



Green University of Bangladesh

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Mid Assignment

Course Title: Electronic Devices and Pulse Techniques

Course code: EEE-203

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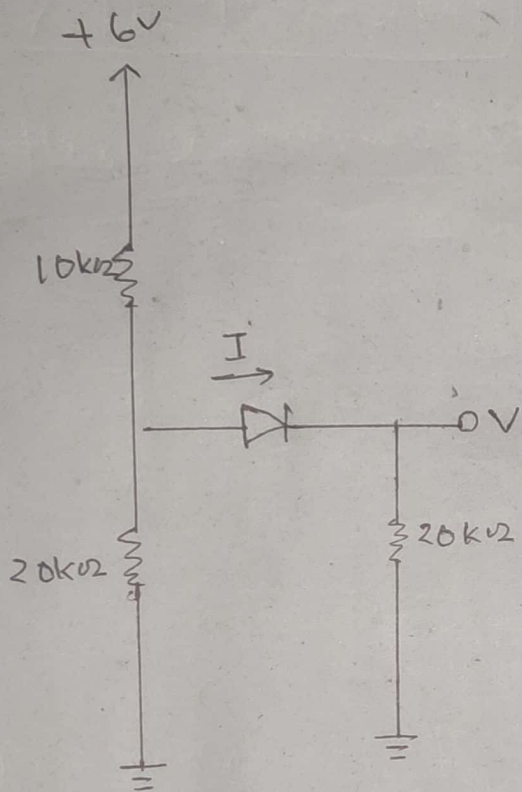
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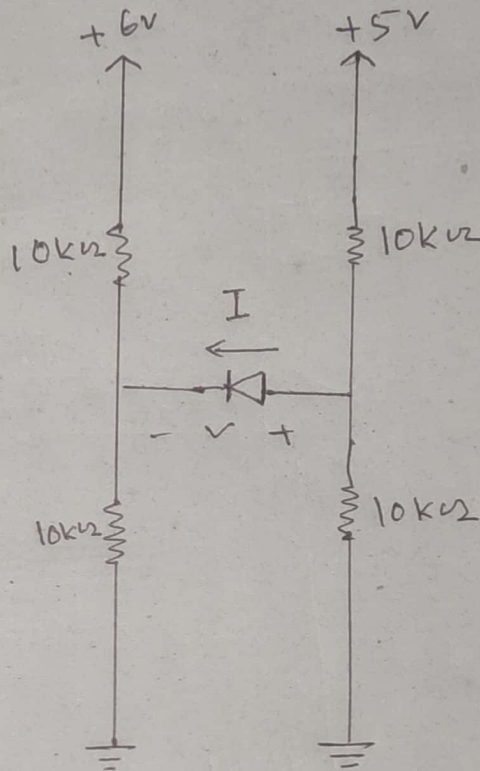
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Ans to the Q. no: 1

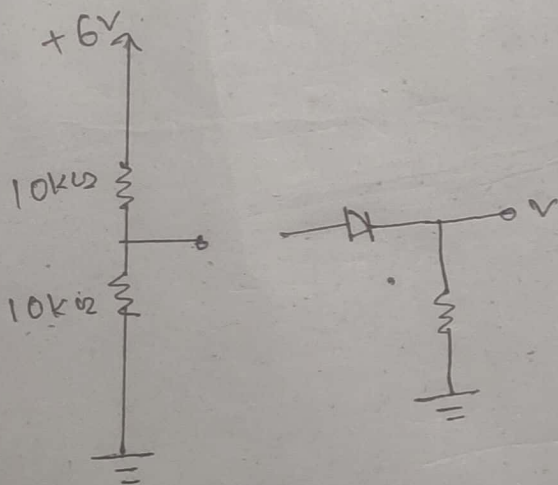


(a)



(b)

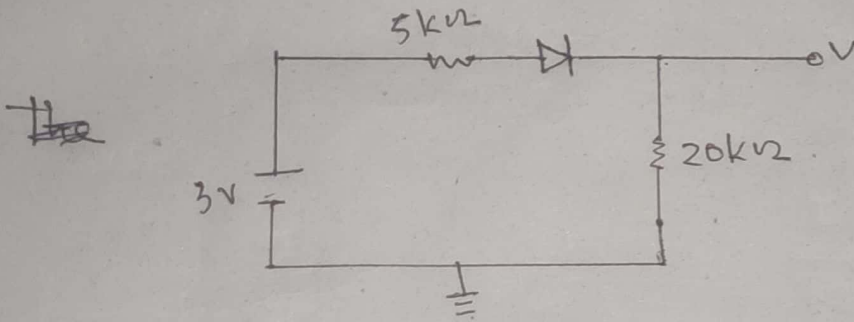
draw circuit diagram.



$$V_{th} = \frac{6}{10+10} \times 10 = 3V$$

$$R_{th} = \frac{10k\Omega}{10k\Omega} \parallel 10k\Omega = 5k\Omega$$

now,



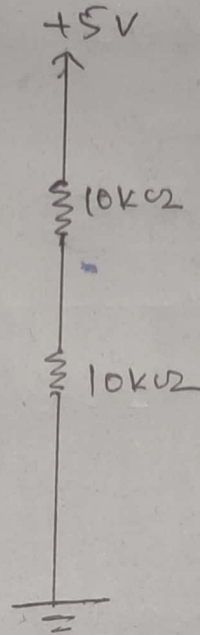
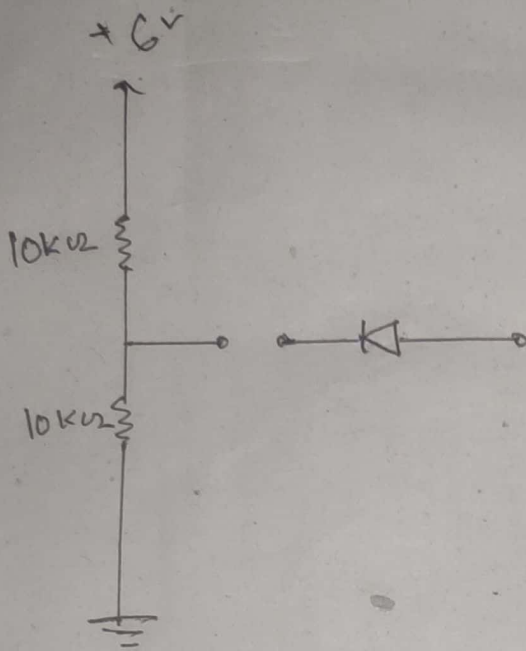
The Diode is in forward Bias.

$$V = \frac{20}{20+5} \times 3$$

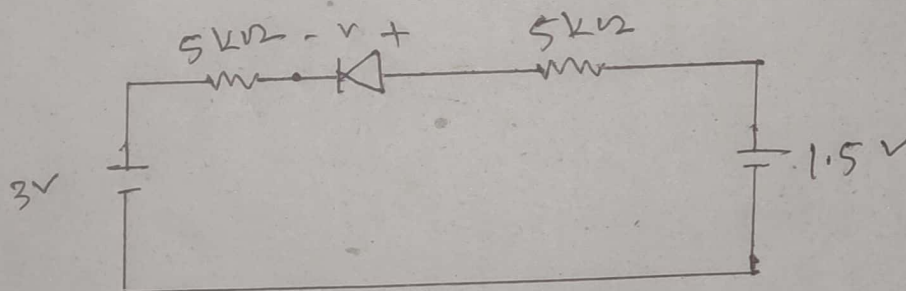
$$= 2.4 \text{ volts.}$$

$$I = \frac{3}{5+20}$$

$$= 0.12 \text{ A}$$



now,



This Diode Reverse Bias because Anode voltage < Cathode voltage.

$$I = 0 \text{ A}$$

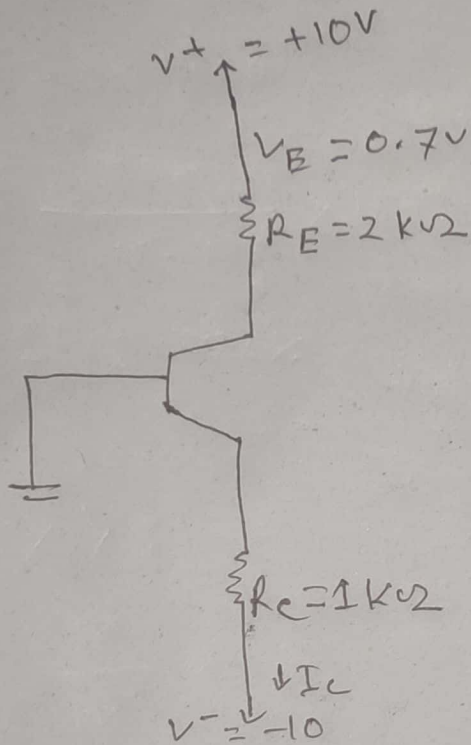
$$V = 1.5 - 3 = -1.5 \text{ V}$$

Result: forward Bias, $I = 0.12 \text{ A}$, $V = 2.4 \text{ V}$
 reverse Bias, $I = 0 \text{ A}$, $V = -1.5 \text{ V}$

Ans.

Ans to the Q.no:2

Given that,



It's PNP transistor is grounded. The emitter is connected to a positive supply $V^+ = +10V$ through R_E . The emitter base junction will be forward biased.

$$V_E = V_{EB} = 0.7V$$

now, emitter current,

$$I_E = \frac{V^+ - V_E}{R_E} = \frac{10 - 0.7}{2} = 4.65 \text{ mA}$$

Given that,

$$V^+ = 10$$

$$V_E = 0.7$$

$$R_E = 2$$

$$I_E = ?$$

We know,

$$\begin{aligned} I_c &= \alpha I_E \\ &= 0.99 \times 4.65 \text{ mA} \\ &= 4.6 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

Here,

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha &= 0.99 \\ I_E &= 4.65 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

The collector voltage will be,

$$\begin{aligned} V_c &= V^- + I_c R_c \\ &= -10 + 4.6 \times 1 \\ &= -5.4 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

Here,

$$\begin{aligned} V^- &= -10 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 4.6 \text{ mA} \\ R_c &= 1 \\ V_c &= ? \end{aligned}$$

and,

the base current will be,

$$\begin{aligned} I_B &= \frac{I_E}{\beta + 1} \\ &= \frac{4.65}{100 + 1} \\ &= 0.05 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

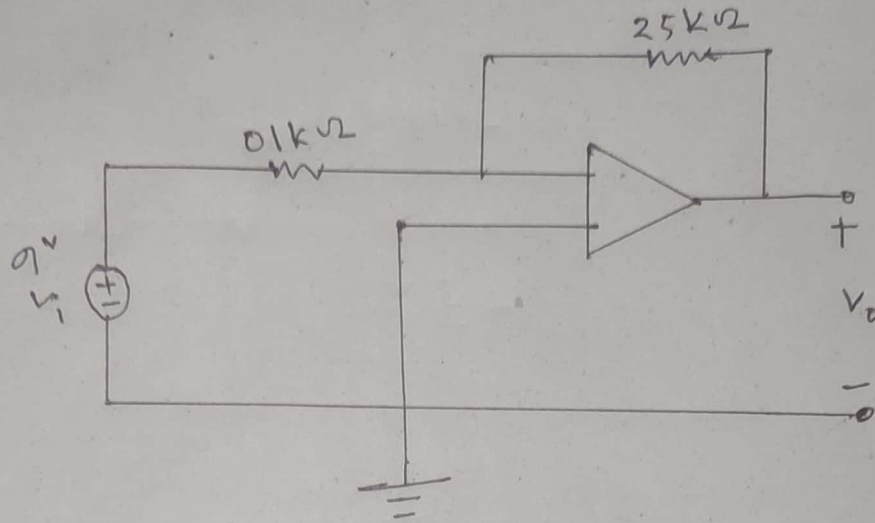
Here,

$$\begin{aligned} I_E &= 4.65 \text{ mA} \\ \beta &= 100 \\ I_B &= ? \end{aligned}$$

Result : voltage -5.4 V and current 0.05 mA

Ans.

Ans to the Q.no. 3



This is inverting connection.

We know,

$$V_o = - \frac{R_f}{R_i} \times V_i$$

$$= - \frac{25}{1} \times 9$$

$$= -225 \text{ V}$$

Here,

Feedback Resistor, $R_f = 25k\Omega$

input Resistor, $R_i = 0.1k\Omega$

input voltage, $V_i = 9\text{V}$

output voltage, $V_o = ?$

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\therefore Output voltage is, $V_o = -225 \text{ V}$

Ans.