

# Controle Digital

## Prova 2 - Questão 1

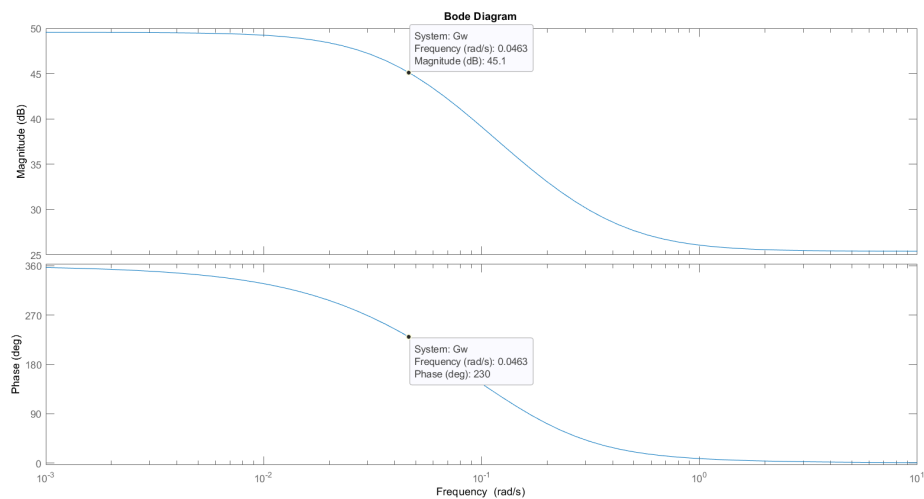
João Viktor de Carvalho Mota - 160127823

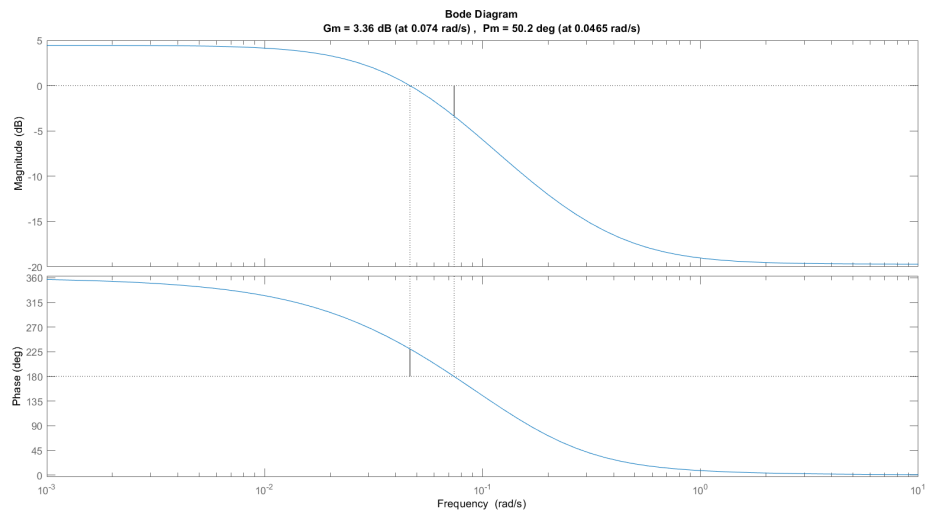
1

### 1. letra a

```
G1 = tf([300],[250 35 1])
zz = tf([1],[1 0],15)
Gz = c2d(G,15,'zoh')
Gzz = Gz*zz
Gw=d2c(Gzz,'Tustin')
bode(Gw)
c = db2mag(-45.1)
margin(c*Gw)
```

Figure 1. Código no Matlab da Questão 1





Input:

$$\frac{\sqrt{(-2.434 v^2 + 0.1316)^2 + (-18.63 v^3 - 1.642 v)^2}}{\sqrt{(-0.2569 v^2 + 0.0004386)^2 + (-v^3 + 0.01976 v)^2}} = \frac{1}{0.0056}$$

Result:

$$\frac{\sqrt{(0.1316 - 2.434 v^2)^2 + (-18.63 v^3 - 1.642 v)^2}}{\sqrt{(0.0004386 - 0.2569 v^2)^2 + (0.01976 v - v^3)^2}} = 178.571$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{\sqrt{347.077 v^6 + 67.1053 v^4 + 2.05554 v^2 + 0.0173186}}{\sqrt{v^6 + 0.0264776 v^4 + 0.000165105 v^2 + 1.9237 \times 10^{-7}}} = 178.571$$

Solutions:

☒ Step-by-step solution

$$v = -0.0469438$$

$$v = -0.0950499 i$$

$$v = 0.0950499 i$$

$$v = -0.133456 i$$

$$v = 0.133456 i$$

$$v = 0.0469438$$

2. letra b

Input interpretation:

$$251.621 \times \frac{\sqrt{(0.0235 p - 0.0041 d)^2 + (j \times 0.133)^2}}{0.0235} = 1$$

Result:

$$10707.3 \sqrt{(0.0235 p - 0.0041 d)^2 + 0.017689 j^2} = 1$$

Geometric figure:

infinite elliptic cylinder

Alternate forms:

$$d^2 - 11.4634 d p + 1052.29 j^2 + 32.8525 p^2 = 0.000518889$$

Input:

$$\frac{\sqrt{(-2.434 \times 0.0235^2 + 0.1316)^2 + (-18.63 \times 0.0235^3 - 1.642 \times 0.0235)^2}}{\sqrt{(-0.2569 \times 0.0235^2 + 0.0004386)^2 + (-0.0235^3 + 0.01976 \times 0.0235)^2}}$$

Result:

251.621...

More digits

