

# SICP: Exercise 1.15

August 17, 2024

**How many times is the procedure p applied when (sine 12.15) is evaluated?**

p is evaluated as many times as the angle needs to be divided by 3 before it becomes smaller than 0.1.

Hence:

$$\alpha \cdot 3^{-n_p} < 0.1 \Leftrightarrow 3^{-n_p} < \frac{0.1}{\alpha} \Leftrightarrow -n_p < \log_3 \left( \frac{0.1}{\alpha} \right) \Leftrightarrow n_p > -\log_3 \left( \frac{0.1}{\alpha} \right)$$

So in this case, for  $\alpha = 12.15$ , the answer is  $-\log_3(\frac{0.1}{12.15}) \approx 4.37$ , which we should probably round up to 5.

**What is the order of growth in space and number of steps (as a function of a) used by the process generated by the sine procedure when (sine a) is evaluated?**

The space grows linearly (as this is a recursive process with a single self-call that cannot be tail-call optimized), i.e.,  $\Theta(n)$ . The number of steps is equivalent to the number of times p is evaluated, meaning the number of steps here is actually logarithmic, i.e.,  $\Theta(\log_3 n)$ .

Checking against what other people wrote for this exercise now, obviously the space grows in  $\Theta(\log_3 n)$  as well, as it has the same rate of growth as the number of steps, which, yes, makes an embarrassing amount of sense. My only excuse is that it's 1:30 AM...