



# Reading and writing files

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## I. Introduction

.Net offers several ways to work with files. You can use a `FileStream` for this purpose. However, there's also a helper class `System.IO.File` that can read/write files completely in one go.

### I.1. Reading files

The `File` class provides several methods for reading files:

`ReadAllText`: Reads the entire content of a file as a string

```
string content = File.ReadAllText("TestFile.txt");
```

`ReadAllLines`: Reads all lines of a file into a string array

```
string[] lines = File.ReadAllLines("TestFile.txt");
foreach (string line in lines)
{
    Console.WriteLine(line);
}
```

`ReadAllBytes`: Reads the content of a file as a byte array

```
byte[] bytes = File.ReadAllBytes("TestFile.txt");
```

### I.2. Writing files

The `File` class also offers several methods for writing to files: `WriteAllText`: Writes a string to a file

```
File.WriteAllText("output.txt", "Hallo Welt!");
```

`WriteAllLines`: Writes a string array line by line to a file

```
string[] lines = { "Erste Zeile", "Zweite Zeile", "Dritte Zeile" };
File.WriteAllLines("output.txt", lines);
```

`WriteAllBytes`: Writes a byte array to a file

```
byte[] bytes = { 72, 101, 108, 108, 111 }; // "Hello" in ASCII
File.WriteAllBytes("output.bin", bytes);
```

## II. Exercises

The amount of 🌶️ determines how hard the exercises are.

1. Implement a simple logger that writes messages to a file and adds the date of each message. 🌶️
  - Hint: You can get the current date with: `System.DateTime.Now`

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2. Implement a program that manages a “highscore” list. Users can enter their names and scores, which are then saved in a file. When the program starts, the current highscore list should be displayed. 🌶️