

### Exercise 1: Logistic regression or deep learning?

Suppose you have a set of five training points from two classes. Consider a logistic regression model  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \sigma(\boldsymbol{\alpha}^\top \mathbf{x}) = \sigma(\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)$ , with  $\sigma(\cdot)$  the logistic/sigmoid function,  $\sigma(c) = \frac{1}{1+\exp(-c)}$ .

- a) Which values for  $\boldsymbol{\alpha} = (\alpha_0, \alpha_1, \alpha_2)^\top$  would result in correct classification for the problem in Fig. 1 (assuming a threshold of 0.5 for the positive class)? Don't use any statistical estimation to answer this question – think in geometrical terms: you need a linear hyperplane that represents a suitable decision boundary.

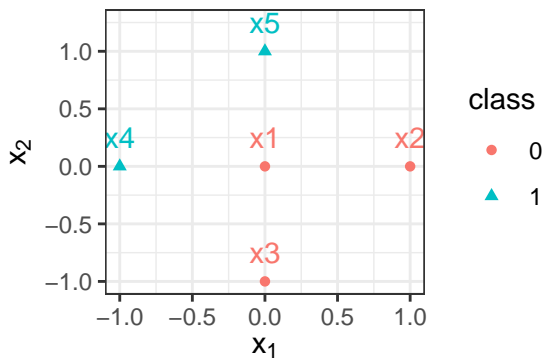


Figure 1: Classification problem I

- b) Apply the same principle to find the parameters  $\boldsymbol{\beta} = (\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2)^\top$  for the modified problem in Fig. 2.

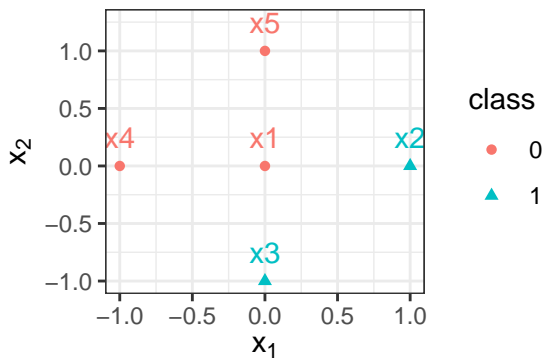


Figure 2: Classification problem II

- c) Now consider the problem in Fig. 3, which is not linearly separable anymore, so logistic regression will not help us any longer. Suppose we had alternative coordinates  $(z_1, z_2)^\top$  for our data points:

$i$	$z_1^{(i)}$	$z_2^{(i)}$	$y^{(i)}$
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	0
4	1	0	0
5	1	0	0

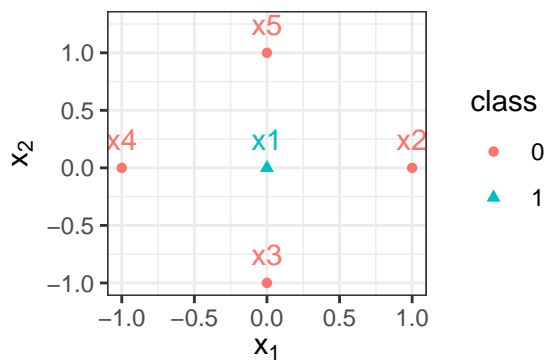


Figure 3: Classification problem III

- i) Explain how we can use  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  to classify the dataset in Fig. 3.
- ii) The question is now, of course, how we can get these  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  that provide a solution to our previously unsolved problem – naturally, from the data.  
Perform logistic regression to predict  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  (separately), treating them as target labels to the original observations with coordinates  $(x_1, x_2)^\top$ . Find the respective parameter vectors  $\gamma, \phi \in \mathbb{R}^3$ .
- iii) Lastly, put together your previous results to formulate a model that predicts the original target  $y$  from the original features  $(x_1, x_2)^\top$ .
- d) Sketch the neural network you just created (perhaps without realizing it).
- e) Explain briefly how the chain rule is applied to the computational graph such a neural network represents. Can you think of a use we can put the resulting gradients to?