

History

https://roadmap.sh/guides/history-of-javascript

Where is JS?

- Browser
 - Manipulate DOM.
- Host OS
 - JavaScript runtimes (NodeJS, Bun)

Activity

• Run console.log in a browser and in an OS.

Learning JS

- https://roadmap.sh/javascript
- https://roadmap.sh/questions/javascript

Ts TypeScript

What is TypeScript?

• TypeScript is a super set of JavaScript.

Why TypeScipt?

- Improves your productivity while helping avoid bugs.
 - Catch bugs at the compile-time instead of at runtime.
- Brings the future JavaScript to today.
 - You can use the new JavaScript features before web browsers (or other environments) fully support them.
- More competitive in job market.

How it works?

- 1. Write TypeScript codes. (.ts files)
- 2. Compile the TypeScript codes into plain JavaScript codes (.js files) using a TypeScript compiler.
- 3. Run JavaScript codes in an environment that JavaScript runs.

Tools

- TypeScript Playground: https://www.typescriptlang.org/play
- VSCode Extension
 - O Quokka.js
 - Pretty TypeScript Errors

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Demo

```
let a = 10;
a.slice(0, 1); // See error message

let a: number;
a = "Hello"; // See error message

let a: number;
// Try typing "a" and trigger intellisense.
```

Defining types

- Types by inference
 - TypeScript knows the JavaScript language and will generate types for you in many cases.
- Type by specification
 - We define it ourselves.
 - Keywords type , interface

Type by inference

```
const user = {
  name: "Hayes",
  id: 0,
};

user.name = 20; // Error
console.log(user.food); // Error
```

• TypeScript already knows the type of this variable.

Type by specification

```
interface User {
  name: string;
  id: number;
}
```

or

```
type User = {
  name: string;
  id: number;
};
```

Type Annotation

```
interface User {
  name: string;
  id: number;
// type User = {
// name: string;
// id: number;
// };
const user: User = {
  name: "Hayes",
  id: 0,
  age: 30, // Error
};
```

type **vs** interface

- They are very similar, and for the most common cases act the same.
- However, TypeScript doc recommends interface.
 - o interface provides better error message.
 - interface can be extended.

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More type demo

https://github.com/fullstack 67/typescript/blob/main/lecture/03_more_type_demo.ts

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Type utilities

```
interface User {
   id: number;
   name: string;
}

// Extend
interface UserExtended extends User {
   isActive: boolean;
}
```

More information

Function (argument type)

```
// Give warning
function sumNumber(a, b) {
  return a + b;
}

// OK
function sumNumber(a: number, b: number) {
  return a + b;
}
```

Function (type guards)

```
// Hover cursor on "text" to see the type
function greeter(text: string | null | undefined) {
  if (!text) {
    console.log("...");
    return;
  }
  console.log(text);
}
```

Generics

Generics provide variables to types.

```
interface Backpack<Type> {
  add: (obj: Type) => void;
  get: () => Type;
}
```

```
const backpack: Backpack<string> = {
   add: (myStr) => {
      myStr.slice(0, 1);
   },
   get: () => {
      return "Hi";
   },
};
```

Use Typescript in NodeJS project

- npm init -y
- npm install -D typescript ts-node
- Create ./src and ./dist directory

• Create ./src/index.ts

```
function sayHello(name: string) {
  console.log("Hello " + name);
}
sayHello("World");
```

Compile

npx tsc src/index.ts --outDir dist

Run (node)

• node ./dist/index.js

Run (ts-node)

npx ts-node ./src/index.ts

Use TS configuration file

- npx tsc --init
- Modify tsconfig.json

```
{
  "compilerOptions": {
     "outDir": "./dist"
  },
  "include": ["./src/**/*"]
}
```

Use TS configuration file (cont)

- Now just type npx tsc
- Use npx tsc --showConfig to see config.

Code

```
async function getData() {
  const res = await fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos/1");
  return await res.json();
}
getData().then((data) => console.log(data));
```

Code

```
import fs from "fs";
const dir = fs.readdirSync(__dirname);
console.log(dir);
```

• If you don't have ts-node , you need to npm install -D @types/node

TypeScript - NextJS

Installation

npx create-next-app@latest

```
>> npx create-next-app@latest
Need to install the following packages:
create-next-app@14.2.4
Ok to proceed? (y) y
√ What is your project named? ... typescript-nextjs
√ Would you like to use TypeScript? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use ESLint? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use Tailwind CSS? ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to use App Router? (recommended) ... No / Yes
√ Would you like to customize the default import alias (@/*)? ... No / Yes
Creating a new Next.js app in C:\Users\nnnpo\Coding\fullstack-67\typescript-nextjs.
```

tsconfig.json

```
{
    // ...
    "paths": {
        "@app/*": ["./app/*"],
        "@components/*": ["./components/*"]
    }
}
```

./globals.css

```
@tailwind base;
@tailwind components;
@tailwind utilities;

// Remove everything else
```

./components/card.tsx

```
import { FC } from "react";
interface Props {
 title: string;
 text?: string;
const Card: FC<Props> = ({ title, text }) => {
  return (
    <div className="border border-gray-300 p-2 rounded shadow-sm flex flex-col items-center">
      <div className="font-bold text-lg text-gray-800">{title}</div>
      <div className="text-gray-600">{text ?? "...."}</div>
    </div>
export default Card;
```

./app/page.tsx