SICP: Exercise 1.13

Prove that Fib(n) is the closest integer to $\varphi^n/\sqrt{5}$, where $\varphi = (1+\sqrt{5})/2$. Hint: Let $\psi = (1-\sqrt{5})/2$. Use induction and the definition of the Fibonacci numbers (see 1.2.2) to prove that Fib(n) = $(\varphi^n - \psi^n)/\sqrt{5}$.

Okay, here I go:

Proof. Base Cases:

• Case n = 1, which is a simple rearrangement:

$$\frac{\varphi - \psi}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} - \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = 1 = \text{Fib}(1)$$

• Case n=2 (Here, we use the property of the golden ratios $\varphi^2=\varphi+1$, which holds for ψ too):

$$\frac{\varphi^2 - \psi^2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{((\varphi + 1) - (\psi + 1))}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\varphi + 1 - \psi - 1}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\varphi - \psi}{\sqrt{5}} = \text{Fib}(1) = 1 = \text{Fib}(2)$$

Induction Step:

We assume that the statement holds for all numbers $\leq n+1$, and will prove it for n+1.

$$\frac{\varphi^{n+1} - \psi^{n+1}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\varphi^n \cdot \varphi - \psi^n \cdot \psi}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\varphi^{n-1} \cdot \varphi^2 - \psi^{n-1} \cdot \psi^2}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{Rearrange}$$

$$= \frac{\varphi^{n-1} \cdot (\varphi+1) - \psi^{n-1} \cdot (\psi+1)}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{Golden ratios}$$

$$= \frac{\varphi^n + \varphi^{n-1} - \psi^n + \psi^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{Rearrange}$$

$$= \frac{\varphi^n - \psi^n}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\varphi^{n-1} - \psi^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{Rearrange again}$$

$$= \text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n-1) \quad \text{Induction requirement}$$

$$= \text{Fib}(n+1) \quad \text{Definition of Fib}$$