

Question 1

Write a complete C program using the `pthread_create()` system call that sorts a given n -element array of integers in ascending order using the quicksort method. n is a positive integer supplied by the user and the parent thread generates an array of n random integers. The array will be sorted by the child thread. The sorted array will be output by the parent thread. Have the parent thread invoke the `pthread_join()` system call to wait for the child thread to finish the sorting task. Perform necessary error checking to ensure that a positive integer n is passed on the command line.

Question 2

Consider the following set of five processes P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4 , and P_5 . The priorities and the lengths of the CPU-burst time in milliseconds are given below.

| <u>Process</u> | <u>Burst Time</u> | <u>Priority</u> |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| P_1 | 15 | 5 |
| P_2 | 3 | 2 |
| P_3 | 9 | 1 |
| P_4 | 6 | 4 |
| P_5 | 4 | 3 |

The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5 , all at time 0.

A larger priority number implies a higher priority.

Draw a Gantt chart illustrating the execution of these processes and compute the average waiting time (AWT) of each of the following CPU scheduling algorithms.

- FCFS
- Non-preemptive Shortest Job First
- Non-preemptive priority scheduling
- Round robin with a 5ms time quantum

Question 3

A computer has four page frames. The time of loading, time of last access, and the R(reference) bit for each page are as shown below. The times are in clock ticks:

| page | loaded | last ref. | R |
|------|--------|-----------|---|
| 0 | 140 | 270 | 0 |
| 1 | 110 | 285 | 1 |
| 2 | 126 | 280 | 1 |
| 3 | 230 | 265 | 0 |

For each of the following page replacement algorithms, determine which page will be replaced:

- Second Chance [2 marks]
- LRU [1 mark]
- CLOCK [2 marks]

Question 4

- (a) Given that main memory is 64K, a page/frame size is 4K and that a process's virtual memory size is 128K.
- (i) How many entries would a page table in this system contain?
 - (ii) What is the size of the virtual address and a real memory address in this system?
 - (iii) Explain how the memory management unit converts a virtual address into an address in real memory on this system.
- (b) In a virtual memory management system, under what conditions are inverted page tables needed? How is such a table used?

Please ignore the marks listed next to the questions.

Submission Instructions:

- Work in groups of 5
 - form your own groups and submit one assignment per group
 - Ensure each student name and ID is clearly stated on a cover page
- Implement your program for question 1 on a UNIX like platform such as Ubuntu Linux.
- The source code must be appropriately commented and structured to allow users to understand your code
- Upload a zipped file containing your solutions to mylearning before the deadline.
- Absolutely no late submissions