









Full Stack Web Development Program Activate Windows Go to Settings to activate Activate Windo







Day 7 - Introduction to CSS





Titles

- Introduction to CSS
- Advantages of CSS
- Adding CSS to an HTML page
- Inline CSS
- Internal CSS
- External CSS
- Selectors in CSS
- Element Name Selector
- Element ID Selector
- Element Class Selector
- Universal Selector
- Grouping Selector







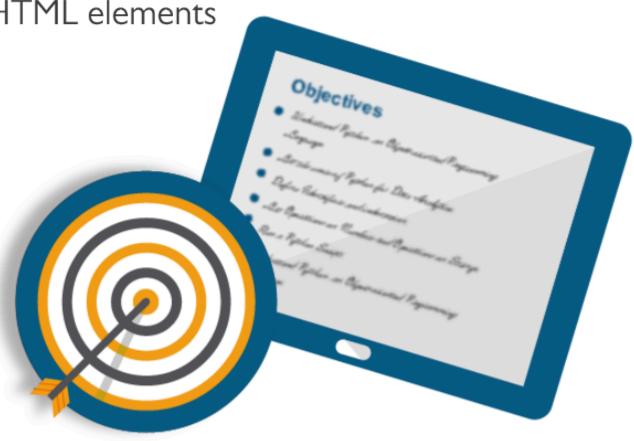


Learning Objectives

By the end of this module, you will be able to:

- Gain the knowledge and skills necessary to style and format HTML content using CSS
- Understand the advantages of using CSS

Use various types of selectors to target and apply styles to specific HTML elements











Cascading Style Sheets Way to Make Webpage Appealing







Introduction to CSS

- CSS is used to provide style for the HTML Elements.
- CSS makes the web page look effective, and attractive to use.
- It is specified by the <style> and </style> tags, or it can be specified with an extension of .css.















Advantages of CSS

1 Easier to maintain and update.

2 More **formatting** options.

3 Lightweight code.

4 Search engine optimization (SEO) benefits.

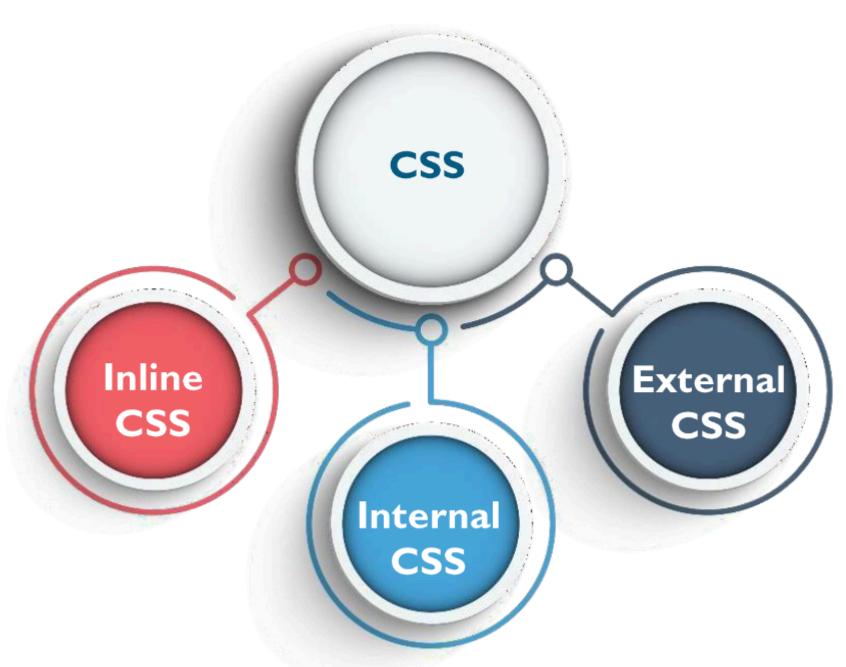


5 Great accessibility.





Adding CSS to an HTML Page



WAYS TO ADD CSS TO HTML PAGE







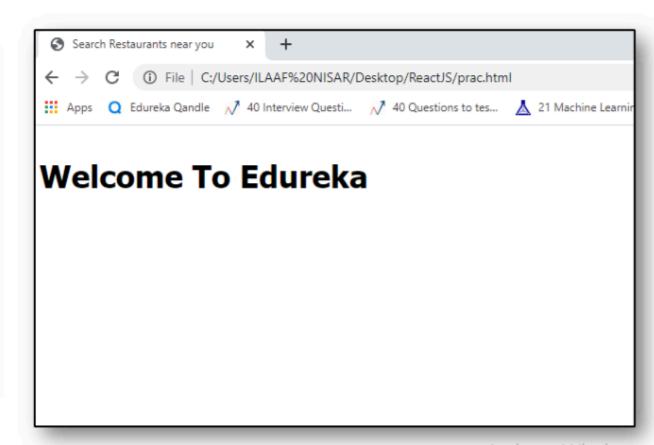


Inline CSS – Adding Style to an HTML Page

- Inline CSS can be used to add a unique style for a single HTML element.
- To use inline CSS, we have to add a style attribute along with the HTML tag.

Example (index.html)

Output









= =

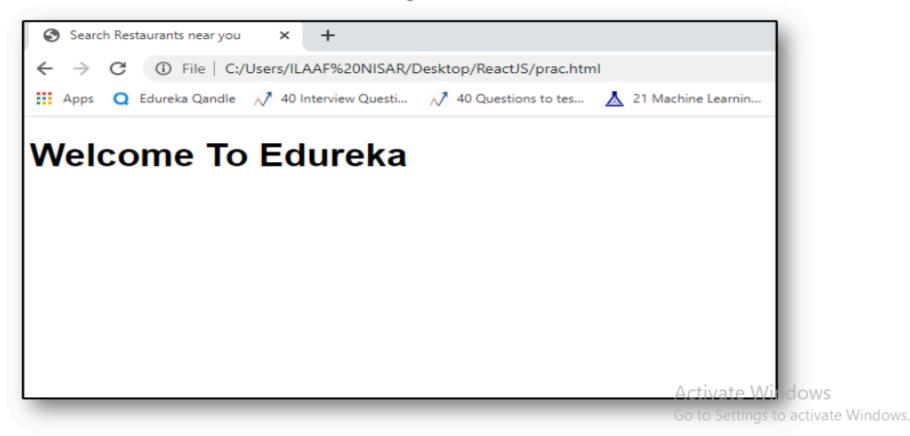
Internal CSS – Adding Style to an HTML Page

- In this approach, CSS styles are declared in the same HTML file. This is best suited for when a single page needs to be uniquely styled.
- Internal styles are defined within the <style> tag inside the head section of an HTML page.

Example (index.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
        <title>Search Restaurants near you</title>
        <style>
            h1 {
             font-size:30px;
             font-weight:bold;
             font-family: sans-serif;
        </style>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h1>
            Welcome To Edureka
        </h1>
    </body>
 /html>
```

Output











External CSS – Adding Style to an HTML Page

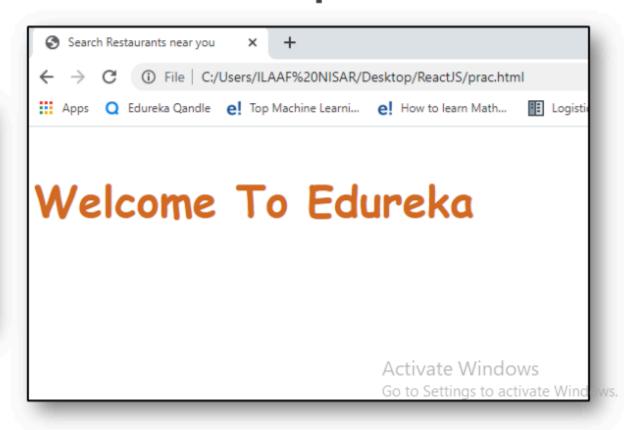
- In this approach, CSS styles are declared in a separate CSS file (other than the HTML file), and then that CSS file is referenced from within the HTML file using the link> tag.
- This approach is best suited for when we have to style a complete website that contains a lot of web pages.

Example (index.html)

Example (index.css)

```
p {
    font-size: 40px;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-family: cursive;
    color: chocolate;
}
```

Output



Select Your Style Exploring the Power of CSS Selectors



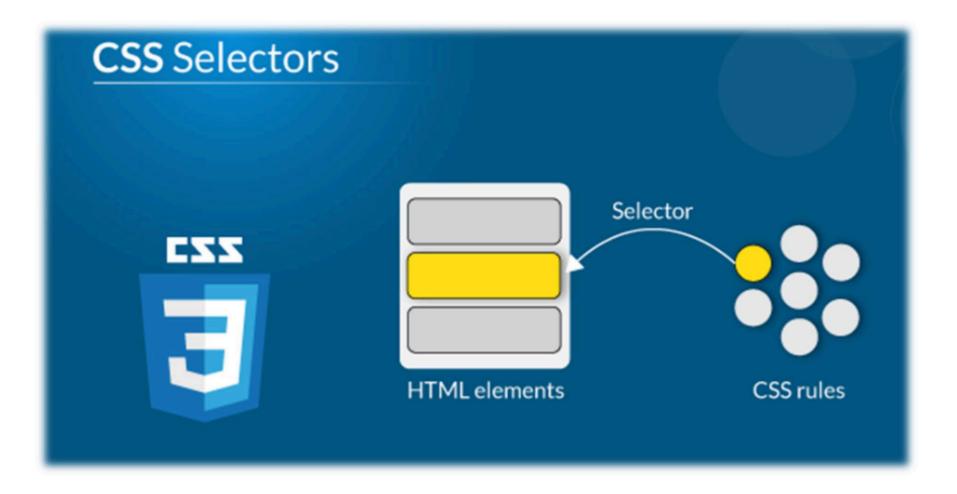




Selectors in CSS

They are used to select the required HTML elements and specify their style. Some of the commonly used selectors are:

- Element name selector
- Element ID selector
- Element class selector
- Universal selector
- Grouping selector











Element Name Selector

- Here, the names of the HTML tags are used to select the element.
- If there are multiple attributes with the same element name, it will select all the attributes.

Example (index.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <head>
   <title>Search Restaurants near you</title>
   <style>
       color: ■ tomato;
       font-size: 30px;
       color: ■grey;
       font-family: Arial;
   </style>
 </head>
 <body>
   <h1>Welcome to Edureka</h1>
   <div>You are Learning web development</div>
 </body>
/html>
```

Output









Element ID Selector

- Here, the ID attribute is used to select the element.
- Elements inside a specific ID are selected by giving the id name preceded by the hash (#) character.

Example (index.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <head>
   <title>Search Restaurants near you</title>
    <style>
     #demo {
       font-size: 30px;
       color: ■ red;
        font-family: monospace;
   </style>
  </head>
 <body>
   <h1>Welcome to Edureka</h1>
   <h1 id="demo">You are Learning web development</h1>
 </body>
</html>
```

Output: Search Restaurants near you → **C** ① 127.0.0.1:5500/index.html Welcome to Edureka You are Learning web development **Activate Windows** Go to Settings to activate Windows.





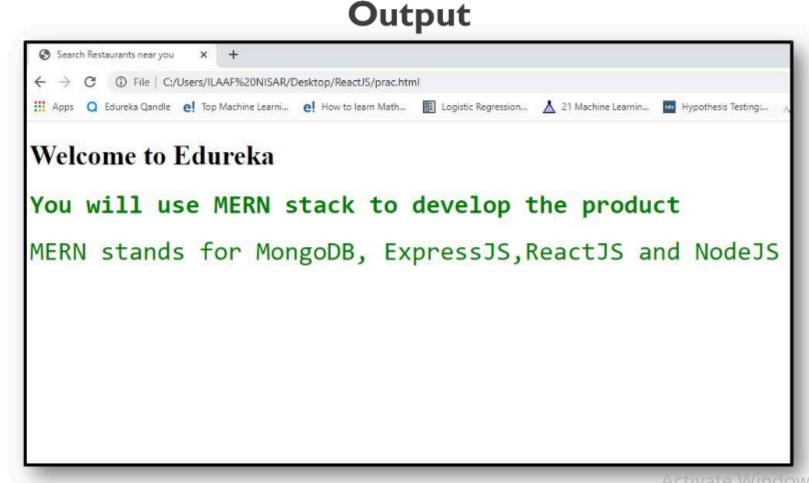


Element Class Selector

- Here, the class attribute is used to select the element.
- Elements inside a specific class are selected by giving the class name preceded by a dot (.) character.

Example (index.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            Search Restaurants near you
        </title>
        <style>
            .tech {
            font-size: 30px;
           color: green;
            font-family: monospace;
        <h1> Welcome to Edureka</h1>
        <h1 class="tech">
            You will use MERN stack to develop the product
        </h1>
        <div class="tech">
            MERN stands for MongoDB, ExpressJS, ReactJS and NodeJS
        </div>
   </body>
</html>
```



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