Motive to find

the general expression for

$$\frac{d^n}{dx^n} \left( \prod_{i=1}^n f_i(x) \right) = \emptyset$$

$$\frac{d}{dx^n} \left( \prod_{i=1}^n f_i(x) \right) = \emptyset$$

d (TT + (x)) + d (f,(x)) - f2(n) f3(x) i.e d (uvw) = du vw + u dv w + uvdw
dx dx dx  $\frac{d^2(uvw)}{dx^2}$ = d { du vw + uw dv + uv dw }
dx dx dx = d (du vw)+ d (uw dv)

dx (dx)

dx (dx) t d (uvdw)
dn (dn) = d<sup>2</sup>u vw + du dv w + du dw dx<sup>2</sup> dx dx t d²r uw t du dr W t dr dw u

dx² dx dx dx dx + d<sup>2</sup>w uv + du dw v + dv dw u

dx<sup>2</sup> dx dx dx  $= \frac{d^2u}{dn^2} vw + \frac{d^2v}{dn^2} uw + \frac{d^2w}{dn^2} uv$ + 2 du dv W+ 2 du dw V

da da da t 2 dv dw W

$$\frac{d^{3}(uvw)}{dx^{3}} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{d^{2}(uvw)}{dx^{2}} \right) \\
= \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{d^{2}u}{dx^{2}} \right) + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx^{2}} + \frac{d^{2}v}{dx} +$$

+ 6 du dv dw. NOW. d2 (uvw) is based on the expansion of (a+b+c)2  $= a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$ d3 (uvw) is based on the expansion  $= a^3 + b^3 + c^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^2c$ + 2bc2+ 3a2c+ 3ac2+ 6abc Similarly de de luve) will be de 4. based on the expansion of (atbtc) + And, d''(uvw) is abased on the expansion of (a+b+c)".

d (fit to(n)) = d { +,(n) +2(n) +3(n) +4(n)} = ti(n) to(n) to(n) to(n) + (n) + ti(n) to(n) to(n) + fi(n) fo(n) fo(n) fo(n) + fi(n) fo(n) fo(n) fo(n) i.e d (abcd) = da bcd + a db cd + ab dc d + abc dd  $\frac{d^2}{dv^2} \left( o u v w x \right)$ = d { HVW d (uvwx)} = d { du vwx + u dv wx + uv dw x dx + www dx } = d s du vwx } + d s u dv wx }

dx dx dx t d Suvdw x} + d Suvw dx = du vwx + du dv wx + du dw vx + du \*dx wv + (d²v uwx) + du dv wx + dv dw ux + dv dx uv

+ (d2W uvx)+ du dw vx + dv dw ux + dw dx uv + d2x uvw + dx du vw + dx dv uw
dx2 dx dx dx t dx dw uv  $= \frac{d^2u}{dx^2} \frac{vwx}{dx^2} + \frac{d^2v}{dx^2} \frac{uwx}{dx^2} + \frac{d^2w}{dx^2} \frac{uvx}{dx^2}$ t d2x uvw + 2 du dv wx
dx2 dn dx + 2 du dw vx + 2 du: dx vw dx dx + 2 dv dw ux + 2 dv dx uw + Q dw dx uv The above is based on the enpansion of (a+b+c+d)2 = a2+b2+c2+d2+ 2ab+2bc + 2 cd + 2ad + 2bd + 2ac Similarly, (a+b+c+d)3 d'abred is based on the exp. of

d'abred) is based on the enpansion of (atbtctd)". -> Conclusion -> dn (ill to (n)) a is based on binomial expansion of natby n MY Y n> at (IT to(n)) is based on the bis expansion of (a+b+c)n  $\frac{d^n}{dx^n} \left( \frac{4}{i!!!} + t^o(x) \right)$  is based on the expansion of  $(a+b+c+d)^n$ Similard yeneralisation Similarly, d' (TT + (x)) is based on the expansion of (a+b+c+d+\_\_\_)" Hence, we need to incorporate
Multinomial Theorem.

	(Groing for Morizontal evaluation)
- M	Also, $\frac{d^2}{dn^2} \left( \frac{2}{11} + i(n) \right) \text{ is based on the enpansion of } (a+b)^2$ $\frac{d^2}{dn^2} \left( \frac{2}{12} + i(n) \right) \text{ is based on the expansion of } (a+b)^2$
7(3+1	d <sup>2</sup> (II to(n)) is based on the apparsion of (athtet)
	beard at (may fel the
+/,	d <sup>2</sup> (The tient) is based on the dx <sup>2</sup> (i=1 tient) expansion of (a+b+c+d+) <sup>2</sup>
	Similarly,  d <sup>3</sup> (The total) is based on the expansion of (a+b) <sup>3</sup>
	d³ (3 tin) is based on the dx3 (121 tin) expansion of (a+b+c)3.
	d³ (11 ti(n)) is based on the expansion of (a+b+c+d)3.

