- Indexing

```
In [1]: ## Make a string
    a = "Samosa Pakora"

Out[1]: 'Samosa Pakora'

In [2]: a
Out[2]: 'Samosa Pakora'

In [3]: a[0]
Out[3]: 'S'
```

Each alphabet in the above string "Samosa Pakora" is an index you can call each index by its number

```
a[3]
 In [5]:
 Out[5]:
          ## **length of indexes**
 In [ ]:
          len(a)
 In [6]:
 Out[6]: 13
 In [7]:
          a[0:5]
          # Last element is exclusive
           # Agar 12 indexes ki string hai to, saari string print kranay k liye [0:13] likhna hoga
          'Samos'
 Out[7]:
 In [8]:
          a[0:6]
          'Samosa'
 Out[8]:
          a[-2]
 In [9]:
 Out[9]:
In [10]:
          a[-6:13]
          'Pakora'
Out[10]:
In [11]:
          a[-6:-1]
Out[11]: 'Pakor'
```

```
In [18]: food = "biryani"
food

Out[18]: 'biryani'
```

String Methods

```
food
In [19]:
         'biryani'
Out[19]:
          len(food)
In [16]:
Out[16]: 7
In [20]:
          food.capitalize()
         'Biryani'
Out[20]:
          food.upper()
In [21]:
         'BIRYANI'
Out[21]:
In [22]:
           food.lower()
         'biryani'
Out[22]:
          food.replace("b", "Sh")
In [23]:
         'Shiryani'
Out[23]:
          # Counting a sepcific alohabet in a string
In [26]:
          name = "Baba aammar with Dr. Aammar Tufail"
          'Baba aammar with Dr. Aammar Tufail'
Out[26]:
          name.count("a")
In [27]:
Out[27]: 8
         - Finding an index numner in string
          name = "Baba aammar with Dr. Aammar Tufail"
In [28]:
          name. find("T")
Out[28]: 28
         - How to split a string
          food = "I love samosa, pakora, biryani, raita and karahi"
In [29]:
          food
```

```
Out[29]: 'I love samosa, pakora, biryani, raita and karahi'

In [30]: food.split(",")

Out[30]: ['I love samosa', ' pakora', ' biryani', ' raita and karahi']
```

Baisc data structures in Python

- 1- Tuples
- 2- List
- 3- Dictionaries
- 4- Set

- 1 Tuples

- Ordered collection of elements
- Enclosed in ()
- Different kind of elements can be stored
- Once elements are stored you cannot change it (Unmutateable)

```
In [1]: tup1 = (1, "python", True, 2.5)
tup1

Out[1]: (1, 'python', True, 2.5)

In [2]: # type of a tuple
type(tup1)

Out[2]: tuple
```

- Indexing in tuple

```
In [4]: tup1[1]
Out[4]: 'python'
In [5]: #last element is exclusive
    tup1[0:3]
Out[5]: (1, 'python', True)
In [7]: #count of elements in tuple
    len(tup1)
Out[7]: 4
```

```
tup2 = (2, "babaaammar", 3.5, False)
 In [8]:
          tup2
 Out[8]: (2, 'babaaammar', 3.5, False)
 In [9]:
          #concatinate
          tup1 + tup2
 Out[9]: (1, 'python', True, 2.5, 2, 'babaaammar', 3.5, False)
In [10]: tup1 * 2 + tup2
Out[10]: (1, 'python', True, 2.5, 1, 'python', True, 2.5, 2, 'babaaammar', 3.5, False)
          tup3 = (10,20,30,40,50)
In [11]:
          tup3
Out[11]: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
         #minimum
In [14]:
          min(tup3)
Out[14]: 10
In [15]:
          #maximum
          max(tup3)
Out[15]: 50
In [16]:
         tup3*2
Out[16]: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
```

- List

- Ordered collection of elements
- Enclosed in [] Square braces
- Mutataabel (You can change the Values)

```
In [18]: list1 = [1, "python", True, 3]
Out[18]: [1, 'python', True, 3]
In [19]: type(list1)
Out[19]: list
In [20]: len(list1)
Out[20]: 4
```

```
list1[2]
In [21]:
Out[21]: True
          list2 = [3, 5, "Aammar", "Codanics", 478, 53.2, False]
          list2
Out[22]: [3, 5, 'Aammar', 'Codanics', 478, 53.2, False]
          list1 + list2
In [23]:
Out[23]: [1, 'python', True, 3, 3, 5, 'Aammar', 'Codanics', 478, 53.2, False]
          list1 * 2
In [25]:
Out[25]: [1, 'python', True, 3, 1, 'python', True, 3]
In [26]:
          list1.reverse()
           list1
Out[26]: [3, True, 'python', 1]
          #To add in list we use this function Append
          list1.append("Codanics Youtube Channel")
          list1
Out[27]: [3, True, 'python', 1, 'Codanics Youtube Channel']
          list3 = [10,40,3343,2023,2032,12,8878,2822]
In [28]:
          list3
Out[28]: [10, 40, 3343, 2023, 2032, 12, 8878, 2822]
          #sorting a list
In [29]:
          list3.sort()
          list3
Out[29]: [10, 12, 40, 2023, 2032, 2822, 3343, 8878]
In [30]:
          list3*3
Out[30]: [10,
           12,
           40,
           2023,
           2032,
           2822,
           3343,
           8878,
           10,
           12,
           40,
           2023,
           2032,
           2822,
           3343,
           8878,
```

```
10,
           12,
           40,
           2023,
           2032,
           2822,
           3343,
          8878]
         #using count function in list
In [31]:
          fruits = ["Apple", "Mango", "Banana", "Cherry" , "Papaya"]
          # printing count using count() function
          fruits.count("Apple")
Out[31]: 1
In [33]:
          lists = list1 + list2
          lists
Out[33]: [3,
           True,
           'python',
           'Codanics Youtube Channel',
          3,
           'Aammar',
           'Codanics',
           478,
           53.2,
           False]
```

- Dictionaries

- An unirdered collection of elements
- Key & Value
- Curly braces or brackets {}
- Mutateable

```
In [36]: #foor and their prices
    food1 = {"Samosa": 30, "Pakora": 100, "Raita":20, "Salad":50, "Chiken Rolls":30}
    #samosa is a key and 30 is its value
    food1

Out[36]: {'Samosa': 30, 'Pakora': 100, 'Raita': 20, 'Salad': 50, 'Chiken Rolls': 30}

In [37]: type(food1)

Out[37]: dict

In [40]: #Extract data
    keys1 = food1.keys()
    keys1

Out[40]: dict_keys(['Samosa', 'Pakora', 'Raita', 'Salad', 'Chiken Rolls'])
```

```
values1 = food1.values()
In [41]:
           values1
Out[41]: dict_values([30, 100, 20, 50, 30])
In [43]:
           #adding new element
           food1["Tikki"]=10
           food1
Out[43]: {'Samosa': 30, 'Pakora': 100,
           'Raita': 20,
           'Salad': 50,
           'Chiken Rolls': 30,
           'Tikki': 10}
In [44]:
           #update the values
           food1["Tikki"]=15
           food1
Out[44]: {'Samosa': 30,
           'Pakora': 100,
           'Raita': 20,
           'Salad': 50,
           'Chiken Rolls': 30,
           'Tikki': 15}
           food2 = {"Dates":50, "Choclates":200, "Swayyan":100}
In [45]:
           food2
Out[45]: {'Dates': 50, 'Choclates': 200, 'Swayyan': 100}
           #concatenate
In [48]:
           #food1 + food2 (ye iss trha ni hoga, dictionary ko concate krny ka tareeqa kuch aesy ha
           food1.update(food2)
           food1
Out[48]: {'Samosa': 30,
           'Pakora': 100,
           'Raita': 20,
           'Salad': 50,
           'Chiken Rolls': 30,
           'Tikki': 15,
           'Dates': 50,
           'Choclates': 200,
           'Swayyan': 100}
         - Sets

    Unordered and Unindexed

           • Curly braces are used {}

    No duplicares allowed

           s1 = {1, 2,3,5.3, "Aammar", "Codanics", "Faisalabad", True}
In [50]:
```

#You cannot add Boolean Operator it counld not be add