#### Questions 1: Find Third Max

## Algorithm 1:

#### findThirdMax(A)

```
len <- length(A)</pre>
if len < 3 then
    return MIN_VALUE
first \leftarrow A[0]
firstIndex \leftarrow 0
secondIndex ← 0
for i \leftarrow 1 to len-1 do
    if A[i] > first then
         first←A[i]
         firstIndex ← i
for i \leftarrow 0 to len -1 do
    if i ! = firstIndex AND A[i] > second AND A[i] <= first then
         second ← A[i]
         secondIndex ← i
third ← MIN_VALUE
for i \leftarrow 0 to len -1 do
    if i ! = firstIndex AND i != secondIndex AND A[i] > third AND A[i] <= second
         third ← A[i]
```

### return third

### Numbers of operations = 23n + 8

#### Algorithm 2: findThirdMax(A)

	# Operations
max ← MIN VALUE	1
preMax	1
prePreMax   MIN VALUE	1
for num in input	n + 1 + n(increments)
if num > max then	n
prePreMax ← preMax	n
preMax ← max	n
max ← num	n
else if num > preMax then	n
prePreMax← preMax	n
preMax ← num	n
else if num > prePreMax then	n
prePreMax ← num	n
return prePreMax	1
	Total = 6n + 5

# O(n)

Question 2.

Function	⊕-Notation
1,10	⊕(1)
log(log n)	Θ(log log n)
log n	⊕(log n)
ln n	⊕(log n)
n^(1/k) (k>3)	⊖(n^(1/k))
n^(1/3)	⊕(n^(1/3))
n^(1/3) log n	$\Theta(n^{(1/3)} \log n)$
n^(1/2)	⊕(n^(1/2))
n^(1/2) log n	$\Theta(n^{(1/2)} \log n)$
n log n	⊕(n log n)
n^2	⊕(n^2)
n^3	⊕ (n^3)
n^k (k>3)	⊕ (n^k)
2^n	Θ(2^n)
3^n	⊕(3^n)
n!	⊕(n!)
n^n	⊕(n^n)