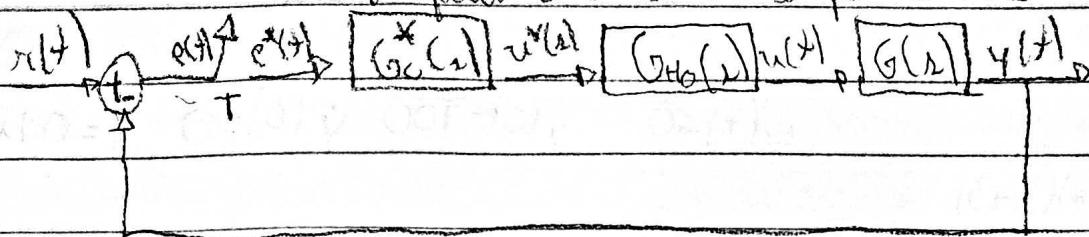


João Victor de Carvalho Neto - 160127823

4º questionário de acompanhamento



$$G_c(z) = K_c > 0$$

$$T = 0,1s$$

$$1) Z\{G_{Ho}(z)G(z)\} = (1-z^{-1}) Z\left\{\frac{G(z)}{s}\right\}$$

$$G(z) = \frac{1}{s(s+10)}$$

$$= (1-z^{-1}) Z\left\{\frac{1}{s(s+10)}\right\} \text{ - Frações parciais:}$$

$$\frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+10} = \frac{1}{s(s+10)} \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{10}, B = -\frac{1}{100}, C = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$Z\left\{\frac{1}{10s} - \frac{1}{100s} + \frac{1}{100(s+10)}\right\} = Tz \left[\frac{z}{10(z-1)} - \frac{z}{100(z-1)} + \frac{z}{100(z-e^{-10T})} \right], T = 0,1s$$

$$Z\{G_{Ho}(z)G(z)\} = \frac{(z-1)}{z} \left[\frac{z}{100(z-1)^2} - \frac{z}{100(z-1)} + \frac{z}{100(z-e^{-1})} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100(z-1)} - \frac{1}{100} + \frac{(z-1)}{100(z-e^{-1})} = \frac{0,3679z + 0,2642}{10^2(z-1)(z-e^{-1})}$$

Polinômio:

$$G(z) = K_c \frac{0,003679z + 0,002642}{z^2 - 1,3679z + 0,3679}$$

Polinômio Característico:

$$1 + G(z) = 0 \Rightarrow K_c = \frac{-z^2 + 1,3679z - 0,3679}{0,003679z + 0,002642} \Rightarrow dK_c = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$-z^2 \cdot 0,003679 - 0,005284z + 0,004967 = 0 \quad \text{Matlab: roots}([0,003679, \dots])$$

$$z = -2,0841 \quad \text{e} \quad z = 0,6478$$

$$\Rightarrow K_c \Big|_{z=-2,0841} = 1504,8 \quad \text{e} \quad K_c \Big|_{z=0,6478} = 19,6171 \quad \text{e} \quad K_c \Big|_{z=-1} = 2638,2$$

Granger com eixo imaginário: $z = j\omega$

$$1 + G(z) = 0 = z^2 + (K_c \cdot 0,003679 - 1,3679)z + (0,3679 + 0,002642 K_c)$$

$$\begin{cases} -\omega^2 + 0,3679 + 0,002642 K_c = 0 \\ -0,003679 K_c - 1,3679 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow K_c = 371,813 \quad \omega = \pm 1,162$$

$$G(z) = \frac{K_c(0,003679z + 0,002642)}{(z-1)(z-e^{-1})}$$

Condição de ângulo

$$\angle G(z) = \angle(0,003679z + 0,002642) - \angle(z-1) - \angle(z-e^{-1}) = 180^\circ$$

$$z = \sigma + j\omega \Rightarrow \angle G(z) = \angle(0,003679\sigma + 0,002642 + 0,003679j\omega) - \angle(\sigma + j\omega - 1) - \angle(\sigma + j\omega - e^{-1}) = 180^\circ$$

$$= \arctan\left(\frac{0,003679\omega}{0,003679\sigma + 0,002642}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{\sigma-1}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{\sigma-e^{-1}}\right) = 180^\circ$$

Tangente das derivadas

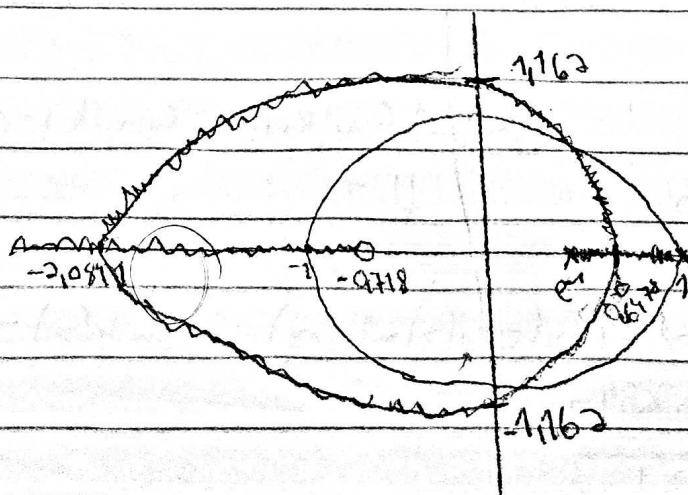
$$\frac{0,003679\omega}{0,003679\sigma + 0,002642} - \frac{\omega}{\sigma-1} = \tan 180^\circ + \frac{\omega}{\sigma-e^{-1}}$$

$$1 + \frac{0,003679\omega}{0,003679\sigma + 0,002642} = \frac{\omega}{\sigma-1} + \frac{\omega}{1 + \tan 180^\circ \cdot \frac{\omega}{\sigma-e^{-1}}}$$

⇓ fita em parâmetros e Matlab

$$\omega^2 + \sigma^2 + 1,4363\sigma = 1,3591$$

$$\omega^2 + (\sigma + 0,7181)^2 = 1,3729^2 = \text{equação da circunferência}$$



$$b) \quad w^2 + (\sigma + 0,7181)^2 = 1,8848$$

$$w = e^{-0,15w_n} \cdot \sin(0,1w_n)$$

$$w_n = \pi, T_p = 1s$$

$$\sigma = e^{-0,15w_n} \cdot \cos(0,1w_n)$$

$$e^{-0,25w_n} \sin^2(0,1w_n) + (e^{-0,25w_n} \cos^2(0,1w_n) + 2 \cdot 0,7181 \cdot e^{-0,15w_n} \cos(0,1w_n) + 0,7181^2) = 1,8848$$

$$e^{-0,25w_n} (\underbrace{\sin^2(0,1w_n)}_1 + \underbrace{\cos^2(0,1w_n)}_1) + 1,4362 \underbrace{e^{-0,15w_n}}_{0,9511} \cos(0,1\pi) + 0,5157 = 1,8848$$

$$e^{-0,25w_n} + 1,4362 \cdot e^{-0,15w_n} \cdot 0,9511 = 1,3691$$

$$e^{-0,25w_n} + 1,3565 e^{-0,15w_n} = 1,3691$$

$$e^{-0,15w_n} = x$$

$$x^2 + 1,3565x - 1,3691 = 0$$

$$x = -2,0307$$

$$x = 0,6742$$

$$e^{-0,15w_n} = -2,0307, \text{ In negativo, Inapropriado}$$

$$e^{-0,15w_n} = 0,6742, \text{ In negativo, Inapropriado}$$

$$-0,15w_n = -0,3942$$

$$5w_n = 3,9423$$

$$\text{Logo } z = e^{sT} = e^{-3,9423T} \cdot e^{j\omega_n T} = e^{-0,39423} \cdot e^{j0,1\pi}$$

$$|z| = 0,6742 \quad \angle z = 0,1\pi \quad |z| \cdot \cos(0,1\pi) + |z| \cdot \sin(0,1\pi) \cdot j$$

$$z = 0,6421 + 0,2083j$$

$$|G(z)| = 1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{K_c(0,003679z + 0,002642)}{|z^2 - 1,3679z + 0,3679|} \right| = 1$$

$$z = 0,6421 + 0,2083j$$

$$K_c \cdot 0,0051 = 1 \Rightarrow K_c = 28,1475$$

$$0,1425$$

$$c) \tau = 1,25 \Rightarrow \tau_n = \frac{4}{\omega_n} \Rightarrow \omega_n = 3,2$$

$$s = -3,2 \pm \omega j \Rightarrow Z = e^{s \cdot 0,32} \cdot e^{j \omega \cdot 0,32} = u + jv \quad |Z| = e^{-0,32}$$

$$|Z| = \sqrt{u^2 + v^2} = e^{-0,32} \Rightarrow u^2 + v^2 = 0,5273$$

$$v^2 = 0,5273 - u^2$$

$$Z = \sigma + \omega j = u + v j \Rightarrow \sigma = u \text{ e } v = \omega$$

equação da circunferência:

$$u^2 + (u + 0,7181)^2 = 1,8848$$

||

$$(0,5273 - u^2) + (u + 0,7181)^2 = 1,8848$$

$$2u \cdot 0,7181 = 0,8418$$

$$u = 0,5862 \Rightarrow v = 0,4286$$

$$z = 0,5862 + 0,4286j$$

$$|G(z)| = 1 \Rightarrow K_c \left| \frac{0,003679z + 0,002642}{z^2 - 1,3679z + 0,3679} \right|_{z=0,5862+0,4286j} = 1$$

$$\frac{K_c \cdot 0,0051}{0,2866} = 1 \Rightarrow K_c = 56,1872$$

$$2) T=1,2 \quad G(z) = e^{-z}$$

$$M=2$$

$$S=0,6$$

$$P_M=0 \text{ para } \text{degrau}$$

$$m=8$$

$$G(z) = Z \{ G_{H0}(z) G(z) \} = (1-z^{-1}) \cdot z^{-1} \cdot Z \left\{ \frac{1}{s(s+2)} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+2)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+2} \Rightarrow A(s+2) + sB = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2s} - \frac{1}{2(s+2)}$$

$$G(z) = \frac{(z-1)}{z} \cdot \frac{1}{z} \cdot \left(\frac{z}{2(z-1)} - \frac{z}{2(z-e^{-2})} \right)$$

$$G(z) = \frac{1}{2z} - \frac{(z-1)}{2z(z-e^{-2})} = \frac{(z-1) - (z-e^{-2})}{2z(z-e^{-2})} = \frac{-e^{-2}+1}{2z(z-e^{-2})} = 0,4323$$

$$m = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_d T} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_d} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_m \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} = 8 \Rightarrow 2\pi = 8\omega_m \cdot 0,8$$

$$\omega_m = 0,9817$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_m \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} = 0,7854$$

$$S=0,6$$

$$\omega_m \cdot S = 0,5890$$

$$\text{Logo } \lambda = -\omega_m \pm j\omega_d = -0,589 \pm 0,7854j$$

$$z = e^{-0,589} \cdot e^{j0,7854} = e^{-0,589} (\cos(0,7854) + j \sin(0,7854))$$

$$= 0,3924 + 0,3924j$$

$$\angle G(z) = -\theta_1 - \theta_2 \quad \theta_1 = \arctan \frac{0,3924}{0,3924 - 0,1353} = 56,7672$$

$$\theta_2 = 45^\circ$$

$$\angle G(z) = -101,7672 \Rightarrow \log_e \angle G_c = -78,2328$$

$$\text{Considerando } G_c = K_c (z - z_0) \text{ para } \omega_0 = 0 \text{ para } \text{degrau}$$

$$\angle G_c = \phi_c \Rightarrow \theta_c = \phi_c - 180 + \arctan \left(\frac{0,3924}{1-0,3924} \right) = -78,2328$$

$$\phi_c = 68,9120 \quad P = 0,1353 \quad 1-P = 0,7148$$

$$\phi_c = 68,9120$$

$$P = 0,1353$$

$$G_c \phi_c = 68,912 \Rightarrow \text{donde } 0,3924 \cdot (2) = 68,912 \cdot K_c$$

$$0,3924 - z_c \quad z(z - 0,7848)$$

$$2,5932 \cdot 0,3924 - 2,5932 z_c = 0,3924$$

$$z_c = 0,2411$$

$$\text{Logo } G_c(z) = \frac{K_c (z - 0,2411)}{(z - 1)}$$

$$G(z) \cdot G_c(z) = \frac{K_c 0,4323 (z - 0,2411)}{z(z - 0,1353)(z - 1)}$$

$$\left| \frac{K_c 0,4323 (z - 0,2411)}{z(z - 1)(z - 0,1353)} \right| = 1$$

$$z = 0,3924 + 0,3924j$$

$$\frac{K_c \cdot 0,4323 \cdot 0,4506}{0,5549 \cdot 0,7233 \cdot 0,4691} = 1 \Rightarrow K_c = 1,0355$$

$$0,5549 \cdot 0,7233 \cdot 0,4691$$

$$\text{Comiendo } G_c(z) = \frac{1,0355 \cdot (z - 0,2411)}{(z - 1)}$$