## NAIVE BAYES CLASSIFIER

NB is a generative multiclass technique. Remember: We use Bayes' theorem and only need  $p(\mathbf{x}|y=k)$  to compute the posterior as:

$$\pi_k(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{P}(y = k \mid \mathbf{x}) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{x}|y = k)\mathbb{P}(y = k)}{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{x})} = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}|y = k)\pi_k}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^g p(\mathbf{x}|y = j)\pi_j}$$

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NB is based on a simple **conditional independence assumption**: the features are conditionally independent given class *y*.

$$p(\mathbf{x}|y=k) = p((x_1, x_2, ..., x_p)|y=k) = \prod_{j=1}^p p(x_j|y=k).$$

So we only need to specify and estimate the distribution  $p(x_j|y=k)$ , which is considerably simpler as this is univariate.