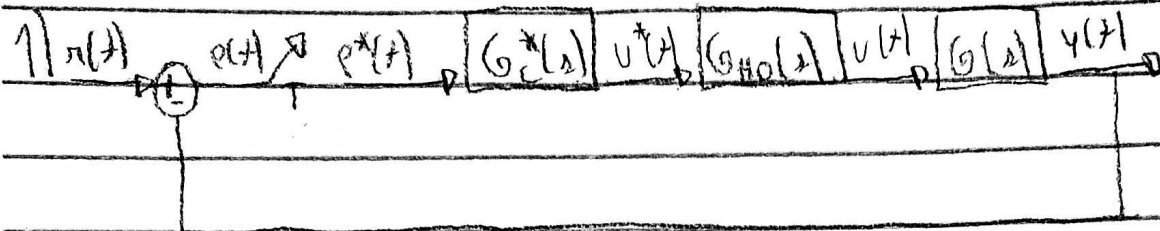


6º questão de acompanhamento



$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)}$$

$$T = 0,1s$$

$$a) z \{ G_{ZOH} \cdot G(s) = (1-z^{-1}) z \{ \frac{10}{s^2(s+2)} \} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{s^2(s+2)} = \frac{A(s+2)}{s^2(s+2)} + \frac{B}{s+2} + \frac{C}{s^2}$$

$$A=5, C=2,5, B=-2,5 \Rightarrow \frac{5}{s^2} - \frac{2,5}{s} + \frac{2,5}{(s+2)} \Rightarrow \frac{0,5z}{(z-1)^2} + \frac{2,5z}{z-1} + \frac{2,5z}{z-e^{-0,2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{z-1}{z} \left(\frac{0,5z}{(z-1)^2} - \frac{2,5z}{z-1} + \frac{2,5z}{z-e^{-0,2}} \right) = \frac{0,5}{z-1} - \frac{2,5}{z-1} + \frac{2,5(z-1)}{z-e^{-0,2}}$$

$$\frac{0,5(z-e^{-0,2}) - 2,5(z-1)(z-e^{-0,2}) + 2,5(z-1)^2}{(z-1)(z-e^{-0,2})} = \frac{0,04683z + 0,04381}{z^2 - 1,819z + 0,8187} = G(z)$$

$$n = 2 - 1 = 1 \quad K = m = 1 \quad p = \max \{ m_p[A(z)]_{\text{em } z=1}, m_p[G(z)]_{\text{em } z=1} \} = \max \{ 1, 1 \} = 1$$

$$M(z) = (1 + 0,9355z^{-1})(m_1 z^{-1}) \Rightarrow 1 - (1 + 0,9355z^{-1})(m_1 z^{-1}) = (1-z^{-1})(1 + a_1 z^{-1})$$

não há um cancelamento na saída

$$1 - m_1 z^{-1} - 0,9355 m_1 z^{-2} = 1 + (a_1 - 1)z^{-1} - a_1 z^{-2}$$

$$\begin{cases} (a_1 - 1) = -m_1 \\ -0,9355 m_1 = -a_1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a_1 + m_1 = 1 \\ a_1 = 0,9355 m_1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m_1 = 0,5167 \\ a_1 = 0,4833 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Logo } M(z) = 0,5167z^{-1} + 0,4833z^{-2} = 0,5167z + 0,4833$$

z^2

$$1 - m(z) = (1 - z^{-1}) (1 + 0,4833 z^{-1}) = 1 + 0,5167 z^{-1} - 0,4833 z^{-2} = \frac{z^2 - 0,5167 z - 0,4833}{z^2}$$

$$G_c(z) = \frac{1}{G(z)} \cdot \frac{m(z)}{1 - m(z)} = \frac{(z-1)(z-0,8187)}{0,04683(z+0,9355)} \cdot \frac{0,5167(z+0,9355)}{(z-1)(z+0,4833)}$$

$$G_c(z) = \frac{11,0335(z-0,8187)}{(z+0,4833)}$$

b) Resposta ao degrau:

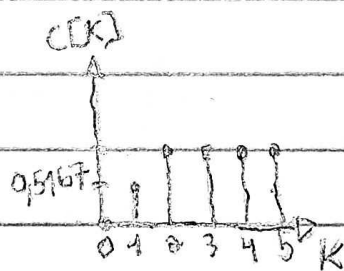
$$y(z) = m(z) R(z) = \frac{0,5167(z+0,9355)}{z^2} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1} = \frac{0,5167(z+0,9355)}{z(z-1)}$$

$$0,5167z + 0,4833 \mid z^2 - z$$

$$0,5167z - 0,5167 \quad 0,5167z^1 + z^{-2} + z^{-3} \dots \quad y(z) = 0,5167z^{-1} + z^{-2} + z^{-3} \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}$$

$$y[k] = 0,5167 \delta[k-1] + \delta[k-2] + \delta[k-3] + \dots$$



$$E(z) = h(z) - y(z) \Rightarrow G_c(z) y(z) + G(z) R(z) = U(z) =$$

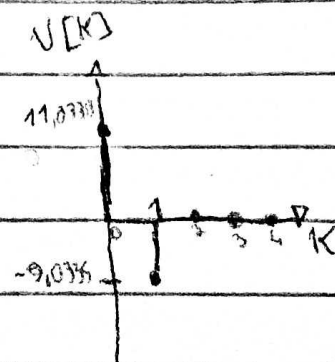
$$U(z) = \frac{0,5167(z+0,9355)}{z(z-1)} \cdot \frac{11,0335(z-0,8187)}{(z+0,4833)} + \frac{11,0335(z-0,8187)}{(z+0,4833)} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1}$$

$$U(z) = \frac{5,701(z+0,9355)(z-0,8187)}{z(z-1)(z+0,4833)} - \frac{11,0335z(z-0,8187)}{(z+0,4833)(z-1)}$$

Resolvendo no Wolfram alpha calculando $U(z)$ sub:

$$U(z) = -11,0335 - 9,0335z^{-1}$$

$$U[k] = -11,0335 \delta[k] - 9,0335 \delta[k-1]$$



$$2) G(z) = \frac{e^{-1}}{z+0,5}$$

$$z(G_{HO}(z) \cdot G(z)) = \frac{(z-1)}{z} \cdot z^{-1} \cdot z \left\{ \frac{1}{z(z+0,5)} \right\} \Rightarrow A(z+0,5) + Bz = 1$$

$$A = 2 \quad B = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(z-1)}{z^2} z \left\{ \frac{2}{z} - \frac{2}{z+0,5} \right\} = \frac{(z-1)}{z^2} \left(\frac{2z}{(z-1)} - \frac{2z}{(z-e^{0,5})} \right) = \frac{2}{z} - \frac{2(z-1)}{z(z-e^{0,5})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2(z-e^{0,5})}{z(z-e^{0,5})} - \frac{2(z-1)}{z(z-0,6065)} = \frac{2z-1,2131}{z(z-0,6065)} - \frac{2z+2}{z(z-0,6065)}$$

$$a) y(t) = 0 \text{ para } t \leq 0 \quad y(z) = 0,7 \quad y(t) = 1 \text{ para } t \geq 3$$

$$y(k) = 0,78(k-2) + 18(k-3) + 8(k-4) + \dots$$

$$y(z) = 0,7z^{-2} + z^{-3} + z^{-4} + \dots$$

$$y(z) = 0,7z^{-2} + p.q. \Rightarrow 0,7z^{-2} + \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}} = 0,7z^{-2} + \frac{z^{-3}}{1-z^{-1}}$$

$$y(z) = 0,7z^{-2} + \frac{z^{-3}}{1-z^{-1}} = \frac{0,7z + 1}{z^3} = \frac{0,7(z-1) + 1}{z^3(z-1)} = \frac{0,7z-0,7+1}{z^3(z-1)}$$

$$y(z) = \frac{0,7z+0,3}{z^3(z-1)} = m(z) \cdot R(z) \Rightarrow R(z) = \frac{z}{z-1} \quad \text{Logo } m(z) = \frac{0,7z+0,3}{z^3}$$

$$m(z) = 0,7z^{-2} + 0,3z^{-3}$$

$$1-m(z) = 1 - \frac{0,7z+0,3}{z^3}$$

$$1-m(z) = 1 - 0,7z^{-2} - 0,3z^{-3}$$

$$1-m(z) = \frac{z^3 - 0,7z - 0,3}{z^3}$$

$$G_c(z) = \frac{z(z-0,6065)}{0,7869} \cdot \frac{0,7z+0,3}{z^3-0,7z-0,3} = \frac{0,7(z^2-0,6065z)(z+0,4286)}{0,7869(z^3-0,7z-0,3)}$$

$$G_c(z) = \frac{0,8896 z(z-0,6065)(z+0,4286)}{(z-1)(z^2+z+0,3)}$$

$$\text{Usando Matlab: } d2d(G'_{2oh})$$

$$G_c(z) = \frac{0,8896z^3 + 1,148z^2 + 5,221z + 1,649}{z^3 + 1,204z^2 + 7,767z}$$

$$b) U(z) = G_c(z)R(z) - G_c(z)Y(z)$$

$$U(z) = \frac{0,8896z(z-0,6065)(z+0,4286)}{(z-1)(z^2+z+0,3)} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{0,8896z(z-0,6065)(z+0,4286)}{(z-1)(z^2+z+0,3)} \cdot \frac{(0,7z+0,3)}{z(z-1)}$$

Wolizendo Partialbruch Alpha!

$$U(z) = 0,8896 + 0,7313z^{-1} + 0,5z^{-2} + 0,5z^{-3}$$

$$\text{Logo } U[k] = 0,8896\delta[k] + 0,7313\delta[k-1] + 0,5\delta[k-2] + 0,5\delta[k-3]$$

