Blog

Daily Coding Problem #142

Problem

This problem was asked by Google.

You're given a string consisting solely of (,), and *. * can represent either a (,), or an empty string. Determine whether the parentheses are balanced.

For example, (()* and (*) are balanced.)*(is not balanced.

Solution

The brute force method here would be to keep a count of current open parentheses that gets incremented every time we see (and decremented every time we see). When we encounter a *, we'll recursively try every path (so with count, count - 1, and count + 1) to see if we can get a valid string.

This takes exponential time though since we're recursively calling balanced 3 times on each call.

We can use a faster trick, though. Notice from the brute force solution that * basically means a range from c-1 to c+1. We can keep just two variables, low and high. We'll maintain the following invariants:

- low represents the minimum number of unbalanced open parentheses
- high represents the maximum number of unbalanced open parentheses

where low and high will diverge when we encounter an *. We'll keep track of these counts by doing the following:

- If we encounter (, then we increment both low and high they both contribute to the counts of unbalanced open parentheses.
- If we encounter), then we decrement both low and high we have one less unbalanced open parenthesis.
- If we encounter *, then we decrement low but increment high, since it could mean either a) or (.

```
def balanced(s):
    low = 0
    high = 0
    for char in s:
        if char == '(':
            low += 1
            high += 1
        elif char == ')':
        low = max(low - 1, 0)
```

```
high -= 1
elif char == '*':
    low = max(low - 1, 0)
    high += 1

if high < 0:
    return False
return low == 0</pre>
```

This will take only O(1) space and O(n) time.

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