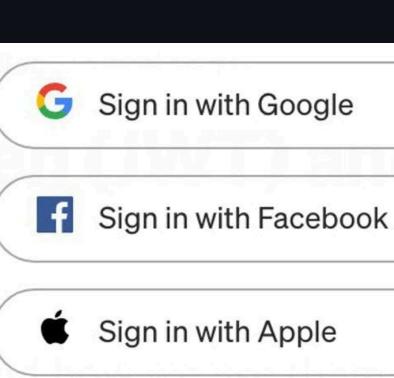
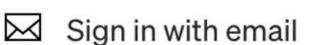
Authentication / Authorization

Part 2: Social signing up/in

Something like this

We need OAuth 2.0.





Sign in with Twitter

Part 2: Social signing up/in

Section 2A: OAuth 2.0

OAuth 2.0

Example of consent screen

3rdPartApp wants to access your Google Account



This will allow 3rdPartApp to:



View and edit events on all your calendars



Make sure you trust 3rdPartApp

You may be sharing sensitive info with this site or app.

Learn about how calendly.com will handle your data by reviewing its terms of service and privacy policies. You can always see or remove access in your Google Account.

Learn about the risks

Cancel

Allow

OAuth 2.0

- "Open Authorization"
- Standard designed to allow application to access resources hosted by other web apps on behalf of a user.
 - Standard for author
 - Not for authen
- Replaced OAuth 1.0 in 2012.

OAuth 2.0

- Specifies many "flows"
 - Authorization Code Flow
 - Client Credentials Flow
 - Refresh Token Flow
 - JWT Bearer Flow
 - Device Code Flow
- We will use "Authorization Code Flow" for social login.

Recommended resources

- https://engineering.backmarket.com/oauth2-explained-with-cute-shapes-7eae51f20d38
- https://developer.okta.com/blog/2019/10/21/illustrated-guide-to-oauthand-oidc?utm_source=pocket_shared
- https://youtu.be/8aCyojTIW6U?si=YPxkcLPcAoK5jixI
- https://youtu.be/t18YB3xDfXI?si=pD1JnFP0GrnBXW2v

Wait

Are we using OAuth (standard for author) and authorization code flow for authen?

Yes, we kind of "misusing" it.

Authorization code flow

In real life

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- You are a guest at a hotel.
- You already checked out.
- You forgot your stuff in the room.
- You want a porter to get your stuff for you.

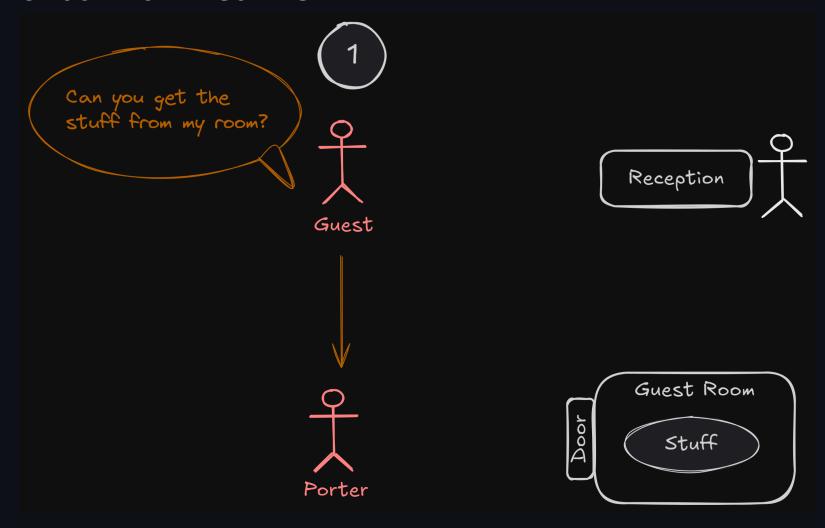


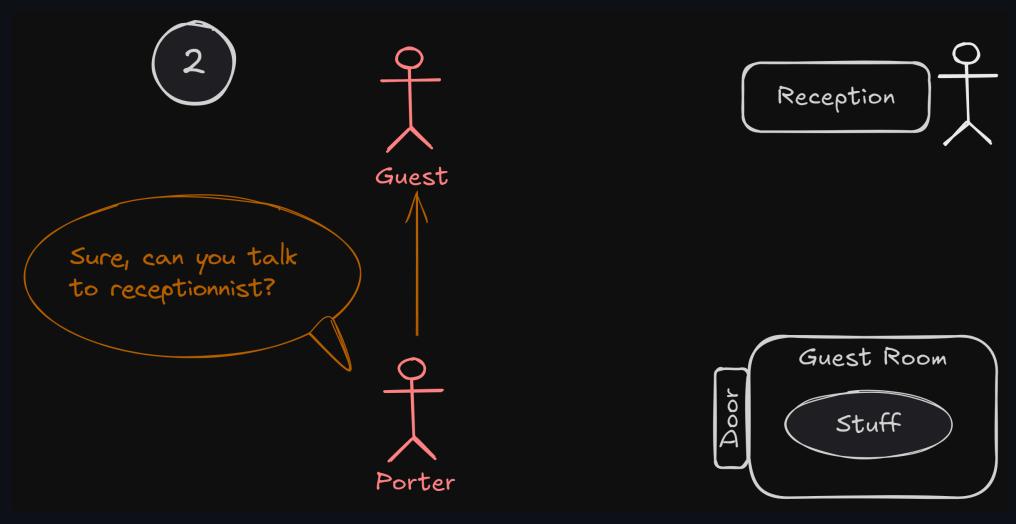


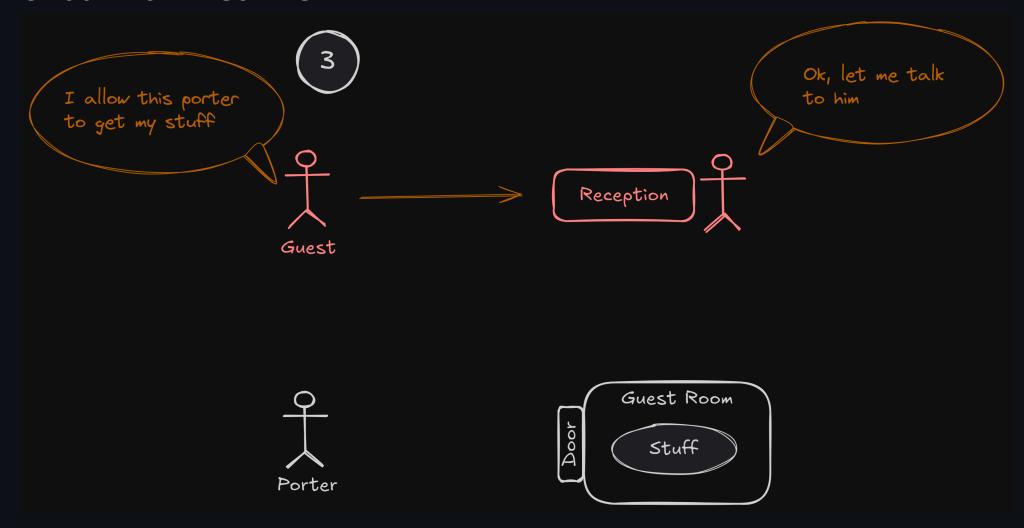


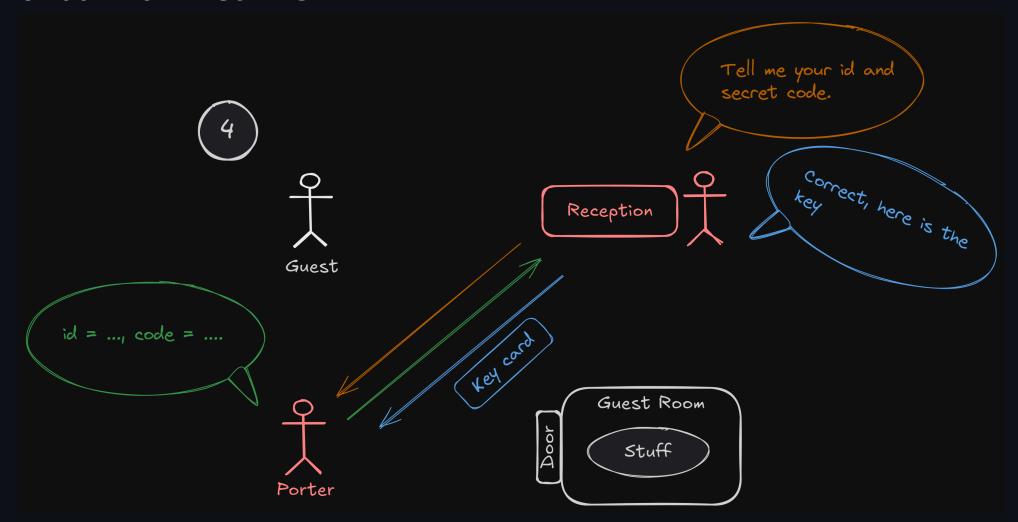


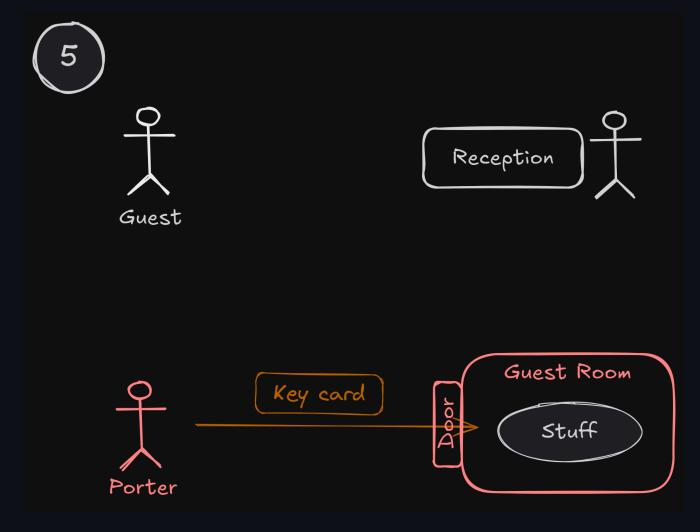
12











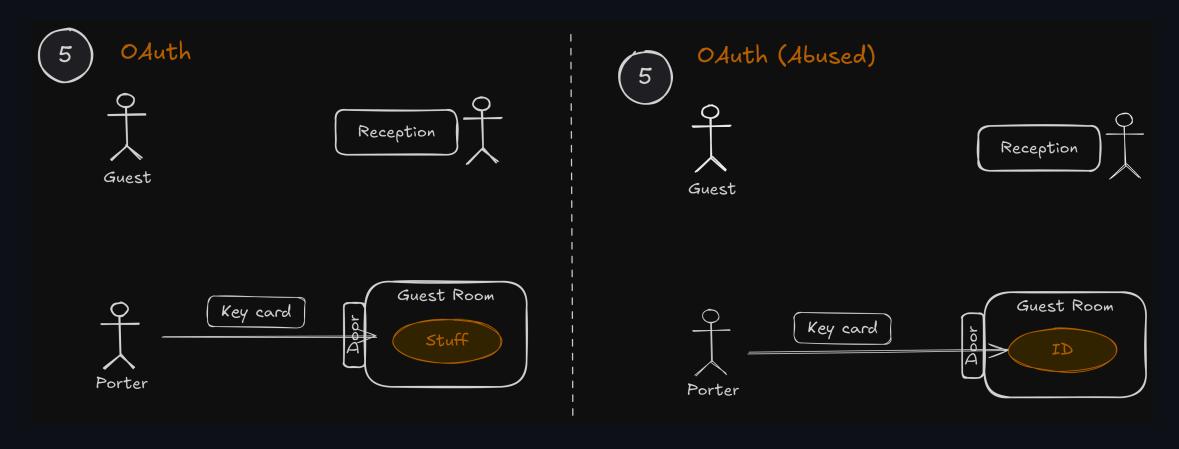
Authorization code flow

- You (guest) authorize porter to access your resource.
- porter does not need to know who you are.
- The keycard reader at the door also doesn't need to have your information.

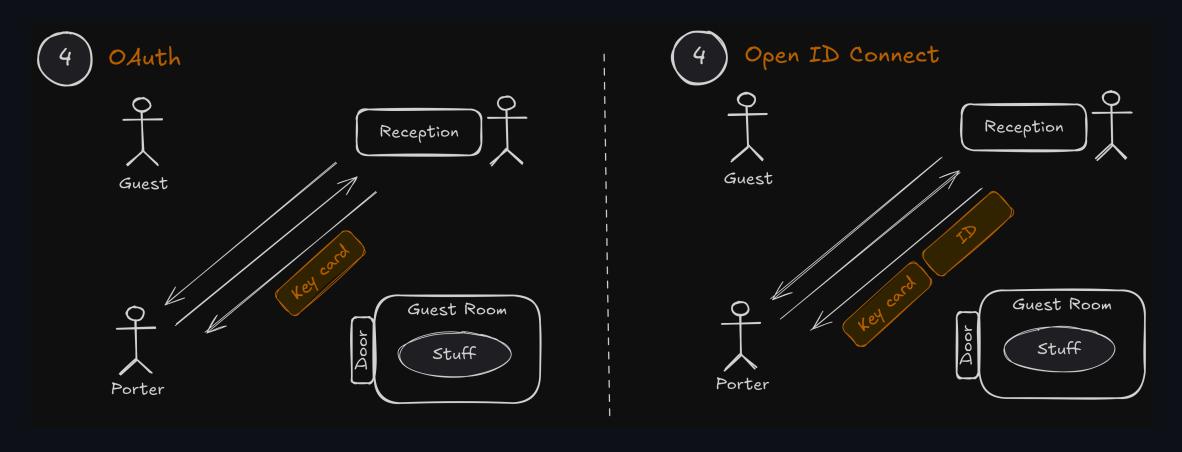
18

Authentication?

- But what if the porter wants to know who you are.
- There are two ways.



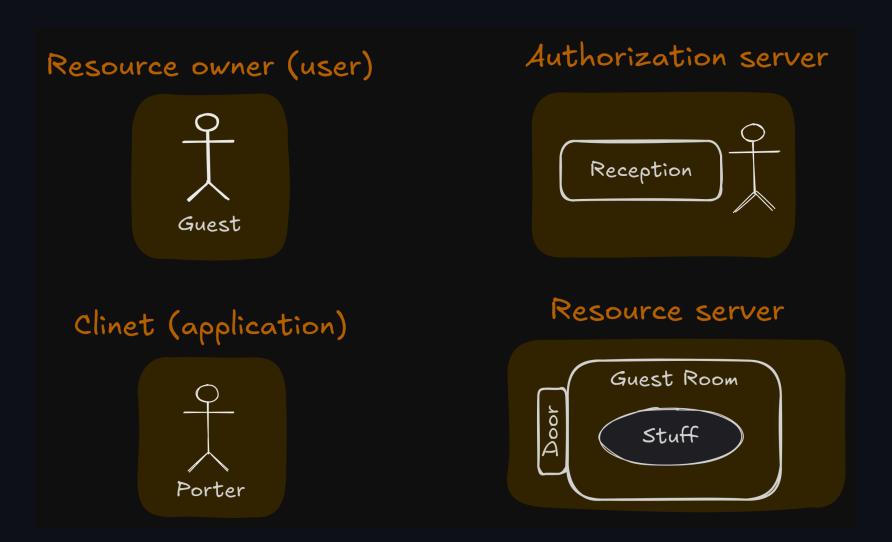
This is what we are using, but is there a better way?



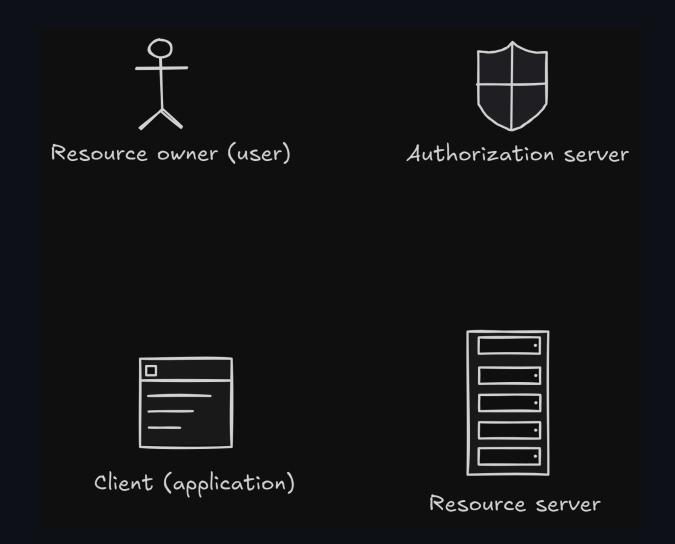
OpenID Connect (OIDC)

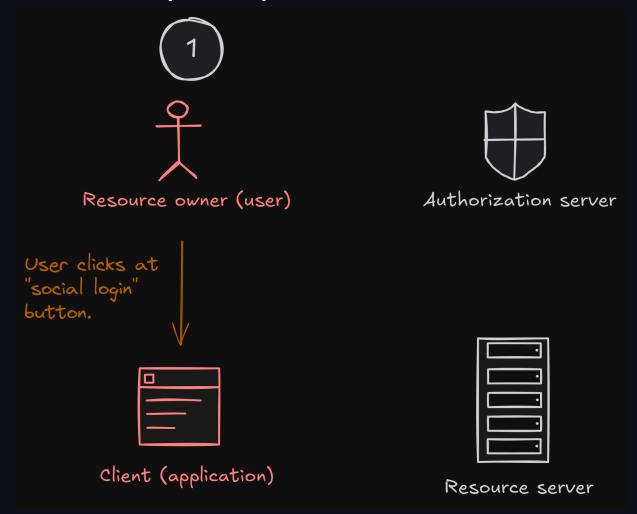
- Thin layer that sits on top of OAuth 2.0
 - Adds login and profile information about the person who is logged in.
- When a "Authorization Server" supports OIDC, it is sometimes called an "Identity Provider".
- Not all servers support OIDC.

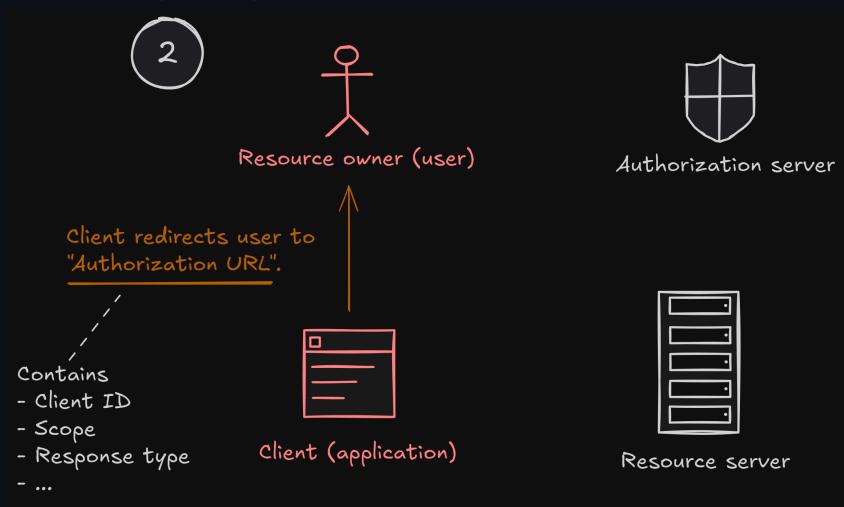
Terminology

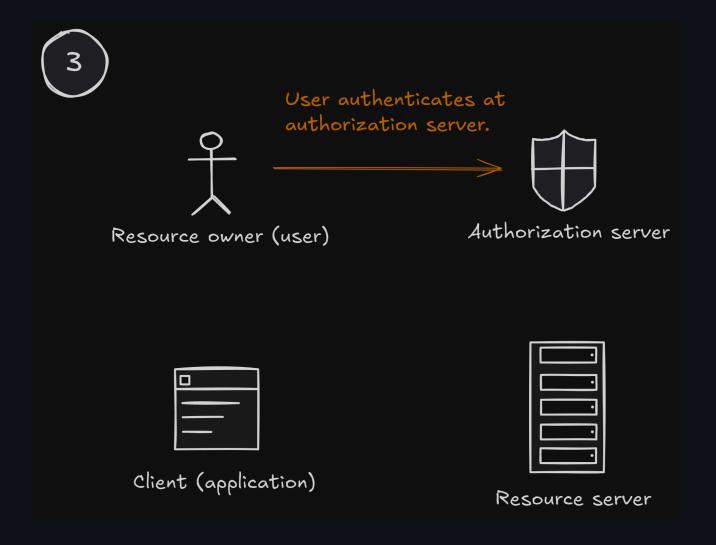


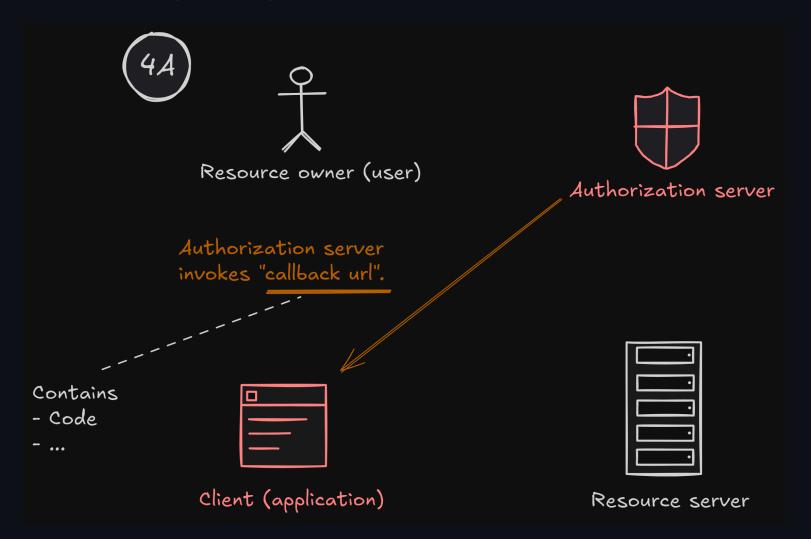
Terminology

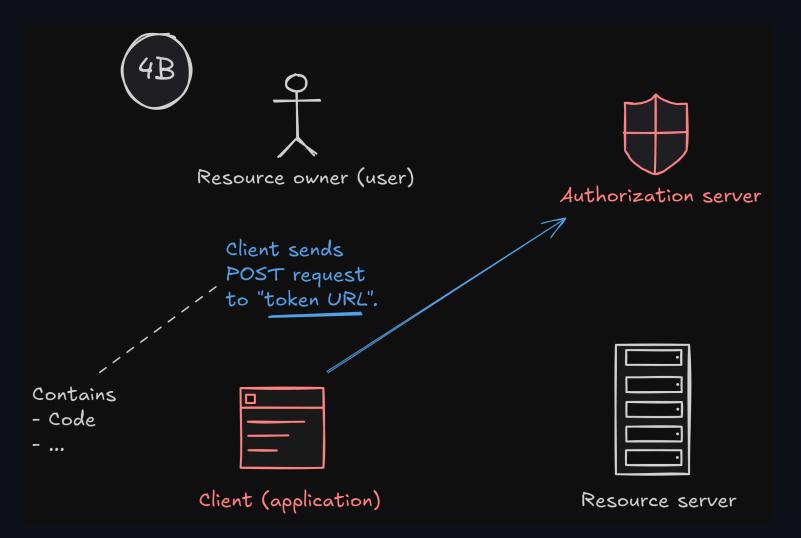


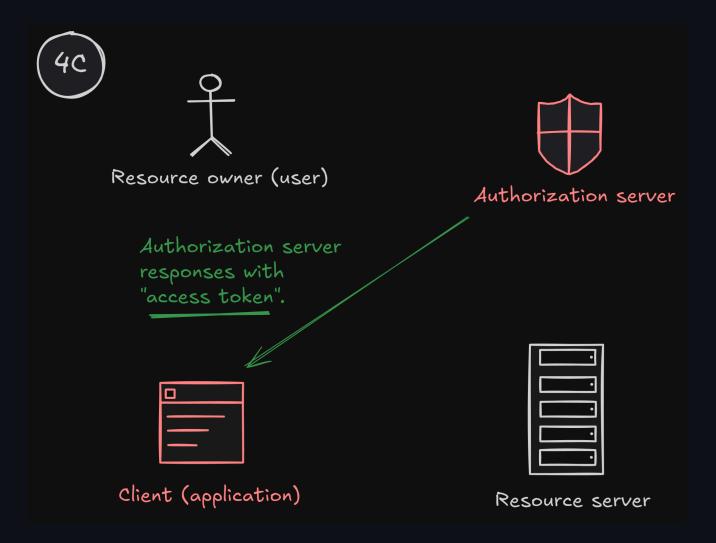


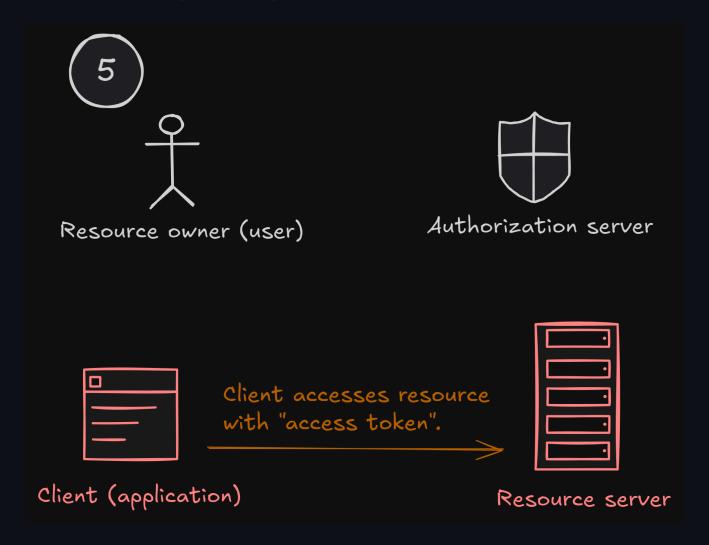












Part 2: Social signing up/in

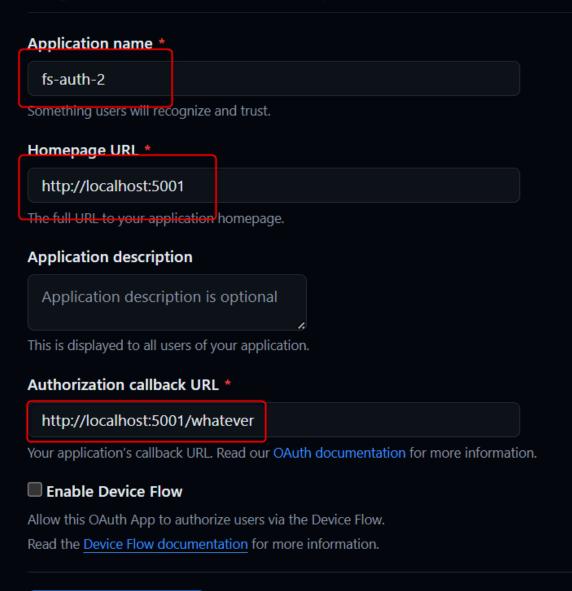
Section 2B: Oauth 2.0 with Github (Lab)

You will need

- Client ID = ...Client Secret = ...
- Callback URL = http://localhost:5001/whatever
- Authoriation URL = ...
- Token URL = ...
- Resource URL
 - https://api.github.com/user
 - https://api.github.com/user/emails
- Access Token = ...

- Register your app here.
- Homepage URL and Callback
 URL can be whatever for now.

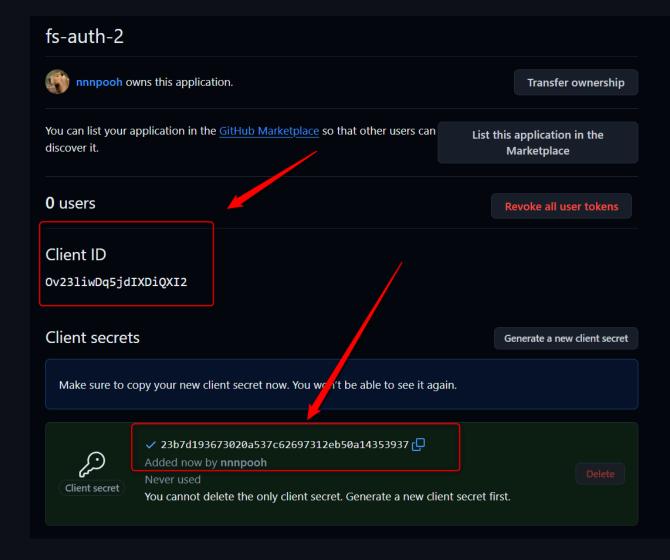
Register a new OAuth application



Register application

Cancel

• Get Client ID and Client
Secret



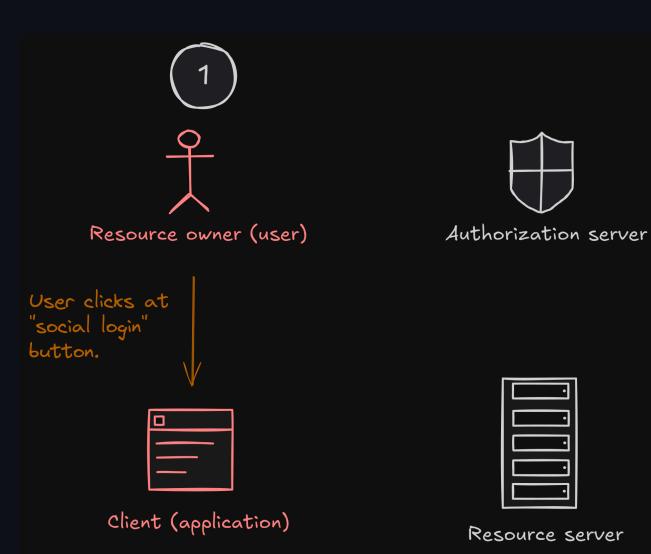
- Choose scope.
 - o scope=user,user:email
- Contruct Authorization URL
 - https://github.com/login/oauth/authorize?
 client_id=CLIENT_ID&redirect_uri=REDIRECT_URL&response_type=code&scope=SCO
 PE

Setup

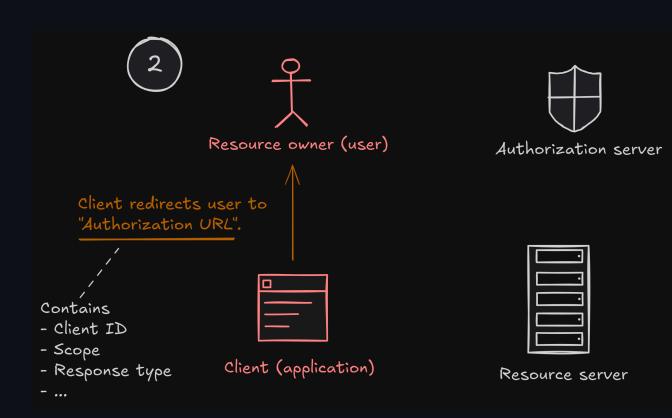
- Construct Token URL (incompleted)
 - https://github.com/login/oauth/access_token?
 client_id=CLIENT_ID&client_secret=CLIENT_SECRET&code=CODE&redirect_uri=CAL
 LBACK_URL

Let's go

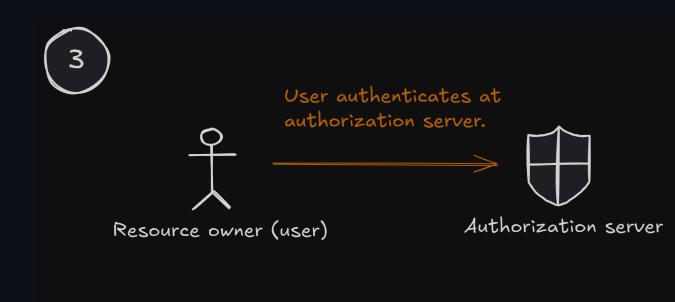
- Do nothing.
- Pretend that your app has social signin button.



- Paste the Authorization URL in the address bar.
- Pretend that this is done from url redirection.



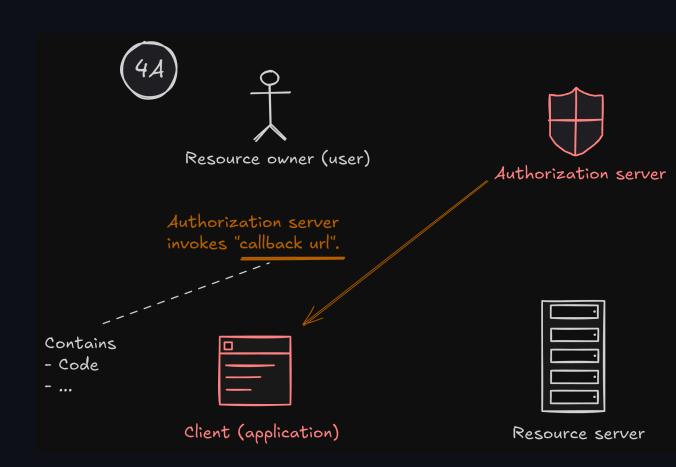
• Authenticate at Github.





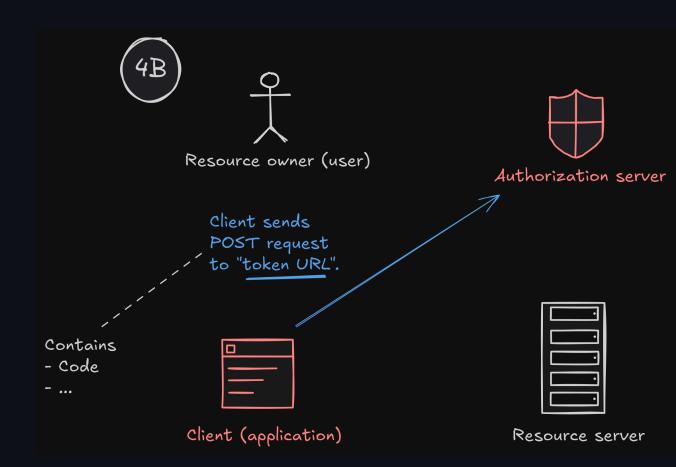
Step 4A

- Extract Code and keep it.
- Code is usually very short-lived.



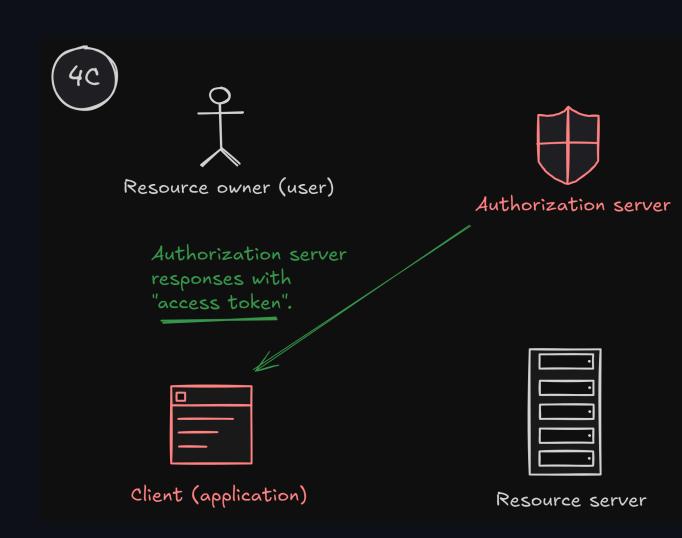
Step 4B

- Send POST request to TokenURL with actual Code .
- Reference

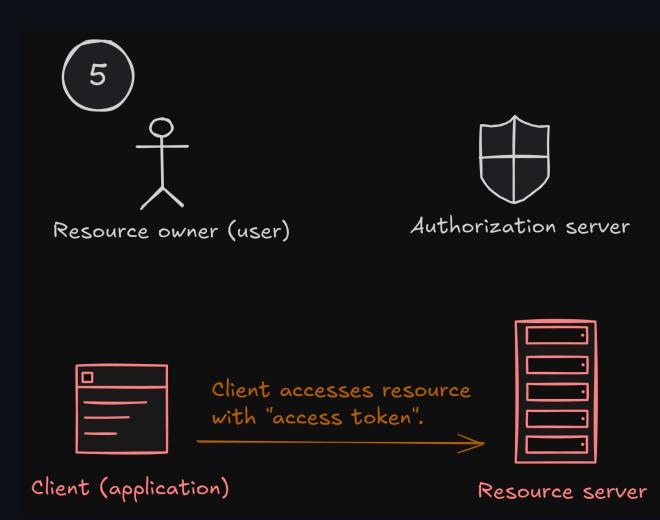


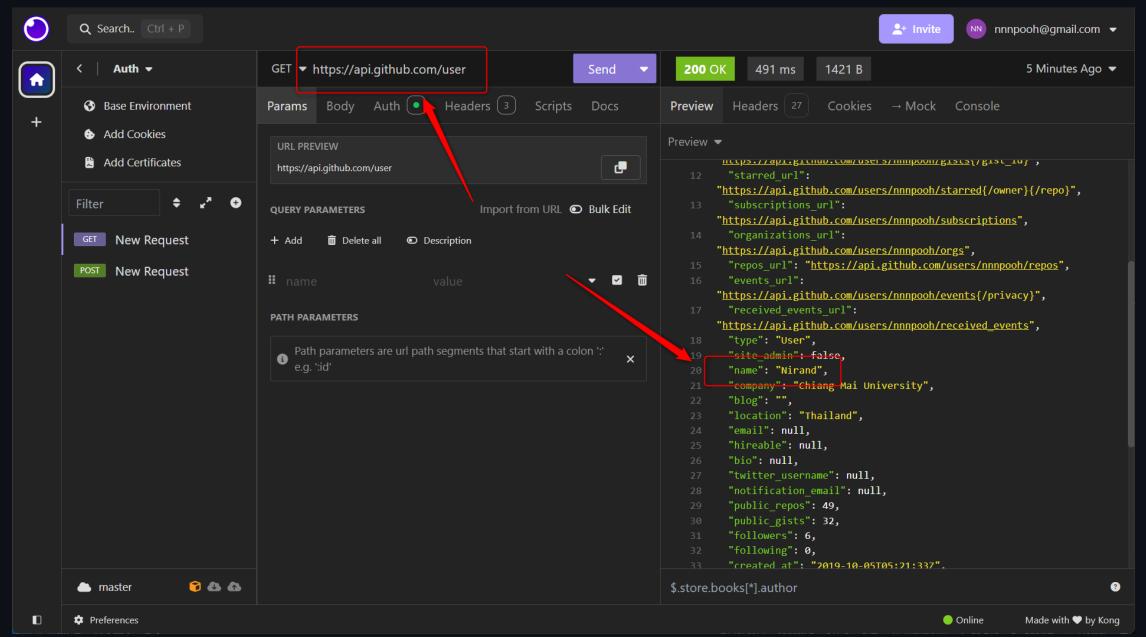
Step 4C

Keep Access Token from the response.



- Send GET request to Resouces URL .
- Use Access Token as bearer token.
- Reference

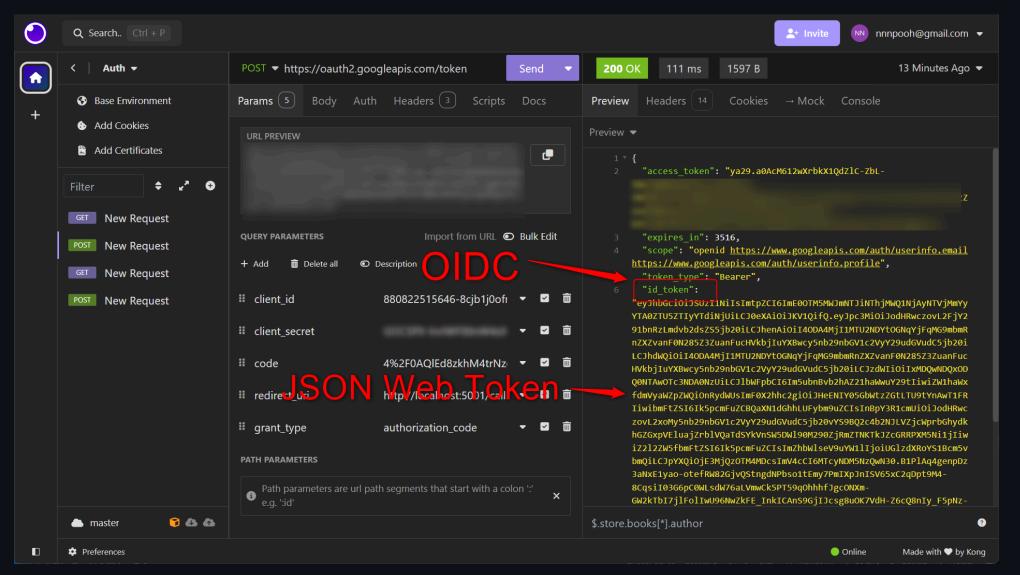




Google OAuth 2.0

- Authoriation URL = https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/v2/auth? client_id=CLIENT_ID&redirect_uri=REDIRECT_URI&response_type=code&scope=openid+ https://www.googleapis.com/auth/userinfo.email+https://www.googleapis.com/auth/userinfo.profile
- Token URL = https://oauth2.googleapis.com/token?
 client_id=CLIENT_ID&client_secret=CLIENT_SECRET&code=CODE&redirect_uri=CALLBAC
 K_URL&grant_type=authorization_code
- Resource URL = https://www.googleapis.com/oauth2/v2/userinfo

Google supports OIDC. You will receive id_token.



Part 2: Social signing up/in

Section 2C: passport implementation

Setup

- git clone -b signin-oauth https://github.com/fullstack-67/auth-mpa-v2.git auth-signin-oauth
- pnpm i
- npm run db:reset
- npm run dev

Note

- Database tables
 - o users and accounts tables.
 - many-to-one relations.
 - Composite key in accounts table to avoid duplicated providers / user.
- Types of response objects from API.
 - ./src/types/github.ts
 - JSON schema, QuickType
- Add type definition to req.user.
 - o ./src/types/express.d.ts What?

Highlighed packages

```
{
   "passport": "^0.7.0",
   "passport-oauth2": "^1.8.0"
}
```

Middleware setup

```
// * Passport
passport.use("github", github);
app.use(passport.initialize());
```

Strategy setup

```
export const github = new OAuthStrategy(
    // Option
  async function (
    accessToken: string,
    refreshToken: string,
    profile: any,
    done: VerifyCallback
    // Do something with accessToken
);
```

Routing

Redirect to Authorization URL

```
app.get("/login/oauth/github", passport.authenticate("github"));
```

Routing

Receive code from Callback URL

```
app.get(
   "/callback/github",
   passport.authenticate("github", {
      failureRedirect: "/login",
    }),
   function (req, res) {
    // If successful, do something with req.user.
);
```

Using OAuth library

- No need to construct Authorization URL manually.
- No need to write logic for steps 4A, 4B and 4C.
- If you use passport-github2, you can also skip step 5.

Shortcoming

- You will see that users need to constantly sign in to access the main page.
- We will fix it in Part 3.