

ME2 Computing- Session 4: Numerical Interpolation

Learning outcomes:

- Being able to compute Lagrangian numerical interpolation
- Being able to compute Newton numerical interpolation
- Being able to interpolate with splines

Before you start:

In your H drive create a folder `H:\ME2MCP\Session4` and work within it.

Please provide feedback at: www.menti.com with code 79 79 176

Task A: Lagrangian polynomials and interpolation

1. Write a function, *Lagrangian*, to compute the Lagrangian polynomial j at a point x_p , with given nodes x_n .

The function receives the values j , x_p and the array of nodes x_n , and returns the value

$$L_j(x_p) = \prod_{\substack{k=0 \\ k \neq j}}^n \frac{(x_p - x_k)}{(x_j - x_k)}$$

2. Write a script to interpolate, with Lagrangian polynomials, the function $f(x) = \sin(x)$ over the range $x = [0:3]$ with step 0.05 , given the nodal values at:
 - a) $x_n = [1:2]$ with 2 nodes: linear interpolation $p_1(x)$
 - b) $x_n = [1:2]$ with 3 nodes: quadratic interpolation $p_2(x)$
 - c) $x_n = [1:2]$ with 4 nodes: cubic interpolation $p_3(x)$

Compare/plot the interpolating polynomials, $p_1(x)$, $p_2(x)$, $p_3(x)$ with/against those calculated manually in slides 46, 47 and 49, respectively. (You should end up with a plot like in slide 50).

3. **Error analysis:** compute the basic error (as defined in slide 52) for $p_1(x)$, $p_2(x)$,, $p_{13}(x)$, $p_{14}(x)$ at $x = \pi/2$ (slide 53).

Task B: Newton interpolation

1. Write a function, *NewtDivDiff*, to compute the value of the Newton's Divided Difference $f[x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N]$. The function receives the two lists of nodal points xn and yn and returns the corresponding scalar value. (If you write the function in a recursive form it will be much shorter, as defined in slide 63).
2. Write a script to interpolate, with Newton's method, the function $f(x) = \sin(x)$ over the range $x = [0:3]$ with step 0.05 , given the nodal values at:
 - a) $xn = [1:2]$ with 2 nodes: linear interpolation $p_1(x)$
 - b) $xn = [1:2]$ with 3 nodes: quadratic interpolation $p_2(x)$
 - c) $xn = [1:2]$ with 4 nodes: cubic interpolation $p_3(x)$

Compare/plot the interpolating polynomials, $p_1(x), p_2(x), p_3(x)$ with/against those calculated with Lagrangian interpolation.

3. Interpolate the function (slide 76):

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + 25x^2}$$

in the range $-1 \leq x \leq 1$, with Newton's interpolation of order $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots, 14$ and plot the interpolating polynomials (Runge's phenomenon).

Task C: Splines

1. Write a script to interpolate with cubic splines a range of points in the interval $a \leq x \leq b$ with given nodal information xn, yn and given clamped boundary conditions $y'(a), y'(b)$.

You can test the script with the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + 25x^2}$$

with $a = -1, b = 1, y'(a) = 0.074, y'(b) = -0.074$, by using 3, 5 and 11 nodes.

Note: to invert the matrix you can use the function *MyGauss* you wrote in Session 2.