

# Lecture 1: Course overview

August 30, 2019

601.229 Computer System Fundamentals



# Welcome!

- ▶ Welcome to CSF!
- ▶ Today:
  - ▶ Administrative stuff
  - ▶ Course overview
  - ▶ Binary data representation

# Administrative stuff

# About the course

- ▶ Instructors
  - ▶ Philipp Koehn, [phi@jhu.edu](mailto:phi@jhu.edu), Hackerman 227
  - ▶ David Hovemeyer, [daveho@cs.jhu.edu](mailto:daveho@cs.jhu.edu), Malone 337
- ▶ TAs/CAs
  - ▶ TODO

# Where to find stuff

- ▶ Course website: <https://jhucsf.github.io/fall2019>
  - ▶ Syllabus, schedule, lecture notes, assignments, etc.
  - ▶ All public course information will be here
- ▶ Piazza [TODO: link]
  - ▶ Non-public course information such as homework/exam solutions
  - ▶ Discussion forum, Q/A: please post questions here!

# Syllabus highlights

- ▶ Please read the syllabus carefully:  
<https://jhucsf.github.io/fall2019/syllabus.html>
- ▶ Highlights:
  - ▶ TODO: grading breakdown
  - ▶ TODO: info about homeworks/problem sets
  - ▶ TODO: info about assignments, late policy
  - ▶ TODO: info about exams

# Academic integrity

- ▶ Please read the academic integrity policy in the syllabus carefully
- ▶ Highlights:
  - ▶ TODO: policy for homeworks/problem sets
  - ▶ TODO: policy for assignments
  - ▶ Exams are (obviously) individual effort
- ▶ Be careful about using web as a resource
  - ▶ Do *not* copy code
  - ▶ *Always* cite sources used

# Class meetings

- ▶ Typical class meeting: lecture/discussion interspersed with peer instruction questions
- ▶ *Do the reading in advance!*
- ▶ Come prepared to actively engage with the material!
  - ▶ Learning is not passive
  - ▶ More productive class time → better outcomes
  - ▶ Ask questions!



# Peer instruction

- ▶ How peer instruction works:
  - ▶ Slide with a multiple choice question
  - ▶ Answer individually, discuss with peers, then answer again
  - ▶ Shown to improve outcomes!
  - ▶ Questions may be challenging
  - ▶ Graded for participation only
- ▶ You may have done this in other courses
- ▶ You will need an iClicker (any version)
  - ▶ iClicker remote ID should be registered with Blackboard

# Peer instruction etiquette

- ▶ During discussion phase, form a group of 2–4 with people sitting near you
- ▶ Be inclusive! (“Would you like to join our group?”)
- ▶ Be social! (“May I join your group?”)
- ▶ Be respectful:
  - ▶ Let everyone participate
  - ▶ Don’t put down anyone else’s ideas
- ▶ Work together and think carefully about the question!
- ▶ *No electronics use*

# First clicker quiz!

Clicker quiz omitted from public slides

# Course overview

# What the course is about

- ▶ Course is about *computer systems* from the *programmer's perspective*
- ▶ Computer system = hardware + software
  - ▶ Much of our concern is the interaction between hardware and software — how they work together

# Goals of course

- ▶ “Deep” understanding of how computers work (down to hardware)
  - ▶ OS and runtime library interfaces
  - ▶ Machine-level ISA / assembly language
  - ▶ Processor features
- ▶ Apply this understanding to...
  - ▶ Optimize application performance
  - ▶ Avoid pitfalls such as security vulnerabilities
  - ▶ Take full advantage of the computer’s capabilities

# A computer system

TODO: overview of typical computer system

# Binary data representation



# Decimal numbers

- ▶ We're all familiar with decimal (base 10) numbers
- ▶ E.g.,

$$42 = 4 \cdot 10^1 + 2 \cdot 10^0$$

- ▶ Digits are 0–9
- ▶ Places are powers of 10

# Other bases

- ▶ Base 10 is arbitrary!
- ▶ Representing decimal 42 using base 5:

$$42_{10} = 132_5 = 1 \cdot 5^2 + 3 \cdot 5^1 + 2 \cdot 5^0$$

- ▶ “Digits” are 0–4
- ▶ Places are powers of 5

# Try it!

How to express decimal 42 using base 6?

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^1 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^0$$

How to express decimal 79 using base 6?

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^1 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot 6^0$$

Reference:

$$6^2 = 36$$

$$6^1 = 6$$

$$6^0 = 0$$

# Binary

- ▶ Binary = base 2
- ▶ Representing decimal 42 using base 5:

$$\begin{aligned}42_{10} &= 101010_2 \\ &= 1 \cdot 2^5 + 0 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ “Digits” are 0 and 1
- ▶ Places are powers of 2
- ▶ Computers use binary representations for all data, because
  - ▶ *Digital circuits* use two voltage levels, high and low
  - ▶ By convention, 1=high voltage, 0=low voltage
  - ▶ So, computer hardware fundamentally operates on binary data

# Try it!

How to express decimal 29 using base 2?

$$\underline{\quad} \cdot 2^5 + \underline{\quad} \cdot 2^4 + \underline{\quad} \cdot 2^3 + \underline{\quad} \cdot 2^2 + \underline{\quad} \cdot 2^1 + \underline{\quad} \cdot 2^0$$

Reference:

$$2^5 = 32$$

$$2^4 = 16$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

$$2^2 = 4$$

$$2^1 = 2$$

$$2^0 = 1$$