicDistance(address, self.trials[trialLocation])$
- output: None
- exception: None

convertToJSON(df: DataFrame):

- transition: None
- output: $df \rightarrow json(df)$
- exception: None

10 MIS of the Email Notification Module

10.1 Module

NotificationModule, User, PatientInfo, Trial

10.2 Uses

10.3 Syntax

10.3.1 Exported Constants

None

10.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
sendEmail	String, String	-	DeliveryFailed
getAPIKey	-	String	-
setAPIKey	String	-	-

10.4 Semantics

10.4.1 State Variables

APIKey: String

10.4.2 Environment Variables

connection: API connection

10.4.3 Assumptions

- Emailer API is operational and accessible
- ClinicalTrial.gov API is operational and accessible

10.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

sendEmail(emailAddress: String, subject: String, body: String):

- transition: None
- output: out := email request sent through the emailing API
- exception: exc := emailer returns error code $\rightarrow DeliveryFailed$

getAPIKey():

- transition: None
- output: out := self.APIKey
- exception: None

setAPIKey(key: String):

- transition: self.APIKey := key
- output: None
- exception: None

10.4.5 Local Functions

findNewTrials():

- transition: None
- output: out := $\{trials : trial.postedDate > lastCheckedDate\}$
- exception: None

matchUsersToNewTrials():

- transition: None
- $\bullet \text{ output: out} := \{user \times trial : user.conditions \subseteq trial.conditions\}$
- exception: None

References

Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, and Dino Mandrioli. Fundamentals of Software Engineering. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 2nd edition, 2003.

Daniel M. Hoffman and Paul A. Strooper. Software Design, Automated Testing, and Maintenance: A Practical Approach. International Thomson Computer Press, New York, NY, USA, 1995. URL http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/428727.html.

11 Appendix

 $[{\bf Extra~information~if~required~-\!SS}]$