

CMPSCI 187 / Fall 2014

Hangman

Due on September 19, 2014 8AM

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Overview

This problem will have you implement a simple game called Hangman using an interface defining the logical view of a game board and an implementation using arrays. In this assignment you will be starting from initial code provided by us and then adding and modifying it.

Learning Goals

The goal of this assignment is to exercise your understanding of arrays, linked lists, interfaces, classes, inheritance, and more generally the fundamental concepts related to the use, design, and implementation of basic abstract data types.

Assignment Information

It is important that you read the following information carefully. You are responsible for submitting project assignments that compile and are configured correctly. If your project submission does not follow the policies exactly your submission may not be graded correctly.

Policies

- You are expected write an implementation for each of the interfaces listed in the classes presented in the `config` package provided. As with the last assignment, you must specify which implementation you would like us to grade in this file.
- In addition to this, you **MUST** include a `String` field in the `config.Configuration` file with your UMass student ID number. This is the 8 digit value found on your student ID card and is used to identify you in Moodle. This will allow us to get your grade and feedback to you quickly. We recommend that you enter this ID value immediately after importing the project.
- It will almost certainly be useful for you to write additional class files. Any class file you write that is used by your solution **MUST** be in the provided `src` folder. When we test your assignment, all files not included in the `src` folder will be ignored.
- **Note:** When you submit your solution, be sure to remove **ALL** compilation errors from your project. Any compilation errors in your project may cause the autograder to fail and you will receive a zero for your submission.

Test Files

In the test folder, you are provided with several JUnit test cases that will help you keep on track while completing this assignment. We recommend you run the tests often and use them as a checklist of things to do next. You are not allowed to remove anything from these files. If you have errors in these files, it means the structure of the files found in the `src` folder have been altered in a way that will cause your submission to lose points. We highly recommend that you add new `@Test` cases to these files. However, before submitting, make sure that your program compiles with the original test folder provided.

Problem 1

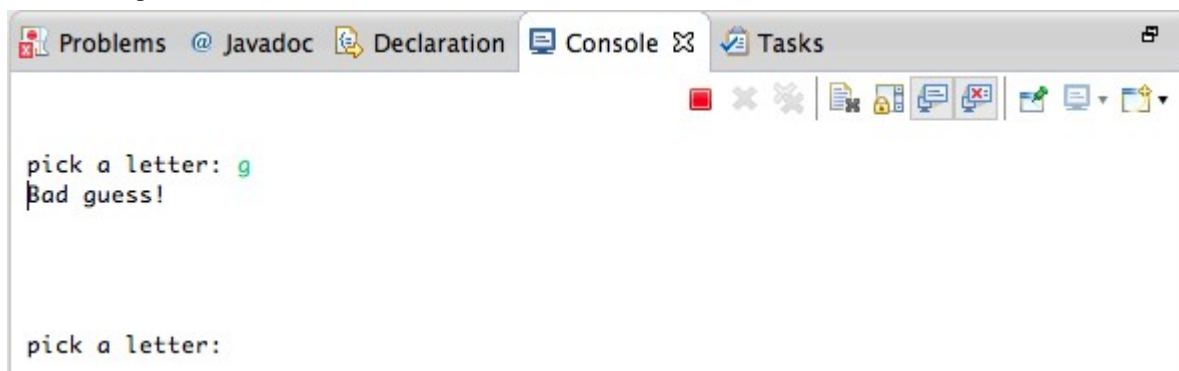
Eclipse and Import

First, you need to download and import the assignment starter code. The starter code is in the form of an Eclipse project in a zip archive. After you download the zip file from Moodle, import the project into Eclipse as you did in the previous project. Reference the documentation in the first assignment to do this properly.

Starter Code and Tests

First, explore the code as it is. Under **src**, you will see a number of files that you are provided. You should investigate each of these files to get a general understanding of how things are structured. A good starting point is `HangManGameArray.java`. This file includes the main method which is the entry point into the program. The next two important files that you should look at are `GameBoard.java` and `GameBoardArray.java`. `GameBoard.java` is an interface describing methods that you will need to implement - you should read and understand the comments in this file. `GameBoardArray.java` is an empty implementation of that interface. More on these later.

The starter code you receive is *not a working implementation*. However, you can still run the program. It will allow you to enter guesses, but it will never terminate. You can terminate the running program by pressing on the red square button in the top left of the console buttons:



Hangman Game

The rules for Hangman are simple and you can read up on the details online. Typically two players play the game with pencil and paper. player A thinks of a word and writes down a sequence of underscores representing the word (the game board) that player B needs to guess. For example, if player A picks the word HeLLo then she would write: _ _ _ _ _ An underscore for each letter that has not been guessed yet. Player B will then proceed to guess letters one-by-one that might be contained in the unknown word. If a letter that player B guesses is contained in the word, player A will replace the underscore in the appropriate location with the letter that player B guessed. For example, player B guesses L then player A would write: _ _ L _ _ Note that if the guessed letter appears in multiple places in the word, each letter is revealed on the game board. If player B guesses a letter that is not in the word then player A will draw a part of the hangman picture. For example, if player B guesses an a then the result would be: |-----| [L, a] _ _ L _ _ Where the |-----| represents the start of the hangman platform. The [L, a] represents the list of letters that the player has guessed previously. If player B continues to guess incorrectly she will lose the game with the following being written down by player A:

```
|-----|
|       |
|       O
```

```

|      /\
|      |
|      /\
|
|-----|
[L, a, b, C, x, g, P, k, z, m, N, q, w, i]
The word was HeLLo!
You lose!

```

Our Version of Hangman

In our version of the hangman game there are 11 states where the first state (state 0) is empty and the last state (state 10) is the complete hangman platform as shown above. You can see each state diagrammatically in `HangManConsole.java`. Our version of hangman also considers the difference between uppercase and lowercase letters. That is, the letter A is not the same as a. Make sure your implementation takes this under consideration. Our version of hangman also assumes that the letters are all the uppercase and lowercase alphabetic characters - not other characters that could possibly be entered in from the keyboard (e.g., , , i, ?, !).

Part 1: Array Implementation

In Part 1 your job is to complete the hangman game by providing an implementation of the `GameBoardArray.java` file. We have provided a minimal start to your implementation, but the rest is up to you! The `GameBoardArray` class implements the `GameBoard` interface. A game board represents the current state of the game (0 - 10), the word currently being guessed (`_ _ L L _`), and the previous guesses (`[L, a, b]`). It must also know what the word is that is being guessed (e.g., `HeLLo`). Again, you should review the documentation in the `GameBoard` interface file to gain a better understanding of each method you need to implement. Here is a brief overview of the methods that require your implementation (more details are provided in the comments in `GameBoard.java`):

`boolean isPriorGuess(char guess);`

This method returns true if the character guess has been guessed previously.

`int numberOfGuesses();`

This method returns the number of guesses already guessed (excluding repeated guesses).

`boolean isCorrectGuess(char guess);`

This method returns true if the character guess is a guess that has not been guessed before and is a character that is in the word to be guessed.

`boolean doMove(char guess);`

This method will play the character guess on the game board.

`boolean inWinningState();`

This method returns true if the game board is in a winning state.

`boolean inLosingState();`

This method returns true if the game board is in a losing state.

`int currentHungState();`

This method returns the current hung state (I.e., from 0 - 10).

String toString();

This method returns a string representation of the game board. For example: `_ _ L L _`

String previousGuessString();

This method returns a string representation of the previous guesses. For example: `[L, a, b, C, x, g, P, k, z, m, N, q, w, i]`

You will notice that there are 8 TODO comments in the provided `GameBoardArray.java` file. You must implement each of these TODOs in order to satisfy the public JUnit tests that we provide. Your implementation must use Java arrays internally to represent the game board and the previous guesses. Do not use any List abstractions provided by the Java libraries such as `ArrayList` - this will not be considered a solution. We have also provided the start of a constructor in the starter code that you should use to initialize the state of the game. The constructor takes a single String argument representing the word to be guessed:

```
1 public GameBoardArray(String guessWord) {  
2     // TODO (1)  
3     state = STARTING_STATE;  
4 }
```

Part 2: Linked List Implementation

In Part 2 your job is to complete the hangman game by providing an implementation using a linked list for the hangman game. You need to create a new class that implements the `GameBoard` interface. To do this in Eclipse you select the arrow to the right side of the `GameBoard.java` file in the Package Explorer in Eclipse to reveal the interface icon:



Right-click on the interface icon and select “New” > “Class”. This will bring up a “Create a new Java class” wizard. Give your new class the name `GameBoardLinkedList`. This will create a new Java file in the Package Explorer called `GameBoardLinkedList.java` with all of the methods that you must implement to satisfy the interface in that file. You will need to add a constructor for this new class that takes the same arguments as the `GameBoardArray` class. In order to implement the `GameBoardLinkedList` you will need to provide a class to implement a linked list of characters - in the same spirit as the `LLStringNode` class covered in detail in the book. You should name this new class `LLCharacterNode`. Use the `LLCharacterNode` in your implementation of the `GameBoardLinkedList` class.

The `GameBoardLinkedList` class implements the `GameBoard` interface. A game board represents the current state of the game (0 - 10), the word currently being guessed (`_ _ L L _`), and the previous guesses (`[L, a, b]`). It must also know what the word is that is being guessed (e.g., `HeLLo`). Again, you should review the documentation in the `GameBoard` interface file to gain a better understanding of each method you need to implement.

You can test the execution of your implementation by running the `HangManGameLinkedList.java` file using the play button in Eclipse.

Part 3: Testing

We provide three public JUnit tests you should use to test your implementation:

- `GameBoardArrayPublicTest.java`
- `GameBoardLinkedListPublicTest.java`
- `LLCharacterNodePublicTest.java`

You should run these tests to test your implementation of both classes. You should note that the `GameBoardLinkedListPublicTest` and `LLCharacterNodePublicTest` will both contain errors until you have created the required classes for Part 2. Your grade for this assignment will depend on the results of these tests as well as private tests (that are not visible to you) that we have constructed to ensure that your implementation has not been tailored to the public tests.

Part 4: Submission Configuration

When you have finished and are ready to submit, export the entire project. Be sure that the project is named **hangman-student**. Save the exported file with the zip extension (any filename is fine), then log into Moodle and submit the exported zip file.

Appendix A: Sample Output

Here is an example of the output generated from our solution to give you an idea of what the completed program should produce when implemented correctly.

```
-- -- -- -- --
pick a letter: i
Good guess!
```

```
[i]
```

```
_ i _ _ _ _
pick a letter: i
You guessed i already!
guess: _ i _ _ _ _
```

```
[i]
```

```
_ i _ _ _ _
pick a letter: n
Good guess!
```

```
[i, n]
```

```
_ i n n _ _
pick a letter: m
Bad guess!
```

```
|-----|
[i, n, m]
```

```
_ i n n _ _
pick a letter: w
Good guess!
```

```
|-----|
[i, n, m, w]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: q
Bad guess!
```

```
|
|
|
|
|
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: x
Bad guess!
```

```
-----
|
|
|
|
|
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: k
Bad guess!
```

```
-----|
|      |
|
|
|
|
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: g
Bad guess!
```

```
-----|
|      |
|      O
|
```



```
|
|
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k, g]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: h
Bad guess!
```

```
-----|
|      |
|      O
|      |
|      |
|
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k, g, h]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: o
Bad guess!
```

```
-----|
|      |
|      O
|      |
|      |
|      /
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k, g, h, o]
```

```
w i n n _ _
pick a letter: e
Good guess!
```

```
-----|
|      |
|      O
|      |
|      |
|      /
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k, g, h, o, e]
```

```
w i n n e _
```

pick a letter: r

Good guess!

```
-----|
|      |
|      O
|      |
|      |
|      /
|
|-----|
[i, n, m, w, q, x, k, g, h, o, e, r]
You won!
The word was winner!
Number of guesses: 12
```