# Hyperkit Analysis Solution

User Documentation

Abstract. This document explains the mathematical formulas, which are used to calculate the visualizations.

#### 1 PARAMETERS

The software allows to adjust parameters, which apply to all files loaded and all visualizations calculated from the measurements.

Name	Symbol	Value
Steps	$S \in \mathbb{N}$	User-defined in [100,10.000]
Points	$P \in \mathbb{N}$	User-defined in [10.000,100.000]

## 2 FILES

The software allows to load files from your file system containing voltage and current measurements associated with timestamps.

Name	Symbol	Value
Measurement length	$L \in \mathbb{N}$	Number of measurements in the file
Timestamp measurement	$T_i$ with $0 \le i < L$	Timestamp of the <i>i</i> <sup>th</sup> measurement
Voltage measurement	$V_i$ with $0 \le i < L$	Voltage of the <i>i</i> <sup>th</sup> measurement
Current measurement	$C_i$ with $0 \le i < L$	Current of the i <sup>th</sup> measurement

### 3 PROPERTIES

The software defines a range of properties per file. One can distinguish between measured, displayed and derived properties.

#### 3.1 Measured Properties

The following properties are extracted from the measurements contained in the files.

Name	Symbol	Value
Minimum timestamp measured	$T_{min}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$T_{min}^m = min(\{T_i   0 \le i < L\})$
Maximum timestamp measured	$T_{max}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$T_{max}^m = max(\{T_i   0 \le i < L\})$
Minimum voltage measured	$V_{min}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$V_{min}^m = min(\{V_i   0 \le i < L\})$
Maximum voltage measured	$V_{max}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$V_{max}^m = max(\{V_i   0 \le i < L\})$
Minimum current measured	$C_{min}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$C_{min}^m = min(\{C_i   0 \le i < L\})$
Maximum current measured	$C_{max}^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$C_{max}^{m} = max(\{C_{i}   0 \le i < L\})$

#### 3.2 DISPLAYED PROPERTIES

The following properties are used to adjust the display settings of the individual parts.

Name	Symbol	Value
Minimum timestamp displayed	$T_{min}^d \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[T_{min}^m, T_{max}^d]$
Maximum timestamp displayed	$T_{max}^d \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[T_{min}^d, T_{max}^m]$
Minimum voltage displayed	$V_{min}^d \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[V_{min}^m, V_{max}^d]$
Maximum voltage displayed	$V_{max}^d \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[V_{min}^d, V_{max}^m]$
Minimum current displayed	$C_{min}^d \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[C_{min}^m, C_{max}^d]$
Maximum current displayed	$C^d_{max} \in \mathbb{R}$	User-defined in $[C_{min}^d, C_{max}^m]$

#### 3.3 Derived Properties

The following properties are derived from the measured and user-defined display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Timestamp interval measured	$T_*^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$T_*^m = T_{max}^m - T_{min}^m$
Timestamp interval displayed	$T_*^d \in \mathbb{R}$	$T_*^d = T_{max}^d - T_{min}^d$
Voltage interval measured	$V_*^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$V_*^m = V_{max}^m - V_{min}^m$
Voltage interval displayed	$V_*^d \in \mathbb{R}$	$V_*^d = V_{max}^d - V_{min}^d$
Current interval measured	$C_*^m \in \mathbb{R}$	$C_*^m = C_{max}^m - C_{min}^m$
Current interval displayed	$C^d_* \in \mathbb{R}$	$C_*^d = C_{max}^d - C_{min}^d$

#### 4 VOLTAGE TIMESERIES

The software displays a voltage timeseries per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Timestamp subset	$T^{vt} \subseteq \{T_i\}$	$T^{vt} = \{ T_i   T_{min}^d \le T_i \le T_{max}^d \}$
Voltage subset	$V^{vt} \subseteq \{V_i\}$	$V^{vt} = \{V_i   T_{min}^d \le T_i \le T_{max}^d\}$

#### **5** CURRENT TIMESERIES

The software displays a current timeseries per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Timestamp subset	$T^{vt} \subseteq \{T_i\}$	$T^{vt} = \{T_i   T_{min}^d \le T_i \le T_{max}^d\}$
Current subset	$C^{vt} \subseteq \{C_i\}$	$C^{vt} = \{C_i   T_{min}^d \le T_i \le T_{max}^d\}$

#### 6 VOLTAGE PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTION

The software displays a voltage probability density function per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Voltage element	$V_k^{vp}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$V_k^{vp} = V_{min}^d + (j + 0.5)V_*^d$
Probability element	$P_k^{vp}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$ P_k^{vp} = \left  \left\{ V_i \middle  V_{min}^d + j V_*^d \le V_i < V_{min}^d + (j+1) V_*^d \right\} \right  $ $ / Q^{vp} $
Quantity	$Q^{vp}$	$Q^{vp} = \left  \bigcup_{0 \le k < S} P_k^{vp} \right $

### 7 CURRENT PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTION

The software displays a current probability density function per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Current element	$C_k^{cp}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$C_k^{cp} = C_{min}^d + (j + 0.5)C_*^d$
Probability element	$P_k^{cp}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$  P_k^{cp}  =  \{C_i   C_{min}^d + jC_*^d \le C_i < C_{min}^d + (j+1)C_*^d\}  $ $  Q^{cp}  $
Quantity	$Q^{cp}$	$Q^{cp} = \left  \bigcup_{0 \le k < S} P_k^{cp} \right $

# 8 POINT CLOUD (ACTUAL)

The software displays the actual point cloud and regression line per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Current subset	$C^{pca} \subseteq \{C_i\}$	Calculate the set $C^{pca} \subseteq \{C_i   T^d_{min} \le T_i \le T^d_{max} \land C^d_{min} \le C_i \le C^d_{max} \land V^d_{min} \le V_i \le V^d_{max} \}$ such that $ C^{pca}  \le P$ (i.e. use the first $P$ data points only)
Voltage subset	$V^{pca} \subseteq \{V_i\}$	Calculate the set $V^{pca} \subseteq \{V_i   T^d_{min} \le T_i \le T^d_{max} \land C^d_{min} \le C_i \le C^d_{max} \land V^d_{min} \le V_i \le V^d_{max} \}$ such that $ V^{pca}  \le P$ (i.e. use the first $P$ data points only)
Regression line	$V_*$ , $M$	Given the linear equation system $V_i = V_* + M * C_i$ with $V_i \in V^{pca}$ and $C_i \in C^{pca}$ find $V_*, M$ such that $\sum_i (V_i - (V_* + M * C_i))^2$ is minimized

# 9 POINT CLOUD (STATISTICAL)

The software displays the statistical point cloud (minimum, maximum, average) and regression line per file, which can be adjusted according to the parameters and the display properties.

Name	Symbol	Value
Current subset	$C^{pcs} \subseteq \{C_i\}$	$C^{pcs} = \{C_i   T^d_{min} \le T_i \le T^d_{max} \land C^d_{min} \le C_i $ $\le C^d_{max} \land V^d_{min} \le V_i \le V^d_{max} \}$
Voltage subset	$V^{pcs} \subseteq \{V_i\}$	$V^{pcs} = \{V_i   T^d_{min} \le T_i \le T^d_{max} \land C^d_{min} \le C_i $ $\le C^d_{max} \land V^d_{min} \le V_i \le V^d_{max} \}$
Current element	$C_k^{pc}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$C_k^{cp} = C_{min}^d + (j + 0.5)C_*^d$
Voltage minimum element	$V_k^{pvmin}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$V_k^{pvmin} = \min\{V_i   C_{min}^d + jC_*^d \le C_i < C_{min}^d + (j+1)C_*^d\}$
Voltage average element	$V_k^{pvavg}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$V_k^{pvavg} = avg\{V_i   C_{min}^d + jC_*^d \le C_i  < C_{min}^d + (j+1)C_*^d\}$
Voltage maximum element	$V_k^{pvmax}$ with $0 \le k < S$	$V_k^{pvmax} = \max\{V_i   C_{min}^d + jC_*^d \le C_i < C_{min}^d + (j+1)C_*^d\}$
Regression line	V <sub>*</sub> , M	Given the linear equation system $V_i = V_* + M * C_i$ with $V_i \in V^{pcs}$ and $C_i \in C^{pcs}$ find $V_*$ , $M$ such that $\sum_i (V_i - (V_* + M * C_i))^2$ is minimized