

SwiftHire- Resources, Documentation, Getting Started Guide
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Annotated Bibliography of Resources Used:

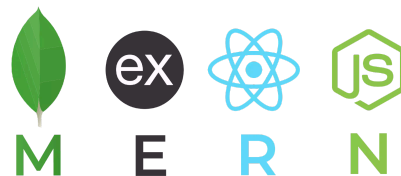
- YouTube Video Series-
https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL4cUxeGkcC9iJ_KkrkBZWZRHVwnzLloUE
 - This tutorial introduces development using MERN with the following features:
 - Setting up an Express app on the backend
 - Designating API routes for simple requests to local server hosting
 - Connecting a MongoDB Atlas database to store json documents
 - Creating a model, schema, and controller for the selected data cluster of queries
 - Setting up a React app for frontend development and user interaction
 - Adding components for various web page options and user choices
- Comprehensive Online Guide-
<https://blog.nextideatech.com/how-to-get-started-with-the-mern-stack-a-comprehensive-guide/>
 - This website provides in-depth understanding of installing and setting up the various technologies in the MERN stack, including:
 - Downloading the Node, MongoDB, and React packages
 - Testing server API requests, and experimenting with React web page components

Getting Started Guide:

- To start running backend server
 - Navigate to the root project directory: 'cd ../backend'
 - Run 'nodemon server.js'
- To start running frontend view
 - Navigate to the root project directory: 'cd ../frontend'
 - Run 'npm start'
- Basic features
 - Welcome page
 - Search job
 - Post a job
 - Sign in/up
 - About us page

Application Tech Stack/Documentation:

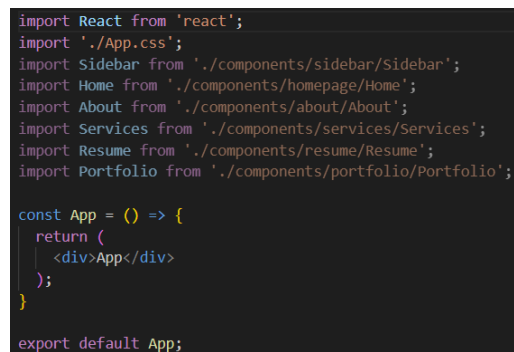
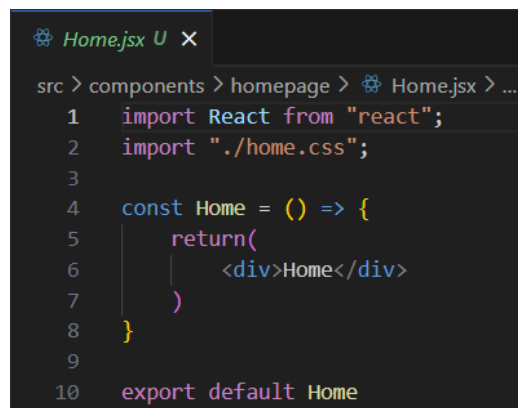
- Backend
 - Express.js
 - Node.js, nodemon, npm
 - MongoDB, mongoose, Atlas
 - Dotenv
 - Postman
- Frontend
 - React.js
 - HTML
 - CSS



Learning React

Here's what I learned from the React tutorial:

- **What is React?**
 - React is a JavaScript library used for building user interfaces. It lets you create reusable components that make web development easier and more efficient.
- **Setting Up the Dev Environment**
 - I installed Node.js, npm, and used **create-react-app** to quickly set up a React project. This tool auto-generates a basic project structure to get started fast.
- **Understanding Project Structure**
 - I got familiar with the key files (**index.js**, **App.js**) and how everything fits together in the **public** and **src** folders.
- **Creating React Components**
 - I learned to build functional components, which are the main building blocks of React apps. Components are reusable and independent, making development more modular.
- **How React Works**
 - React uses a virtual DOM to efficiently update the real DOM. It only changes what's necessary, which makes the app faster.
- **React Ecosystem**
 - React has an ecosystem of tools like React Router for navigation and libraries like Redux for managing global state.
- **Building Components**
 - I learned to build reusable components and how to pass data and behavior through **props**.

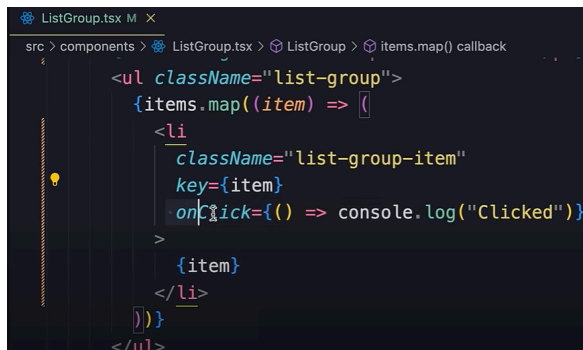


- **Fragments, Rendering Lists & Conditional Rendering**

- Fragments: Helped me group elements without adding extra nodes to the DOM.
- Rendering Lists: Learned to map over arrays to display lists of items dynamically.
- Conditional Rendering: Show or hide elements based on conditions in the app (like using ternary operators).

- **Handling Events**

- React makes it simple to handle events like clicks or form submissions with event listeners in JSX.

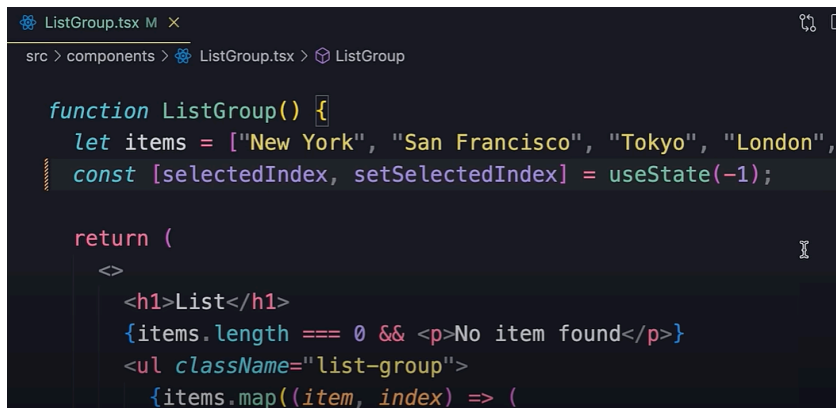


A screenshot of a code editor showing a JSX element. The breadcrumb at the top reads 'src > components > ListGroup.tsx > ListGroup > items.map() callback'. The code is as follows:

```
<ul className="list-group">
  {items.map((item) => (
    <li
      className="list-group-item"
      key={item}
      onClick={() => console.log("Clicked")}
    >
      {item}
    </li>
  ))}
</ul>
```

- **Managing State**

- I used the **useState** hook to store and update data in a component. State changes trigger UI updates, keeping everything in sync.



A screenshot of a code editor showing the `ListGroup` function component. The breadcrumb at the top reads 'src > components > ListGroup.tsx > ListGroup'. The code is as follows:

```
function ListGroup() {
  let items = ["New York", "San Francisco", "Tokyo", "London",
  const [selectedIndex, setSelectedIndex] = useState(-1);

  return (
    <>
      <h1>List</h1>
      {items.length === 0 && <p>No item found</p>}
      <ul className="list-group">
        {items.map((item, index) => (
```

- **Props vs. State**

- Props: Passed down from parent components; they're read-only.
- State: Managed within a component and can be updated dynamically.

- **Passing Children & Functions via Props**

- I learned how to pass data, functions, and even child components through props to make components more flexible.

- **React Dev Tools**

- The React Developer Tools extension is super helpful for inspecting components, their state, and props.

- **Exercises: Building Components:** I practiced building components like buttons and alert messages, which helped reinforce all the concepts.

Key Takeaways:

- React's component-based approach makes it easy to build dynamic, reusable UI elements.
- Learned to manage state, handle events, and pass data between components using props.
- Hands-on exercises gave me a better feel for React development.

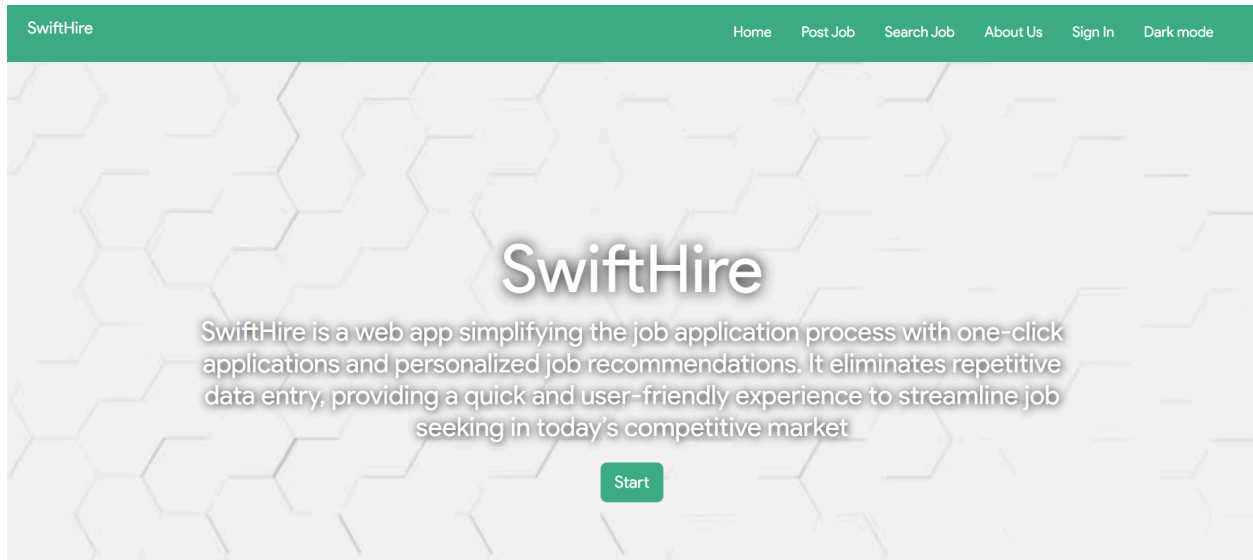


Figure 1: SwiftHire Main Welcome Page

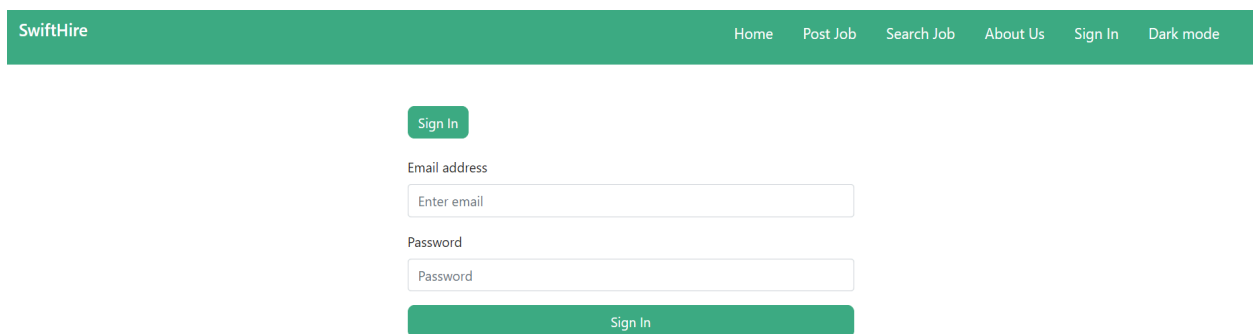


Figure 2: Sign In/Up User Page