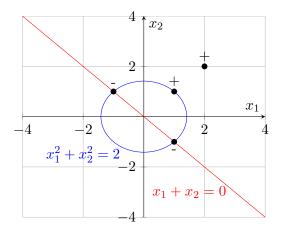
SUTD 2021 50.007 Homework 1

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1. Classification

We can plot a visual, graphical representation of the given data points:



- (a) Such a classifier does not exist. As demonstrated by the blue-colored circle on the graph above, a minimum radius of $\sqrt{2}$ would be needed to classify the points. However, since the classifier's boundary would intersect two positive points and one negative point (i.e., they lie on the boundary), such a classifier would be insufficient to correctly classify all said data points without any ambiguity. Any classifier of an origin-centered circle with $r < \sqrt{2}$ would classify all the data points with the same label (which is not correct for some of the points), while any classifier of an origin-centered circle with $r > \sqrt{2}$ would classify the two negative data points at (-1,1) and (1,-1) along with at least the positive data point at (1,1) under the same label (which is also not correct for some of the points). Hence, no such classifier exists.
- (b) One and only one possible linear classifier that goes through the origin would be one with a normal vector $\theta = (\theta_1, \theta_2) = (1, 1)$ (or $[\theta_1, \theta_2]^T = [1, 1]^T$). More formally, such a classifier can be defined as

$$h(x, \theta) = \operatorname{sign}(x_1 + x_2) = \operatorname{sign}(\theta \cdot x) = \begin{cases} +1, & \text{if } \theta \cdot x > 0 \\ -1, & \text{if } \theta \cdot x \le 0 \end{cases}$$