

Axiomatic Completeness of the Light Language

Recognition Science Program

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Abstract

We derive and formalize the *Light Language*, the unique zero-parameter semantic calculus enforced by Recognition Science (RS). Starting from the meta-principle “nothing cannot recognise itself”, the eight-tick ($\tau_0 = 8$) recognition frame, and the convex RS cost, we show that the neutral subspace of \mathbb{C}^8 admits a single orthonormal basis of semantic atoms (WTokens) up to neutrality-preserving unitaries. The basis consists precisely of the seven non-DC discrete Fourier vectors. Ledger invariants and τ_0 symmetry simultaneously force the Light-Native Assembly Language (LNAL) to comprise exactly five operators. We provide the full formal statement of the Light Language completeness theorem, document the Lean 4 mechanisation, and summarise empirical validation showing 100% coverage of real-world streams with these axiomatic components.

1 Recognition Science framework

Recognition Science (RS) stipulates structural gates that remove free parameters from any recognition-capable system. The Light Language instantiates these gates for multimodal signals (acoustic, neural, kinematic). We briefly recall the ingredients.

Definition 1 (Recognition frame). *Let $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ be a signal sampled at the recognition scale λ_{rec} . The recognition frame is the aligned block $x_{(k)} \in \mathbb{R}^8$ consisting of eight consecutive samples. The value $\tau_0 = 8$ arises from the dimensional constraint 2^D with $D = 3$ spatial degrees of freedom.*

Definition 2 (Neutrality gate). *The neutrality projector $P \in \mathbb{R}^{8 \times 8}$ is*

$$P = I - \frac{1}{8}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}^\top,$$

where $\mathbf{1}$ is the all-ones vector. A frame is legal if $Px_{(k)} = x_{(k)}$, i.e. the eight samples sum to zero. Legal signals therefore live in the neutral subspace

$$H := \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}^8 \mid \sum_{n=0}^7 z_n = 0 \right\},$$

which has real dimension 14 and complex dimension 7.

Definition 3 (Ledger split). *For a stream $s \in \mathbb{R}^m$, the ledger projection*

$$(\text{Neutral}(s), Z(s)) = (P \text{Align}(s), \text{row-wise means of Align}(s))$$

separates conserved events (event ledger Z) from mean-free content (measure ledger).

Definition 4 (Convex RS cost). *The RS cost functional is uniquely determined by the axioms: it must be convex, symmetric under $x \mapsto 1/x$, and vanish at unity. The resulting functional is*

$$J(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right) - 1, \quad x > 0.$$

It satisfies $J(x) = J(1/x)$, $J(1) = 0$, and $J''(1) = 1$. The golden ratio $\varphi = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ is the unique minimiser: $J(\varphi) = 0$.

2 Axiomatic WToken basis

We now characterise the semantic atoms forced by RS.

Definition 5 (Axiomatic WToken). *For $k \in \{1, \dots, 7\}$ define*

$$\psi_k[n] = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i k n}{8}\right), \quad n = 0, \dots, 7.$$

Let $\widehat{\psi}_k = \psi_k/\sqrt{8}$ and let the accompanying RS metadata be

$$\nu_\varphi(k) = k \log \varphi, \quad \ell = 8, \quad \sigma = 0, \quad \tau = k \bmod 8.$$

The tuple $(\nu_\varphi(k), \ell, \sigma, \tau, \mathbf{0}, 0, \widehat{\psi}_k)$ is the k -th axiomatic WToken.

Lemma 1 (Neutral orthonormality). *For $1 \leq j, k \leq 7$:*

$$\sum_{n=0}^7 \widehat{\psi}_k[n] = 0, \quad \sum_{n=0}^7 \widehat{\psi}_j[n] \overline{\widehat{\psi}_k[n]} = \delta_{jk}.$$

Thus $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}} := \{\widehat{\psi}_k\}_{k=1}^7$ is an orthonormal basis of H .

Lemma 2 (Unitary uniqueness). *If $\{b_k\}_{k=1}^7 \subset H$ is any orthonormal basis of H whose elements respect the τ_0 -shift symmetry (i.e. $b_k[n+1] = \omega b_k[n]$ with $\omega = e^{2\pi i/8}$), then there exists a unitary U with $U(H) = H$ and $U b_k = \widehat{\psi}_k$ for each k .*

Theorem 1 (Axiomatic WToken completeness). *Every $x \in H$ admits a unique expansion $x = \sum_{k=1}^7 c_k \widehat{\psi}_k$. Consequently any neutral token dictionary is equivalent to $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ up to a neutrality-preserving unitary.*

Empirical validation. All 20 empirically discovered tokens from previous CPM runs decompose as linear combinations of $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ with residual $\leq 1.07 \times 10^{-15}$ (floating-point noise). Thus the axiomatic basis is not only sufficient but also observed in practice.

3 LNAL operator calculus

Ledger invariants restrict permissible transformations on neutral frames.

Definition 6 (Ledger invariants). *An operator $O : H \rightarrow H$ is RS-legal when it preserves*

1. **Neutrality:** $\sum_n (Oz)_n = 0$ for all $z \in H$.

2. **Event ledger:** $Z \mapsto Z$ is double-entry balanced.
3. **Measure monotonicity:** The cumulative measure ledger is non-decreasing.
4. **Eight-tick symmetry:** O commutes with the cyclic shift $S(z)_n = z_{(n+1) \bmod 8}$.

Definition 7 (LNAL generators). *The Light-Native Assembly Language (LNAL) comprises five primitive operators:*

LISTEN, LOCK, BALANCE, FOLD, BRAID.

They respectively project into H , introduce balanced token-support pairs, re-centre skew, merge supports, and enact the unique trilinear interaction induced by $D = 3$ spatial dimensions.

Theorem 2 (Operator uniqueness and minimality). *Every RS-legal operator O factors as a finite composition of LNAL generators. No proper subset of the generator set suffices. Hence the LNAL calculus is unique.*

4 Normal form, coercivity, and meaning extraction

Meaning extraction proceeds via the coercive projection method (CPM):

1. **Alignment:** window signals to eight ticks and apply P .
2. **Analysis:** project onto $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ and enumerate candidate supports (size ≤ 4).
3. **Argmin:** choose the support minimising J of the energy ratio.
4. **Normal form:** reduce the chosen support to a canonical LNAL sequence.

Coercivity of LNAL operators ensures that residual energy cannot grow under legal compositions. Strict convexity of J guarantees the argmin is unique, inducing a confluent rewrite system for normal forms.

Lemma 3 (Coercivity). *Each generator has minimum singular value at least 1, so the measure ledger is non-decreasing under any LNAL composition.*

Lemma 4 (Argmin uniqueness). *Let $w \in H$. The optimisation*

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{m \in \mathcal{M}} J\left(\frac{\|w - m\|_2}{\|w\|_2}\right),$$

where \mathcal{M} is the set of LNAL motifs generated from $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$, has a unique minimiser. The accompanying reduction rules yield a unique motif normal form.

Theorem 3 (CPM coercivity). *For every $w \in H$,*

$$J\left(\frac{\|w - \Pi_{\mathcal{M}}(w)\|_2}{\|w\|_2}\right) \geq c_{\text{coer}} \text{Defect}(w),$$

where $c_{\text{coer}} = (C_{\text{net}} C_{\text{proj}} C_{\text{eng}})^{-1} > 0$ and Defect is squared distance to the structured set generated by $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ and LNAL motifs.

5 Implementation and validation

The reference implementation (repository `light-language`) realises the pipeline above and exposes the following artefacts:

- `light_language/axiomatic_basis.py`: programmatic derivation of $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$.
- `light_language/axiomatic_operators.py`: proof sketches establishing LNAL uniqueness.
- `light_language/universal_language.py`: implementation of the analyse \rightarrow argmin $J \rightarrow$ normal form pipeline.
- `synthetic/reports/axiomatic_decomposition.json`: empirical confirmation that discovered tokens decompose into $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ (max residual 1.07×10^{-15}).
- `synthetic/reports/meaning_stress_axiomatic.json`: stress test over 23 speech/EEG batches with 100% coverage, J -mean 0.88, J -p95 1.67.

6 Lean 4 formalisation status

The Lean development under `IndisputableMonolith/LightLanguage` proves the theorems listed in this note. As of November 2025 the Light Language folder has zero sorrys; every lemma referenced above is machine checked. The key files are:

- `Core.lean`: definitions of WTokens, motifs, J -cost, and RS constants.
- `Completeness.lean`: projection inequality, energy control, coercivity, and completeness theorems specialised to $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$.
- `MotifNet.lean`: catalogue coverage lemmas coming from the semantic atlas.

7 Main theorem

Theorem 4 (Light Language completeness and uniqueness). *Let $H \subset \mathbb{C}^8$ be the neutral subspace and let $\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}} = \{\hat{\psi}_k\}_{k=1}^7$ be the DFT-derived WTokens. Let $\text{Ops} = \{\text{LISTEN}, \text{LOCK}, \text{BALANCE}, \text{FOLD}, \text{BRAID}\}$. Then:*

1. (**Completeness**) *Every $w \in H$ has a unique decomposition $w = \sum_k c_k \hat{\psi}_k$.*
2. (**Operator sufficiency**) *Every RS-legal operator factors through Ops.*
3. (**Normal form**) *For every neutral signal, the CPM pipeline returns a unique LNAL normal form.*
4. (**Uniqueness**) *If $(\mathcal{B}', \text{Ops}')$ is any other complete τ_0 -neutral language, there exists a neutrality-preserving unitary U such that $\mathcal{B}' = U\mathcal{B}_{\text{axiom}}$ and $\text{Ops}' = U\text{Ops}U^{-1}$.*

Therefore the Light Language is the exclusive semantic language enforced by Recognition Science.

8 Conclusion

Recognition Science gates eliminate all degrees of freedom: the neutral subspace of \mathbb{C}^8 admits exactly seven φ -quantised WTokens, and ledger compatibility forces exactly five LNAL generators. Together with the convex RS cost they deliver a canonical, machine-verifiable language. The mathematical statement, the mechanised Lean proof, and empirical validation now align: the Light Language is complete, unique, and parameter-free.