Data and setup

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        import sqlite3
        from sqlalchemy import create_engine
        spotify_df = pd.read_csv("F:\spotify_songs.csv")
```

Normalize data into First Normal Form

Lose You To

Lose You To

Lose You To

Love Me

Love Me

Love Me

Selena

Gomez

Selena

Gomez

Selena

Gomez

```
    A primary key (a unique, non-null column identifying each row)

    No repeating groups of columns

           · Each cell contains a single value
In [3]: spotify_df.columns
Out[3]: Index(['track_id', 'track_name', 'track_artist', 'track_popularity',
                  'track_album_id', 'track_album_name', 'track_album_release_date',
                  'playlist_name', 'playlist_id', 'playlist_genre', 'playlist_subgenre',
                  'danceability', 'energy', 'key', 'loudness', 'mode', 'speechiness', 'acousticness', 'instrumentalness', 'liveness', 'valence', 'tempo',
                  'duration_ms'],
                dtype='object')
In [4]: # track_id might be a good contender for a primary key
         # Check if length of unique track id values is equal to number of rows
         spotify_df.shape[0] == len(spotify_df["track_id"].unique())
Out[4]: False
In [5]: | duplicated_track_id = (spotify_df.loc[spotify_df.duplicated(subset=['track_id'])]["track_id"].iloc[0])
         # Inspect rows of duplicated track_id
         spotify_df.loc[spotify_df["track_id"] == duplicated_track_id]
Out[5]:
                                 track_id track_name track_artist track_popularity
                                                                                          track_album_id track_album_name track_album_release_date
                                                                                                           Lose You To Love
                                                         Selena
                                          Lose You To
            739 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5
                                                                             93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY
                                                                                                                                         2019-10-23
                                             Love Me
                                                         Gomez
                                                                                                                       Ме
                                          Lose You To
                                                          Selena
                                                                                                           Lose You To Love
           1299 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5
                                                                             93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY
                                                                                                                                         2019-10-23
                                             Love Me
                                                         Gomez
                                                                                                                       Me
                                          Lose You To
                                                         Selena
                                                                                                           Lose You To Love
          18320 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5
                                                                             93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY
                                                                                                                                         2019-10-23
                                             Love Me
                                                         Gomez
                                          Lose You To
                                                          Selena
                                                                                                           Lose You To Love
          19730 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5
                                                                             93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY
                                                                                                                                         2019-10-23
                                             Love Me
                                                         Gomez
```

7 rows × 23 columns

21555 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5

23641 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5

30388 1HfMVBKM75vxSfsQ5VefZ5

2019-10-23

2019-10-23

2019-10-23

Lose You To Love

Lose You To Love

Lose You To Love

Ме

Me

Ме

93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY

93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY

93 3tBkjgxDqAwss76O1YHsSY

```
In [6]: | # track_id is redundant here because it's on multiple playlists.
        # We split the data frame into two tables (track and playlist)
        track_columns = ['track_id',
                          'track_name',
                          'track_artist',
                          'track_popularity',
                          'track_album_id',
                          'track_album_name',
                          'track_album_release_date',
                          'danceability',
                          'energy',
                          'key',
                          'loudness',
                          'mode',
                          'speechiness',
                          'acousticness',
                          'instrumentalness',
                          'liveness',
                          'valence',
                          'tempo',
                          'duration_ms']
        playlist_columns = ['playlist_id',
                             'playlist_name',
                             'playlist_genre',
                             'playlist_subgenre']
        # Create a dictionary of 2 dataframes (track_df and playlist_df)
        spotify_df_dict = {'track' : spotify_df.loc[:,track_columns].drop_duplicates(),
                            'playlist' : spotify_df.loc[:,playlist_columns].drop_duplicates()}
```

Now let's confirm that track_id and playlist_id are unique and non-null within each DataFrame:

```
In [7]: # Check track_id is unique per row in track df
        print("TRACK:")
        print("Is there a unique id per row?")
        print(spotify_df_dict["track"].shape[0] == len(spotify_df_dict["track"]["track_id"].unique()))
        # Check track_id has no NA values
        print("Are there NA values?")
        print(spotify_df_dict["track"]["track_id"].isnull().any())
        # Check playlist_id is unique per row in playlist df
        print("\nPLAYLIST:")
        print("Is there a unique id per row?")
        print(spotify_df_dict["playlist"].shape[0] == len(spotify_df_dict["playlist"]["playlist_id"].unique()))
        # Check playlist_id has no NA values
        print("Are there NA values?")
        print(spotify_df_dict["playlist"]["playlist_id"].isnull().any())
        TRACK:
        Is there a unique id per row?
        Are there NA values?
        False
        PLAYLIST:
        Is there a unique id per row?
        False
        Are there NA values?
        False
```

Seems like playlist_id still isn't unique. Let's look more closely at the rows where playlist_id is duplicated:

Out[8]:

| | playlist_id | playlist_name | playlist_genre | playlist_subgenre |
|-------|------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------|
| 29945 | 25ButZrVb1Zj1MJioMs09D | EDM 2020 House & Dance | edm | pop edm |
| 27216 | 25ButZrVb1Zj1MJioMs09D | EDM 2020 House & Dance | edm | electro house |
| 30804 | 2CJsD3fcYJWcliEKnwmovU | TOP 50 GLOBAL 2020 UPDATED WEEKLY 🔵 🜆 WORLDWIDE | edm | pop edm |
| 23436 | 2CJsD3fcYJWcliEKnwmovU | TOP 50 GLOBAL 2020 UPDATED WEEKLY 🔵 🚜 WORLDWIDE | r&b | hip pop |
| 1067 | 37i9dQZF1DWTHM4kX49UKs | Ultimate Indie Presents Best Indie Tracks o | рор | dance pop |
| 22829 | 37i9dQZF1DWTHM4kX49UKs | Ultimate Indie Presents Best Indie Tracks o | r&b | hip pop |
| 10387 | 37i9dQZF1DX4OjfOteYnH8 | Flow Selecto | rap | trap |
| 19687 | 37i9dQZF1DX4OjfOteYnH8 | Flow Selecto | latin | reggaeton |
| 12900 | 3Ho3iO0iJykgEQNbjB2sic | Classic Rock 70s 80s 90s, Rock Classics - 70s | rock | classic rock |
| 15155 | 3Ho3iO0iJykgEQNbjB2sic | Classic Rock 70s 80s 90s, Rock Classics - 70s | rock | hard rock |
| 30196 | 3xMQTDLOIGvj3IWH5e5x6F | Charts 2020 <mark>│</mark> Top 2020 │ Hits 2020 │ Summer 2020 │ Po | edm | pop edm |
| 23099 | 3xMQTDLOIGvj3IWH5e5x6F | Charts 2020 | r&b | hip pop |
| 19703 | 4JkkvMpVl4lSioqQjeAL0q | 2020 Hits & 2019 Hits – Top Global Tracks 🦰 🖰 💍 | latin | latin hip hop |
| 18295 | 4JkkvMpVl4lSioqQjeAL0q | 2020 Hits & 2019 Hits – Top Global Tracks 🦰 🖰 💍 | latin | latin pop |
| 23755 | 4JkkvMpVl4lSioqQjeAL0q | 2020 Hits & 2019 Hits – Top Global Tracks 🦰 🖰 🦰 | r&b | hip pop |
| 27962 | 6KnQDwp0syvhfHOR4IWP7x | Fitness Workout Electro House Dance Prog | edm | electro house |
| 31024 | 6KnQDwp0syvhfHOR4IWP7x | Fitness Workout Electro House Dance Prog | edm | progressive electro house |

The issue seems to be that some playlists are listed under two subgenres. let's instead just create a new unique id for the playlist dataframe:

```
In [11]: spotify_df_dict["playlist"]["playlist_id"] = list(range(0, spotify_df_dict["playlist"].shape[0]))

In [12]: # Check playlist_uid is unique per row in playlist df
    print("Is there a unique id per row?")
    print(spotify_df_dict["playlist"].shape[0] == len(spotify_df_dict["playlist"]["playlist_uid"].unique()))

# Check playlist_uid has no NA values
    print("Are there NA values?")
    print(spotify_df_dict["playlist"]["playlist_id"].isnull().any())

Is there a unique id per row?
    True
    Are there NA values?
    False
```

Check that there are no repeating columns

```
In [13]: spotify_df_dict["track"].head()
```

| Oı | ut | [1 | .3] | : |
|----|----|----|-----|---|
| | | _ | _ | |

| | track_id | track_name | track_artist | track_popularity | track_album_id | track_album_name | track_album_release_date |
|---|------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 0 | 6f807x0ima9a1j3VPbc7VN | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) - Loud Luxur | Ed Sheeran | 66 | 2oCs0DGTsRO98Gh5ZSl2Cx | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) [Loud Luxury | 2019-06-14 |
| 1 | 0r7CVbZTWZgbTCYdfa2P31 | Memories - Dillon Francis Remix | Maroon 5 | 67 | 63rPSO264uRjW1X5E6cWv6 | Memories (Dillon Francis Remix) | 2019-12-13 |
| 2 | 1z1Hg7Vb0AhHDiEmnDE79I | All the Time - Don Diablo Remix | Zara Larsson | 70 | 1HoSmj2eLcsrR0vE9gThr4 | All the Time (Don Diablo Remix) | 2019-07-05 |
| 3 | 75FpbthrwQmzHlBJLuGdC7 | Call You Mine - Keanu Silva Remix | The Chainsmokers | 60 | 1nqYsOef1yKKuGOVchbsk6 | Call You Mine - The Remixes | 2019-07-19 |
| 4 | 1e8PAfcKUYoKkxPhrHqw4x | Someone You Loved - Future Humans Remix | Lewis Capaldi | 69 | 7m7vv9wlQ4i0LFuJiE2zsQ | Someone You Loved (Future Humans Remix) | 2019-03-05 |
| 4 | | | | | | | • |

```
In [14]: spotify_df_dict["playlist"].head()
```

Out[14]:

| | playlist_id | playlist_name | playlist_genre | playlist_subgenre | playlist_uid |
|-----|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 | Pop Remix | рор | dance pop | 0 |
| 70 | 1 | Dance Pop | рор | dance pop | 1 |
| 167 | 2 | Dance Room | рор | dance pop | 2 |
| 223 | 3 | Cardio | рор | dance pop | 3 |
| 272 | 4 | Dance Pop Hits | рор | dance pop | 4 |

Repeating Columns

- For the track DataFrame, none of the columns seem to repeat
- For the playlist DataFrame there are no repeating groups of columns

Each cell contains a single value

From our inspection of the DataFrames we see that each cell contains a single value; so, this requirement is satisfied.

Normalize data into Second Normal Form

Playlist table

Each column describes what the primary key identifies (a playlist), so 2NF is satisfied for this table.

Track table

Here, we notice that some of the columns (specifically, track_album_id, track_album_name, track_album_release_date) relate to the album of the track, not the track itself (as the other columns do). So, let's move the album-related columns to their own table

```
Is there a unique id per row?
True
Are there NA values?
False
```

Now let's remove those columns from the track DataFrame and we should be all set with 2NF:

Normalize data into Third Normal Form (3NF)

Album table

| In [18]: | spo | otify_df_dict["album"]. | head() | |
|----------|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Out[18]: | track_album_i | | track_album_name | track_album_release_date |
| | 0 | 2oCs0DGTsRO98Gh5ZSl2Cx | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) [Loud Luxury | 2019-06-14 |
| | 1 63rPSO264uRjW1X5E6cWv6 Memories (Dillon Fra | | Memories (Dillon Francis Remix) | 2019-12-13 |
| | 2 1HoSmj2eLcsrR0vE9gThr4 All the Time (Don D | | All the Time (Don Diablo Remix) | 2019-07-05 |
| | 3 1nqYsOef1yKKuGOVchbsk6 C | | Call You Mine - The Remixes | 2019-07-19 |
| | 4 | 7m7vv9wlQ4i0LFuJiE2zsQ | Someone You Loved (Future Humans Remix) | 2019-03-05 |
| | | | | |

Each column depends on the album_id (or row number), so there are no 3NF violations.

Playlist table

Out[19]:

```
In [19]: spotify_df_dict["playlist"].head()
```

| | playlist_id | playlist_name | playlist_genre | playlist_subgenre | playlist_uid |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 0 | 37i9dQZF1DXcZDD7cfEKhW | Pop Remix | рор | dance pop | 0 |
| 70 | 37i9dQZF1DWZQaaqNMbbXa | Dance Pop | рор | dance pop | 1 |
| 167 | 37i9dQZF1DX2ENAPP1Tyed | Dance Room | рор | dance pop | 2 |
| 223 | 37i9dQZF1DWSJHnPb1f0X3 | Cardio | рор | dance pop | 3 |
| 272 | 37i9dQZF1DX6pH08wMhkal | Dance Pop Hits | рор | dance pop | 4 |

- Here, playlist_subgenre violates 3NF, because it only depends on the playlist_id via the playlist_genre.
- So, let's split that out (with playlist_genre) into a separate genre table:

Is there a unique id per row? True Are there NA values? False

Great. Lastly, let's remove playlist_genre and playlist_subgenre from the playlist table:

```
In [18]: spotify_df_dict["playlist"].drop(["playlist_genre","playlist_subgenre"], axis=1, inplace=True)

# Confirm that album columns were removed
spotify_df_dict["playlist"].columns

Out[18]: Index(['playlist_id', 'playlist_name', 'playlist_uid'], dtype='object')
```

Track table

In [19]: spotify_df_dict["track"].head()

Out[19]:

| | track_id | track_name | track_artist | track_popularity | track_album_id | track_album_name | track_album_release_date |
|---|------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 0 | 6f807x0ima9a1j3VPbc7VN | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) - Loud Luxur | Ed Sheeran | 66 | 2oCs0DGTsRO98Gh5ZSl2Cx | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) [Loud Luxury | 2019-06-14 |
| 1 | 0r7CVbZTWZgbTCYdfa2P31 | Memories - Dillon Francis Remix | Maroon 5 | 67 | 63rPSO264uRjW1X5E6cWv6 | Memories (Dillon Francis Remix) | 2019-12-13 |
| 2 | 1z1Hg7Vb0AhHDiEmnDE79I | All the Time - Don Diablo Remix | Zara Larsson | 70 | 1HoSmj2eLcsrR0vE9gThr4 | All the Time (Don Diablo Remix) | 2019-07-05 |
| 3 | 75FpbthrwQmzHlBJLuGdC7 | Call You Mine - Keanu Silva Remix | The Chainsmokers | 60 | 1nqYsOef1yKKuGOVchbsk6 | Call You Mine - The Remixes | 2019-07-19 |
| 4 | 1e8PAfcKUYoKkxPhrHqw4x | Someone You Loved - Future Humans Remix | Lewis Capaldi | 69 | 7m7vv9wlQ4i0LFuJiE2zsQ | Someone You Loved (Future Humans Remix) | 2019-03-05 |
| 4 | | | | | | | • |

Each column depends on the track_id (or row number), so there are no 3NF violations.