Article ID: 147810 - Last Review: July 15, 2004 - Revision: 2.1

How To Use Windows BitBlt Function in Visual Basic Application

This article was previously published under Q147810

SUMMARY

Windows GDI.EXE has a function called BitBlt that will move the source device given by the hSrcDC parameter to the destination device given by the hDestDC parameter. This article explains in detail the arguments of the Windows BitBlt function call

MORE INFORMATION

To use BitBlt within a Visual Basic application:

Use the following Declare statement to declare the Function in 16-bit Visual Basic. (If the declaration is placed in the General Declarations section of a Form, the keyword Private must be placed at the beginning of the declaration.)

Declare Function BitBlt Lib "GDI" (ByVal hDestDC%, ByVal X%, _ ByVal Y%, ByVal nWidth%, ByVal nHeight%, ByVal hSrcDC%, _ ByVal XSrc%, ByVal YSrc%, ByVal dwRop&) As Integer

If you are using the 32-bit version of Visual Basic use the following Declare statement. (If the declaration is placed in the General Declarations section of a Form, the keyword Private must be placed at the beginning of the declaration.)

Declare Function BitBlt Lib "gdi32" (ByVal hDestDC As Long, _ ByVal x As Long, ByVal y As Long, ByVal nWidth As Long, _ ByVal nHeight As Long, ByVal hSrcDC As Long, ByVal xSrc As Long, _ ByVal ySrc As Long, ByVal dwRop As Long) As Long

The following defines each of the formal parameters used in the Declare:

The following Raster operations are defined using the predefined constants found in the WINDOWS.H file supplied with the Microsoft Windows Software Development Kit (SDK). The value in the parentheses () is the value to assign to the dwRop& variable.

Code/Value (hex) Description --------- BLACKNESS (42) Turn output black. DSINVERT(550009) Inverts the destination bitmap. MERGECOPY (COOOCA) Combines the pattern and the source bitmap using the Boolean AND operation. MERGEPAINT (BB0226) Combines the inverted source bitmap with the destination bitmap using the Boolean OR operator. NOTSRCCOPY(330008) Copies the inverted source bitmap to the destination. NOTSRCERASE (1100A6) Inverts the result of combining the destination and source bitmap using the Boolean OR operator. PATCOPY(F00021) Copies the pattern to the destination bitmap. PATINVERT(5A0049) Combines the destination bitmap with the pattern using the Boolean XOR operator. PATPAINT(FB0A09) Combines the inverted source bitmap with the pattern using the Boolean OR operator. Combines the result of this operation with the destination bitmap using the Boolean OR operator. SRCAND(8800C6) Combines pixels of the destination and source bitmap using the Boolean AND operator. SRCCOPY(CC0020) Copies the source bitmap to destination bitmap. SRCERASE(4400328) Inverts the destination bitmap and combines the results with the source bitmap using the Boolean AND operator. SRCINVERT(660046) Combines pixels of the destination and source bitmap using the Boolean XOR operator. SRCPAINT (EE0086) Combines pixels of the destination and source bitmap using the Boolean OR operator. WHITENESS(FF0062) Turns all output white.

Step-by-Step Example

Here is an example showing how to copy the contents of a picture control to the contents of another picture control.

- Start a new project in Visual Basic. Form1 is created by default. Place two picture controls (Picture1 and Picture2) on Form1.
- 2. Add a BAS module to the project.

3. In the General Declarations section of the module place the following code to declare the BitBlt API:

#If Win32 Then Declare Function BitBlt Lib "gdi32" (ByVal hDestDC As Long, ByVal x _ As Long,
ByVal y As Long, ByVal nWidth As Long, ByVal nHeight As _ Long, ByVal hSrcDC As Long, ByVal
xSrc As Long, ByVal ySrc As _ Long, ByVal dwRop As Long) As Long #Else Declare Function
BitBlt Lib "GDI" (ByVal hDestDC%, ByVal X%, ByVal _ Y%, ByVal nWidth%, ByVal nHeight%, ByVal
hSrcDC%, ByVal XSrc%, _ ByVal YSrc%, ByVal dwRop&) As Integer #End If

- 4. Display some graphics on Picture1 by loading from a picture file or by pasting from the clipboard at design time. You can load a picture from a file as follows:
 - Select Picture from the Properties list box and click the button with three dots to the right of the Settings box.
 - Then select the desired picture file such as a .BMP or .ICO file supplied with Microsoft Windows from the dialog box.
- 5. Add the following code to the Form_Click procedure:

Private Sub Form_Click () #If Win32 Then Const PIXEL = 3 Picture1.ScaleMode = PIXEL

Picture2.ScaleMode = PIXEL hDestDC& = Picture2.hDC x& = 0: y& = 0 nWidth& =

Picture2.ScaleWidth nHeight& = Picture2.ScaleHeight ' Assign information of the source

bitmap. hSrcDC& = Picture1.hDC xSrc& = 0: ySrc& = 0 ' Assign the SRCCOPY constant to the

Raster operation. dwRop& = &HCC0020 Suc& = BitBlt(hDestDC&, x&, y&, nWidth&, nHeight&,

hSrcDC&, _ xSrc&, ySrc&, dwRop&) #Else ' Assign information of the destination bitmap. Note

that Bitblt ' requires coordinates in pixels. Const PIXEL = 3 Picture1.ScaleMode = PIXEL

Picture2.ScaleMode = PIXEL hDestDC% = Picture2.hDC x% = 0: y% = 0 nWidth% =

Picture2.ScaleWidth nHeight% = Picture2.ScaleHeight ' Assign information of the source

bitmap. hSrcDC% = Picture1.hDC xSrc% = 0: ySrc% = 0 ' Assign the SRCCOPY constant to the

Raster operation. dwRop& = &HCC0020 Suc% = BitBlt(hDestDC%, x%, y%, nWidth%, nHeight%,

hSrcDC%, _ xSrc%, ySrc%, dwRop&) #End If End Sub

6. Run the program. Click the form. The contents of the first picture will be displayed on the se cond picture.

APPLIES TO

Keywords: kbhowto KB147810