# Hierarchical Bayesian Modeling of CO2 Flux

#### Introduction

In this document, we study synthetic soil Carbon data generated by the century model. Each flux data has several replicates, corresponding to different incubation test done on the soil from the same sample. We analyze Bayesian models with no pooling, partial pooling, and complete pooling.

#### Century Model

The century model is proposed by Parton et al. (1988). We only focus on the three soil pools in this model which are listed below along with their expert-tuned decomposition rates:

pool 1: Active Soil C,  $\kappa_1 \approx 1/1.5$ ,

pool 2: Slow Soil C,  $\kappa_2 \approx 1/25$ ,

pool 3: Passive Soil C,  $\kappa_3 \approx 1/1000$ .

where  $\kappa$  denotes the decay rate which is defined as 1 over the turnover.

We denote the transfer rate from pool j to pool i by  $r_{ij}$ . The transfer rates are parameterized as a ratio of the decay rate:  $r_{ij} = \alpha_{ij}\kappa_j$ . For the Century model, we have:

$$\begin{split} &\alpha_{21} = 1 - F(T) - 0.004, \\ &\alpha_{31} = 0.004, \\ &\alpha_{12} = 0.42, \\ &\alpha_{32} = 0.03, \\ &\alpha_{13} = 0.45, \end{split}$$

where 'T' is the soil silt + clay content, and  $F(T) = 0.85 - 0.68 \times T$ . These values are expert-tuned; however, in our Bayesian framework, we estimate them from the data. For each pool, we can write the following differential equation:

 $\alpha_{23} = 0,$ 

$$\frac{dC_i(t)}{dt} = -\kappa_i C_i(t) + \sum_{j \neq i} \alpha_{ij} \kappa_j.$$

Combining all these differential equations into a single formula, we get:

$$\frac{dC(t)}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} -\kappa_1 & \alpha_{12}\kappa_2 & \alpha_{13}\kappa_3 \\ \alpha_{21}\kappa_1 & -\kappa_2 & 0 \\ \alpha_{31}\kappa_1 & \alpha_{32}\kappa_2 & -\kappa_3 \end{pmatrix} C(t).$$

The total amount of Carbon in the beginning is  $C_{tot}$  which is divided among the three pools:  $C(0) = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3) \cdot C_{tot}$ .

#### Simulating Synthetic Data

We simulate data according to the century model. Before presenting the R code, we need to clarify some details.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> flux, sampling times, and cap times

We assume that our observations are in terms of CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes. Theoretically, the CO<sub>2</sub> flux at time t is defined as  $\sum_{i=1}^{3} |dC_i(t)/dt|$ , i.e., the rate of CO<sub>2</sub> leaving the soil. In experiments, this is calculated by measuring the CO<sub>2</sub> emitted between a cap time,  $t_{cap}$ , and a measurement time,  $t_{meas}$ :

$$flux(t_{meas}) = \Delta CO_2/(t_{meas} - t_{can})$$

Generally, the sampling times are not uniform. The  $CO_2$  flux is sampled more frequently in the beginning. A common practice is to sample once per day for the first week, then once per week for the first month, and then once per month. Given that the scale of the turnover rates are in years, this amounts to the following measurement times:

$$t_{meas} = (\frac{1}{360}, \frac{2}{360}, \frac{3}{360}, \frac{4}{360}, \frac{5}{360}, \frac{5}{360}, \frac{6}{360}, \frac{7}{360}, \frac{14}{360}, \frac{21}{360}, \frac{28}{360}, \frac{60}{360}, \frac{90}{360}, \frac{120}{360}, \dots, \frac{360}{360})$$

The cap times might vary in different experiments. Here, we assume that the cap times are halfway between previous and current measurements:

$$t_{cap} = (\frac{0.5}{360}, \frac{1.5}{360}, \frac{2.5}{360}, \frac{3.5}{360}, \frac{4.5}{360}, \frac{5.5}{360}, \frac{6.5}{360}, \frac{10.5}{360}, \frac{17.5}{360}, \frac{24.5}{360}, \frac{45}{360}, \frac{75}{360}, \frac{105}{360}, \dots, \frac{345}{360})$$

#### Observation error

From empirical studies we know that the noise standard deviation is approximately 30%–40% of the value of the flux. We simulate this by a log-normal (multiplicative) noise as follows:

observed flux = 
$$\log (\exp(\arctan flux) + \tau)$$
,

where  $\tau \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 0.5)$ . Therefore, with 95% chance observed flux will be between  $\exp(-0.5) = .6$  and  $\exp(0.5) = 1.6$  of the actual value.

#### Replications

Generally, we have several replications for each experiment (i.e., several CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes). We assume that these replications differ slightly in the transfer rates but have the same  $\gamma$  and turnover rates (given that they are from the same soil sample). The way we model the variation in the turnover rates is through a hirarchical Dirichlet model. The vector  $(\alpha^i_{1j}, \alpha^i_{2j}, \alpha^i_{3j})$  is a simplex. The superscript i refers to the i'th replicate and index j refers to the j'th pool. We assume that there are global simplex vectors  $(\alpha^0_{1j}, \alpha^0_{2j}, \alpha^0_{3j})$  such that we have the following hierarchical structure:

$$(\alpha_{1j}^0,\alpha_{2j}^0,\alpha_{3j}^0) \sim \text{Dirichlet}(1,1,1), (\alpha_{1j}^i,\alpha_{2j}^i,\alpha_{3j}^i) \sim \text{Dirichlet}(\kappa \times (\alpha_{1j}^0,\alpha_{2j}^0,\alpha_{3j}^0)),$$

where  $\kappa \sim \text{Pareto}(1, 1.5)$ .

#### R code

The R function for simulating the data is shown below. The details are described above.

```
simulate_data_century <- function(t_meas, t_cap, init_C, num_rep) {</pre>
# INPUTS:
   t_meas: measurement times
    t cap: cap times
   init_C: initial pool contents
    num_rep: number of replications
library(deSolve)
library(gtools)
genDerivs <-function(t, Ct, params) {</pre>
  # General diff eq model: dC_dt = I(t) + A(t)*C(t)
  # INPUTS:
  # t: time
  # Ct: the value of the vector C at time t, C(t)
  # params: it has two fields, params$I and params$A
 dC_dt = params$I + params$A %*% Ct;
 return(list(dC_dt));
}
m <- 3; # number of pools
C_t0 <- matrix(init_C, nrow=m);</pre>
turnover \leftarrow c(1.5, 25, 1000);
K <- 1/turnover;</pre>
I <- rep(0, m); # no input flux for century
N_t <- length(t_meas);</pre>
CO2_flux_mat <- matrix(NA, nrow = N_t, ncol = num_rep);</pre>
Alpha_rep <- array(0, c(m, m, num_rep));</pre>
Alpha <- matrix(0, m, m);
# Setting global transfer rates with expert-tuned values:
Alpha[2, 1] = 0.5;
Alpha[3, 1] = 0.004;
Alpha[1, 2] = 0.42;
Alpha[3, 2] = 0.03;
Alpha[1, 3] = 0.45;
Alpha[1, 1] = 1 - Alpha[2, 1] - Alpha[3, 1];
Alpha[2, 2] = 1 - Alpha[1, 2] - Alpha[3, 2];
Alpha[3, 3] = 1 - Alpha[1, 3] - Alpha[2, 3];
for (this_rep in 1:num_rep) {
  # Hierarchical modeling of transfer rates for replications:
  kappa <- 10;
  Alpha_rep[,1, this_rep] <- rdirichlet(1, Alpha[,1] * kappa);</pre>
  Alpha_rep[,2, this_rep] <- rdirichlet(1, Alpha[,2] * kappa);</pre>
  Alpha_rep[,3, this_rep] <- rdirichlet(1, Alpha[,3] * kappa);</pre>
  Alpha_rep[1, 1, this_rep] <- 0;</pre>
  Alpha_rep[2, 2, this_rep] <- 0;</pre>
  Alpha_rep[3, 3, this_rep] <- 0;
  A <- Alpha_rep[,, this_rep] * matrix(rep(K, m), nrow = m, byrow = TRUE) - diag(K);
  params <- list(I=I, A=A);</pre>
  t0 <- 0;
  # Solving the ODE system for given parameters:
  meas_data<-ode(y = C_t0, func = genDerivs,</pre>
          times = c(t0,t_meas), parms = params);
  cap_data<-ode(y = C_t0, func = genDerivs,</pre>
                  times = c(t0,t_cap), parms = params);
  # Calculating CO2 flux
```

#### Model specification in Stan

We can fit the simulated flux replications in three ways:

- 1. Complete pooling: fitting a single model to all the replications, i.e., estimating only a single set of parameters for all models;
- 2. No pooling: fitting a model separately to each replication, i.e., estimating the model parameters independently for each replication;
- 3. Partial pooling: fitting a hierarchical Bayesian model which estimates parameters jointly for all replications and allows for variation between replicates.

These models are similar in many aspects. We start by explaining the portions of the Stan code they all share.

#### **Functions**

We define two functions. The first one, called century\_model, takes in the model parameters and calculates the derivatives. The second function, evolved\_CO2, uses the function century\_model ans Stan's stiff solverintegrate\_ode\_bdf' to calculate the total evolved (cumulative)  $CO_2$  at time t.

```
functions {
  /**
  * ODE system for the Century model with no input fluxes.
  * @param t time at which derivatives are evaluated.
  * Oparam C system state at which derivatives are evaluated.
  * Oparam theta parameters for system.
  * @param x_r real constants for system (empty).
  * @param x_i integer constants for system (empty).
  */
   real[] century model(real t, real[] C, real[] theta,
                         real[] x_r, int[] x_i) {
      real k[3];
      real a21;
      real a31;
      real a12;
      real a32:
      real a13;
      real dC_dt[3];
      k = theta[1:3];
```

```
a21 = theta[4];
    a31 = theta[5];
    a12 = theta[6];
   a32 = theta[7];
    a13 = theta[8];
   dC_dt[1] = -k[1] * C[1] + a12 * k[2] * C[2] + a13 * k[3] * C[3];
    dC dt[2] = -k[2] * C[2] + a21 * k[1] * C[1];
   dC_dt[3] = -k[3] * C[3] + a31 * k[1] * C[1] + a32 * k[2] * C[2];
   return dC dt;
 }
* Compute evolved CO2 from the system given the specified
* parameters and times. This is done by simulating the system
* defined by the ODE function century_model and then
* calculating the rate CO2 is emmited.
* @param N t number of times
* @param t0 initial time
* Oparam ts times
* Oparam gamma partitioning coefficient
* Oparam k decomposition rates
* Oparam ajk transfer rates
* Oparam x r real data (empty)
* @param x_i integer data (empty)
* Oreturn evolved CO2 for times ts
*/
 vector evolved_CO2(int N_t, real t0, vector ts,
                     vector gamma, real totalC_t0,
                     vector k, real a21, real a31, real a12,
                     real a32, real a13, real[] x_r, int[] x_i) {
   real C_t0[3];
                          // initial state
   real theta[8];
                          // ODE parameters
    real C t[N t,3];
                          // predicted pool content
                          // evolved CO2 at times ts
    vector[N_t] CO2_t;
   C_t0 = to_array_1d(gamma*totalC_t0);
    theta[1:3] = to_array_1d(k);
    theta[4] = a21;
    theta[5] = a31;
    theta[6] = a12;
    theta[7] = a32;
    theta[8] = a13;
    C_t = integrate_ode_bdf(century_model,
                            C_{t0}, t0, to_array_1d(ts), theta, x_r, x_i);
   for (t in 1:N_t)
      CO2_t[t] = totalC_t0 - sum(C_t[t]);
   return CO2_t;
 }
```

}

#### Data

The data is also the same for all the models.

Other parts of the stan model are different for different models. In the following, we explain each model in its own section.

#### Complete pooling

For the model with complete pooling, we need to define a single set of transfer rate parameters, as all the replications share the same set of parameters. We define simplex vectors A1, A2, and A3 and then assign the transfer rates to their elements. The flux is derived by subtracting the total evolved carbon at times t\_meas and t\_cap.

```
parameters {
  vector<lower=0>[3] turnover; // turnover rates
  simplex[3] gamma;
                                // partitioning coefficients (a simplex)
  vector<lower=0>[3] sigma;
                                // turnover standard deviation
  real<lower=0> sigma_obs;
                                // observation standard deviation
  simplex[3] A1;
                                // output rates from pool 1
                                // output rates from pool 2
  simplex[3] A2;
  simplex[3] A3;
                                // output rates from pool 3
}
transformed parameters {
  vector<lower=0>[3] k;
                                // decomposition rates (1/turnover)
  vector[N t] CO2 meas;
                                // evolved CO2 at measurement times
  vector[N_t] CO2_cap;
                                // evolved CO2 at cap times
  vector[N_t] CO2_flux_hat;
                                // CO2 flux (average evolved CO2 between t_cap & t_meas)
                                // transfer rates
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a21;
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a31;
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a12;
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a32;
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a13;
  k = 1 ./ turnover;
  // transfer rates are the same for all replications:
  a21 = A1[2];
  a31 = A1[3];
  a12 = A2[1];
  a32 = A2[3];
  a13 = A3[1];
  CO2_meas = evolved_CO2(N_t, t0, t_meas, gamma, totalC_t0,
```

In the model block, we assign normal distributions to turnovers with mean equal to the expert-tuned variables. We believe that the estimated values should not be too far from the expert-tuned values; so, we set the standard deviations to be 1/10'th of the mean times a Cauchy random variable. The observation noise is modelled as log-normal with a Cauchy standard deviation.

```
model {
    // priors
    turnover[1] ~ normal(1.5, 0.15 * sigma[1]);
    turnover[2] ~ normal(25, 2.5 * sigma[2]);
    turnover[3] ~ normal(1000, 100 * sigma[3]);
    sigma ~ cauchy(0,1);
    sigma_obs ~ cauchy(0,1);

    // likelihood
    to_vector(CO2_flux) ~ lognormal(to_vector(rep_matrix(log(CO2_flux_hat),num_rep)), sigma_obs);
}
```

#### No pooling

With noo pooling, we estimate a separate set of transfer rates for each replication. Thus, we have simplex arrays A1, A2, and A3, each with the length num\_rep. The values of C02\_meas, C02\_cap, and C02\_flux is calculated separately for each replication.

```
parameters {
  vector<lower=0>[3] turnover; // turnover rates
  simplex[3] gamma;
                                // partitioning coefficients (a simplex)
                                // turnover standard deviation
  vector<lower=0>[3] sigma;
  real<lower=0> sigma_obs;
                                // observation standard deviation
  simplex[3] A1[num_rep];
                                // output rates from pool 1
  simplex[3] A2[num_rep];
                                // output rates from pool 2
  simplex[3] A3[num_rep];
                                // output rates from pool 3
}
transformed parameters {
  vector<lower=0>[3] k;
                                    // decomposition rates (1/turnover)
  matrix[N_t, num_rep] CO2_meas;
                                    // evolved CO2 at measurement times
  matrix[N_t, num_rep] CO2_cap;
                                    // evolved CO2 at cap times
  matrix[N_t, num_rep] CO2_flux_hat;// CO2 flux (average evolved CO2 between t_cap & t_meas)
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a21[num rep]; // transfer rates
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a31[num_rep];
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a12[num_rep];
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a32[num_rep];
  real<lower=0, upper=1> a13[num_rep];
  k = 1 ./ turnover;
  // transfer rates are different for each replication:
  for (i in 1:num_rep) {
   a21[i] = A1[i, 2];
    a31[i] = A1[i, 3];
```

The prior part of the model block is the same as before, but the likelihoos is modified to account for the no-pool constraint.

```
model {
    ...

// likelihood
    to_vector(CO2_flux) ~ lognormal(to_vector(log(CO2_flux_hat)), sigma_obs);
}
```

#### Partial pool with a hierarchical model

The model specification is similar to the no-pool case with the difference that we now have a set of global transfer rates which connects the parameters for different replications. The transformed parameters block is the same as no-pool case and parameters and model block change as follows:

```
parameters {
  . . .
  simplex[3] A1_g;
                                 // global values for rates
  simplex[3] A2_g;
                                 // global values for rates
  simplex[3] A3_g;
                                 // global values for rates
  real<lower=1> kappa;
transformed parameter {
}
model {
 kappa ~ normal(100,50);
 for (i in 1:num rep) {
    A1[i] ~ dirichlet(kappa*A1_g);
    A2[i] ~ dirichlet(kappa*A2_g);
    A3[i] ~ dirichlet(kappa*A3_g);
  }
}
```

#### Fitting the models

```
num rep \leftarrow 5;
t_{meas} < c(seq(from=1/360, to=7/360, by=1/360), seq(from=14/360, to=28/360, by=7/360),
            seq(from=60/360, to=360/360, by=30/360));
t_{cap} < c(seq(from=0.5/360, to=6.5/360, by=1/360), seq(from=10.5/360, to=24.5/360, by=7/360),
           seq(from=45/360, to=345/360, by=30/360));
init_C \leftarrow c(.1, .1, .8);
data <- simulate_data_century(t_meas, t_cap, init_C, num_rep);</pre>
library(rstan);
library(tictoc);
rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE);
options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores());
tic("pool")
fit_pool <- stan("century_pool.stan", data=data, iter=1500, seed=1234); # complete pooling
t1<-toc()
## pool: 492.239 sec elapsed
tic("nopool")
fit_nopool <- stan("century_nopool.stan", data=data, iter=1500, seed=1234); # no pooling
t2<-toc()
## nopool: 4383.429 sec elapsed
tic("hier stiff")
fit_hier <- stan("century_hier.stan", data=data, iter=1500, seed=1234); # partial pooling
t3<-toc()
## hier_stiff: 6895.423 sec elapsed
tic("hier nonstiff")
fit_hier_nonstiff <- stan("century_hier_nonstiff.stan", data=data, iter=1500, seed=1234);</pre>
t4<-toc()
## hier nonstiff: 1040.179 sec elapsed
initial carbon estimates (\gamma)
Actual Values: gamma[1]=gamma[2]=0.1, gamma[3]=0.8.
pool
         mean se_mean
                        sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
gamma[1] 0.27 0.0059 0.19 0.052 0.12 0.21 0.38 0.75 1069
gamma[2] 0.30 0.0053 0.21 0.010 0.13 0.26 0.45 0.78 1585
                                                                1
gamma[3] 0.43 0.0069 0.24 0.029 0.22 0.43 0.62 0.85 1193
no pool
                                    25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
         mean se_mean
                         sd 2.5%
gamma[1] 0.12 0.0026 0.051 0.064 0.087 0.11 0.14 0.25
                                                           369
                                                                  1
gamma[2] 0.23 0.0064 0.140 0.046 0.140 0.20 0.27 0.64
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

mean se\_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n\_eff Rhat gamma[1] 0.16 0.0047 0.10 0.061 0.092 0.12 0.18 0.46 1 gamma[2] 0.24 0.0053 0.16 0.034 0.130 0.20 0.32 0.67 908 1 gamma[3] 0.60 0.0082 0.19 0.104 0.503 0.65 0.74 0.84 529 1

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

mean se mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n\_eff Rhat gamma[1] 0.15 0.0044 0.097 0.061 0.09 0.12 0.18 0.40 gamma[2] 0.23 0.0071 0.167 0.021 0.12 0.19 0.31 0.68 548 1 gamma[3] 0.61 0.0090 0.188 0.104 0.52 0.66 0.75 0.85 434 1

#### turnover rates

Actual Values: 1.5, 25, 1000.

#### pool

mean se\_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat 2 6e-03 0.2 1 2 2 2 803 turnover[1] 1 2e-01 6.5 17 24 27 758 1 turnover[2] 26 25 turnover[3] 1057 2e+01 436.1 514 952 1003 1065 1968 715 1

#### no pool

mean se mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat 1002 turnover[1] 2 3e-03 9e-02 1 2 2 2 1 1 turnover[2] 30 9e-01 2e+01 18 24 25 28 75 272 1 2e+01 8e+02 530 948 1001 1057 1777 1506 turnover[3] 1047

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

mean se\_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n\_eff Rhat turnover[1] 3e-03 0.1 2 2 1186 1 1 1 1 559 turnover[2] 28 5e-01 10.8 18 24 25 27 59 1 turnover[3] 1055 3e+01 579.8 510 940 999 1055 1898 460 1

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n\_eff Rhat mean se\_mean turnover[1] 1 3e-03 9e-02 1 1 1 2 2 1306 turnover[2] 27 4e-01 9e+00 17 24 25 27 52 534 1 turnover[3] 1121 6e+01 2e+03 314 936 1001 1062 2368 738

#### transfer rates (a21)

Actual Global Value: 0.5 (with variations for each replication)

#### pool

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff 3.6e-01 4.7e-03 2.4e-01 1.8e-02 1.6e-01 3.3e-01 5.4e-01 8.3e-01 2.6e+03 Rhat 1.0e+00
```

#### no pool

```
sd 2.5%
                                25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
      mean se_mean
a21[1] 0.32 0.0036 0.20 0.015 0.147 0.30 0.47
                                              0.71
                                                    3000
a21[2] 0.25 0.0031 0.17 0.015 0.112 0.23 0.37
                                                    3000
                                              0.61
                                                            1
a21[3] 0.35 0.0038 0.21 0.018 0.176 0.34 0.52
                                                    3000
a21[4] 0.22 0.0040 0.15 0.010 0.087 0.19 0.31
                                                     1521
                                              0.57
                                                            1
a21[5] 0.41 0.0039 0.21 0.029 0.237 0.42 0.58 0.78
                                                    3000
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

```
25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
     mean se_mean
                  sd
                       2.5%
a21[1] 0.35 0.0094 0.23 0.00187 0.136 0.34 0.54 0.77
                                               607
                                                     1
750
                                                     1
a21[3] 0.36 0.0091 0.24 0.00261 0.156 0.36 0.56 0.79
                                               677
                                                     1
a21[4] 0.25 0.0066 0.19 0.00067 0.096 0.23 0.39
                                         0.66
                                               795
                                                     1
a21[5] 0.40 0.0101 0.24 0.00317 0.201 0.41 0.61 0.81
                                               562
                                                     1
```

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

```
2.5%
                                  25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
      mean se_mean
                     sd
                                                        521
a21[1] 0.35 0.0104 0.24 2.2e-08 0.151 0.34 0.55
                                                 0.79
a21[2] 0.29 0.0087 0.21 2.2e-05 0.109 0.26 0.44
                                                 0.71
                                                        564
                                                               1
a21[3] 0.37 0.0106 0.24 1.3e-04 0.157 0.37 0.58 0.80
                                                        531
                                                               1
a21[4] 0.26 0.0085 0.20 1.3e-05 0.088 0.22 0.40
                                                 0.70
                                                        559
                                                               1
a21[5] 0.41 0.0109 0.25 4.9e-05 0.199 0.42 0.62 0.83
                                                        521
                                                               1
```

#### transfer rates (a31)

Actual Global Value: 0.004 (with variations for each replication)

#### pool

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff
4.0e-01 5.2e-03 2.5e-01 1.6e-02 1.9e-01 3.8e-01 5.9e-01 8.5e-01 2.3e+03
Rhat
1.0e+00
```

#### no pool

```
mean se_mean
                     sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
a31[1] 0.35 0.0037 0.20 0.016 0.19 0.35 0.51 0.73
                                                   3000
a31[2] 0.26 0.0043 0.17 0.014 0.12 0.24 0.38
                                             0.64
                                                   1630
                                                           1
a31[3] 0.36 0.0039 0.21 0.016 0.19 0.35 0.53 0.75
                                                   3000
                                                           1
a31[4] 0.25 0.0045 0.17 0.012 0.11 0.22 0.36 0.62
                                                   1356
                                                           1
a31[5] 0.34 0.0040 0.22 0.013 0.15 0.32 0.51 0.76
                                                   3000
                                                           1
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

```
25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
       mean se_mean
                      sd
                            2.5%
a31[1] 0.38
              0.013 0.25 0.00059 0.150 0.37 0.58
                                                 0.84
                                                         401
                                                                1
a31[2] 0.30
              0.013 0.22 0.00011 0.115 0.27 0.47
                                                  0.78
                                                         317
                                                                1
a31[3] 0.39
              0.012 0.26 0.00042 0.161 0.39 0.60
                                                  0.85
                                                         432
                                                                1
              0.012 0.22 0.00012 0.099 0.25 0.45
a31[4] 0.29
                                                  0.76
                                                         365
                                                                1
a31[5] 0.38
              0.013 0.26 0.00047 0.147 0.36 0.58 0.86
                                                         399
                                                                1
```

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

```
mean se mean
                            2.5%
                                   25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
                      sd
a31[1] 0.36
              0.015 0.25 0.00030 0.143 0.34 0.56
                                                  0.84
                                                         267
a31[2] 0.29
             0.012 0.22 0.00010 0.094 0.25 0.44
                                                  0.77
                                                         319
                                                                1
              0.013 0.25 0.00033 0.144 0.36 0.58 0.85
                                                         373
a31[3] 0.37
                                                                1
              0.010 0.22 0.00024 0.084 0.23 0.43 0.76
a31[4] 0.27
                                                         450
                                                                1
              0.012 0.26 0.00041 0.127 0.34 0.58 0.86
a31[5] 0.36
                                                         456
                                                                 1
```

### transfer rates (a12)

Actual Global Value: 0.42 (with variations for each replication)

#### pool

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff 3.5e-01 5.2e-03 2.4e-01 1.3e-02 1.5e-01 3.2e-01 5.2e-01 8.5e-01 2.1e+03 Rhat 1.0e+00
```

#### no pool

```
sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
      mean se_mean
a12[1] 0.38 0.0045 0.24 0.017 0.17 0.37 0.58 0.87
                                                    3000
                                                            1
a12[2] 0.35 0.0043 0.24 0.017 0.15 0.31 0.52 0.84
                                                    3000
a12[3] 0.37 0.0045 0.24 0.017 0.16 0.34 0.56 0.86
                                                    3000
                                                            1
a12[4] 0.32 0.0042 0.23 0.012 0.13 0.28 0.48
                                             0.84
                                                    3000
                                                            1
a12[5] 0.27 0.0036 0.20 0.012 0.10 0.23 0.40 0.73
                                                    3000
                                                            1
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

```
mean se_mean
                     sd
                           2.5%
                                  25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
a12[1] 0.31 0.0097 0.22 0.0012 0.117 0.28 0.45
                                                0.80
                                                        536
a12[2] 0.29 0.0086 0.22 0.0016 0.103 0.25 0.44
                                                 0.78
                                                        658
                                                               1
a12[3] 0.31 0.0098 0.22 0.0019 0.119 0.27 0.46
                                                 0.79
                                                        517
                                                               1
a12[4] 0.29 0.0089 0.22 0.0011 0.097 0.24 0.43
                                                 0.80
                                                        636
                                                               1
a12[5] 0.26 0.0081 0.21 0.0012 0.093 0.22 0.39 0.73
                                                        634
                                                               1
```

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

```
25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
      mean se_mean
                     sd
                           2.5%
a12[1] 0.28 0.0094 0.23 5.9e-05 0.074 0.23 0.43 0.80
                                                        610
                                                               1
a12[2] 0.27 0.0089 0.23 2.6e-04 0.070 0.21 0.42 0.80
                                                        665
                                                               1
a12[3] 0.28 0.0094 0.23 1.9e-04 0.083 0.24 0.43 0.79
                                                        589
                                                               1
a12[4] 0.26 0.0091 0.23 1.5e-05 0.065 0.21 0.41 0.80
                                                        623
                                                               1
a12[5] 0.24 0.0089 0.21 6.3e-05 0.065 0.19 0.37 0.73
                                                        552
                                                               1
```

#### transfer rates (a32)

Actual Global Value: 0.03 (with variations for each replication)

#### pool

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff 3.8e-01 5.6e-03 2.3e-01 2.6e-02 1.8e-01 3.6e-01 5.6e-01 8.2e-01 1.7e+03 Rhat 1.0e+00
```

#### no pool

```
2.5%
                                 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
       mean se mean
                     sd
a32[1] 0.32 0.0043 0.20 0.0187 0.157 0.30 0.46 0.73
                                                      2096
a32[2] 0.32 0.0039 0.20 0.0175 0.156 0.30 0.46
                                                0.74
                                                      2603
                                                              1
a32[3] 0.29 0.0036 0.19 0.0155 0.135 0.27 0.42
                                                0.68
                                                      2787
                                                              1
a32[4] 0.45 0.0047 0.23 0.0341 0.274 0.45 0.62
                                                0.87
                                                      2401
                                                              1
a32[5] 0.20 0.0031 0.15 0.0071 0.085 0.18 0.29 0.53
                                                      2195
                                                              1
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

```
mean se_mean
                     sd
                           2.5%
                                  25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
a32[1] 0.31 0.0093 0.22 4.5e-04 0.114 0.29 0.47 0.79
                                                        579
                                                               1
a32[2] 0.29 0.0094 0.22 1.7e-04 0.094 0.25 0.44 0.77
                                                        561
                                                               1
a32[3] 0.29 0.0094 0.21 4.5e-04 0.106 0.27 0.44 0.75
                                                        514
                                                               1
a32[4] 0.34 0.0103 0.24 3.8e-04 0.121 0.31 0.52
                                                 0.83
                                                        565
                                                               1
a32[5] 0.23 0.0083 0.19 9.7e-05 0.071 0.19 0.35 0.66
                                                        523
                                                               1
```

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

```
mean se_mean
                     sd
                           2.5%
                                  25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
                                                        630
a32[1] 0.33 0.0094 0.24 0.00113 0.129 0.29 0.50
                                                 0.80
a32[2] 0.30 0.0094 0.23 0.00099 0.104 0.26 0.47
                                                 0.80
                                                        613
                                                               1
                                                        569
a32[3] 0.31 0.0095 0.23 0.00133 0.120 0.28 0.48
                                                 0.79
                                                               1
a32[4] 0.35 0.0102 0.25 0.00199 0.134 0.32 0.54 0.86
                                                        604
                                                               1
a32[5] 0.25 0.0080 0.20 0.00056 0.081 0.21 0.37 0.71
                                                        629
                                                               1
```

#### transfer rates (a13)

Actual Global Value: 0.45 (with variations for each replication)

#### pool

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff 3.3e-01 4.8e-03 2.3e-01 1.4e-02 1.3e-01 2.9e-01 5.0e-01 8.4e-01 2.4e+03 Rhat 1.0e+00
```

#### no pool

```
2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
      mean se mean
                     sd
a13[1] 0.33 0.0042 0.23 0.0127 0.14 0.29 0.49 0.83
                                                    3000
a13[2] 0.34 0.0043 0.24 0.0116 0.14 0.30 0.52 0.84
a13[3] 0.33 0.0043 0.24 0.0143 0.13 0.29 0.49
                                             0.85
                                                    3000
                                                            1
a13[4] 0.34 0.0043 0.24 0.0137 0.14 0.29 0.51
                                                    3000
                                             0.84
                                                            1
a13[5] 0.32 0.0043 0.24 0.0098 0.12 0.27 0.48 0.83
                                                    3000
                                                            1
```

#### hierarchical (stiff solver)

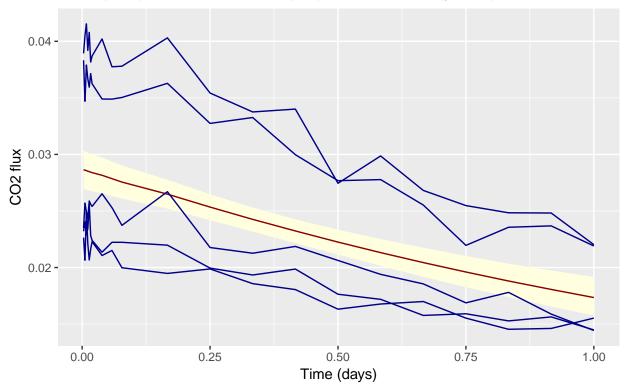
```
mean se mean
                            2.5%
                                   25% 50% 75% 97.5% n eff Rhat
                      sd
a13[1] 0.30
              0.011 0.25 9.3e-05 0.081 0.24 0.47 0.87
a13[2] 0.30
              0.012 0.26 1.9e-04 0.075 0.24 0.47
                                                  0.86
                                                         481
                                                                1
a13[3] 0.30
              0.011 0.25 3.4e-05 0.077 0.24 0.47
                                                         514
                                                  0.87
                                                                1
a13[4] 0.30
              0.012 0.25 1.4e-04 0.078 0.25 0.47
                                                         482
                                                  0.87
                                                                1
              0.011 0.25 7.3e-06 0.072 0.23 0.46 0.86
a13[5] 0.29
                                                         484
                                                                1
```

#### hierarchical (nonstiff solver)

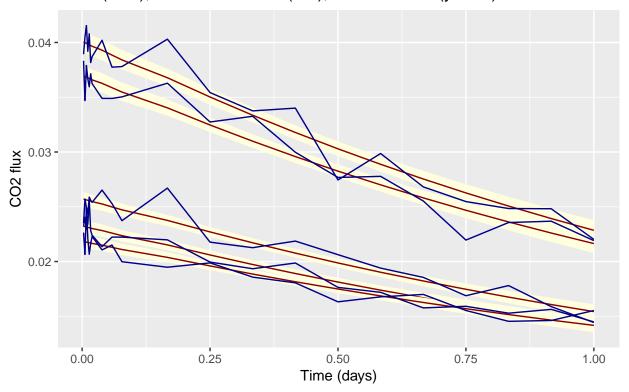
```
mean se_mean
                          2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
                     sd
a13[1] 0.33 0.0099 0.25 0.0035 0.11 0.29 0.50 0.90
                                                      655
                                                             1
a13[2] 0.33 0.0103 0.25 0.0023 0.11 0.27 0.51
                                                      604
a13[3] 0.33 0.0104 0.25 0.0025 0.11 0.28 0.50 0.88
                                                      586
                                                             1
a13[4] 0.33 0.0099 0.25 0.0021 0.11 0.28 0.51
                                                      652
a13[5] 0.32 0.0103 0.25 0.0027 0.11 0.27 0.49 0.88
                                                      583
                                                             1
```

## Plotting fits to data

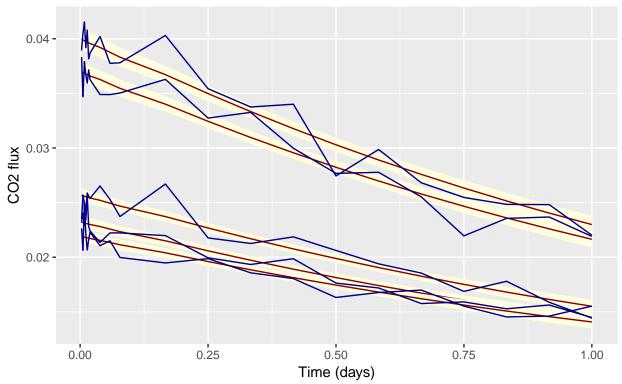
Soil Incubation: Century Model (complete pool), data (blue), estimate median (red), 95% interval (yellow)



Soil Incubation: Century Model (no pool), data (blue), estimate median (red), 95% interval (yellow)



Soil Incubation: Century Model (hierarchical-stiff), data (blue), estimate median (red), 95% interval (yellow)



# Soil Incubation: Century Model (hierarchical-nonstiff), data (blue), estimate median (red), 95% interval (yellow)

