final

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ERROR Found

In this document, there is a recurring syntax error present in several code blocks. The error arises from the absence of the language identifier {r} within the code blocks, preventing the code from being properly interpreted as R code.

In the original document, the language identifier {r} was written like this:

```
# sample code
```

To resolve this issue, we made sure that all code blocks are preceded by the language identifier {r} to indicate that they contain R code.

```
# sample code
```

How to Create a 3D Population Density Map in R

1. Install library Packages:

You need to install the necessary packages. Run the following commands in your R console. Try to install them one by one, it might library restarting the R-session several times.

```
install.packages("sf", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("tmap", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("mapview", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("stars", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("rayshader", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("MetBrewer", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("rayrender")
install.packages("extrafont", dependencies=TRUE)
install.packages("magick", dependencies=TRUE)
```

2. Load Packages and Set Options:

Load the library libraries and set the RGL options:

```
options(rgl.useNULL = FALSE)
library(tidyverse)
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                                  - tidyverse
2.0.0 -
## √ dplyr
                1.1.4
                          ✓ readr
                                       2.1.5
## √ forcats
                1.0.0

√ stringr

                                       1.5.1
## √ ggplot2
                3.5.0
                          √ tibble
                                       3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                          √ tidyr
                                       1.3.1
## √ purrr
                1.0.2
## — Conflicts —
tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                      masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all
conflicts to become errors
library(sf)
## Linking to GEOS 3.11.2, GDAL 3.8.2, PROJ 9.3.1; sf_use_s2() is TRUE
library(tmap)
## Breaking News: tmap 3.x is retiring. Please test v4, e.g. with
## remotes::install github('r-tmap/tmap')
library(ggplot2)
library(mapview)
library(stars)
## Loading required package: abind
library(rayshader)
library(MetBrewer)
library(colorspace)
library(rayrender)
##
## Attaching package: 'rayrender'
## The following object is masked from 'package:rayshader':
##
       run documentation
##
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       arrow
library(magick)
```

```
## Linking to ImageMagick 6.9.12.98
## Enabled features: cairo, freetype, fftw, ghostscript, heic, lcms, pango,
raw, rsvg, webp
## Disabled features: fontconfig, x11
library(extrafont)
## Registering fonts with R
```

3. Load and Transform Data:

You'll need to load the population data and administrative boundaries for the Philippines, transforming them into a suitable coordinate system. The data is downloaded from Kontur Population.

```
# population data of Myanmar
MM_hex <- st_read("data/kontur_population_MM_20231101.gpkg") %>%
st transform(3106)
## Reading layer `population' from data source
##
     `C:\Users\User\Downloads\data\kontur population MM 20231101.gpkg'
     using driver `GPKG'
## Simple feature collection with 212821 features and 2 fields
## Geometry type: POLYGON
## Dimension:
                  XY
## Bounding box: xmin: 10259660 ymin: 1078258 xmax: 11261570 ymax: 3303433
## Projected CRS: WGS 84 / Pseudo-Mercator
# administrative boundaries of Myanmar
MM admin <- st read("data/kontur boundaries MM 20230628.gpkg") %>%
st transform(3106)
## Reading layer `boundaries' from data source
##
     `C:\Users\User\Downloads\data\kontur_boundaries_MM_20230628.gpkg'
     using driver `GPKG'
## Simple feature collection with 488 features and 6 fields
## Geometry type: MULTIPOLYGON
## Dimension:
                  XY
## Bounding box: xmin: 92.17292 ymin: 9.526084 xmax: 101.1701 ymax: 28.54784
## Geodetic CRS: WGS 84
```

4. Check and Create Boundaries:

Inspect the 'name_en' column and create the boundary for the Philippines. Use the filter option to plot specific districts and divisions on the map.

| ## | | Bago Region | |
|----|----|---------------------------------|--|
| ## | | Rakhine | |
| ## | | Naypyitaw Union Territory | |
| ## | | Mon State | |
| ## | | Mandalay | |
| ## | 8 | Magway | |
| ## | 9 | Kayin State | |
| ## | 10 | Kayah State | |
| ## | 11 | Kachin State | |
| ## | 12 | Chin | |
| ## | 13 | Ayeyarwady | |
| ## | 14 | Yangon | |
| ## | 15 | Tanintharyi Region | |
| ## | | Shan State | |
| ## | | Sagaing Region | |
| ## | | Pa Laung Self-Administered Zone | |
| ## | | Pa'O Self-Administered Zone | |
| ## | | Danu Self-Administered Zone | |
| ## | | Naga Self-Administered Zone | |
| ## | | Wa Self-Administered Division | |
| ## | | South Shan State | |
| ## | | North Shan State | |
| | | | |
| ## | | East Shan State | |
| ## | | West Bago Region | |
| ## | | East Bago Region | |
| ## | | Wa State Southern region | |
| ## | | Wa State (Northern Region) | |
| ## | | Nam Deeg Special District | |
| ## | | Kyaukme District | |
| ## | | Kyaukpyu District | |
| ## | | Kyaukse District | |
| ## | | Labutta | |
| ## | 35 | Langhko District | |
| ## | | Lashio District | |
| ## | 37 | Laukkaing District | |
| ## | 38 | Loikaw District | |
| ## | 39 | Loilen District | |
| ## | | Magway District | |
| ## | | Mandalay District | |
| ## | | Matman District | |
| ## | | Maubin | |
| ## | | Maungdaw District | |
| ## | | Mawlaik District | |
| ## | | Mawlanyine District | |
| ## | | Meiktila District | |
| | | | |
| ## | | Minbu District | |
| ## | | Mindat District | |
| ## | | Mohnyin District | |
| ## | | Mong Hsat District | |
| ## | 52 | Monywa District | |
| | | | |

| ## | | Mrauk-U District | |
|----|-----|---------------------------|--|
| ## | | Mu Se District | |
| ## | | Myaungmya | |
| ## | | Myawaddy District | |
| ## | | Myeik District | |
| ## | | Myitkyina District | |
| ## | | Myingyan District | |
| ## | | Nyaung-U District | |
| ## | | Pakokku District | |
| ## | | Pathein | |
| ## | | Putao District | |
| ## | | Pyapon | |
| ## | | Pyay District | |
| ## | | Pyin Oo Lwin District | |
| ## | | Sagaing District | |
| ## | | Shwebo District | |
| ## | | Sittwe District | |
| ## | | Tachileik District | |
| ## | | Mong Hpayak District | |
| ## | | Tamu District | |
| ## | | Taunggyi District | |
| ## | | Taungoo District | |
| ## | | Thandwe District | |
| ## | | Thaton District | |
| ## | 77 | Tharrawaddy District | |
| ## | | Thayet District | |
| ## | | Yamethin District | |
| ## | 80 | Yinmabin District | |
| ## | 81 | Bago District | |
| ## | | Bawlakhe District | |
| ## | 83 | Bhamo District | |
| ## | 84 | Dawei District | |
| ## | 85 | Falam District | |
| ## | | Gangaw District | |
| ## | 87 | Hakha District | |
| ## | 88 | Hinthada | |
| ## | | Kawthoung District | |
| ## | | Yangon South | |
| ## | | Pangkham Special District | |
| ## | 92 | Kengtung District | |
| ## | 93 | Yangon West | |
| ## | 94 | Yangon East | |
| ## | | Hkamti District | |
| | 96 | Yangon North | |
| ## | 97 | Hopang District | |
| ## | 98 | Dekkhina District | |
| ## | 99 | Ottara District | |
| ## | 100 | Hpa-An District | |
| ## | 101 | Kanbalu District | |
| ## | 102 | Hpapun District | |
| | | | |

| ## | 103 | Kale | District |
|----|-----|---------------|-----------|
| ## | 104 | Mong Mit | District |
| | 105 | | District |
| | 106 | Kawkareik | |
| | 107 | Mōung Nēr | ng County |
| | 108 | Mongpa | uk County |
| ## | 109 | | oe County |
| | 110 | Yinmabin | • |
| | 111 | | Township |
| ## | 112 | Zabuthiri | Township |
| ## | 113 | | Zalun |
| ## | 114 | Zeyarthiri | Township |
| ## | 115 | Zigon | Township |
| ## | 116 | Pinlebu | Township |
| ## | 117 | Pinlaung | Township |
| ## | 118 | Pindaya | Township |
| ## | 119 | • | Phyu |
| ## | 120 | Pekon | Township |
| | 121 | | Township |
| ## | 122 | Paungbyin | |
| ## | 123 | | Township |
| ## | 124 | • | Township |
| | 125 | Paukkaung | • |
| | 126 | • | Township |
| | 127 | Patheingyi | • |
| ## | 128 | 3,7 | Pantanaw |
| | 129 | Pangwaun | Township |
| ## | 130 | • | Township |
| ## | 131 | | Township |
| | 132 | | Township |
| | 133 | | Township |
| | 134 | | Township |
| | 135 | | Ahlone |
| | 136 | Amarapura | |
| | 137 | • | Township |
| | 138 | | Township |
| | 139 | Aungmyethazan | |
| | 140 | G , | Township |
| | 141 | | Township |
| | 142 | 2460 | Bahan |
| | 143 | Banmauk | Township |
| | 144 | | Township |
| | 145 | | Township |
| | 146 | | Township |
| | 147 | 511111 | Bogale |
| | 148 | Boknvin | Township |
| | 149 | | Township |
| | 150 | Buthidaung | • |
| | 151 | Chanayethazan | • |
| | 152 | Chanmyathazi | • |
| | | 2 | |

| | 153 | | Township |
|----|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | 154 | • | Township |
| | 155 | Chaungzon | • |
| | 156 | Chipwi | Township |
| | 157 | | Cocokyun |
| | 158 | | Dagon |
| | 159 | Daik-U | Township |
| | 160 | | Dala |
| | 161 | | Danubyu |
| | 162 | | Dawbon |
| | 163 | Dawei | Township |
| | 164 | | Dedaye |
| | 165 | Dekkhinathiri - | • |
| | 166 | Demoso | Township |
| | 167 | | Einme |
| | 168 | | Township |
| | 169 | _ | Township |
| | 170 | | Township |
| | 171 | Gyobingauk | |
| | 172 | | Township |
| | 173 | Hkamti | Township |
| | 174 | | Hlaing |
| | 175 | Hlaingbwe | |
| | 176 | Hlaingthary | |
| | 177 | | Hlegu |
| | 178 | | Hmawbi |
| | 179 | Homalin | Township |
| | 180 | | Hopang |
| | 181 | | Township |
| | 182 | - | Township |
| | 183 | | Township |
| | 184 | Hpasawng | |
| ## | 185 | Hpruso | Township |
| ## | 186 | Hsenwi | Township |
| ## | 187 | Hsi Hseng | |
| ## | 188 | Hsipaw | Township |
| ## | 189 | Htantabin | • |
| ## | 190 | | Htantabin |
| ## | 191 | Indaw | Township |
| ## | 192 | | Ingapu |
| ## | 193 | Injangyang | Township |
| ## | 194 | | Insein |
| ## | 195 | Kalaw | Township |
| ## | 196 | | Township |
| ## | 197 | - | Township |
| | 198 | | Kamaryut |
| ## | 199 | Kamma | Township |
| | 200 | | Township |
| | 201 | | ngyidaunt |
| | 202 | | Township |
| | | | |

| ## | 203 | Kanpetlet | Township |
|----|------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| ## | 204 | Katha | Township |
| | 205 | Kawa | Township |
| | 206 | | Kawhmu |
| | 207 | Kawkareik | - |
| | 208 | | Township |
| | 209 | Kawthoung | - |
| | 210 | Vanatura | Kayan |
| | 211 212 | 0 0 | Township |
| | 212 | Kawnglanghpu Khin-U | Township |
| | 213 | KIIIN-U | • |
| | 214 | V | Konkyan ungyangon |
| | 215 | | Township |
| | 217 | _ | Township |
| | 217 | | Township |
| | 219 | Kutkai | Kyaiklat |
| | 220 | Kyaikmaraw | - |
| | 220 | | Township |
| | 221 | Kyaikto Kyainseikgyi | • |
| | 223 | kyaınseikgyi | Kyangin |
| | 223 | Kvaukkvi | Township |
| | 225 | | Township |
| | 225 | Kyaukpadaung | • |
| | 220 | | Township |
| | 227 | | Township |
| | 228 | _ | Kyauktada |
| | 239 | Kyauktaga | • |
| | 231 | kyauktaga | Kyauktan |
| | 232 | Kvauk+aw | Township |
| | 232 | _ | Kyaunggon |
| | 234 | | nyindaing |
| | 235 | | Township |
| | 236 | kyetiii | |
| | 237 | Vyunhla. | Kyonpyaw Township |
| | 238 | | Township |
| | 239 | - | Township |
| | 239 | | Township |
| | 240 241 | | Township |
| | 241 | Langnko | Lanmadaw |
| | 242 | Lachio | Township |
| | 243 | Lasiiio | Latha |
| | 244 | | Lacha |
| | 245 246 | | Township |
| | | 9 | - |
| | 247 | | Township |
| | 248 249 | | Township |
| | 249 250 | | Lemyethna |
| | 250 251 | • | Township Township |
| | 252 | | Township |
| π# | 232 | LOIKAW | IOMIIZIITH |

| ## | 253 | Loilem Township |
|----|-----|-----------------------|
| ## | 254 | Mabein Township |
| | 255 | Machanbaw Township |
| | 256 | Madaya Township |
| | 257 | Magway Township |
| | 258 | Maha Aungmye Township |
| | 259 | Mahlaing Township |
| | 260 | Mansi Township |
| | 261 | Mantong Township |
| | 262 | Matman |
| | 263 | Matupi Township |
| | 264 | Maungdaw Township |
| | 265 | Mawkmai Township |
| | 266 | Mawlaik Township |
| | 267 | Mawlamyine |
| | 268 | Mawlamyinegyun |
| | 269 | Mayangone |
| | 270 | Meiktila Township |
| | 271 | Mese Township |
| | 272 | Minbu Township |
| | 273 | Minbya Township |
| | 274 | Mindat Township |
| | 275 | Mindon Township |
| | 276 | Mingala Taungnyunt |
| | 277 | Mingin Township |
| | 278 | Minhla Township |
| | 279 | Mogaung Township |
| | 280 | Mogok Township |
| | 281 | Mohnyin Township |
| | 282 | Momauk Township |
| | 283 | Mong Hpayak Township |
| | 284 | Mong Hsat Township |
| | 285 | Mong Hsu Township |
| | 286 | Mong Kung Township |
| | 287 | Mong Khet Township |
| | 288 | Mong La Township |
| | 289 | Mongmao Township |
| | 290 | Mong Mit Township |
| | 291 | Mong Nai Township |
| | 292 | Mong Pan Township |
| | 293 | Mong Ping Township |
| | 294 | Mong Ton Township |
| | 295 | Mongyai Township |
| | 296 | Mong Yang Township |
| | 297 | Mong Yawng Township |
| | 298 | Monyo Township |
| | 299 | Monywa Township |
| | 300 | Ponnagyun Township |
| | 301 | Mudon Township |
| ## | 302 | Manaung Township |
| | | |

| ## | 303 | Muse | Township |
|----|------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| ## | 304 | Myaing | Township |
| | 305 | , 0 | Myanaung |
| ## | 306 | Myaung | Township |
| ## | 307 | Myebon | Township |
| ## | 308 | | Township |
| ## | 309 | Myingyan | Township |
| ## | 310 | Myinmu | Township |
| ## | 311 | Myitkyina | Township |
| ## | 312 | Myittha | Township |
| ## | 313 | Myothit | Township |
| ## | 314 | Namhkam | Township |
| ## | 315 | Namhsan | Township |
| ## | 316 | | Township |
| | 317 | | Township |
| | 318 | = | Township |
| | 319 | | Township |
| | 320 | | Township |
| | 321 | | Township |
| | 322 | | Township |
| | 323 | Nawnghkio | • |
| | 324 | | Township |
| | 325 | • | Township |
| | 326 | 8466 | Ngapudaw |
| | 327 | Ngazun | Township |
| | 328 | | Okkalapa |
| | 329 | | Township |
| | 330 | , , | Nyaungdon |
| | 331 | Nyaunglebin | |
| | 332 | Nyaungshwe | - |
| | 333 | | Township |
| | 334 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Township |
| | 335 | Ottarathiri | |
| | 336 | octai atiili 1 | Pabedan |
| | 337 | Pandaung | Township |
| | 338 | • | Okkalapa |
| | 339 | | ingangyun |
| | 340 | | azundaung |
| | 341 | | otahtaung |
| | 341 | | _ |
| | 342 343 | | n Seikkan |
| | 343 344 | | uth Dagon ast Dagon |
| | | | • |
| | 345 | | rth Dagon |
| | 346 | | Township |
| | 347 | | Township |
| | 348 | _ | Township |
| | 349 | | Township |
| | 350 | | Township |
| | 351 | Pyigyidagun | - |
| ## | 352 | Pyinmana | Township |

| ## | 353 | Pyinoolwin | Township |
|----|-----|--------------|-----------|
| ## | 354 | Ramree | Township |
| | 355 | Rathedaung | |
| | 356 | | Township |
| | 357 | | Township |
| | 358 | | Township |
| | 359 | | Sanchaung |
| | 360 | | Township |
| | 361 | | kanaungto |
| | 362 | | Township |
| | 363 | | Township |
| | 364 | | Township |
| | 365 | Shwedaung | • |
| | 366 | | Township |
| | 367 | 9, | Township |
| | 368 | | wepyithar |
| | 369 | Sidoktaya | - |
| ## | 370 | Sinbaungwe | • |
| ## | 371 | Singu | Township |
| ## | 372 | Sintgaing | Township |
| ## | 373 | Sittwe | Township |
| ## | 374 | Sumprabum | Township |
| ## | 375 | Tabayin | Township |
| ## | 376 | Tada-U | Township |
| ## | 377 | | Taikkyi |
| ## | 378 | | Tamwe |
| ## | 379 | Tanai | Township |
| ## | 380 | Tangyan | Township |
| ## | 381 | Tanintharyi | Township |
| ## | 382 | - | Township |
| ## | 383 | Taungdwingyi | • |
| ## | 384 | 9 | Township |
| | 385 | | Township |
| | 386 | • | Township |
| | 387 | • | Township |
| | 388 | | Township |
| | 389 | | Thabaung |
| | 390 | Thabeikkyin | _ |
| | 391 | , | Thaketa |
| | 392 | Thanatpin | |
| | 393 | Thanbyuzayat | |
| | 394 | Thandaunggyi | - |
| | 395 | | Township |
| | 396 | ····siriance | Thanlyin |
| | 397 | Thantlang | - |
| | 398 | | Township |
| | 399 | Tharrawaddy | |
| | 400 | | Township |
| | 401 | Thayetchaung | |
| | 402 | - | Township |
| | | ·/IGZI | . с |

| | 403 | Thego | n | Township |
|----|-----|--------------------------|----|-----------|
| | 404 | | | Thongwa |
| | 405 | | | Township |
| | 406 | | | Township |
| | 407 | | _ | Township |
| | 408 | • | • | Township |
| | 409 | Hsawla | W | Township |
| | 410 | | | Twantay |
| | 411 | | | Waingmaw |
| | 412 | 11- | | Wakema |
| | 413 | | | Township |
| | 414 | | | Township |
| | 415 | | | Township |
| | 416 | | | Township |
| | 417 | Yamethi | n | Township |
| | 418 | | | Yankin |
| | 419 | | | Ye |
| | 420 | | | Township |
| | 421 | | | Township |
| | 422 | Yedash | e | Township |
| | 423 | | | Yegyi |
| | 424 | | | angyaung |
| | 425 | 92 | | Township |
| | 426 | | | o Island |
| | 427 | Hlaingtha | - | |
| | 428 | Pobbathir | 1 | • |
| | 429 | | | Narwee |
| | 430 | Kaung Ming San | _ | |
| | 431 | | | District |
| | 432 | | | District |
| | 433 | | _ | District |
| | 434 | | | District |
| | 435 | Nar Kawn | _ | |
| | 436 | Noung Kie | | |
| | 437 | Nam Hkan W | | |
| | 438 | Panyan | _ | District |
| | 439 | | | Hkun Mar |
| | 440 | . | | District |
| | 441 | Hota | 0 | District |
| | 442 | | | Longtan |
| | | Monghpen Economic Develo | • | |
| | 444 | • | | District |
| | 445 | Mong Nin | | |
| | 446 | | | ang Chen |
| | 447 | | | District |
| | 448 | | | District |
| | 449 | • | | District |
| | 450 | | | Chi Ward |
| | 451 | | | hit Ward |
| ## | 452 | Byaw T | aw | ı Wa Ward |

```
## 453
                             Sin Seik Ward
## 454
                            Kyauk Maw Ward
## 455
                         Pein Hne Taw Ward
## 456
                              Ka Nyon Ward
## 457
                               Za Yit Ward
## 458
                              Bon Maw Ward
## 459
                         Kyet Sa Pyin Ward
## 460
                            Daung Ngu Ward
## 461
                        Thin Baw Seik Ward
## 462
                    Ah Nauk Myo Twin Ward
## 463
                       Ta Laing Htein Ward
## 464
                              Oe Loke Ward
## 465
                            Kaing Daw Kwin
# Creating BD Boundary
MM_boundary <- MM_admin %>%
  st geometry %>%
  st union %>%
  st_sf %>%
  st make valid()
```

5. Plot Boundaries for Verification:

Visualize the hex data and boundaries to ensure accuracy.

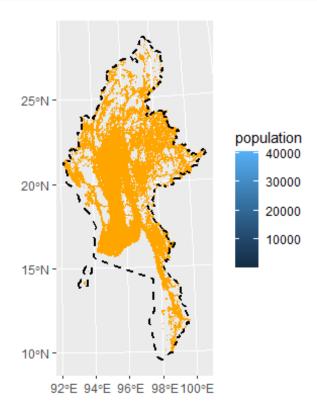
```
names(MM_hex)
## [1] "h3" "population" "geom"
```

Revision No. 1

Upon reviewing the original code, we found that the representation of the boundary lines in the plot lacked clarity and distinction. To address this, we revised the code to enhance the styling of the boundary lines in the plot.

We added the linetype and linewidth parameters in the geom_sf function to include boundary lines in the plot.

```
linetype = "dashed",
  linewidth = .8
)
```



6. Calculate Aspect Ratio:

Determine the aspect ratio for the map based on the bounding box of the boundary.

```
# setting the ph boundary as a bounding box
bbox <- st_bbox(MM_boundary)</pre>
# finding the aspect ratio
bottom_left <- st_point(c(bbox[["xmin"]], bbox[["ymin"]])) %>%
  st sfc(crs = 3106)
bottom_right <- st_point(c(bbox[["xmax"]], bbox[["ymin"]])) %>%
  st_sfc(crs = 3106)
top_left <- st_point(c(bbox[["xmin"]], bbox[["ymax"]])) %>%
  st_sfc(crs = 3106)
top_right <- st_point(c(bbox[["xmin"]], bbox[["ymax"]])) %>%
  st_sfc(crs = 3106)
width <- st distance(bottom left, bottom right)</pre>
height <- st_distance(bottom_left, top_left)</pre>
if(width > height) {
  w_ratio = 1
  h_ratio = height / width
```

```
} else {
  h_ratio = 1.1
  w_ratio = width / height
}
```

7. Rasterize Population Data:

Convert the population data into a raster format suitable for 3D rendering.

- For interactively checking the 3D plot setting the size low will help render in real time.
- To improve the quality of the 3D image when saving, change the settings to a higher resolution.

8. Define Color Palette:

Select a color palette from the MetBrewer or RColorBrewer library and customize it for your map.

Revision No. 2

n the original code, the color palette was generated with a bias of 4.5. While the colors in the palette seemed fitting for our visualization, we found that the transitions between colors were not as distinct as we had hoped. To address this issue, we decided to change the bias from 4 to 4.5.

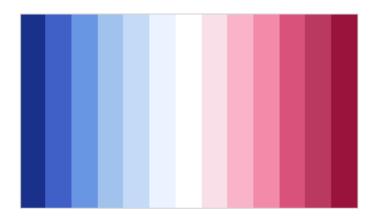
This adjustment creates a color palette with more distinct boundaries between colors and less smooth transitions compared to the original palette. We expect that this change will lead to a perceptible difference in the appearance of the generated color palette, resulting in a better presentation of the population density of our chosen country.

```
# Create color palette from MetBrewer Library
color <- MetBrewer::met.brewer(name="Benedictus", direction = -1)

tx <- grDevices::colorRampPalette(color, bias = 4)(256) # new bias
swatchplot(tx)</pre>
```



swatchplot(color)



9. Render 3D Map:

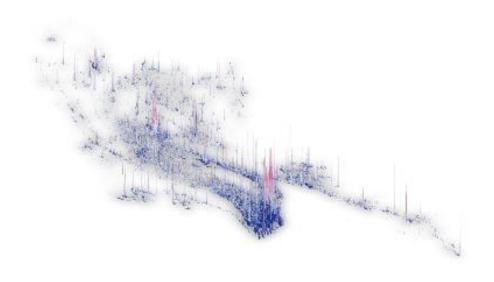
Use Rayshader to create a 3D representation of the population density.

Revision No. 3

In the original code, the fov parameter was included in the plot_3d function. When we included it, we noticed that it affected the rendering process of the 3D plot. Removing the FOV parameter allowed the rendering process to proceed without the specific FOV setting. We made this decision to optimize rendering efficiency, considering that specifying a FOV may increase computational complexity or rendering time.

Although the FOV parameter was removed, the plot_3d function still produces a reasonable output. The default angle leaves us satisfied, and we believe that the inclusion of the FOV parameter does not significantly affect the overall presentation of our input

```
# Close any existing 3D plot before plotting another
rgl::close3d()
pop matrix %>%
  height shade(texture = tx) %>%
  plot 3d(heightmap = pop matrix,
          zscale = 70,
          solid = FALSE,
          shadowdepth = 0,
render camera(theta = -50, phi = 50, zoom = .7,)
# To interactively view the 3D plot
rgl::rglwidget()
## Google Chrome was not found. Try setting the `CHROMOTE_CHROME` environment
variable to the executable of a Chromium-based browser, such as Google
Chrome, Chromium or Brave.
## Warning in snapshot3d(scene = x, width = width, height = height): webshot
## TRUE requires the webshot2 package and Chrome browser; using
rgl.snapshot()
## instead
```



10. Render in high-quality and Save Image:

Fine-tune the camera angle and render a high-quality image of the 3D map.

Revision No. 4

In this current chunk of code, multiple lines of code were originally turned into comments, rendering them inexecutable. We resolved this issue by removing the '#' symbols to revert them back to executable code.

However, after running this chunk multiple times, we encountered issues generating high-quality files due to incompatible parameter values. The original code produced unsuccessful outputs, such as all-black output, all-black output with white dots, or a white dimension with a black base. These issues stemmed from using lightcolor = c("white", "white") instead of lightcolor = c(pop_matrix[2], color), which caused the 3D population density map to not display any color.

To address this, we added **sample_method** = "**sobol**" to achieve a more even coverage of space compared to purely random sequences.

We also made changes to the parameters in the **render_highquality** function to resolve these issues. Refer to the comments in the code for the specific changes made.

By incorporating these clarifications, the explanation becomes more accessible and understandable for readers who may not be familiar with the code or its context.

```
Sz# Define the output file path using the glue package
outfile <- glue::glue("C:/Users/HP PAVILION/Documents/data/MM_MAP[5].png")</pre>
{
  # Record the start time of the execution
  start_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
  # Print the start time in cyan color
  cat(crayon::cyan(start time), "\n")
  if(!file.exists(outfile)) {
   png::writePNG(matrix(1), target = outfile)
  render_highquality(
    filename = outfile,
    interactive = FALSE,
    lightdirection = 100, # originally 50,
    lightaltitude = c(70, 90), # originally c(30,80)
    lightcolor = c(pop_matrix[2], color), # originally c("white", "white")
    lightintensity = c(600, 100),
    samples = 450,  # originally 550
    sample method = "sobol",
   width = 1080,  # originally 1980
    height = 920 # originally 1180
  )
  # Record the end time of the execution
  end_time <- Sys.time()</pre>
  # Calculate the difference between start and end time
  diff <- end_time - start_time</pre>
  # Print the execution time in cyan color
  cat(crayon::cyan(diff), "\n")
}
```

11. Annotate the image

You can add names and more details about your generated visualization.

Revision No. 5

We slightly enhanced the original code by revising these original lines:

```
install.packages("showtext") library(showtext) install.packages("extrafont")
library(extrafont) font_import(pattern = "Philosopher")
```

We transformed it into a code where it checks whether each package is already installed before attempting to install it. This prevents unnecessary installation processes, saving time and system resources.

While we changed some of the values for font customization, not much were really revised. Some of the original parts of the code were still used in this chunk. Any other changes made were not intently for a different effect but just for preferences in customization.

```
# Check if packages are installed, and install if necessary
if (!requireNamespace("showtext", quietly = TRUE)) {
  install.packages("showtext")
if (!requireNamespace("extrafont", quietly = TRUE)) {
  install.packages("extrafont")
if (!requireNamespace("magick", quietly = TRUE)) {
  install.packages("magick")
# Load required packages
library(showtext)
library(extrafont)
library(magick)
# Import fonts
font import(pattern = "Philosopher")
# Automatically enable font support
showtext auto()
# Load Google font
font add google("Philosopher", regular = "400", bold = "700")
# Read the SVG image
pop_raster <- image_read("C:/Users/HP PAVILION/Documents/data/MM_MAP[3].png")</pre>
# Define text color
```

```
text_color <- "#1e466e" # Adjust as needed</pre>
text1_color <- "#376795"
# Annotate the image
pop_raster %>%
  image_annotate("Myanmar",
                 gravity = "northeast",
                 location = "+50+50",
                 color = text_color,
                 size = 150,
                 font = "Philosopher",
                 weight = 800,
                 degrees = 0) %>%
  image_annotate("POPULATION DENSITY MAP",
                 gravity = "northeast",
                 location = "+50+230",
                 color = text color,
                 size = 30,
                 font = "Philosopher",
                 weight = 500,
                 degrees = 0) %>%
  image_annotate("Visualization by: Culanggo | Felisilda | Casiño | Abainza
\nData @ Kontur Population 2023",
                 gravity = "southwest",
                 location = "+20+20",
                 color = alpha(text1_color, .8),
                 font = "Philosopher",
                 size = 22,
                 degrees = 0) %>%
  image_write("C:/Users/HP PAVILION/Documents/data/MM_MAP[3](ANNOTATED).png",
format = "png", quality = 100)
```