

2-2. 以碗球心为原点建立球坐标系

$$\vec{r} = R\vec{e}_r + z\vec{k}$$

$$\delta \vec{r} = \delta R \vec{e}_r + R \delta \phi \vec{e}_\phi + \delta z \vec{k}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}} = \dot{R} \vec{e}_r + R \dot{\phi} \vec{e}_\phi + \dot{z} \vec{k}$$

$$\ddot{\vec{r}} = \ddot{R} \vec{e}_r + 2\dot{R}\dot{\phi} \vec{e}_\phi + R\ddot{\phi} \vec{e}_\phi - R\dot{\phi}^2 \vec{e}_r + \ddot{z} \vec{k}$$

$$= (\ddot{R} - R\dot{\phi}^2) \vec{e}_r + 2\dot{R}\dot{\phi} + R\ddot{\phi} \vec{e}_\phi + \ddot{z} \vec{k}$$

$$F = -mg\vec{k}$$

代入达朗贝尔方程

$$m[-g\vec{k} - (\ddot{R} - R\dot{\phi}^2) \vec{e}_r + (2\dot{R}\dot{\phi} + R\ddot{\phi}) \vec{e}_\phi + \ddot{z} \vec{k}] \cdot [\delta R \vec{e}_r + R \delta \phi \vec{e}_\phi + \delta z \vec{k}] = 0$$

$$\text{解得} \begin{cases} -\frac{z}{R} \ddot{R} + \ddot{z} + g = 0 \\ R \ddot{\phi} + 2\dot{R}\dot{\phi} = 0 \end{cases}$$

2-3 取  $m$  与碗底  $O$  点连线夹角  $\theta$ , 取极坐标系  $r = 2R \cos \theta \vec{e}_r$

$$\text{则} \dot{\vec{r}} = 2R[-\sin \theta \dot{\theta} \vec{e}_r + \cos \theta (\dot{\theta} + \omega) \vec{e}_\theta]$$

$$\ddot{\vec{r}} = 2R[-\cos \theta \ddot{\theta} - \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 - \cos \theta (\ddot{\theta} + \omega) \vec{e}_r + [-2\sin \theta \dot{\theta}(\dot{\theta} + \omega) + \cos \theta \ddot{\theta}] \vec{e}_\theta]$$

$$\delta \vec{r} = 2R[-\sin \theta \delta \theta \vec{e}_r + \cos \theta \delta (\theta + \omega t) \vec{e}_\theta] = 2R \delta \theta [-\sin \theta \vec{e}_r + \cos \theta \vec{e}_\theta]$$

代入达朗贝尔方程, 化简得

$$\begin{cases} (\ddot{\theta} + \sin \theta \cos \theta \omega^2) \delta r = 0 \\ \ddot{\theta} + \sin \theta \cos \theta \omega^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

例1. 取广义坐标  $R, \phi$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{R}^2 + R^2 \dot{\phi}^2) + \frac{1}{2} m' \dot{z}^2$$

$$V = m' g z$$

由于约束关系  $R - z = l \quad z = R - l$  代入

$$L = T - V = \frac{1}{2} (m + m') \dot{R}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \dot{\phi}^2 - m' g (R - l)$$

$$\text{得到} \begin{cases} (m + m') \ddot{R} - m R \dot{\phi}^2 + m' g = 0 \\ \frac{d}{dt} (m R^2 \dot{\phi}) = 0 \end{cases}$$