

Feeding RUSLE2

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Tell me how you feel . . .

- “RUSLE2 is Junk”
- “It’s not giving me the answer I want”
- “I keep getting a different answer”
- “The residue levels are way off”



Data Needed

[ruslefarmq.doc](#)

- Software/Planner
 - Climate/location
 - Dominant Critical Area for the field or conservation management unit (soil map unit)
 - Length and steepness of slopes
 - Crop yields
 - Supporting practices
- Client
 - Crops grown and sequence of crops
 - Tillage implements used



Dominant Critical Area

- Defined
 - Soil map unit (SMU) that is >10% of a field (dominant) that will address erosion issues on the remaining portion of the field (critical).
- Must plan for one representative slope in the entire field ...
- Slope length and steepness must be an actual value
 - Cannot average
- Why not predominant SMU?
 - Often results in “under-treating” areas

Dominant Critical Area

Soil	Acres	Percent
PoB	12.2	26.3%
PoA	6.0	13.0%
TrB	4.5	9.6%
RnC2	11.4	24.5%
GwD2	2.9	6.3%
PnC2	9.4	20.3%
Total	46.4	100.0%

Dominant Critical Area

Soil	Acres	Percent
PoB	5.8	10.3%
PoA	4.6	8.2%
TrB	2.0	3.6%
KeB	17.2	30.8%
GwC	7.4	13.4%
BbB	13.5	24.0%
DsC2	5.3	9.4%
RaA	0.2	0.3%
Total	56.1	100.0%



Slope Grade

- Should be representative of the “dominant critical area” (within % of slope of smu)
 - B: 2-6%
 - C: 6-12%
 - D: 12-20%
 - E: 20-30%
- Measure perpendicular to the contour
 - Hand level, clinometer most common
- If you were water, where would you go?

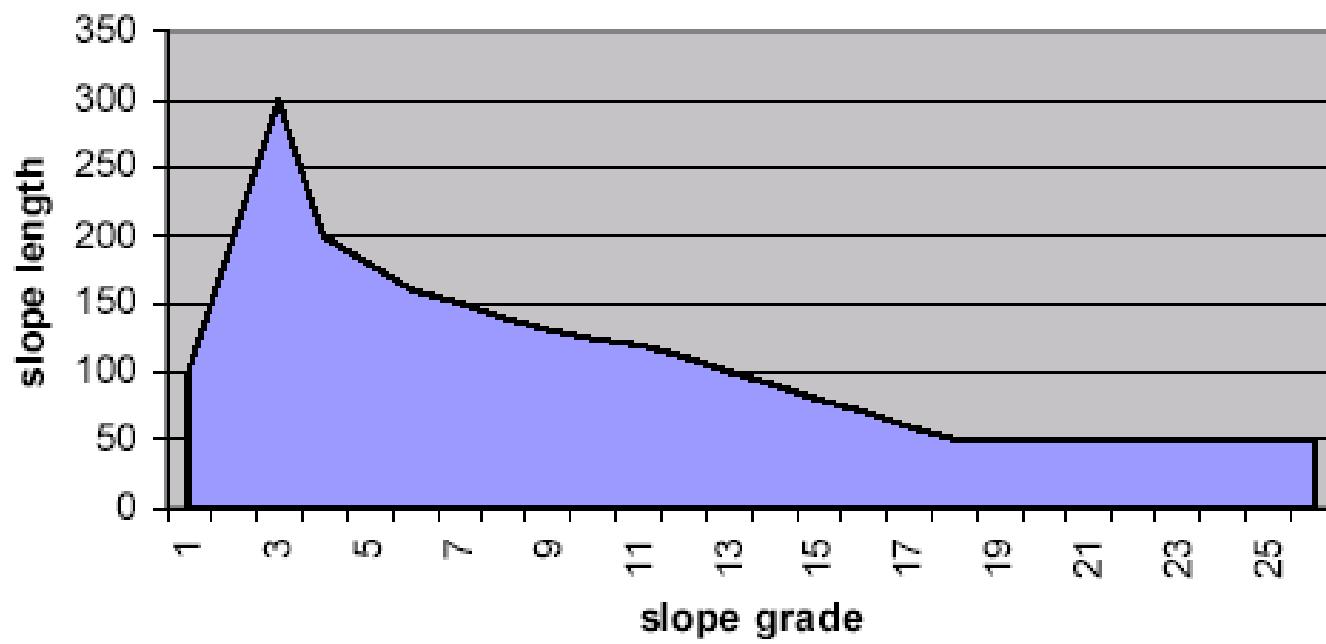




Slope Length

- Measure in the same location as the % grade
 - Shorter on flat and steep slopes
 - Longer on moderate slopes
- Choose a representative area in the smu
- Measure from area where water concentrates to point of deposition or concentrated flow.
 - Typically 30-45° from concentrated flow channel

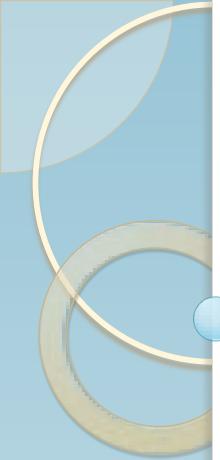
Slope length related to slope gradient





Other Info

- Crop yields
 - NRCS uses long-term average yields per soil type
 - Obtain these from Soil Data Mart:
 - <http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/>
 - Higher yields generally result in decreased soil loss AND higher amounts of residue after planting
 - SNAP Plus
 - Grain crops: mid-point of the yield goal for nutrients
 - Forage/silage crops: default value in RUSLE2
- Crops
 - Consider “common” rotations
 - Planting dates, methods of planting/harvest, cover crops, species, narrow row/wide row, single-disc vs. double-disc, etc.
- Tillage
 - Details are important
 - Pictures are valuable
 - Brand and model numbers of equipment



Tillage Implements

“I use a finisher before I plant ...”

“It’s a DC III with the disk in the front ...”

“ It has the spikes in the back with rollers behind it ...”



RUSLE2: Seedbed finisher, sngl disk, fld cult., coil
tine harrow, rolling basket

Twisted



03/26/2010 12:49

Straight



03/26/2010 12:50

Common chisel points

Double-disc



Single-disc



Disc Openers

Field Cultivator



Seedbed Finisher (combination tool)



Secondary Tillage

RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Seedbed conditioner, coulter caddy, rotary harrow, rolling basket



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Drill or Air Seeder, double disc w/
fluted coulters



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Chisel plow, disk, twst. pts.



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03/26/2010 12:49

RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Subsoiler, in-row



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Shredder, flail or rotary OR Shred residue, 6" stubble



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Subsoiler, disk ripper



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Chisel plow, disk, st. pts.



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Seedbed finisher, sngl disk, fld cult., coil tine harrow, rolling basket



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Roller, corrugated packer



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RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Planter, strip-till



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Seeder, corrugated packer



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Fert. appl., strip-till 30"



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RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Coulter Tiller, 10° angle, coil tine harrow, rolling basket



RUSLE2 IMPLEMENTS

Rolling basket incorporator (a.k.a. “crumbler”)





RUSLE2 Products



RUSLE2 Products

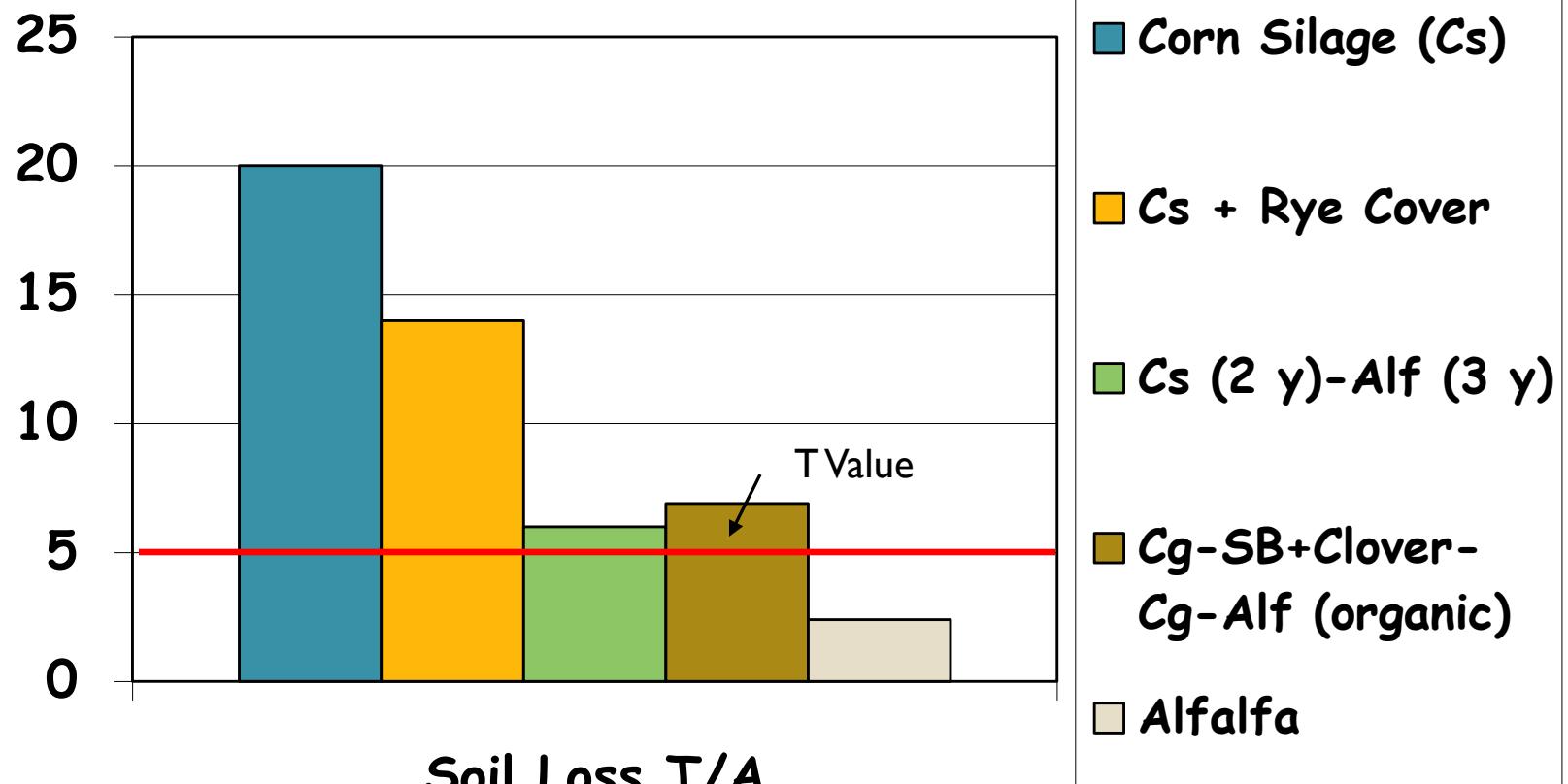
- Tolerable soil loss (“T”)
- Soil Condition Index (SCI)
- Soil Tillage Intensity Rating (STIR)
- Energy calculator
- Residue values after each operation



Erosion Factors - The “T” Value

- Different soils have different tolerances to erosion.
- Soil scientists assign a soil loss tolerance “T” value to soil during mapping based on the soil’s properties and potential for the soil to lose productivity over time from erosion.
- T values assigned to soils during mapping are 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 tons per acre per year.
- Soils with lower T values are much more quickly damaged from erosion than soil with higher T values.

Sample RUSLE2 Rotations



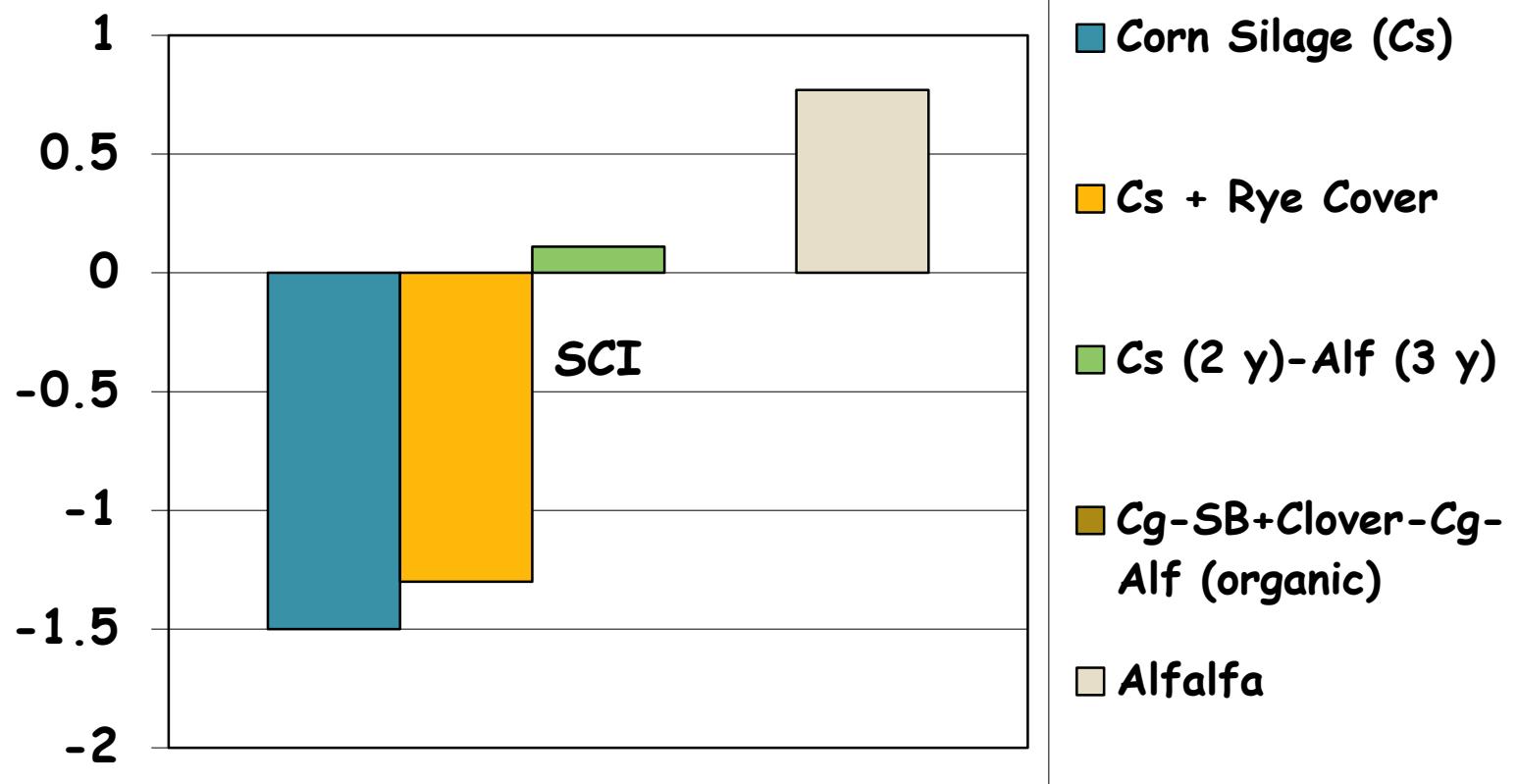
Fayette silt loam, 159 ft 10% slope; Iowa Co, WI; alfalfa-spring seeding w oats
RUSLE2 Calculations by Brian Hillers, NRCS-WI



Soil Condition Index

- Organic matter returned to the soil
- Field Operations - type, speed & number of passes
- Erosion factors
- **THE HIGHER THE NUMBER THE BETTER!!**
- “0” Means OM is being maintained(The numbers range from -2..0..+2)

RUSLE2 Soil Conditioning Index (SCI)



+ Soil OM Increase
- Soil OM Decrease

Fayette silt loam, 150 ft 10% slope; Iowa Co, WI; alfalfa-spring seeding w oats
SCI Calculations by Brian Hillers, NRCS-WI



HOW CAN I IMPACT SCI??

- High residue crops in rotation
- Cover crops
- Mulch & Manure applications
- Reducing tillage or soil disturbance
- Minimize the erosion from wind & water
- Increase crop production/residue levels
- Move farther north

ROTATION IS CRITICAL

- OM
- Canopy Cover
- Residue composition

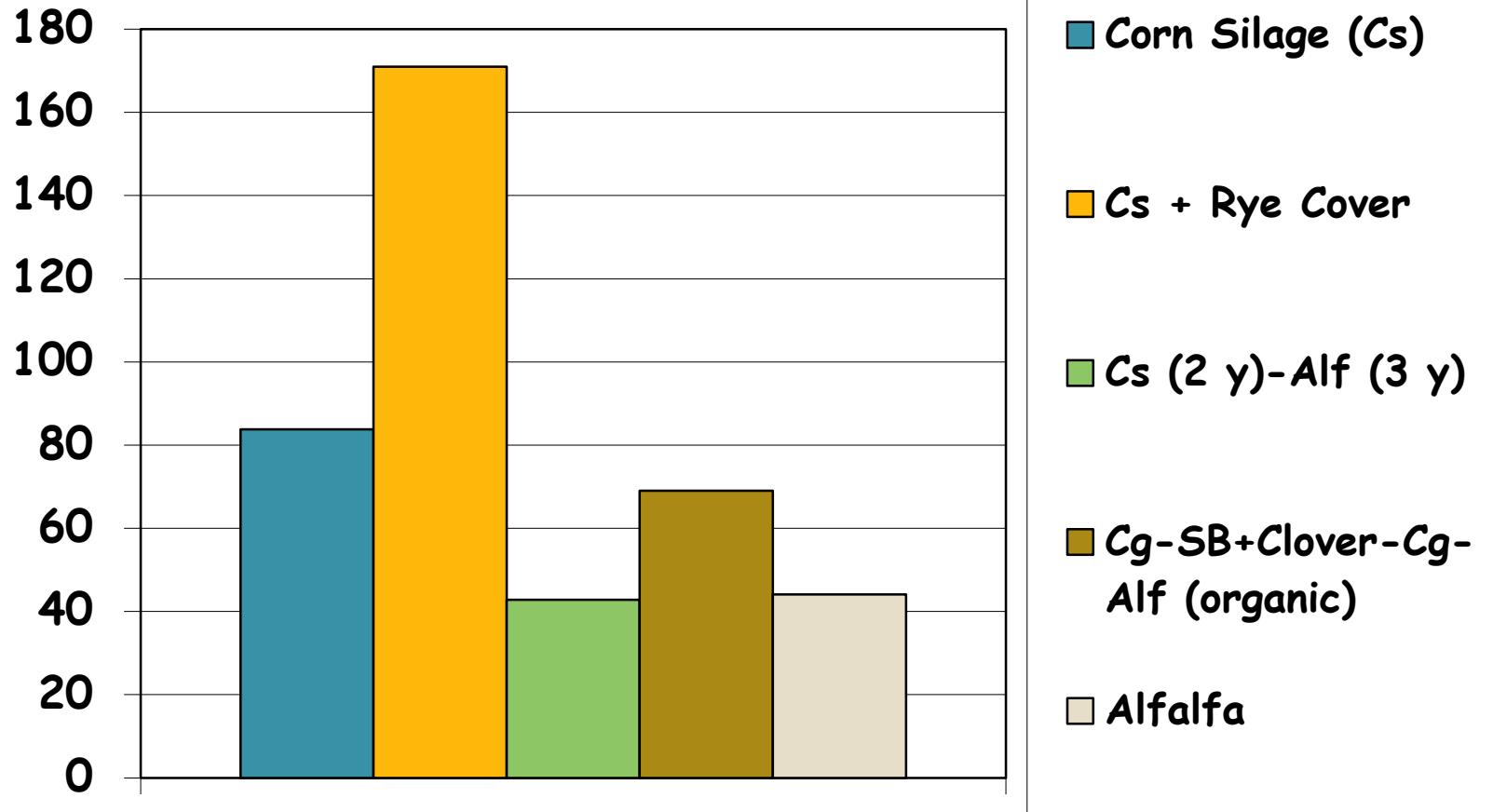




Soil Tillage Intensity Rating (STIR)

- Range: 0 to 200
 - Lower rating results in more organic matter “potential” and reduced erosion
- Impacts SCI value
- Factors
 - Number of tillage passes
 - Depth of tillage
 - Amount of disturbance to soil surface (15” vs. 30”, etc)
 - Speed of implements

RUSLE2 Soil Tillage Intensity Rating (STIR)



Fayette silt loam, 150 ft 10% slope; Iowa Co, WI; alfalfa-spring seeding w oats
STIR Calculations by Brian Hillers, NRCS-WI



NRCS Tillage Standards

- No-Till/Strip-Till
 - No-Till
 - STIR value <10
 - No more than 15% of surface area disturbed
 - Strip-Till
 - STIR value 10-15
 - No more than 30% of surface area disturbed
 - If using corn silage – must have positive SCI
- Mulch-Till
 - STIR value 15-30
 - Full-width tillage



Other Products

- Energy calculations
 - Primary inputs affecting energy usage
 - Type of fuel
 - Tillage/planting operations
 - Cost of fuel
 - Soil texture
 - Outputs
 - Gallons/acre of fuel used for rotation
 - BTUs/acre
 - Fuel cost (\$/acre) for rotation
- Percent residue
 - Gives client a visual “cue” on applying the plan
 - Means of checking feasibility of outputs – are they reasonable?

RUSLE2 Version 1.26.6.4 (Nov 13 2006)

File Database Edit View Options Tools Window Help

Profile: Richland County*

STEP 1: Choose location to set climate: Location USA\Wisconsin\Richland County

STEP 2: Choose soil type: Soil ... WI Nov07\270B2 Port Byron silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded\Port Byron silt loam 95%

STEP 3: Set slope topography: Slope length (along slope) 150 Avg. slope steepness, % 4.0

STEP 4a: Select base management Base management CMZ 04\c. Other Local Mgt Records\Cg-SB Corn grain; Sfinish, Soybeans 15-20"; FC twist, Sfinish

STEP 4b: Modify/build man. sequence if desired:

Man.	Management	Starting date, m/d/y	Ending date, m/d/y	Correct dates by:
1	...cords\Cg-SB Corn grain; Sfinish, Soybeans 15-20"; FC twist, Sfinish	5/5/2	10/10/3	==>

Management sequence

STEP 4c: adjust management inputs if desired:

Adjust yields	open
General yield level	Set by user
Adjust res. burial level	Normal res. burial
Adjust ext. res. additions	Residue inputs
Rock cover, %	0

Fuel type for entire run (none)

Equiv. diesel use for entire simulation, gal/ac 7.8

Energy use for entire simulation, BTU/ac 1100000

Fuel cost for entire simulation, US\$/a 20.38

Energy

Apply rot. builder manage. sequence to erosion calc. Apply

Save temp. management as permanent Save

STEP 5: Set supporting practices:

Contouring	a. rows up-and-down hill	Actual row grade, %	4.0
Strips/barriers	(none)		
Diversion/terrace, sediment basin	(none)		
Subsurface drainage	(none)		

Wind & irrigation-induce 0

SCI OM subfactor -0.11

SCI FO subfactor 0.38

SCI ER subfactor -1.0

Avg. annual slope STIR 62.3

Soil conditioning index (SCI) -0.092

STIR

Results Additional Results Track Residue and Canopy

Soil loss for cons. plan, t/ha/yr 5.1

T value, t/ha/yr 5.0

Surf. res. cov. values open

Soil conditioning index SCI

“T”

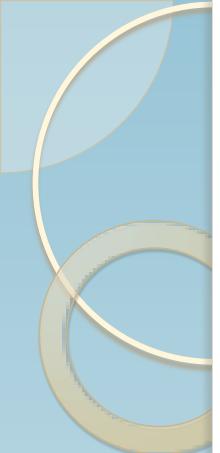
Surface Residue

SCI

Annual STIR Values by Crop Year

Start date, m/d/y	End date, m/d/y	Veg.	STIR value
10/10/3	10/20/2	vegetations\Corn, grain	38.3
10/20/2	10/10/3	...tions\Soybean, mw 15 - 20 in rows	86.3

Management 1



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