## autosync

autosync is a utility for archiving "snapshots" of a remote directory onto your local machine. Though it can be invoked directly, autosync's intended use is as a daily cron routine. It's similar in spirit to Time Machine, but with one key difference: every backup autosync makes is a *full copy* of the remote folder, not an incremental one. This uses more disk space, but can also make recovery simpler.

Before setting up autosync, you need to set up a public/private key pair between the remote server and your local machine. To do this on Bluehost:

- 1. Enable SSH access if you have not done so already
- 2. Go to the cPanel and click on "SSH/Shell Access"
- 3. Click "Manage SSH Keys"
- 4. Click "Generate a new Key" and fill out the form. Leave the password blank. If you don't, autosync will pause every time to ask for a password. You won't be there to answer.
- 5. Under "Private Keys" you should see your new key listed. Click "View/Download" and download it.
- 6. Move the private key to the .ssh folder. Assuming the key ends up in your Downloads folder, the command to do this will be mv ~/Downloads/name of key ~/.ssh
- 7. cd into ~/.ssh and type chmod 700 name\_of\_key to strip the key of all unnecessary permissions. The next step will yell at you if you forget to do this.
- 8. Type ssh-add name\_of\_key. This registers your key with ssh so it knows where to look for it.
- 9. Test your key out by typing ssh yourname@website.com. Without entering a password, this should present you with a command prompt at the remote server. If this works, type Control-D to exit back to your local terminal. If not, double check all of the previous steps. There's a lot to forget.

Now that the key pair is set up, you can move on to configuring autosync. Make a folder on the drive you'll be using and name it whatever you like. Go to that folder and create a plaintext file called .autosync .autosync is the configuration file for that folder.

Open .autosync in your favorite text editor and fill in the blanks:

```
server_name: name of the remote server username: your username that server remote_path: path to the remote folder num_snapshots: number of snapshots to maintain send_errors_to: email address to send errors to send_errors_from: "from" field in error emails smtp_server: SMTP server for error emails smtp_user: your username on the SMTP server smtp password: your password on that server
```

Once this is complete, test autosync by typing autosync /absolute/path/to/backup/folder (eg. /Volumes/WebBackup/redlinefilms.net.backup/). You should see a bunch of file names fly by - these are the ones getting backed up. Once the backup finishes, check out your folder to confirm that everything is there. If everything looks good, you're ready to set up the daily cron routine. Open /etc/crontab and add the line:

0 0 \* \* \* autosync /absolute/path/to/backup/folder/

This will run autosync once a day at midnight. If you want it to back up more/less frequently, check out the cron documentation at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cron">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cron</a>.